

POWER BI CAPSTONE PROJECT



Bank Loan Performance Analysis

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Introduction

In today's data-driven world, understanding the impact of borrower details and loan characteristics on loan performance is crucial for banking institutions. This project aims to:

- Objective: Explore the relationship between borrower behavior (employment length, income, debt-to-income ratio) and loan characteristics (amount, term, interest rate).
- **Key Factors:** Analyze critical factors influencing loan performance.
- Analysis: Examine loan statuses such as fully paid, charged off, and late payments to identify patterns.
- Outcome: Provide actionable insights to optimize lending strategies, mitigate credit risk, and enhance overall portfolio performance.

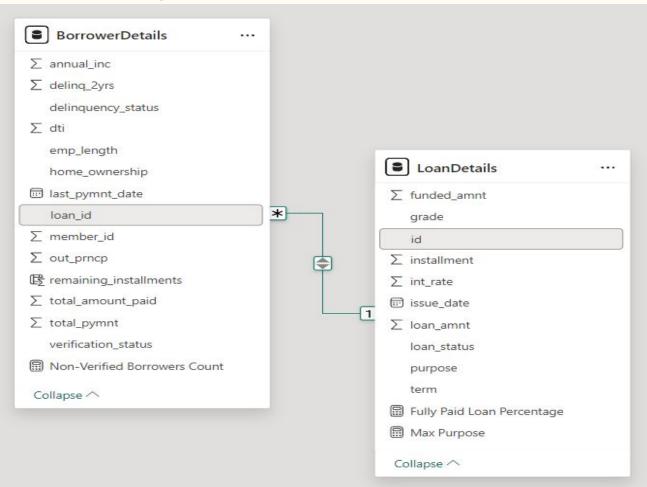
Dataset Overview

The dataset contains over 800,000+ rows and is divided into two main sheets:

- Loan Details: Comprehensive information about each loan.
- Borrower Details: Detailed information about the borrowers.

This rich dataset enables a thorough analysis of the interplay between borrower behavior and loan characteristics to derive meaningful insights into loan performance.

Data Modelling



Loan Performance Analysis Report

LOAN PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS





Loan Status
Fully Paid
Current
Charged Off

Late (31-120 days)

Policy breach, Fully Paid

Policy breach, Charged Off

In Grace Period

Late (16-30 days)

Default

Total Payments by Loan Status



Go to Borrower Report



Fully Paid Loan %

466.2K

Average Interest Rate

36 months

12.64

Total Loans











\$2.8bn

(52.2%)



Loan Performance Analysis Report Summary

- Loan Performance: A <u>significant portion of loans are fully paid</u>, indicating generally <u>positive performance</u>. However, there's still a considerable amount of current loans and a small percentage of charged-off loans.
- Interest Rate Structure: The company offers loans with different term lengths, with longer-term loans (60 months) having higher interest rates than shorter-term loans (36 months).
- Loan Purposes: Small business loans appear to have the highest average loan amount, followed by home improvement and major purchases. This suggests a focus on both business and personal lending.

Loan Performance Analysis Report Summary (Conti.)

- Growth Trends: Both <u>annual and quarterly installment</u> totals display <u>upward trends</u>, suggesting <u>consistent growth in the loan portfolio</u> over time.
- Lending Strategy: The lender gives borrowers grades from A to G, like grades in school. Lower the grades higher the interest. The lender gives loans to people with different incomes, not just high earners. Lower the grades higher the interest

Borrower Profile Analysis Report

BORROWER PROFILE ANALYSIS

Yearly Payments & Loans

\$875.60M! Goal: \$903.85M (-3.12%)

Average DTI Delinguent

17.16

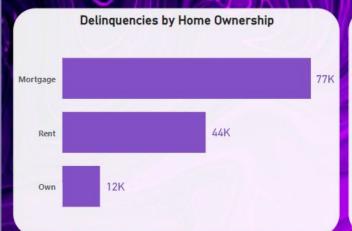
Not Delinquent 17.23

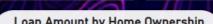
Average Annual Income

\$73.3K

Non-Verified Borrowers

148.1K





Purpose

All



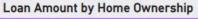
Grade

All



Year

Go to Loan Report



home_ownership	Sum of loan_amnt ▼
Mortgage	\$37,69,746.5K
Rent	\$23,35,977.2K
Own	\$5,62,627.6K
Other	\$1,967.5K
None	\$648.8K
Any	\$5.0K
Total	\$66,74,456.0K

Avg Outstanding Principal by Verification Status 18.4% Verification Status 43.7% Source Verified Verified Not Verified 37.9%

Max Installments by Employment Yr



Funding & Payments by Year



Borrower Profile Analysis Report Summary

- Loan Performance: Yearly payments and loans are falling short of the goal, indicating some challenges in meeting targets. There's a significant number of non-verified borrowers, which could pose potential risks.
- Borrower Profile: Average income of borrowers is moderate, suggesting a diverse range of income levels among loan recipients. Mortgage holders make up the largest portion of loans, followed by renters, indicating a focus on both homeowners and non-homeowners.
- Delinquency Patterns: Delinquency rates are highest among mortgage holders, followed by renters. Interestingly, the <u>DTI ratios for delinquent and non-delinquent loans are very close</u>, suggesting factors beyond <u>DTI influence delinquency</u>.

Borrower Profile Analysis Report Summary (Conti.)

- Loan Verification: While the <u>majority of loans are either source verified or verified</u>, a <u>significant portion remains unverified</u>. This mix of verification statuses <u>suggests a balanced approach to loan approval processes</u>.
- Employment and Loan Terms: Loan installment periods vary with employment duration, with <u>long-term employment (5+ years) common</u>, but shorter-term employment also represented.
- Funding and Payment Trends: The loan portfolio has experienced fluctuations over time, with a notable peak followed by a decline and gradual recovery. This pattern could reflect changes in economic conditions or shifts in lending strategies.

THANK YOU

-I attached my .pbix file along with this presentation for reference