

Intervention analysis

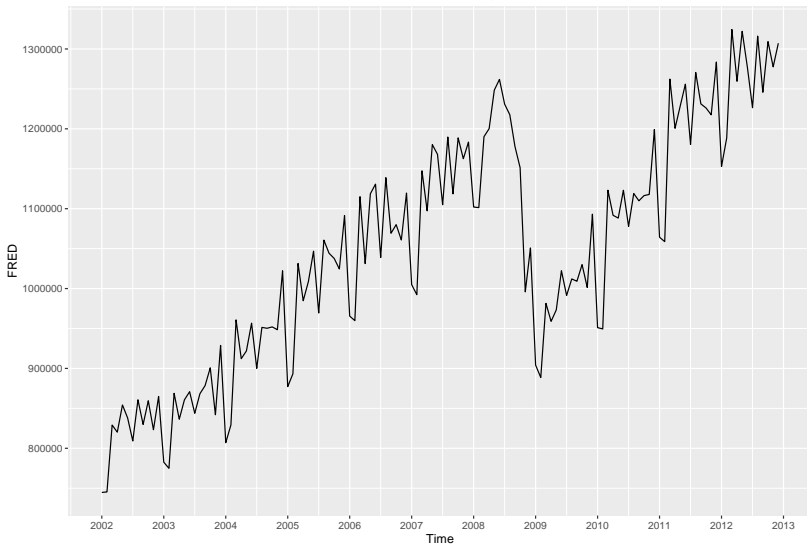
Giovani Valdrighi, Vitória Guardieiro

11/12/2020

Total Business Sales FRED

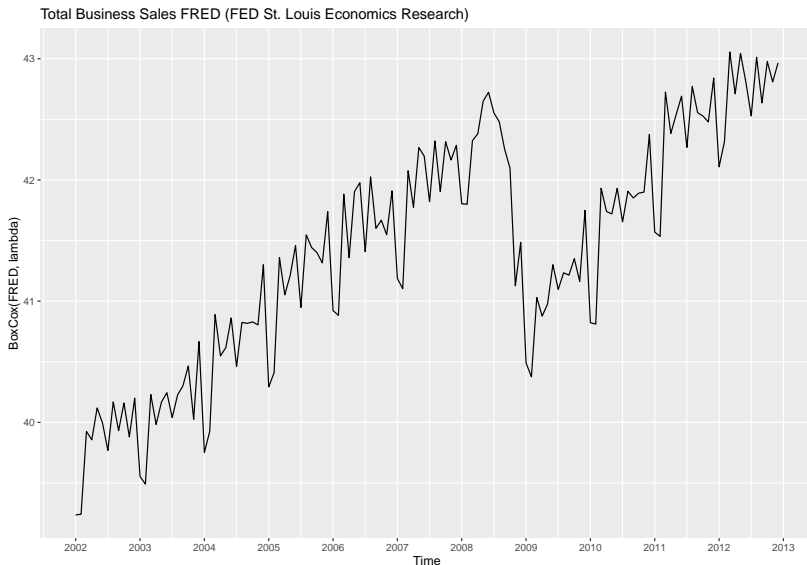
- ▶ Data from 01/2002 to 12/2012, intervention on 07/2008. The period of 01/2013 to 12/2014 will be used as model validation.
- ▶ In 2008 we have a international banking crisis, strongly affecting sales on the US.

Total Business Sales FRED (FED St. Louis Economics Research)



Variance stabilization

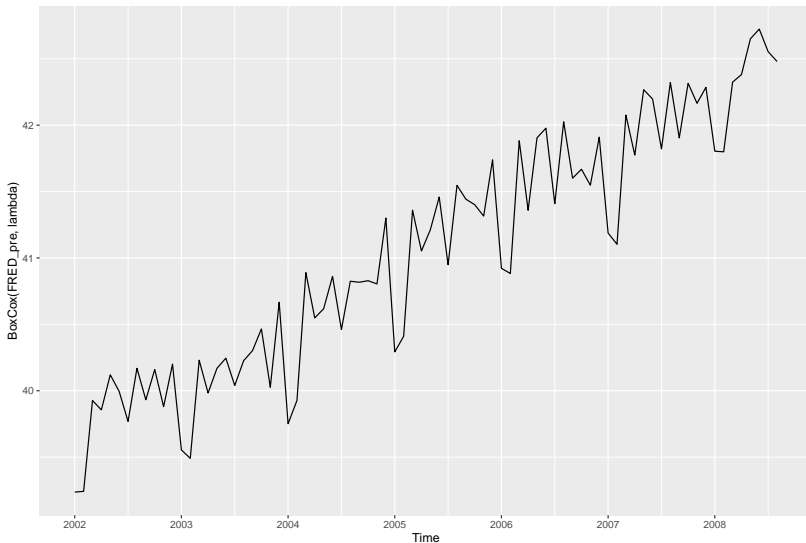
- ▶ With BoxCox transformation, the lambda is 0.1370143.



SARIMA pre-intervention

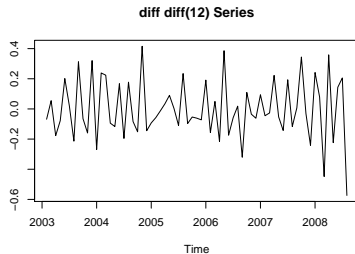
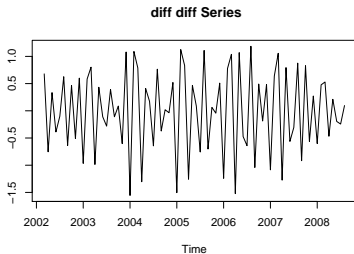
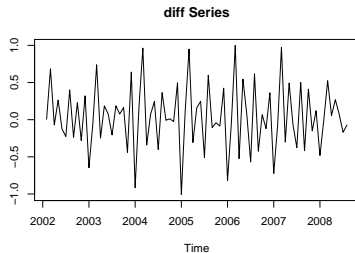
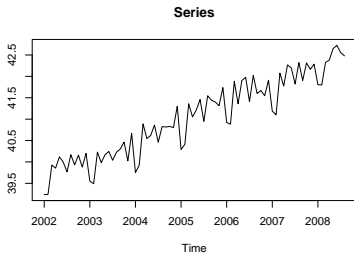
- Model with data until 07/2008. The plots and the models will use the transformed series.

Total Business Sales FRED (FED St. Louis Economics Research)



Check differences

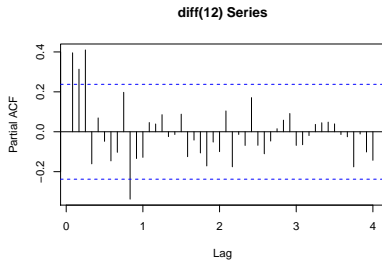
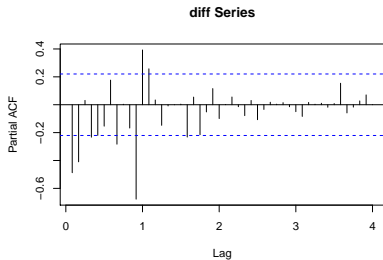
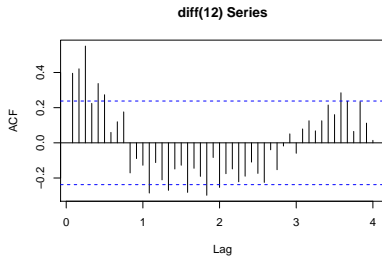
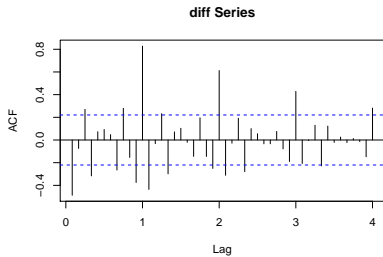
- To identify parameters d and D for the SARIMA model.



- ▶ Use Augmented Dickey Fuller test to verify if there is trend.
- ▶ ADF test p-values:
 - ▶ Original series: 0.01
 - ▶ Diff() series: 0.0206
 - ▶ Diff() Diff() series: 0.01
 - ▶ Diff() Diff(12) series: 0.01
- ▶ We will be using $d = 1$ and $D = 0$ or $D = 1$.

ACF and PACF

- Plot of ACF and PACF for model to identify parameters p, q, P, Q .



- ▶ Both non-seasonal and seasonal ACFs decrease slowly, indicating an auto regressive model.
- ▶ For the non seasonal PACFs, we have the first two significant lags and for the seasonal we have the first three significant lags.
- ▶ Going to test the following models:
 - ▶ SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(3, 0, 1)
 - ▶ SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(2, 0, 1)
 - ▶ SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(2, 1, 1)

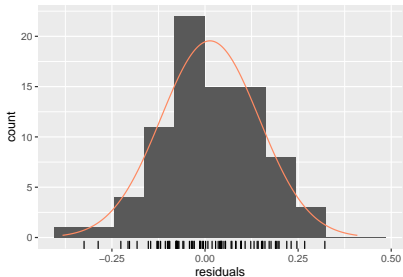
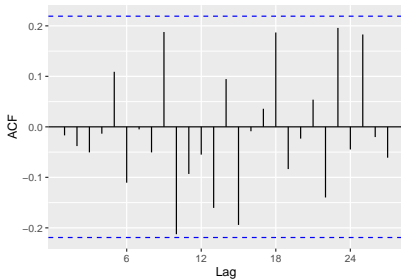
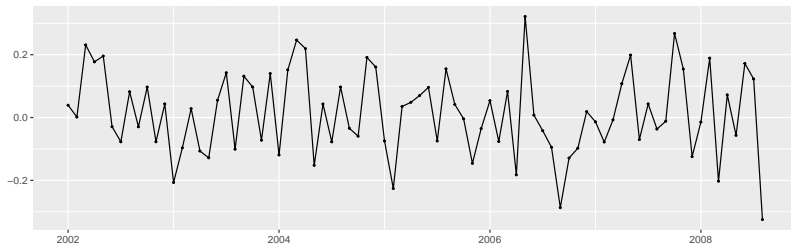
SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(3,0,1)

```
## Series: FRED_pre
## ARIMA(2,1,1)(3,0,1)[12]
## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.1370143
##
## Coefficients:

## Warning in sqrt(diag(x$var.coef)): NaNs produzidos

##          ar1      ar2      ma1      sar1      sar2      sar3      sma1
##      -1.0841  -0.6725  0.3762  -0.0028  0.6105  0.2732  0.8088
## s.e.   0.1669   0.0988  0.2214      NaN      NaN   0.1557      NaN
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.0193:  log likelihood=34.32
## AIC=-52.63   AICc=-50.57   BIC=-33.67
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE
## Training set 1886.588 20274.27 16172.38 0.1815222 1.621103 0.2541459
##              ACF1
## Training set -0.04002457
```

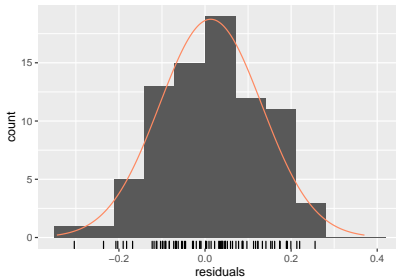
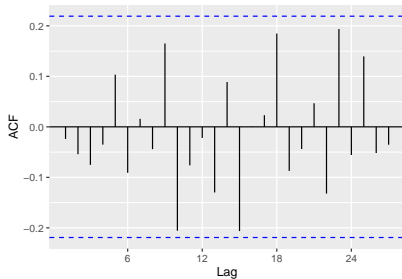
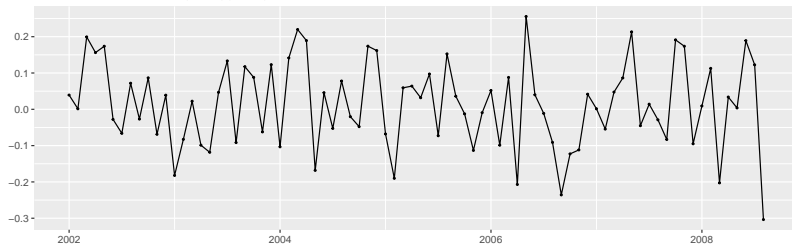
Residuals from ARIMA(2,1,1)(3,0,1)[12]



SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(2,0,1)

```
## Series: FRED_pre
## ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,0,1)[12]
## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.1370143
##
## Coefficients:
##          ar1      ar2      ma1      sar1      sar2      sma1
##      -1.0998  -0.6944  0.3887  1.3894  -0.3895  -0.9628
## s.e.   0.1522   0.1011  0.2013  0.1652   0.1651   0.1334
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.01554:  log likelihood=36.49
## AIC=-58.99   AICc=-57.41   BIC=-42.4
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME  RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE      ACF1
## Training set 1927.329 18390 14675.48 0.182487 1.468923 0.2306223 -0.03922664
```

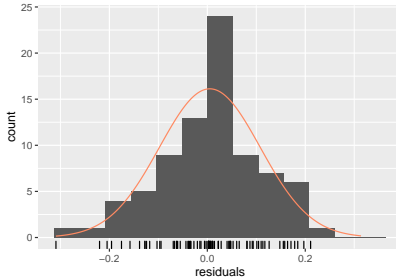
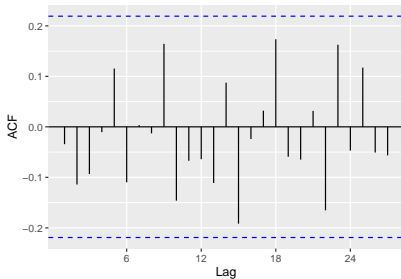
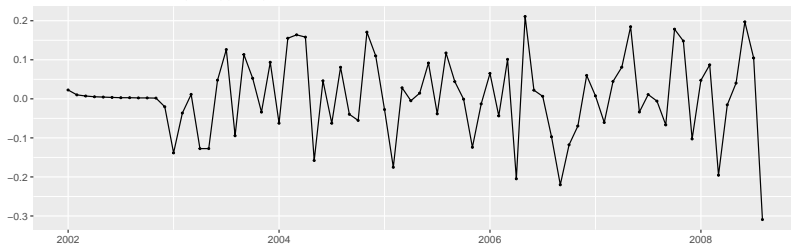
Residuals from ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,0,1)[12]



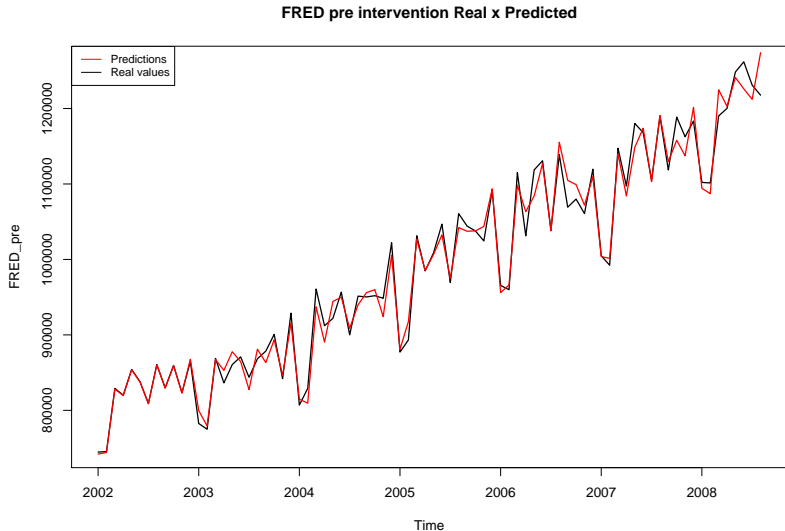
SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(2,1,1)

```
## Series: FRED_pre
## ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,1,1)[12]
## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.1370143
##
## Coefficients:
##          ar1      ar2      ma1      sar1      sar2      sma1
##      -1.0979  -0.7046  0.4394  0.3592  -0.2377  -0.9998
## s.e.   0.1599   0.0989  0.2389  0.1512   0.1785   0.4891
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.01376:  log likelihood=41.06
## AIC=-68.13   AICc=-66.23   BIC=-52.69
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE      ACF1
## Training set 824.437 16261.08 11894.78 0.0635975 1.159562 0.1869242 -0.03438936
```

Residuals from ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,1,1)[12]

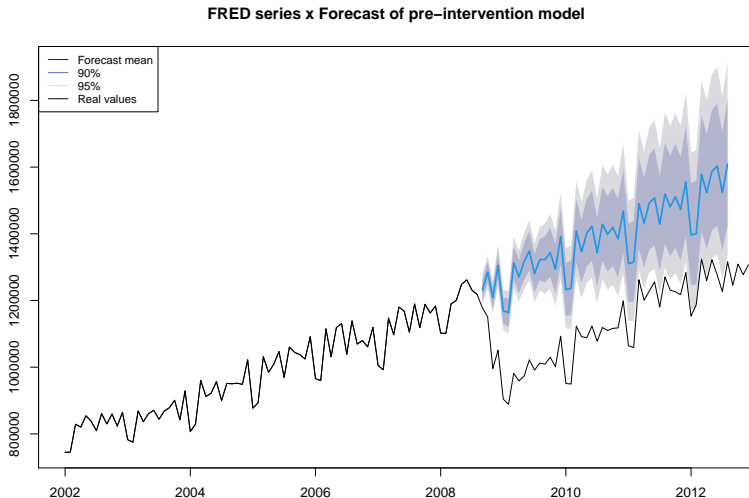


- The model with lowest AIC is the SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(2, 1, 1).



Forecast of pre intervention

- We now look on how our model says that the series should be without the intervention, predicting the next six years after july 2008.



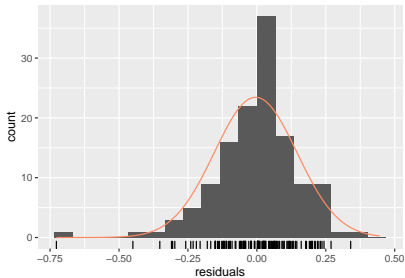
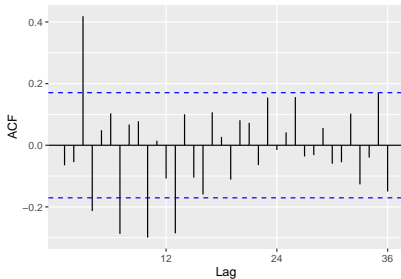
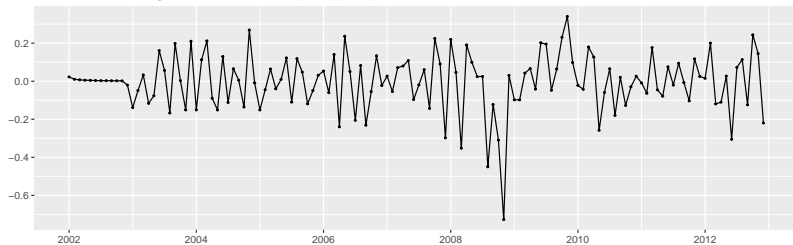
Intervention modeling

Permanent constant effect

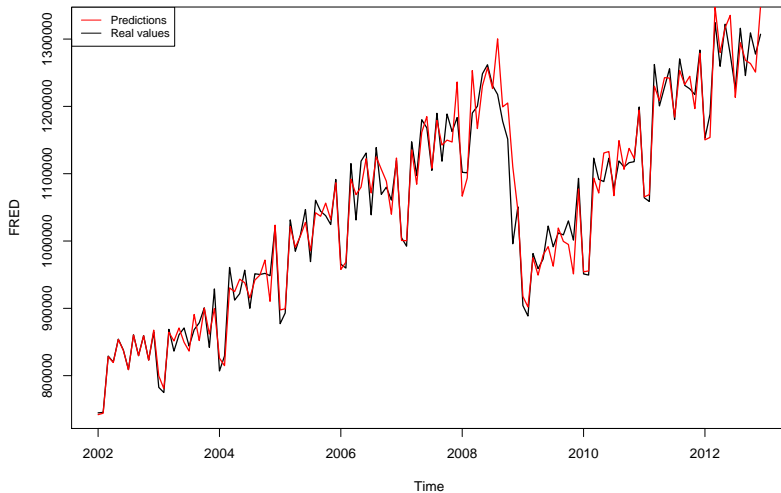
- ▶ For the first intervention model we will define $h_t = I(t > \text{Jul/2008})\delta_0$, so there will be a permanent effect equal to δ_0 after July of 2008.
- ▶ The estimated δ_0 value is 0.1105 with s.e. 0.1492, so the interval includes 0.

```
## Series: FRED
## Regression with ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,1,1)[12] errors
## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.1370143
##
## Coefficients:
##          ar1      ar2      ma1      sar1      sar2      sma1      xreg
##          0.4543  0.2465 -0.5897  0.2995 -0.3439 -1.0  0.1105
## s.e.  0.1585  0.0904   0.1395  0.0969   0.0946   0.1  0.1492
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.0263:  log likelihood=35.34
## AIC=-54.69   AICc=-53.38   BIC=-32.46
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME  RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE      ACF1
## Training set -845.9794 24414 17468.18 -0.09032853 1.629346 0.2050465 -0.0618996
```

Residuals from Regression with ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,1,1)[12] errors



FRED Real x Predicted with permanent constant effect



Temporary constant effect

- ▶ Now for the intervention model we will define $h_t = I(t = \text{jul/2008})\delta_0$, so there will be a temporary effect equal to δ_0 on july of 2008.
- ▶ The estimated δ_0 value is 0.2209 with s.e. 0.1134, so the interval doesn't include 0.

```
## Series: FRED
## Regression with ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,1,1)[12] errors
## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.1370143
##
## Coefficients:
##          ar1      ar2      ma1      sar1      sar2      sma1      xreg
##          0.4749  0.2230 -0.6151  0.2804  -0.3408  -1.0000  0.2209
## s.e.      0.1695  0.0918   0.1521  0.0989   0.0955   0.0992  0.1134
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.02554:  log likelihood=37
## AIC=-58   AICc=-56.69   BIC=-35.77
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME  RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE
## Training set -805.7189 23866 17205.32 -0.08929967 1.609214 0.2019609
##              ACF1
## Training set -0.05589136
```

##

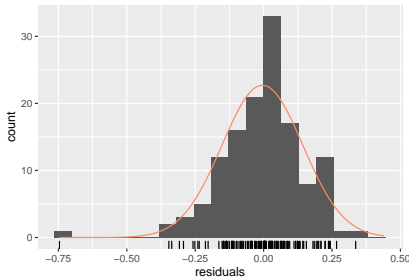
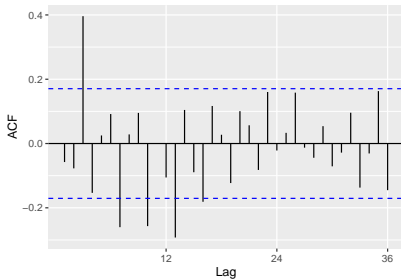
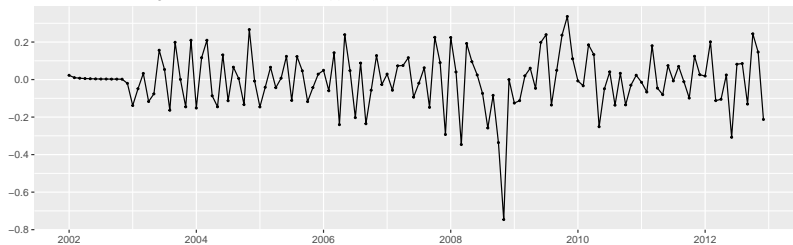
z test of coefficients:

##

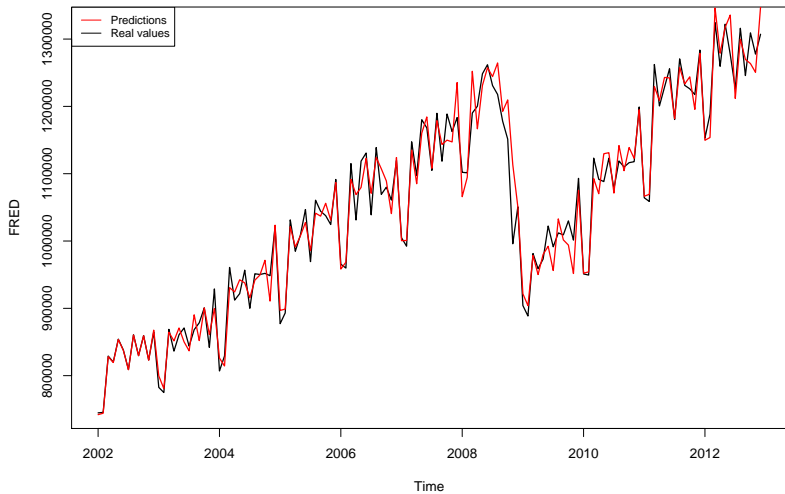
##		Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)	
##	ar1	0.474910	0.169522	2.8015	0.0050873	**
##	ar2	0.223007	0.091760	2.4303	0.0150849	*
##	ma1	-0.615083	0.152137	-4.0430	5.278e-05	***
##	sar1	0.280412	0.098862	2.8364	0.0045626	**
##	sar2	-0.340759	0.095457	-3.5698	0.0003573	***
##	sma1	-0.999978	0.099198	-10.0806	< 2.2e-16	***
##	xreg	0.220942	0.113434	1.9478	0.0514443	.

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1

Residuals from Regression with ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,1,1)[12] errors



FRED Real x Predicted with temporary constant effect

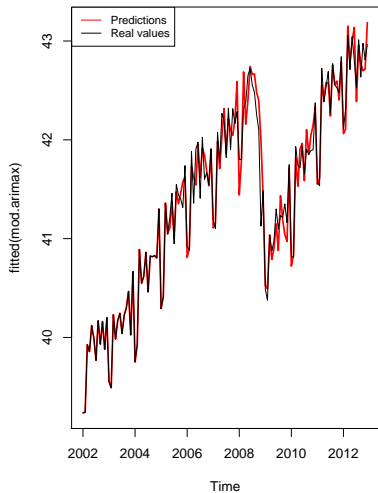


Changing intervention effect

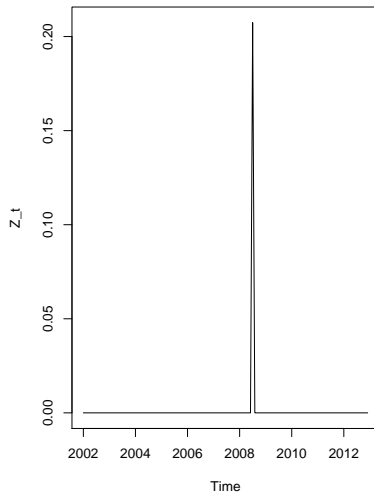
- ▶ Now with we model the transfer function as one $AR(1)$, it is,
$$h_t = \frac{I(t=Jul2008)\delta_0}{1-\omega_0 B}$$
 we can have a more complex effect of intervention, without it being a constant change in the mean.
- ▶ With the estimated values for δ_0 and ω_0 we can compute the transfer curve.

```
##  
## Call:  
## arimax(x = BoxCox(FRED, lambda), order = c(2, 1, 1), seasonal = list(order = c(2,  
##      1, 1), frequency = 12), include.mean = FALSE, method = "CSS", xtransf = temporary_const_eff,  
##      transfer = list(c(1, 0)))  
##  
## Coefficients:  
##      ar1      ar2      ma1      sar1      sar2      sma1      T1-AR1      T1-MA0  
##      0.6262  0.1537 -0.5044  0.1578 -0.5649 -0.8734 -0.2868  0.2074  
## s.e.  0.3524  0.0957  0.2007  0.0557  0.1168  0.0582  0.2576  0.0922  
##  
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.03239:  part log likelihood = 35.23  
##  
## Training set error measures:  
##  
##      ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE  
## Training set -0.001950638 0.1510535 0.09214914 -0.004856425 0.2199494 0.2738843  
##      ACF1  
## Training set -0.03711821
```

FRED Real x Predicted with decreasing effect



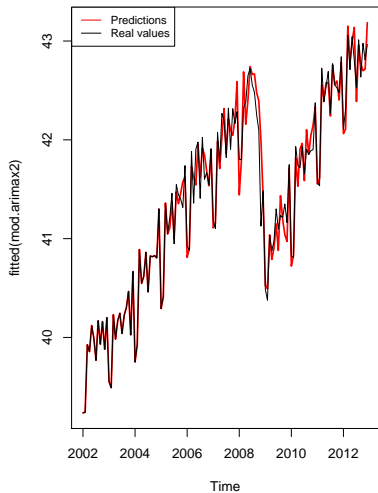
AR(1) effect



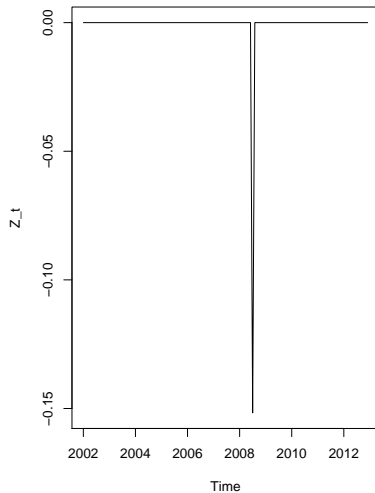
- The curve show a increase and after a decrease, while we should expect a decrease. From the results of TSA, we may think that the effect of the intervention only show in the following month, august, so we my try to model with $I(t = \text{aug}2008)$.

```
##
## Call:
## arimax(x = BoxCox(FRED, lambda), order = c(2, 1, 1), seasonal = list(order = c(2,
## 1, 1), frequency = 12), include.mean = FALSE, method = "CSS", xtransf = 1 *
## (seq_along(fred_FIT$DATE) == 79), transfer = list(c(1, 0)))
##
## Coefficients:
##          ar1          ar2          ma1          sar1          sar2          sma1      T1-AR1      T1-MA0
##          0.6262    0.1537   -0.5044    0.1578   -0.5649   -0.8734   -0.2868    0.2074
## s.e.    0.3524    0.0957    0.2007    0.0557    0.1168    0.0582    0.2576    0.0922
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.03239:  part log likelihood = 35.23
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME          RMSE          MAE          MPE          MAPE          MASE
## Training set -0.001950638  0.1510535  0.09214914 -0.004856425  0.2199494  0.2738843
##              ACF1
## Training set -0.03711821
```

FRED Real x Predicted with decreasing effect



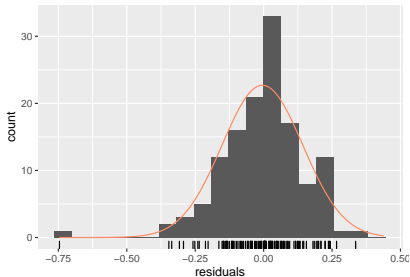
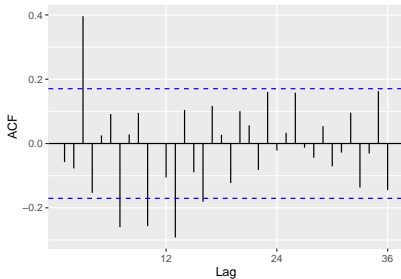
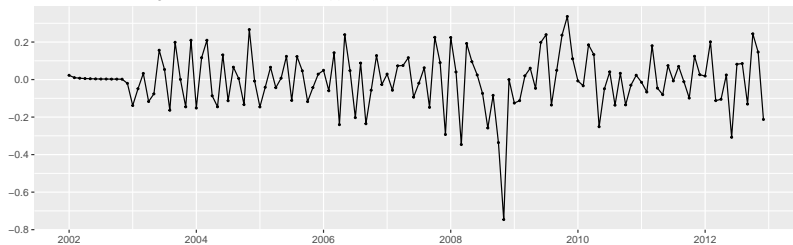
AR(1) effect



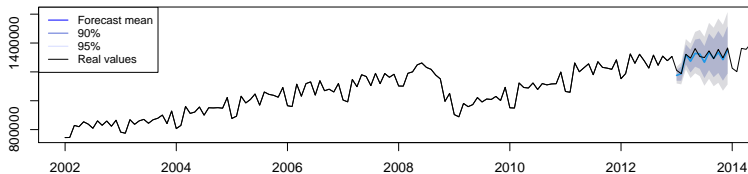
- With the computed transfer curve, we use it in a Arima model as regressor.

```
## Series: FRED
## Regression with ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,1,1)[12] errors
## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.1370143
##
## Coefficients:
##          ar1      ar2      ma1      sar1      sar2      sma1      xreg
##          0.4749  0.2230 -0.6151  0.2804  -0.3408  -1.0000  1.0653
## s.e.      0.1695  0.0918   0.1521  0.0989   0.0955   0.0992  0.5469
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.02554:  log likelihood=37
## AIC=-58   AICc=-56.69   BIC=-35.77
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME  RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE
## Training set -805.7189 23866 17205.32 -0.08929967 1.609214 0.2019609
##              ACF1
## Training set -0.05589136
```

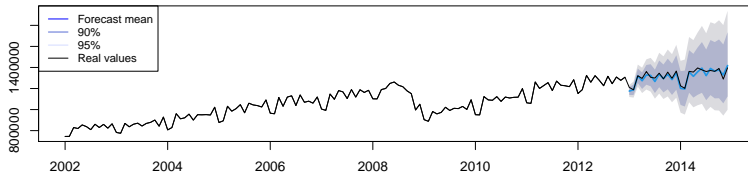
Residuals from Regression with ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,1,1)[12] errors



FRED series x Forecast of pre-intervention model 12 months



FRED series x Forecast of pre-intervention model 24 months

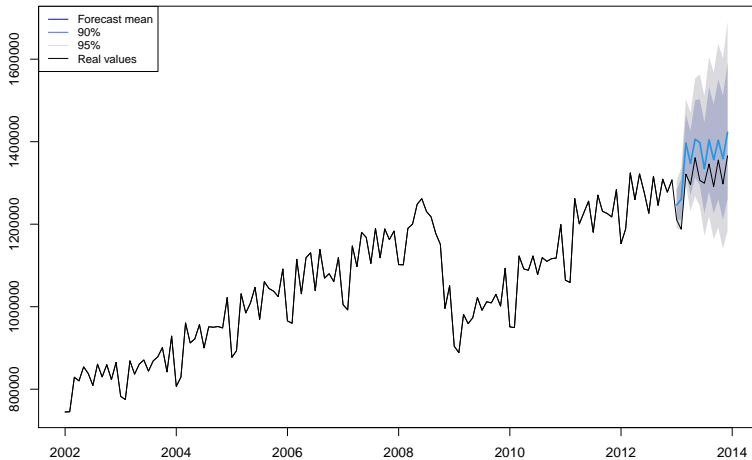


Predictive model

```
## Series: FRED_train
## Regression with ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,1,1)[12] errors
## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.1370143
##
## Coefficients:
##          ar1      ar2      ma1      sar1      sar2      sma1      xreg
##          0.4704  0.2517 -0.6299  0.3276 -0.3571 -1.0000  0.3937
## s.e.    0.1516  0.0908   0.1328  0.0983  0.0977   0.1024  0.0936
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.02298:  log likelihood=43.44
## AIC=-70.88  AICc=-69.57  BIC=-48.65
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE
## Training set -867.4581 22991.08 17055.82 -0.0850767 1.586538 0.2002061
##              ACF1
## Training set -0.05841938
```

Predict 12 months

FRED series x Forecast with intervention model



Predict 24 months

FRED series x Forecast with intervention model

