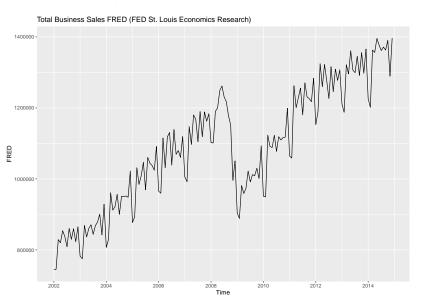
# Intervention analysis

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11/12/2020

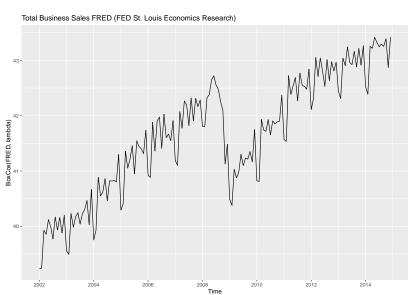
### Total Business Sales FRED

▶ Data from 01/2002 to 12/2012, intervention on 07/2008.



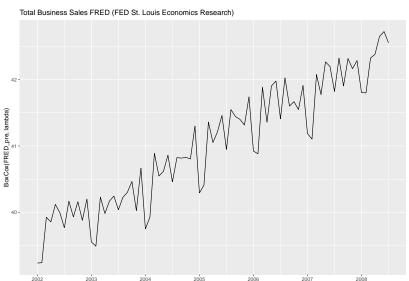
### Variance stabilization

▶ With BoxCox, the lambda is 0.1370143.



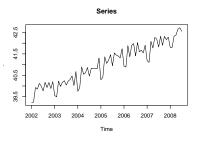
# SARIMA pre-intervention

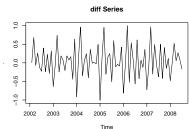
▶ Model with data until 06/2008. The plots and the models will use the transformed series.

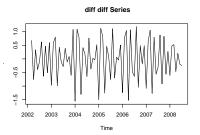


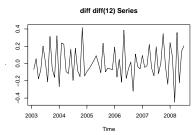
#### Check differences

▶ To identify parameters *d* and *D* for the SARIMA model.





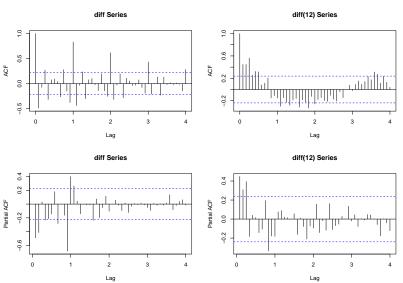




- Use Augmented Dickey Fuller test to verify if there is trend.
- ► ADF test p-values:
  - ► Original series: 0.01
  - Diff() series: 0.0206
  - Diff() Diff() series: 0.01Diff() Diff(12) series: 0.01
- We will be using d=1 and D=0 or D=1.

### ACF and PACF

▶ Plot of ACF and PACF for model to identify parameters p, q, P, Q.



- Both non-seasonal and seasonal ACFs decrease slowly,
- indicating an auto regressive model. For the non seasonal PACFs, we have the first two significant

► SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(2, 0, 1) ► SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(2, 1, 1)

- lags and for the seasonal we have the first three significant lags.
- Going to test the following models:
  - ► SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(3, 0, 1)

# SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(3,0,1)

##

```
## Series: FRED pre
## ARIMA(2,1,1)(3,0,1)[12]
## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.1370143
##
## Coefficients:
##
           ar1
               ar2 ma1 sar1 sar2 sar3
## -1.0512 -0.6526 0.4358 1.3318 -0.6488 0.3169
## s.e. 0.1522 0.0967 0.2066 0.1446 0.2147 0.1664
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.01199: log likelihood=40.37
## ATC=-64.75 ATCc=-62.66 BTC=-45.89
##
## Training set error measures:
##
                    ME
                          RMSE MAE
                                            MPE
## Training set 2520.937 15857.62 12908.28 0.2255516 1.2994
##
                      ACF1
## Training set -0.008910006
```

ME

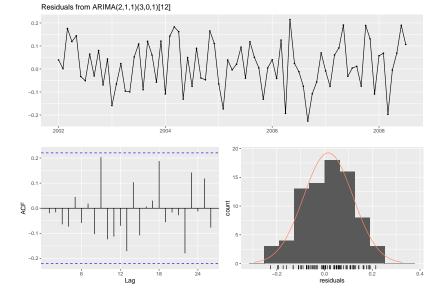
RMSE

MAE

M

M

MPE



##
## Ljung-Box test

##

# SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(2,0,1) ## Series: FRED\_pre ## ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,0,1)[12] ## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.1370143

##

##

##

##

```
##
## Coefficients:
##
          ar1
             ar2 ma1 sar1 sar2
## -1.0241 -0.6449 0.3274 1.3619 -0.3620 -0.9710
## s.e. 0.1519 0.1015 0.1898 0.1587 0.1587 0.0839
##
```

ME

ME

ACF1

## AIC=-63.74 AICc=-62.14 BIC=-47.24

## Training set error measures:

## Training set -0.01155024

## sigma^2 estimated as 0.014: log likelihood=38.87

## Training set 2627.641 17197.02 14037.53 0.2394168 1.4153

RMSE

RMSE MAE

MAE

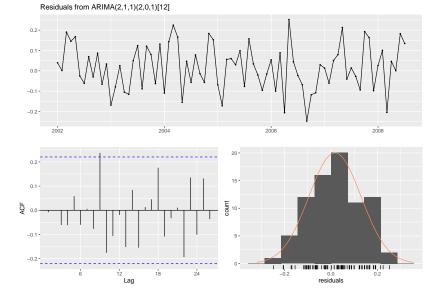
sma:

M

M

MPE

MPE



##
## Ljung-Box test

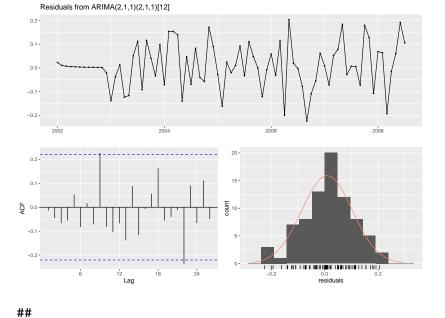
##

## SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(2,1,1)

## ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,1,1)[12]

## Series: FRED pre

```
## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.1370143
##
## Coefficients:
##
           ar1
               ar2 ma1 sar1 sar2
                                                 sma:
## -1.0398 -0.6653 0.4239 0.3215 -0.3262 -0.9998
## s.e. 0.1517 0.0968 0.2184 0.1410 0.1683 0.4228
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.01172: log likelihood=44.27
## AIC=-74.54 AICc=-72.61 BIC=-59.21
##
## Training set error measures:
##
                   ME
                          RMSE MAE MPE
                                                  MAI
## Training set 1562.579 14709.87 11070.55 0.1228108 1.0888
                          RMSE
                                   MAE
##
                   ME
                                            MPE
                                                  MAI
## Training set 1562.579 14709.87 11070.55 0.1228108 1.088
```

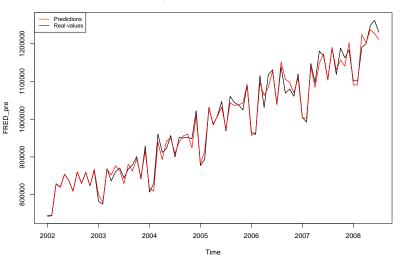


## Ljung-Box test

##

▶ The model with lowest AIC is the SARIMA(2, 1, 1)(2, 1, 1).

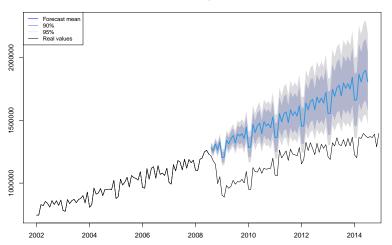
FRED pre intervention Real x Predicted



# Forecast of pre intervention

We now look on how our model says that the series should be without the intervention, predicting the next six years after july 2008.

FRED series x Forecast of pre-intervention model



# Intervention modeling

## Series: FRED

##

### Permanent constant effect

- For the first intervention model we will define  $h_t = I(t > jul2008)\delta_0$ , so there will be a permanent effect equal to  $\delta_0$  after july of 2008.
- ▶ The estimated  $\delta_0$  value is 0.0759 with s.e. 0.1385, so the interval includes 0.

```
## Regression with ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,1,1)[12] errors
## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.1370143
##
## Coefficients:
```

## 0.4136 0.2755 -0.5898 0.3468 -0.3696 -1.0000 ## s.e. 0.1413 0.0813 0.1256 0.0841 0.0842 0.1084 ##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.02422: log likelihood=49.68

ma1

sar1

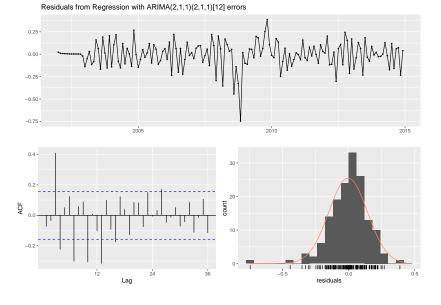
sar2

sma1

## AIC=-83.35 AICc=-82.28 BIC=-59.65

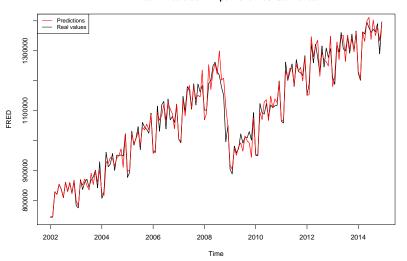
ar2

ar1



##
## Ljung-Box test
##

FRED Real x Predicted with permanent constant effect



### Temporary constant effect

- Now for the intervention model we will define  $h_t = I(t = ju/2008)\delta_0$ , so there will be a temporary effect equal to  $\delta_0$  on july of 2008.
- ▶ The estimated  $\delta_0$  value is 0.1835 with s.e. 0.1064, so the interval doesn't include 0.

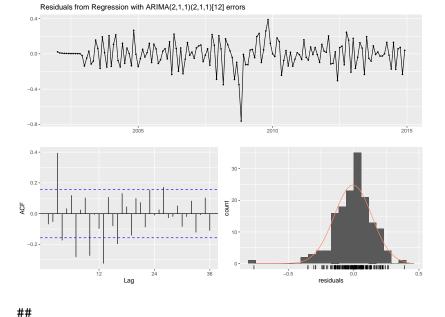
```
## Series: FRED
```

- ## Regression with ARIMA(2,1,1)(2,1,1)[12] errors ## Box Cox transformation: lambda= 0.1370143
- ##
- ## ar1 ar2 ma1 sar1 sar2 sma1
- ## 0.4276 0.2601 -0.6093 0.3375 -0.3652 -1.0000 ## s.e. 0.1474 0.0822 0.1328 0.0853 0.0852 0.1106 ## ## sigma^2 estimated as 0.02377: log likelihood=51.04
- ## Coefficients:

## ## Training set error measures:

## AIC=-86.07 AICc=-85 BIC=-62.37

```
##
## z test of coefficients:
##
##
       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## ar1 0.427649 0.147396 2.9014 0.003716 **
## ar2 0.260076 0.082171 3.1651 0.001550 **
## sar1 0.337458 0.085268 3.9576 7.570e-05 ***
## sar2 -0.365227   0.085162 -4.2886   1.798e-05 ***
## sma1 -0.999953 0.110620 -9.0395 < 2.2e-16 ***
## xreg 0.183541 0.106421 1.7247 0.084587 .
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.5
```



## Ljung-Box test

#### FRED Real x Predicted with temporary constant effect

