

# Project Euler #201: Subsets with a unique sum



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For any set  $A$  of numbers, let  $\text{sum}(A)$  be the sum of the elements of  $A$ . Consider the set  $B = \{1, 3, 6, 8, 10, 11\}$ .

There are 20 subsets of  $B$  containing three elements, and their sums are:

$\text{sum}(\{1,3,6\})$	$= 10$
$\text{sum}(\{1,3,8\})$	$= 12$
$\text{sum}(\{1,3,10\})$	$= 14$
$\text{sum}(\{1,3,11\})$	$= 15$
$\text{sum}(\{1,6,8\})$	$= 15$
$\text{sum}(\{1,6,10\})$	$= 17$
$\text{sum}(\{1,6,11\})$	$= 18$
$\text{sum}(\{1,8,10\})$	$= 19$
$\text{sum}(\{1,8,11\})$	$= 20$
$\text{sum}(\{1,10,11\})$	$= 22$
$\text{sum}(\{3,6,8\})$	$= 17$
$\text{sum}(\{3,6,10\})$	$= 19$
$\text{sum}(\{3,6,11\})$	$= 20$
$\text{sum}(\{3,8,10\})$	$= 21$
$\text{sum}(\{3,8,11\})$	$= 22$
$\text{sum}(\{3,10,11\})$	$= 24$
$\text{sum}(\{6,8,10\})$	$= 24$
$\text{sum}(\{6,8,11\})$	$= 25$
$\text{sum}(\{6,10,11\})$	$= 27$
$\text{sum}(\{8,10,11\})$	$= 29$

Some of these sums occur more than once, others are unique.

For a set  $A$ , let  $U(A, k)$  be the set of unique sums of  $k$  — *element* subsets of  $A$ , in our example we find  $U(B, 3) = \{10, 12, 14, 18, 21, 25, 27, 29\}$  and  $\text{sum}(U(B, 3)) = 156$ .

Now consider the  $n$ -element set  $S = \{s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n\}$ .

$S$  has  $\binom{n}{m}$   $m$ -element subsets.

Determine the sum of all integers which are the sum of exactly one of the  $m$ -element subsets of  $S$ , i.e. find  $\text{sum}(U(S, m))$ .

## Input Format

First line of input contains two integers  $n$  and  $m$ . Second line of input contains  $n$  integers  $s_1, \dots, s_n$ .

$1 \leq n \leq 100$ ,  
 $1 \leq m \leq n$ ,  
 $1 \leq s_i \leq 100$ .

## Output Format

Output one integer containing answer to the problem.

**Sample Input**

```
6 3
1 3 6 8 10 11
```

**Sample Output**

```
156
```