

The Simplest Sum

Consider the following pseudocode:

```
/*
 * function has two integer parameters- k and n
 * function returns the value of sum
 */
function f(k, n) {
    sum = 0;

    for (i = 1; i ≤ n; i++) {
        sum += i;
        i *= k;
    }

    return sum;
}
```

For three given integers k , l and r , find the value of S :

$$S = \left(\sum_{n=l}^r f(k, n) \right) \% (10^9 + 7)$$

Input Format

The first line of the input is an integer Q , total number of queries. Each of the next Q lines contains three space separated integers k , l and r .

Constraints

- $1 \leq Q \leq 10^5$
- $2 \leq k \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq l \leq r \leq 10^{18}$

Output Format

For each query, print the value of S on a new line.

Sample Input

```
4
2 1 5
3 1 5
4 1 5
5 1 5
```

Sample Output

```
14
13
10
5
```

Explanation

- *Query 2 1 5*

$$f(2,1) = 1$$

$$f(2,2) = 1$$

$$f(2,3) = 4$$

$$f(2,4) = 4$$

$$f(2,5) = 4$$

$$\text{So, } S = f(2,1) + f(2,2) + f(2,3) + f(2,4) + f(2,5) = 1 + 1 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 14$$

- *Query 3 1 5*

$$f(3,1) = 1$$

$$f(3,2) = 1$$

$$f(3,3) = 1$$

$$f(3,4) = 5$$

$$f(3,5) = 5$$

$$\text{So, } S = f(3,1) + f(3,2) + f(3,3) + f(3,4) + f(3,5) = 1 + 1 + 1 + 5 + 5 = 13$$

- *Query 4 1 5*

$$f(4,1) = 1$$

$$f(4,2) = 1$$

$$f(4,3) = 1$$

$$f(4,4) = 1$$

$$f(4,5) = 6$$

$$\text{So, } S = f(4,1) + f(4,2) + f(4,3) + f(4,4) + f(4,5) = 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 6 = 10$$

- *Query 5 1 5*

$$f(5,1) = 1$$

$$f(5,2) = 1$$

$$f(5,3) = 1$$

$$f(5,4) = 1$$

$$f(5,5) = 1$$

$$\text{So, } S = f(5,1) + f(5,2) + f(5,3) + f(5,4) + f(5,5) = 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 5$$