

1 DISCO DUO - Capstone Project

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- Student pace: Part-Time
- Scheduled project review date/time: Mon. 05/02/22
- Instructor name: Claude Fried
- Blog post URL: <https://datasciish.com/>(<https://datasciish.com/>)

```
<img src='GitHub_Images/Disco Duo Logo Prototype.jpg' width=70%>
```



Overview

****Client:**** Existing or new music streaming services. Existing: Spotify, Pandora, Amazon Music, etc. New: companies interested in building new platforms to connect people through music.

****Objective:**** Create a platform where listeners of the same song are connected and able to discover new songs through their "connector song" by requesting another song based on a musical metric such as: danceability, loudness, acousticness, valence, etc.

****Data, Methodology, and Models****

****Data source**:** Spotify

1. Spotify Song Data - <https://www.kaggle.com/akiboy96/spotify-dataset>
2. Spotify Genre Data - https://www.kaggle.com/code/akiboy96/spotify-song-popularity-genre-exploration/data?select=genre_music.csv

****Methodology**** Pull sample from data; create spectrogram images for songs; train model to predict danceability

****Models**** Sequential Models (Keras)

1. Layers
2. Stochastic
3. Add layers

1.1 Overview

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Data, Methodology, and Models

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2 Data Exploration, Cleansing, and Visualization

Data Exploration

Explore Spotify dataset

Data Cleansing

Check for duplicates; drop duplicate and NaN (missing) values; continuously clean data as necessary

Data Visualization

Use visualizations to explore the data and determine how to further refine the dataset in order to prepare for modeling

Data Preparation

Prepare the data for modeling

2.1 Data Exploration and Cleansing

Import data and all packages needed for data exploration and modeling

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns

import pydub
from pydub import AudioSegment

import librosa
import librosa.display

import tensorflow as tf
import tensorflow_io as tfio
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping

from keras.models import Sequential

# Import from keras_preprocessing not from keras.preprocessing
from keras_preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from keras.layers import Dense, Activation, Flatten, Dropout, BatchNormalization
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
from keras import regularizers, optimizers

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder

from numpy.random import seed
seed(11)

tf.random.set_seed(11)

import os
import warnings
```

executed in 4.00s, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

In [2]: *# Import song data*

```
songs = pd.read_csv('spotify_data.csv', index_col=0)
```

executed in 119ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

In [3]: *# View song dataframe*

```
songs.head()
```

executed in 16ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

Out[3]:

	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness	m
track							
Jealous Kind Of Fella	Garland Green	spotify:track:1dtKN6wwlolkM8XZy2y9C1	0.417	0.620	3	-7.727	
Initials B.B.	Serge Gainsbourg	spotify:track:5hjSmSnUefdUqzsDogisiX	0.498	0.505	3	-12.475	
Melody Twist	Lord Melody	spotify:track:6uk8tl6pwxxdVTNINOJeJh	0.657	0.649	5	-13.392	
Mi Bomba Sonó	Celia Cruz	spotify:track:7aNjMJ05FvUXACPWZ7yJmv	0.590	0.545	7	-12.058	
Uravu Solla	P. Susheela	spotify:track:1rQ0clvgkzWr001POOPJWx	0.515	0.765	11	-3.515	

In [4]: *# Import genre data*

```
genres = pd.read_csv('genre_data.csv', index_col=0)
```

executed in 99ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

In [5]: *# View genre dataframe*

```
genres.head()
```

executed in 14ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

Out[5]:

	artist	danceability	energy	key	loudness	mode	speechiness	acousticness	instrum
track									
Jealous Kind Of Fella	Garland Green	0.417	0.620	3	-7.727	1	0.0403	0.490	
Initials B.B.	Serge Gainsbourg	0.498	0.505	3	-12.475	1	0.0337	0.018	
Melody Twist	Lord Melody	0.657	0.649	5	-13.392	1	0.0380	0.846	
Mi Bomba Sonó	Celia Cruz	0.590	0.545	7	-12.058	0	0.1040	0.706	
Uravu Solla	P. Susheela	0.515	0.765	11	-3.515	0	0.1240	0.857	

In [6]: *# Merge Song and Genre datasets*

```
df2 = pd.merge(left=songs, right=genres, on='track')
```

executed in 67ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

In [7]: *# Explore new dataset*

```
df2.head()
```

executed in 20ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

Out[7]:

	artist_x	uri	danceability_x	energy_x	key_x	loudne
track						
Jealous Kind Of Fella	Garland Green	spotify:track:1dtKN6wwloIkM8XZy2y9C1	0.417	0.620	3	-7
Initials B.B.	Serge Gainsbourg	spotify:track:5hjSmSnUefdUqzsDogisiX	0.498	0.505	3	-12
Melody Twist	Lord Melody	spotify:track:6uk8tl6pwxvdVTNINOJeJh	0.657	0.649	5	-13
Mi Bomba Sonó	Celia Cruz	spotify:track:7aNjMJ05FvUXACPWZ7yJmv	0.590	0.545	7	-12
Uravu Solla	P. Susheela	spotify:track:1rQ0clvgkzWr001POOPJWx	0.515	0.765	11	-3

5 rows × 38 columns

Note: Dataframe does not reflect desired output; create new dataframe with just 'track' and 'genre'

In [8]: *# Create new dataframe with just 'track' and 'genre'*
genres[['track', 'genre']] did not work; use filter method

```
new_genre = genres.filter(['track', 'genre'])
```

executed in 3ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

In [9]: *# View new_genre dataframe*

```
new_genre.head()
```

executed in 5ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

Out[9]:

	genre
track	
Jealous Kind Of Fella	edm
Initials B.B.	pop
Melody Twist	pop
Mi Bomba Sonó	pop
Uravu Solla	r&b

In [10]: *# Merge genre dataframe with song dataframe*

```
df = pd.merge(left=songs, right=new_genre, on='track')
```

executed in 48ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

In [11]: *# View new dataframe*

```
df.head()
```

executed in 15ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

Out[11]:

	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness	m
track							
Jealous Kind Of Fella	Garland Green	spotify:track:1dtKN6wwlolkM8XZy2y9C1	0.417	0.620	3	-7.727	
Initials B.B.	Serge Gainsbourg	spotify:track:5hjSmSnUefdUqzsDogisiX	0.498	0.505	3	-12.475	
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```
In [12]: # View info for dataframe
```

```
df.info()
```

executed in 26ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 58472 entries, Jealous Kind Of Fella to Calling My Spirit
Data columns (total 20 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   artist                 58472 non-null  object
1   uri                   58472 non-null  object
2   danceability           58472 non-null  float64
3   energy                 58472 non-null  float64
4   key                    58472 non-null  int64
5   loudness               58472 non-null  float64
6   mode                   58472 non-null  int64
7   speechiness            58472 non-null  float64
8   acousticness           58472 non-null  float64
9   instrumentalness        58472 non-null  float64
10  liveness               58472 non-null  float64
11  valence                 58472 non-null  float64
12  tempo                   58472 non-null  float64
13  duration_ms            58472 non-null  int64
14  time_signature          58472 non-null  int64
15  chorus_hit              58472 non-null  float64
16  sections                58472 non-null  int64
17  popularity              58472 non-null  int64
18  decade                 58472 non-null  object
19  genre                   58472 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(10), int64(6), object(4)
memory usage: 9.4+ MB
```

▼ 2.1.1 Feature Description Definitions

There are 58,472 rows in the merged dataframe

Features

Source: <https://developer.spotify.com/documentation/web-api/reference/#/operations/get-audio-features> (<https://developer.spotify.com/documentation/web-api/reference/#/operations/get-audio-features>)

*** used for current model

single asterisk - will be used for future models

1. **danceability** ***

A value of 0.0 is least danceable and 1.0 is most danceable. Danceability describes how suitable a track is for dancing based on a combination of musical elements including tempo, rhythm stability, beat strength, and overall regularity.

2. energy *

Energy is a measure from 0.0 to 1.0 and represents a perceptual measure of intensity and activity. Typically, energetic tracks feel fast, loud, and noisy. For example, death metal has high energy, while a Bach prelude scores low on the scale. Perceptual features contributing to this attribute include dynamic range, perceived loudness, timbre, onset rate, and general entropy.

3. key

The key the track is in. Integers map to pitches using standard Pitch Class notation. E.g. 0 = C, 1 = C#/D♭, 2 = D, and so on. If no key was detected, the value is -1. (≥ -1 , ≤ 11).

4. loudness

Values typically range between -60 and 0 db. The overall loudness of a track in decibels (dB). Loudness values are averaged across the entire track and are useful for comparing relative loudness of tracks. Loudness is the quality of a sound that is the primary psychological correlate of physical strength (amplitude).

5. mode

Major is represented by 1 and minor is 0. Mode indicates the modality (major or minor) of a track, the type of scale from which its melodic content is derived.

6. speechiness *

Speechiness detects the presence of spoken words in a track. The more exclusively speech-like the recording (e.g. talk show, audio book, poetry), the closer to 1.0 the attribute value. Values above 0.66 describe tracks that are probably made entirely of spoken words. Values between 0.33 and 0.66 describe tracks that may contain both music and speech, either in sections or layered, including such cases as rap music. Values below 0.33 most likely represent music and other non-speech-like tracks.

7. acousticness *

A confidence measure from 0.0 to 1.0 of whether the track is acoustic. 1.0 represents high confidence the track is acoustic. (≥ 0 , ≤ 1).

8. instrumentalness *

Predicts whether a track contains no vocals. "Ooh" and "aah" sounds are treated as instrumental in this context. Rap or spoken word tracks are clearly "vocal". The closer the instrumentalness value is to 1.0, the greater likelihood the track contains no vocal content. Values above 0.5 are intended to represent instrumental tracks, but confidence is higher as the value approaches 1.0.

9. liveness *

Detects the presence of an audience in the recording. Higher liveness values represent an increased probability that the track was performed live. A value above 0.8 provides strong likelihood that the track is live.

10. valence *

A measure from 0.0 to 1.0 describing the musical positiveness conveyed by a track. Tracks with high valence sound more positive (e.g. happy, cheerful, euphoric), while tracks with low valence sound more negative (e.g. sad, depressed, angry). (≥ 0 , ≤ 1)

11. tempo

The overall estimated tempo of a track in beats per minute (BPM). In musical terminology, tempo is the speed or pace of a given piece and derives directly from the average beat duration.

12. duration_ms

The duration of the track in milliseconds.

13. time_signature

An estimated time signature. The time signature (meter) is a notational convention to specify how many beats are in each bar (or measure). The time signature ranges from 3 to 7 indicating time signatures of "3/4", to "7/4". (≥ 3 , ≤ 7).

14. id

The Spotify ID for the track.

15. uri

The Spotify URI for the track.

**2.1.2 Clean Data**

In [13]: *# Check for duplicates*

```
df.duplicated().sum()
```

executed in 51ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

Out[13]: 10656

In [14]: *# Drop duplicates*

```
df = df.drop_duplicates()
```

executed in 55ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

In [15]: *# Check there are no duplicates remaining*

```
df.duplicated().sum()
```

executed in 42ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

Out[15]: 0

In [16]: *# Check sum of Missing (NaN) values*

```
df.isna().sum()
```

executed in 12ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

```
Out[16]: artist          0
uri                  0
danceability         0
energy               0
key                 0
loudness             0
mode                0
speechiness          0
acousticness         0
instrumentalness     0
liveness             0
valence              0
tempo               0
duration_ms          0
time_signature       0
chorus_hit           0
sections            0
popularity           0
decade              0
genre                0
dtype: int64
```

In [17]: *# Create formula to observe percentages of the values missing*

```
df_missing = df.isna().sum()
df_missing/len(df)
```

executed in 15ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

```
artist          0.0
uri             0.0
danceability     0.0
energy           0.0
key              0.0
loudness         0.0
mode             0.0
speechiness      0.0
acousticness     0.0
instrumentalness 0.0
liveness         0.0
valence          0.0
tempo            0.0
duration_ms      0.0
time_signature   0.0
chorus_hit       0.0
sections         0.0
popularity       0.0
decade           0.0
genre            0.0
dtype: float64
```

In [18]: *# Check data types in latest dataframe*

```
df.info()
```

executed in 15ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

```

2  danceability      47816 non-null float64
3  energy            47816 non-null float64
4  key               47816 non-null int64
5  loudness          47816 non-null float64
6  mode              47816 non-null int64
7  speechiness       47816 non-null float64
8  acousticness      47816 non-null float64
9  instrumentalness  47816 non-null float64
10 liveness          47816 non-null float64
11 valence            47816 non-null float64
12 tempo             47816 non-null float64
13 duration_ms       47816 non-null int64
14 time_signature    47816 non-null int64
15 chorus_hit        47816 non-null float64
16 sections          47816 non-null int64
17 popularity        47816 non-null int64
18 decade            47816 non-null object
19 genre              47816 non-null object
dtypes: float64(10), int64(6), object(4)
memory usage: 7.7+ MB

```

In [19]: *# Explore "Artist" column*

```
df['artist'].value_counts()
```

executed in 12ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

```

Out[19]: Traditional                215
Harry Belafonte                   147
Antônio Carlos Jobim              130
P. Susheela                       129
Ennio Morricone                   124
...
Kimara Lovelace                   1
Timbaland & Magoo                  1
Cashmere Cat Featuring Ariana Grande 1
Diamond Platnumz                  1
Don Nix                           1
Name: artist, Length: 11847, dtype: int64

```

```
In [20]: # Percentages of Artists' counts  
  
df['artist'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

executed in 12ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

```
Out[20]: Traditional                0.004496  
Harry Belafonte                  0.003074  
Antônio Carlos Jobim             0.002719  
P. Susheela                      0.002698  
Ennio Morricone                  0.002593  
...  
Kimara Lovelace                  0.000021  
Timbaland & Magoo                0.000021  
Cashmere Cat Featuring Ariana Grande 0.000021  
Diamond Platnumz                 0.000021  
Don Nix                          0.000021  
Name: artist, Length: 11847, dtype: float64
```

```
In [21]: # Explore the value counts of each feature
```

```
for col in df.columns:
    print(df[col].value_counts())
```

executed in 72ms, finished 17:07:26 2022-05-05

```
Traditional                215
Harry Belafonte            147
Antônio Carlos Jobim       130
P. Susheela                129
Ennio Morricone            124
...
Kimara Lovelace             1
Timbaland & Magoo           1
Cashmere Cat Featuring Ariana Grande 1
Diamond Platnumz           1
Don Nix                     1
Name: artist, Length: 11847, dtype: int64
spotify:track:3y4LxiYMgDl4RethdzpmNe  8
spotify:track:0jsANwwkkHyyeNyuTFq2XO  8
spotify:track:756YOXmKh2iUnx33nAdfPf  8
spotify:track:22ML0MuFKfw16WejbxslOy  8
spotify:track:6HSqyfGnsHYw9MmIpa9zlZ  8
..
spotify:track:59wdeLZoQ0AY56JkxyTyMF  1
spotify:track:40riOy7x9W7GXjyGp4pjAv  1
spotify:track:2QjOHCTQ1Jl3zawyYOpXH6  1
spotify:track:1Y4ZdPOOgCUhBcKZOrUFiS  1
spotify:track:1OdFAYq591cuGvEu5wSPIA  1
Name: uri, Length: 40160, dtype: int64
0.6200    142
0.6520    133
0.5830    129
0.6570    128
0.6000    128
...
0.0983     1
0.0651     1
0.0597     1
0.0991     1
0.0882     1
Name: danceability, Length: 1041, dtype: int64
0.93700    95
0.72700    94
0.64100    91
0.79100    88
0.68100    87
..
0.00268     1
0.00696     1
0.06680     1
0.01110     1
0.00383     1
Name: energy, Length: 1762, dtype: int64
0      5918
7      5786
```

```

2      5290
9      5132
5      4464
4      3868
1      3842
11     3313
10     3186
8      2778
6      2582
3      1657
Name: key, dtype: int64
-17.135    36
-8.142     16
-6.215     16
-8.279     16
-6.293     15
..
-16.881     1
-28.526     1
-23.839     1
-16.670     1
-20.000     1
Name: loudness, Length: 16012, dtype: int64
1      33205
0      14611
Name: mode, dtype: int64
0.0330     196
0.0295     194
0.0315     192
0.0306     191
0.0298     191
...
0.7990      1
0.5760      1
0.5650      1
0.4970      1
0.7580      1
Name: speechiness, Length: 1344, dtype: int64
0.995000    112
0.994000     98
0.993000     90
0.990000     86
0.992000     85
...
0.000070      1
0.000057      1
0.008910      1
0.000893      1
0.009060      1
Name: acousticness, Length: 4192, dtype: int64
0.000000    13951
0.893000      49
0.908000      44
0.903000      44
0.553000      44
...
0.000009      1

```

```

0.007200      1
0.071400      1
0.008440      1
0.005700      1
Name: instrumentalness, Length: 5118, dtype: int64
0.1110      462
0.1070      439
0.1100      432
0.1140      422
0.1040      404
...
0.0167      1
0.0278      1
0.6370      1
0.9990      1
0.0292      1
Name: liveness, Length: 1674, dtype: int64
0.9610      257
0.9620      206
0.9630      199
0.9640      171
0.9600      150
...
0.0209      1
0.0272      1
0.0450      1
0.0908      1
0.0269      1
Name: valence, Length: 1599, dtype: int64
142.187      36
119.993      17
119.987      15
119.989      14
94.997       12
..
109.516      1
124.133      1
84.714       1
129.777      1
119.228      1
Name: tempo, Length: 31894, dtype: int64
321853      36
228867      19
212933      17
218947      17
164000      16
..
180864      1
196302      1
247497      1
277680      1
327680      1
Name: duration_ms, Length: 21347, dtype: int64
4      42441
3      4330
5      643
1      396

```



```

0          6
Name: time_signature, dtype: int64
0.00000    169
60.94077    36
41.37868     9
36.66328     8
26.28229     8
...
42.52036     1
58.48824     1
42.13211     1
27.50186     1
40.05079     1
Name: chorus_hit, Length: 39563, dtype: int64
9          6596
10         6215
8          5711
11         5440
7          4305
...
54          1
76          1
101         1
82          1
159         1
Name: sections, Length: 84, dtype: int64
1         25723
0         22093
Name: popularity, dtype: int64
60s       9717
70s       8835
80s       8140
10s       7664
00s       6929
90s       6531
Name: decade, dtype: int64
pop       18527
r&b       12927
rock       7730
latin     3746
rap       2872
edm       2014
Name: genre, dtype: int64

```

▼ 2.1.3 Data Visualization

▼ 2.1.3.1 Correlation Matrix of all metrics - Full Dataset (47,816 songs)

```

In [117]: # Create a correlation matrix for FULL DATASET
corr = df.corr().abs()

# Create mask for upper triangle
mask = np.triu(np.ones_like(corr, dtype=bool))

# Set up matplotlib figure
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(11, 9))

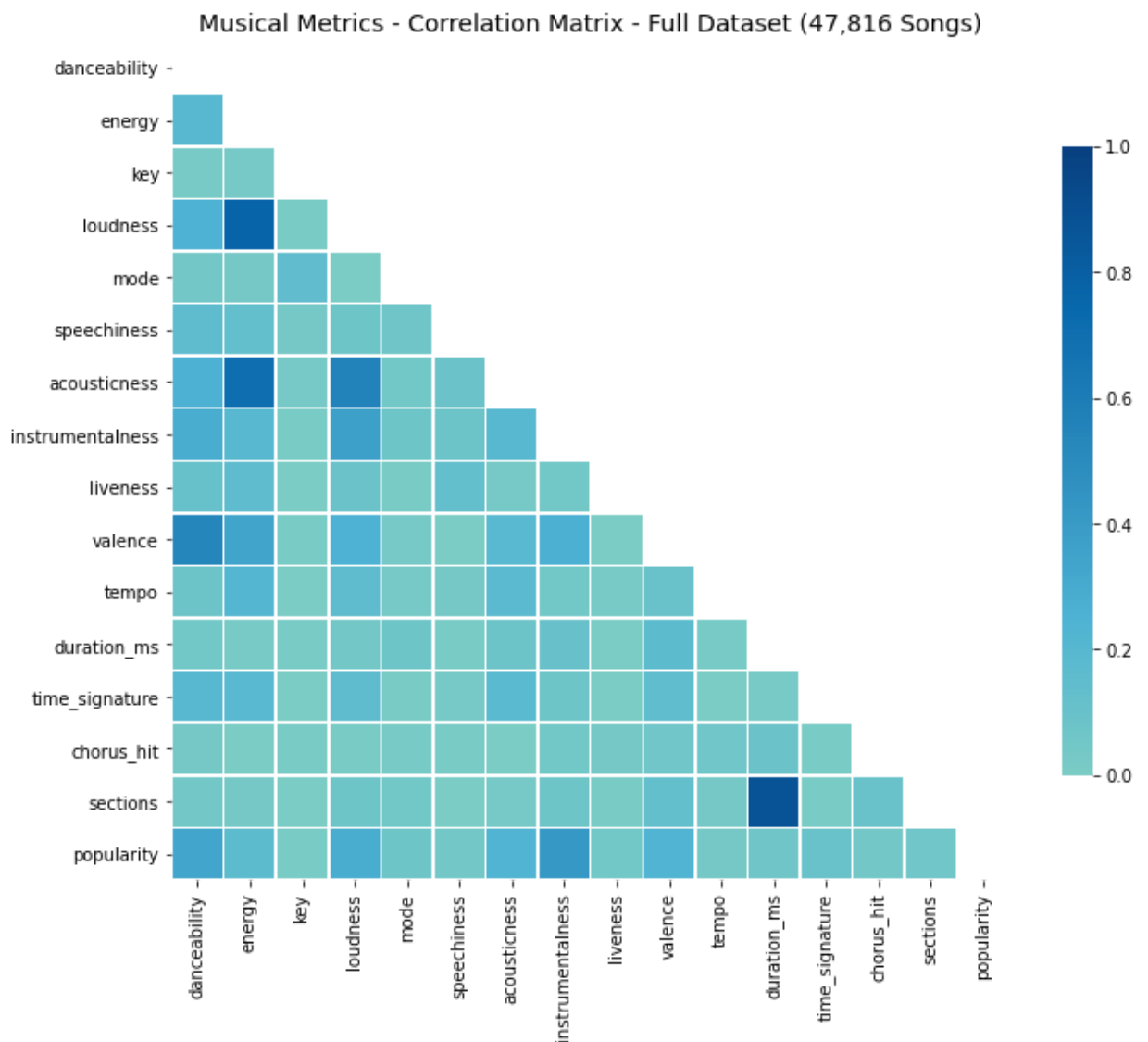
# Diverging colormap
cmap = sns.diverging_palette(230, 20, as_cmap=True)

# Draw the heatmap with the mask and correct aspect ratio
# GnBu is your color preference
sns.heatmap(corr, mask=mask, cmap="GnBu", vmin=0, vmax=1.0, center=0,
            square=True, linewidths=.5, cbar_kws={"shrink": .75})

plt.title("Musical Metrics - Correlation Matrix - Full Dataset (47,816 Song
          fontsize=14);

```

executed in 318ms, finished 05:30:19 2022-05-06



▼ 2.1.3.2 Genre Countplot - Full Dataset (47,816 songs)

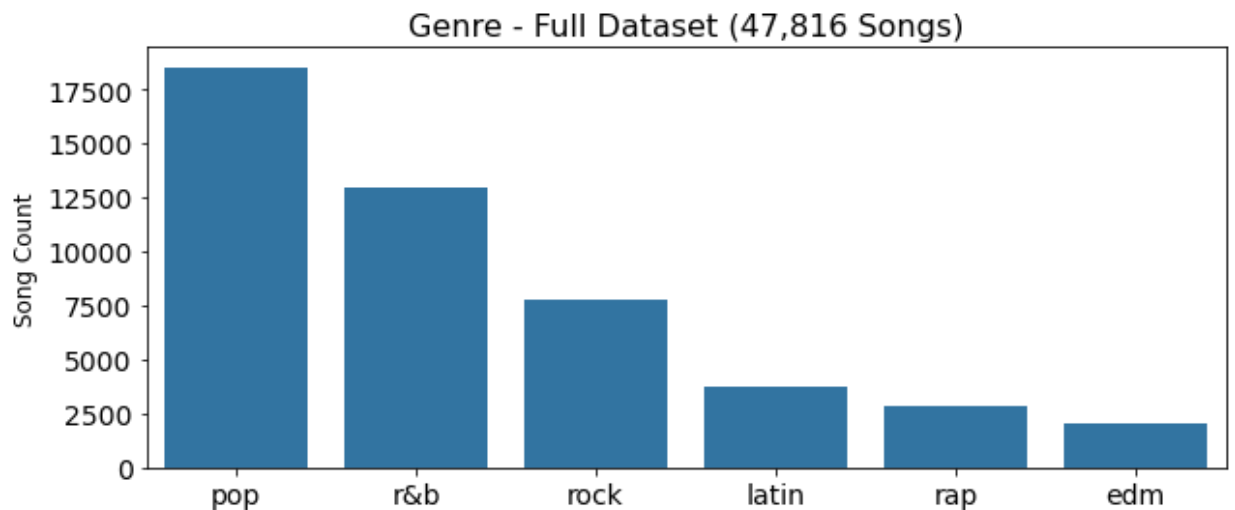
```
In [116]: # Genre countplot for FULL DATASET

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,4))
ax.grid(False)

sns.countplot(x='genre',
              data=df,
              order = df['genre'].value_counts().index,
              color='tab:blue')

plt.xlabel(None)
plt.ylabel("Song Count", fontsize=12)
plt.title("Genre - Full Dataset (47,816 Songs)", fontsize=16)
plt.xticks(fontsize=14)
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.show()
plt.tight_layout();
```

executed in 145ms, finished 05:29:46 2022-05-06



<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

▼ 2.1.3.3 HOLD for more visualizations

```
In [24]: # for col in df.columns:
#         fig,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,4))
#         if col!='artist' or 'track':
#             sns.countplot(x=col,data=df,ax=ax,color='tab:blue')
#         else:
#             sns.histplot(x=col,data=df,ax=ax,color='tab:blue')
#         ax.set(title=col.title())
#         plt.show()
```

executed in 2ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

```
In [25]: # for col in df.columns:
#         fig,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,4))
#         sns.countplot(x=col,data=df,ax=ax,color='tab:blue')
#         ax.set(title=col.title())
#         plt.show()
```

executed in 2ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

```
In [26]: # for col in df.columns:
#         plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
#         sns.displot(df[col],bins=20)
#         plt.title(col)
#         plt.show();
```

executed in 2ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

```
In [27]: # for col in df.columns:
#         fig,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,4))
#         if col!='uri' or 'artist':
#             sns.countplot(x=col,data=df,ax=ax,color='tab:blue')
#         #else:
#         #     sns.histplot(x=col,data=df,ax=ax,color='tab:blue')
#         ax.set(title=col.title())
#         plt.show()
```

executed in 2ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

3 Preprocessing Data

Create Clean Sample of Data

3.1 Create Clean Sample of Data

```
In [28]: # Create sample of 1000 songs from 47,816 songs

sample = df.sample(n=1000,replace=False, random_state=11).reset_index()
```

executed in 6ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

In [29]: *# View sample dataframe*

```
sample.head()
```

executed in 19ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

Out[29]:

	track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness
0	Rock And Roll Dreams Come Through	Jim Steinman	spotify:track:5Y7JlzuX1CtyEl8qf58qeU	0.628	0.6370	0	-13.175
1	Peace Will Come (According To Plan)	Melanie	spotify:track:1IMhE01kAot77D8M17ac3m	0.370	0.2950	8	-7.307
2	Let It Happen	Vangelis	spotify:track:59HzNVtC331SYrl6vQEJJQ	0.349	0.4920	2	-13.886
3	Keeps Gettin' Better	Christina Aguilera	spotify:track:0j0n5CUS1g3QSwDWg8r5qq	0.645	0.6970	5	-4.733
4	Aubrey	Bread	spotify:track:3his1Ukcl0wrniPDR9kTj	0.326	0.0902	7	-20.588

5 rows × 21 columns

In [30]: *# Explore sample data (count, datatypes)*

```
sample.info()
```

executed in 8ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

```

4  energy              1000 non-null float64
5  key                 1000 non-null  int64
6  loudness            1000 non-null  float64
7  mode                1000 non-null  int64
8  speechiness         1000 non-null  float64
9  acousticness        1000 non-null  float64
10 instrumentality     1000 non-null  float64
11 liveness            1000 non-null  float64
12 valence             1000 non-null  float64
13 tempo               1000 non-null  float64
14 duration_ms         1000 non-null  int64
15 time_signature      1000 non-null  int64

16 chorus_hit          1000 non-null  float64
17 sections            1000 non-null  int64
18 popularity          1000 non-null  int64
19 decade              1000 non-null  object
20 genre                1000 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(10), int64(6), object(5)
memory usage: 164.2+ KB

```

3.1.1 Convert Sample Dataframe into a csv file for Modeling - run once in intial build

- keep code for reference

```
In [31]: # Code used to convert Sample dataframe into a csv file for modeling
# sample.to_csv(r'Sample.csv')
```

executed in 2ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

3.1.2 Create "url" Column from "uri" Column to Retrieve Songs from Spotify

```
In [32]: # Create "url" column from "uri" column
sample['url'] = sample['uri'].map(lambda x: x.lstrip('spotify:track:'))
```

executed in 3ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

```
In [33]: # Check new "url" column
```

```
sample.head()
```

executed in 19ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

Out[33]:

	track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness
0	Rock And Roll Dreams Come Through	Jim Steinman	spotify:track:5Y7JlzuX1CtyEl8qf58qeU	0.628	0.6370	0	-13.175
1	Peace Will Come (According To Plan)	Melanie	spotify:track:1IMhE01kAot77D8M17ac3m	0.370	0.2950	8	-7.307
2	Let It Happen	Vangelis	spotify:track:59HzNVTc331SYrl6vQEJJQ	0.349	0.4920	2	-13.886
3	Keeps Gettin' Better	Christina Aguilera	spotify:track:0j0n5CUS1g3QSwDWg8r5qq	0.645	0.6970	5	-4.733
4	Aubrey	Bread	spotify:track:3his1Ukcl0rwrniPDR9kTj	0.326	0.0902	7	-20.588

5 rows × 22 columns

```
In [34]: # Create "url" column with 'https://open.spotify.com/track/' format to retr
sample['url'] = 'https://open.spotify.com/track/' + sample['url']
```

executed in 3ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

```
In [35]: # View dataframe with "url" column
```

```
sample.head()
```

executed in 19ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness	mode	speechiness	acousticness	...	valence	tempo
Y7JlzuX1CtyEI8qf58qeU	0.628	0.6370	0	-13.175	1	0.0294	0.1510	...	0.755	110.4
iE01kAot77D8M17ac3m	0.370	0.2950	8	-7.307	1	0.0278	0.5670	...	0.269	132.4
IzNVTc331SYrl6vQEJJQ	0.349	0.4920	2	-13.886	0	0.0465	0.6990	...	0.503	106.0
CUS1g3QSwDWg8r5qq	0.645	0.6970	5	-4.733	0	0.0285	0.0739	...	0.250	130.0
3his1UJkcl0rwrniPDR9kTi	0.326	0.0902	7	-20.588	1	0.0344	0.6470	...	0.218	137.6

BUILD CHECKLIST & CLEAN DATA TO CREATE USABLE DATASET

There are 652 songs in final dataset to be used for model (653 minus ".ds store" file)

3.1.3 BUILD CHECKLIST & CLEAN DATA TO CREATE USABLE DATASET

There are 652 songs in final dataset to be used for model (653 minus ".ds store" file)

```
In [36]: # Create a "checklist" column from "track" and "artist" columns to cross-check
sample['checklist'] = sample['artist'] + " - " + sample['track'] + ".mp3"
sample.head()
```

executed in 21ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

Out[36]:

	track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness
0	Rock And Roll Dreams Come Through	Jim Steinman	spotify:track:5Y7JlzuX1CtyEI8qf58qeU	0.628	0.6370	0	-13.175
1	Peace Will Come (According To Plan)	Melanie	spotify:track:1IMhE01kAot77D8M17ac3m	0.370	0.2950	8	-7.307
2	Let It Happen	Vangelis	spotify:track:59HzNVTc331SYrl6vQEJJQ	0.349	0.4920	2	-13.886
3	Keeps Gettin' Better	Christina Aguilera	spotify:track:0j0n5CUS1g3QSwDWg8r5qq	0.645	0.6970	5	-4.733
4	Aubrey	Bread	spotify:track:3his1Ukcl0rwrniPDR9KTj	0.326	0.0902	7	-20.588

5 rows × 23 columns

```
In [37]: # Check object using one song
sample[sample['artist'] == 'Johnny Sea']['checklist'].values
```

executed in 5ms, finished 17:07:27 2022-05-05

Out[37]: array(['Johnny Sea - Day For Decision.mp3'], dtype=object)

In [38]: *# Check for tracks not in "checklist" column*

```

counter = 0
for track_name in os.listdir('Song_Data'):
    if track_name == '.DS_Store':
        continue
    if track_name not in sample['checklist'].values:
        print(track_name)
        artist, title = track_name.split('.mp3')[0].split('-')[2:]
        artist, title = artist.strip(), title.strip()

        print(f'Artist: {artist}\tTitle: {title}')
        display(sample[sample['artist'] == artist])
        print('-'*40)
        counter += 1
        print(counter)

```

executed in 3.34s, finished 17:07:30 2022-05-05

26

Roberta Flack, Donny Hathaway - You've Lost That Lovin' Feelin'.mp3
 Artist: Roberta Flack, Donny Hathaway Title: You've Lost That Lovi
 n' Feelin'

track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness	mode	speechiness	acousticness	...
-------	--------	-----	--------------	--------	-----	----------	------	-------------	--------------	-----

0 rows × 23 columns

27

6ix9ine, Nicki Minaj, Murda Beatz - FEFE.mp3
 Artist: 6ix9ine, Nicki Minaj, Murda Beatz Title: FEFE

track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness	mode	speechiness	acousticness	...
-------	--------	-----	--------------	--------	-----	----------	------	-------------	--------------	-----

In [40]: *# Find songs that do not align with "checklist" (DIRTYDATA)*

```
DIRTYDATA = []
for idx, data in sample.iterrows():
    if data['checklist'] not in os.listdir('Song_Data'):
        DIRTYDATA.append(idx)
DIRTYDATA
```

executed in 1.01s, finished 17:07:31 2022-05-05

743,
744,
745,
749,
751,
752,
759,
760,
763,
765,
766,
768,
770,
772,
774,
777,
780,
783,
784,
785.

In [41]: *# Drop DIRTYDATA from data to get USABLE data*

```
USABLE = sample.drop(DIRTYDATA)
USABLE.shape
```

executed in 4ms, finished 17:07:31 2022-05-05

Out[41]: (653, 23)

In [42]: # View USABLE dataframe

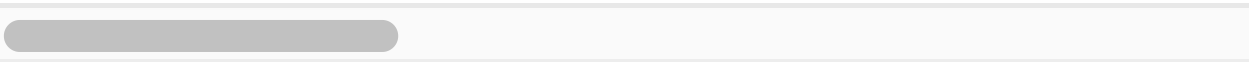
USABLE

executed in 26ms, finished 17:07:31 2022-05-05

Out[42]:

	track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	I
2	Let It Happen	Vangelis	spotify:track:59HzNVtc331SYrl6vQEJJQ	0.349	0.4920	2	
3	Keeps Gettin' Better	Christina Aguilera	spotify:track:0j0n5CUS1g3QSwDWg8r5qq	0.645	0.6970	5	
4	Aubrey	Bread	spotify:track:3his1Ukcl0rwrniPDR9kTj	0.326	0.0902	7	
5	Most Of All	B.J. Thomas	spotify:track:4GPF6wnqZSBtEBUuSxHivV	0.501	0.3920	9	
6	High Speed GTO	White Wizzard	spotify:track:4AZRFiO74C2HwRVePGrmR2	0.252	0.9410	6	
...
975	Candy	Mandy Moore	spotify:track:2YhE6xeWN0R9RVwEOG9IR1	0.813	0.8360	7	
993	Arthur Comes to Sophie	Hildur Guðnadóttir	spotify:track:0dvAO2KbsqDZGv8g03JFRy	0.198	0.3300	0	
995	Guantanamera	Joe Dassin	spotify:track:2zo7m7HTcjMuioTTrlt4yF	0.716	0.4410	2	
996	Let Me In	Young Buck	spotify:track:6qkZ6D3ogNyW2YDWsz7e3z	0.685	0.8900	1	
997	Superfly	Curtis Mayfield	spotify:track:4XsH9zBWPOCdXoH9ZDdS8r	0.784	0.7080	2	

653 rows × 23 columns



In [43]: *# Explore USABLE info*

```
USABLE.info()
```

executed in 7ms, finished 17:07:31 2022-05-05

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 653 entries, 2 to 997
Data columns (total 23 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   track                 653 non-null   object
1   artist                653 non-null   object
2   uri                   653 non-null   object
3   danceability          653 non-null   float64
4   energy                653 non-null   float64
5   key                   653 non-null   int64
6   loudness              653 non-null   float64
7   mode                  653 non-null   int64
8   speechiness           653 non-null   float64
9   acousticness          653 non-null   float64
10  instrumentalness       653 non-null   float64
11  liveness               653 non-null   float64
12  valence                653 non-null   float64
13  tempo                  653 non-null   float64
14  duration_ms           653 non-null   int64
15  time_signature         653 non-null   int64
16  chorus_hit            653 non-null   float64
17  sections              653 non-null   int64
18  popularity            653 non-null   int64
19  decade                653 non-null   object
20  genre                  653 non-null   object
21  url                    653 non-null   object
22  checklist              653 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(10), int64(6), object(7)
memory usage: 122.4+ KB
```

▼ 3.1.4 Create ".png" Column for Images

In [44]: *# Create 'songpng' column for .mp3 files to be connected to .png files in m*

```
USABLE['songpng'] = USABLE['checklist'].apply(lambda x: x.replace('.mp3', '.'))
```

executed in 3ms, finished 17:07:31 2022-05-05

In [45]: *# Check*

```
USABLE.head( )
```

executed in 18ms, finished 17:07:31 2022-05-05

Out[45]:

popularity	decade	genre	url	checklist	songpng
0	70s	rock	https://open.spotify.com/track/59HzNVtc331SYrl...	Vangelis - Let It Happen.mp3	Vangelis - Let It Happen.png
1	00s	pop	https://open.spotify.com/track/0j0n5CUS1g3QSwD...	Christina Aguilera - Keeps Gettin' Better.mp3	Christina Aguilera - Keeps Gettin' Better.png
1	70s	rock	https://open.spotify.com/track/3his1Ukcl0wrni...	Bread - Aubrey.mp3	Bread - Aubrey.png
1	70s	r&b	https://open.spotify.com/track/4GPF6wnqZSBtEBU...	B.J. Thomas - Most Of All.mp3	B.J. Thomas - Most Of All.png
0	00s	rock	https://open.spotify.com/track/4AZRFiO74C2HwRV...	White Wizzard - High Speed GTO.mp3	White Wizzard - High Speed GTO.png

In [46]: *# Check datatypes*

```
USABLE.info()
```

executed in 9ms, finished 17:07:31 2022-05-05

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 653 entries, 2 to 997
Data columns (total 24 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   track                 653 non-null   object
1   artist               653 non-null   object
2   uri                  653 non-null   object
3   danceability          653 non-null   float64
4   energy                653 non-null   float64
5   key                   653 non-null   int64
6   loudness              653 non-null   float64
7   mode                  653 non-null   int64
8   speechiness           653 non-null   float64
9   acousticness          653 non-null   float64
10  instrumentalness       653 non-null   float64
11  liveness              653 non-null   float64
12  valence               653 non-null   float64
13  tempo                 653 non-null   float64
14  duration_ms           653 non-null   int64
15  time_signature        653 non-null   int64
16  chorus_hit            653 non-null   float64
17  sections              653 non-null   int64
18  popularity            653 non-null   int64
19  decade               653 non-null   object
20  genre                 653 non-null   object
21  url                   653 non-null   object
22  checklist             653 non-null   object
23  songpng               653 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(10), int64(6), object(8)
memory usage: 127.5+ KB
```

▼ 3.1.5 Visualizations for Sample Dataset

```

In [115]: # Correlation matrix for SAMPLE DATASET
corr = USABLE.corr().abs()

# Create a mask for the upper triangle
mask = np.triu(np.ones_like(corr, dtype=bool))

# Set up matplotlib figure
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(11, 9))

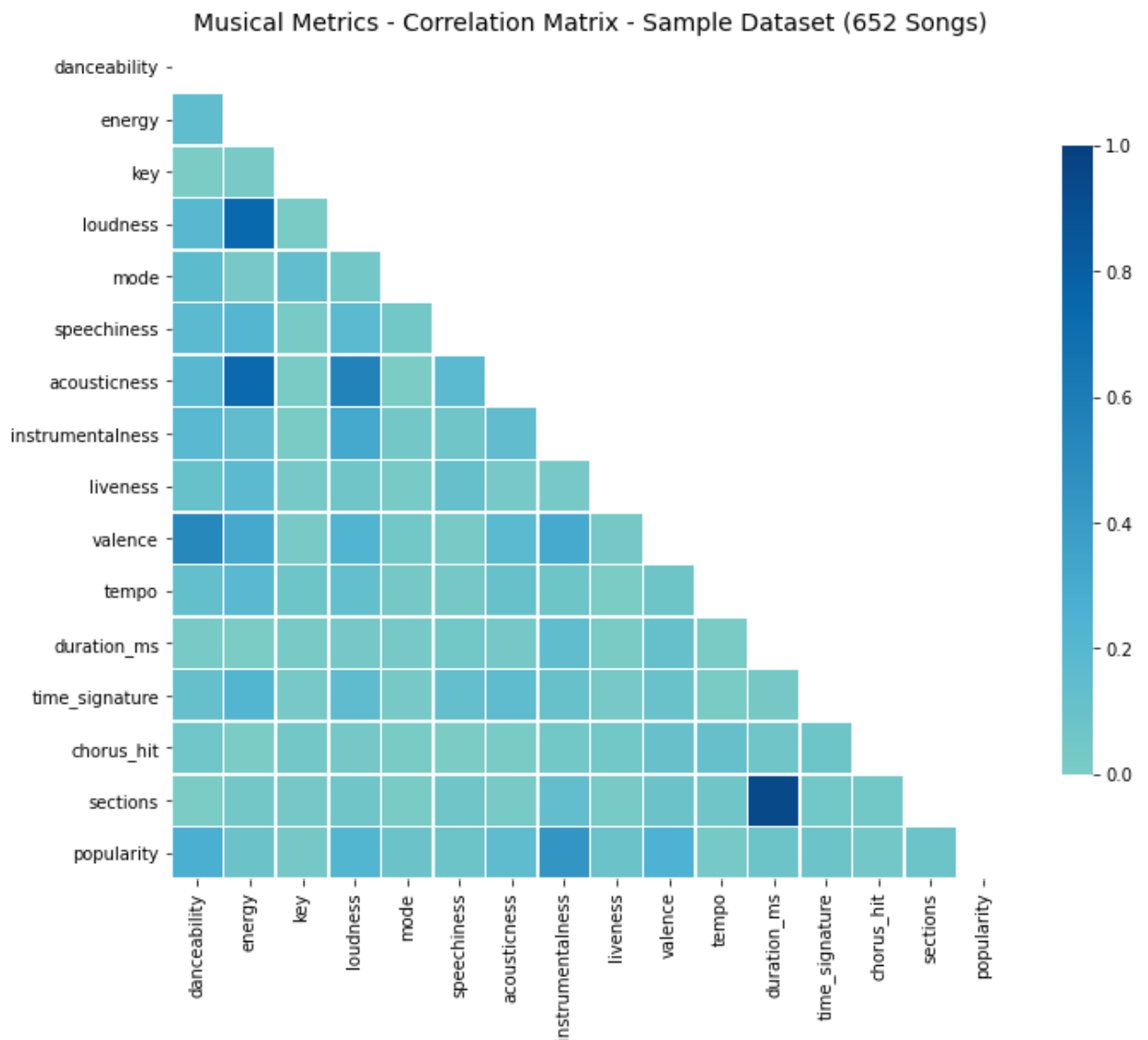
# Diverging colormap
cmap = sns.diverging_palette(230, 20, as_cmap=True)

# Draw the heatmap with the mask and correct aspect ratio
# GnBu is your color preference
sns.heatmap(corr, mask=mask, cmap="GnBu", vmin=0, vmax=1.0, center=0,
            square=True, linewidths=.5, cbar_kws={"shrink": .75})

# Set title
plt.title("Musical Metrics - Correlation Matrix - Sample Dataset (652 Songs)
          fontsize=14);

```

executed in 291ms, finished 04:49:55 2022-05-06



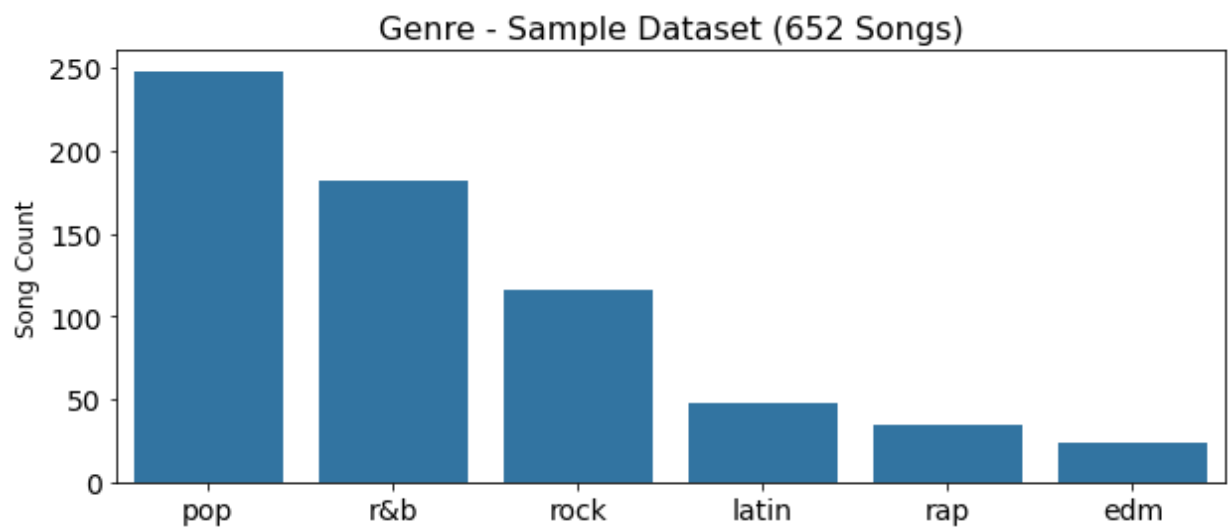
```
In [114]: # Genre countplot for SAMPLE DATASET

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,4))
ax.grid(False)

sns.countplot(x='genre',
              data=USABLE,
              order = df['genre'].value_counts().index,
              color='tab:blue')

plt.xlabel(None)
plt.ylabel("Song Count", fontsize=12)
plt.title("Genre - Sample Dataset (652 Songs)",fontsize=16)
plt.xticks(fontsize=14)
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.show()
plt.tight_layout();
```

executed in 119ms, finished 04:49:24 2022-05-06



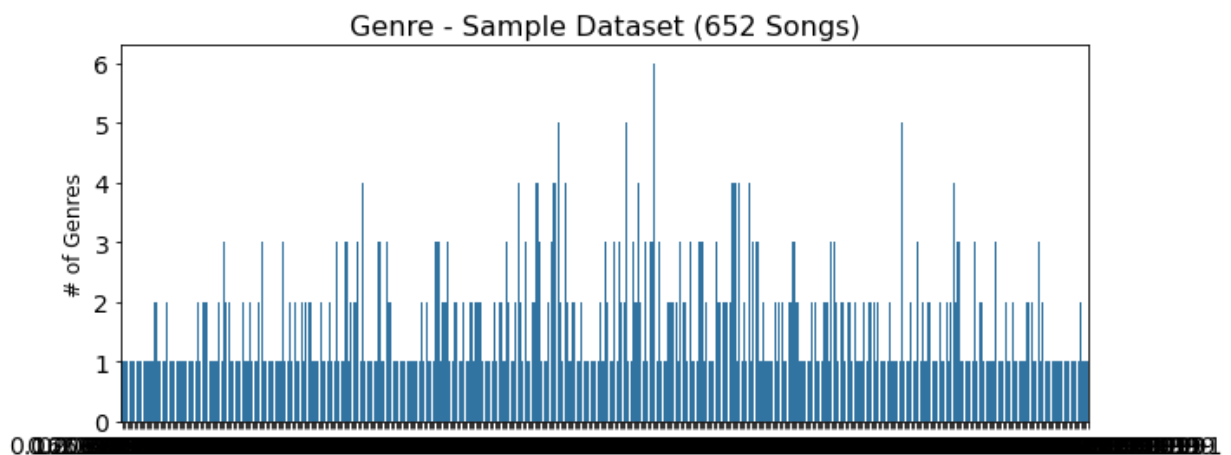
<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>


```
In [49]: # Danceability countplot for sample data - need to improve

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,4))
sns.countplot(x='danceability',data=USABLE, color='tab:blue');
ax.grid(False)

plt.xlabel(None)
plt.ylabel("# of Genres", fontsize=12)
plt.title("Genre - Sample Dataset (652 Songs)",fontsize=16)
plt.xticks(fontsize=14)
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.show()
plt.tight_layout()
```

executed in 4.50s, finished 17:07:36 2022-05-05



<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

4 Data Preparation for Modeling

4.1 Create y (Target: "danceability") and X

```
In [50]: # Create y (Target: "danceability")
# Create X

y = USABLE['danceability']
X = USABLE.drop(columns=['danceability'])
```

executed in 4ms, finished 17:07:36 2022-05-05

In [51]: *# View X data*

X

executed in 27ms, finished 17:07:36 2022-05-05

...	GTO	Wizzard	spotify:track:4AZHn07402HwVwVgmmZ	0.9410	0	-4.204
...
975	Candy	Mandy Moore	spotify:track:2YhE6xeWN0R9RVwEOG9IR1	0.8360	7	-4.230
993	Arthur Comes to Sophie	Hildur Guðnadóttir	spotify:track:0dvAO2KbsqDZGv8g03JFRy	0.3300	0	-15.555
995	Guantanamera	Joe Dassin	spotify:track:2zo7m7HTcjMuioTTrlt4yF	0.4410	2	-9.909
996	Let Me In	Young Buck	spotify:track:6qkZ6D3ogNyW2YDWsz7e3z	0.8900	1	-4.302
997	Superfly	Curtis Mayfield	spotify:track:4XsH9zBWPOCdXoH9ZDdS8r	0.7080	2	-9.141

653 rows × 23 columns

In [52]: *# Gutcheck - check metrics on one song*

USABLE[USABLE.track.str.contains('Wherever You Will Go')]

executed in 17ms, finished 17:07:36 2022-05-05

Out[52]:

	track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness
517	Wherever You Will Go	The Calling	spotify:track:5QpaGzWp0hwB5faV8dkbAz	0.558	0.719	2	-5.113

1 rows × 24 columns

In [53]: *# View y data*

y

executed in 4ms, finished 17:07:36 2022-05-05

Out[53]: 2 0.349
3 0.645
4 0.326
5 0.501
6 0.252
 ...
975 0.813
993 0.198
995 0.716
996 0.685
997 0.784
Name: danceability, Length: 653, dtype: float64

▼ 4.2 Train Test Split

In [54]: *# Create Train and Test data subsets using train_test_split*

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(  
    X, y, random_state=100)
```

executed in 3ms, finished 17:07:36 2022-05-05

In [55]: *# Check shape of each data set*

```
X_train.shape, X_test.shape, y_train.shape, y_test.shape
```

executed in 4ms, finished 17:07:36 2022-05-05

Out[55]: ((489, 23), (164, 23), (489,), (164,))

In [56]: *# Check the shape of the data is the same*

```
X_train.shape[0]+X_test.shape[0]==USABLE.shape[0]
```

executed in 4ms, finished 17:07:36 2022-05-05

Out[56]: True

In [57]: `# View X_train`

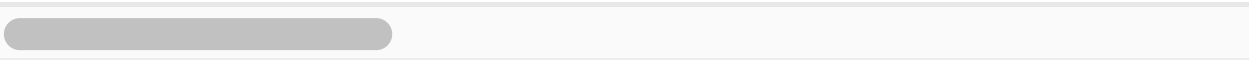
`X_train`

executed in 30ms, finished 17:07:36 2022-05-05

Out[57]:

	track	artist	uri	energy	key	loudness	mode
684	Más Allá	Javier Solís	spotify:track:2eZT2Jw3gv8ZqBUu9oCTE	0.325	0	-11.149	1
619	Footprints - Remastered	Wayne Shorter	spotify:track:2JITVZu8o6ls9k8SoMRy7w	0.454	7	-11.190	0
904	Rock Of Ages	Jack Jezzro	spotify:track:2U9L4wYRxRgYy42uhvOloy	0.280	7	-14.582	1
855	Do You Believe In Magic	Shaun Cassidy	spotify:track:5LJ93CrqstdBdVmC0xhZbu	0.726	0	-10.154	1
318	People Like You	Eddie Fisher	spotify:track:6cahHUfSQDIB8i0Yx3srwx	0.339	0	-8.351	1
...
854	Dangerous	Roxette	spotify:track:756YOXmKh2iUnx33nAdfPf	0.898	4	-4.893	1
72	Barefoot In Baltimore	Strawberry Alarm Clock	spotify:track:7gxeDaqGLT33dkWSTAEQue	0.566	7	-11.186	1
517	Wherever You Will Go	The Calling	spotify:track:5QpaGzWp0hwB5faV8dkbAz	0.719	2	-5.113	1
109	Milagre Brasileiro - Ao Vivo	MPB4	spotify:track:7gluxKYkMdLREvbCrXdGQh	0.675	2	-8.183	1
771	Say You Really Want Me	Kim Wilde	spotify:track:1lemomv6vJ9UcHxMRDINMJ	0.642	10	-13.852	0

489 rows × 23 columns



In [58]: *# View y_train*

y_train

executed in 3ms, finished 17:07:36 2022-05-05

```
Out[58]: 684      0.399
        619      0.530
        904      0.275
        855      0.499
        318      0.490
        ...
        854      0.712
        72       0.682
        517      0.558
        109      0.368
        771      0.699
        Name: danceability, Length: 489, dtype: float64
```

▼ 4.3 Create Images for Songs to be Modeled

In [59]: *# Check directory of songs*

os.listdir('Song_Data')

executed in 13ms, finished 17:07:36 2022-05-05

```
'Andrew Bird - Why.mp3',
'Jake Owen - I Was Jack (You Were Diane).mp3',
'Frankie Valli & The Four Seasons - C'mon Marianne - 2006 Remaster.m
p3',
'The Motels - Only The Lonely - Remastered 1999.mp3',
'Karlheinz Stockhausen - 11'-38'.mp3",
'Ashra - Ocean Of Tenderness.mp3',
'Buzzcocks - What Do I Get - 2001 Remastered Version.mp3',
'Earth, Wind & Fire - Kalimba Story.mp3',
'The Bubble Puppy - Hot Smoke & Sasafrass (Live Version).mp3',
'Trans-Siberian Orchestra - Christmas Eve Sarajevo 1224 - Instrumen
tal.mp3',
'Job For A Cowboy - Knee Deep.mp3',
'The Vejtables - I Still Love You.mp3',
'MPB4 - Milagre Brasileiro - Ao Vivo.mp3',
'Billy Joel, Ray Charles - Baby Grand (with Ray Charles).mp3',
'Ben Colder - Almost Persuaded No. 2.mp3',
'David Banner, Lil' Flip - Like A Pimp.mp3",
'Jeff Lewis, Mitchell Hope, Disney - Did I Mention.mp3',
'Eric Burdon & the Animals - See See Rider.mp3',
```

In [60]: *# Check number of songs in directory*

```
len(os.listdir('Song_Data'))
```

executed in 3ms, finished 17:07:36 2022-05-05

Out[60]: 953

```

In [61]: # CREATE IMAGE FOR ONE SONG (I.E. TEST WITHOUT FOR LOOP)
# EXAMPLE: Sade - No Ordinary Love

SONG_DATA = os.listdir('Song_Data')

# Instantiate constants (taken from source:)
SAMPLE_RATE = 48000
HOP_LENGTH = 256
N_FFT = 2048
N_MELS = 256
REF = np.max

fpath = 'Song_Data/Sade - No Ordinary Love.mp3'

# Load song into memory
signal, sr = librosa.load(fpath, sr=SAMPLE_RATE)

# Create "mel-spectrogram"
mel_signal = librosa.feature.melspectrogram(
    y=signal, # Created above
    sr=SAMPLE_RATE, # Stuff we decided at the top:
    hop_length=HOP_LENGTH,
    n_fft=N_FFT,
    n_mels=N_MELS)

power_to_db = librosa.power_to_db(mel_signal, ref=REF)

# Create figure
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)

# Hide axes and image frame
ax.axes.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.axes.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.set_frame_on(False)

# Display spectrogram for song
librosa.display.specshow(power_to_db, sr=SAMPLE_RATE, cmap='magma', hop_len

plt.title("Sade - No Ordinary Love",fontsize=16)
plt.show()

```

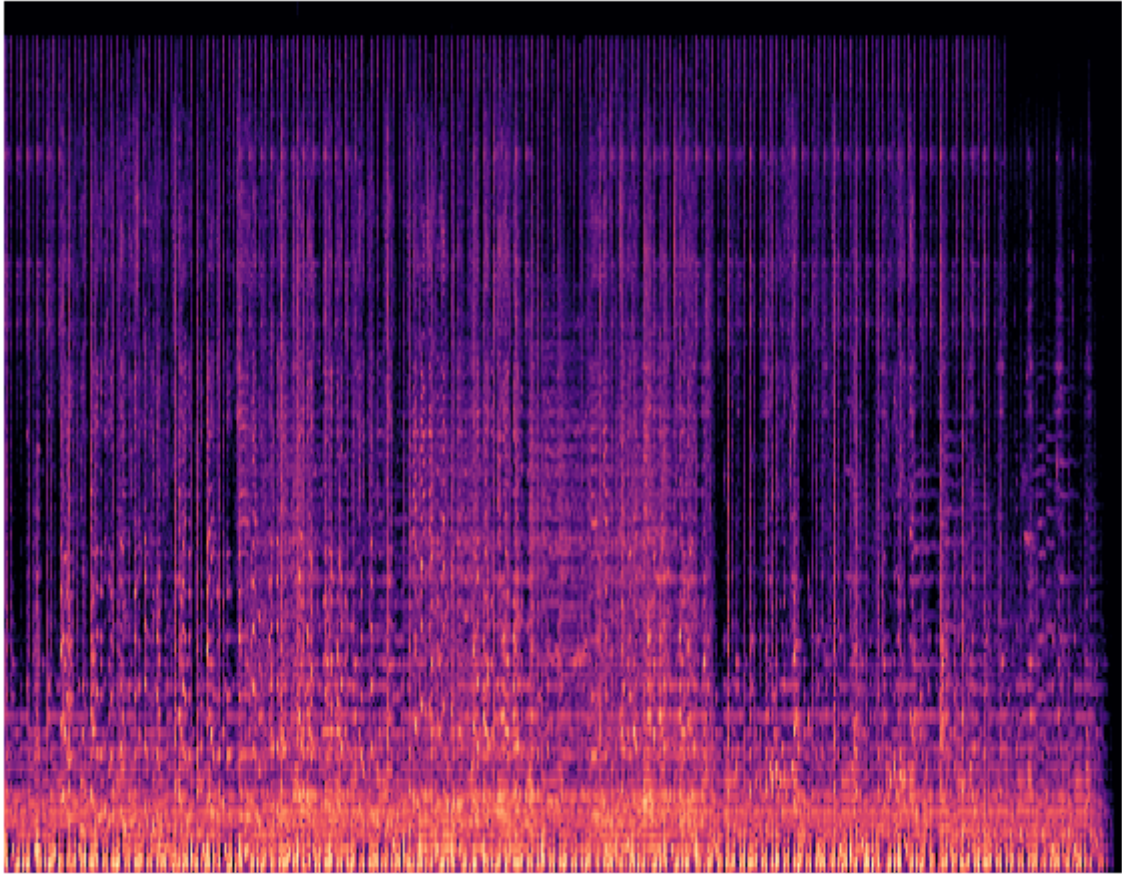
executed in 11.3s, finished 17:07:48 2022-05-05

```

/Users/v/opt/anaconda3/envs/learn-env/lib/python3.8/site-packages/libros
a/util/decorators.py:88: UserWarning: PySoundFile failed. Trying audioread
instead.
    return f(*args, **kwargs)

```

Sade - No Ordinary Love




```

In [62]: # Check another song
# EXAMPLE: Kansas - Power

SONG_DATA = os.listdir('Song_Data')

# Instantiate constants (taken from source:)
SAMPLE_RATE = 48000
HOP_LENGTH = 256
N_FFT = 2048
N_MELS = 256
REF = np.max

fpath = 'Song_Data/Kansas - Power.mp3'

# Load song into memory
signal, sr = librosa.load(fpath, sr=SAMPLE_RATE)

# Create "mel-spectrogram"
mel_signal = librosa.feature.melspectrogram(
    y=signal, # Created above
    sr=SAMPLE_RATE, # Stuff we decided at the top:
    hop_length=HOP_LENGTH,
    n_fft=N_FFT,
    n_mels=N_MELS)

power_to_db = librosa.power_to_db(mel_signal, ref=REF)

# Create figure
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)

# Hide axes and image frame
ax.axes.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.axes.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.set_frame_on(False)

# Display spectrogram for song
librosa.display.specshow(power_to_db, sr=SAMPLE_RATE, cmap='magma', hop_len

plt.title("Kansas - Power", fontsize=16)
plt.show()

```

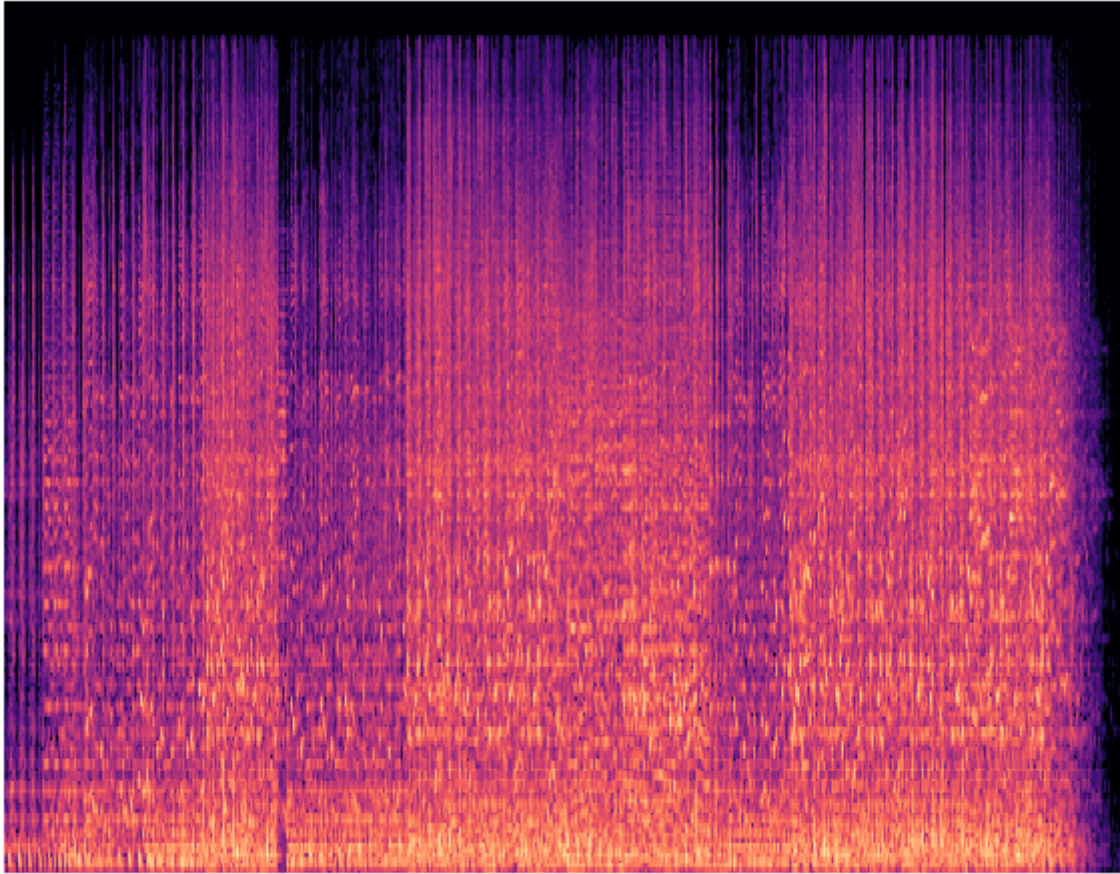
executed in 6.80s, finished 17:07:55 2022-05-05

```

/Users/v/opt/anaconda3/envs/learn-env/lib/python3.8/site-packages/libros
a/util/decorators.py:88: UserWarning: PySoundFile failed. Trying audiorea
d instead.
    return f(*args, **kwargs)

```

Kansas - Power



CREATE AND SAVE SPECTROGRAMS FOR TRAIN AND TEST SONGS!!

4.4 CREATE AND SAVE SPECTROGRAMS FOR TRAIN AND TEST SONGS!!

Code to Create Spectrograms & Put in Train and Test Image Folders - only needs to be run once in initial build

Code for reference

4.4.1 Code to Create Spectrograms & Put in Train and Test Image Folders - only needs to be run once in initial build

Code for reference

```

In [63]: # SONG_DATA = X['checklist'].values

# # Instantiate constants (taken from source:)
# SAMPLE_RATE = 48000
# HOP_LENGTH = 256
# N_FFT = 2048
# N_MELS = 256
# REF = np.max

# # Iterate through .mp3 files
# for mp3 in SONG_DATA:
#     #
#     if not mp3.endswith('.mp3'):
#         continue

#     # Create path to mp3.
#     fpath = os.path.join(path, mp3)
#     #fpath = 'Song_Data'

#     # Load song into memory
#     signal, sr = librosa.load(fpath, sr=SAMPLE_RATE)

#     # Create "mel-spectrogram"
#     mel_signal = librosa.feature.melspectrogram(
#         y=signal, # Created above
#         sr=SAMPLE_RATE, # Stuff we decided at the top:
#         hop_length=HOP_LENGTH,
#         n_fft=N_FFT,
#         n_mels=N_MELS
#     )
#     power_to_db = librosa.power_to_db(mel_signal, ref=REF) # Part of the

#     # Creating figure
#     fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
#     ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
#     # Hiding axes and image frame
#     ax.axes.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
#     ax.axes.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
#     ax.set_frame_on(False)

#     # Displaying our spectrograms
#     librosa.display.specshow(power_to_db, sr=SAMPLE_RATE, cmap='magma', h

#     # SAVE THE IMAGES IN RESPECTIVE FOLDERS
#     if mp3 in X_train['checklist'].values:
#         folder = 'Train'
#     else:
#         # Save in Images/Test/...
#         folder = 'Test'

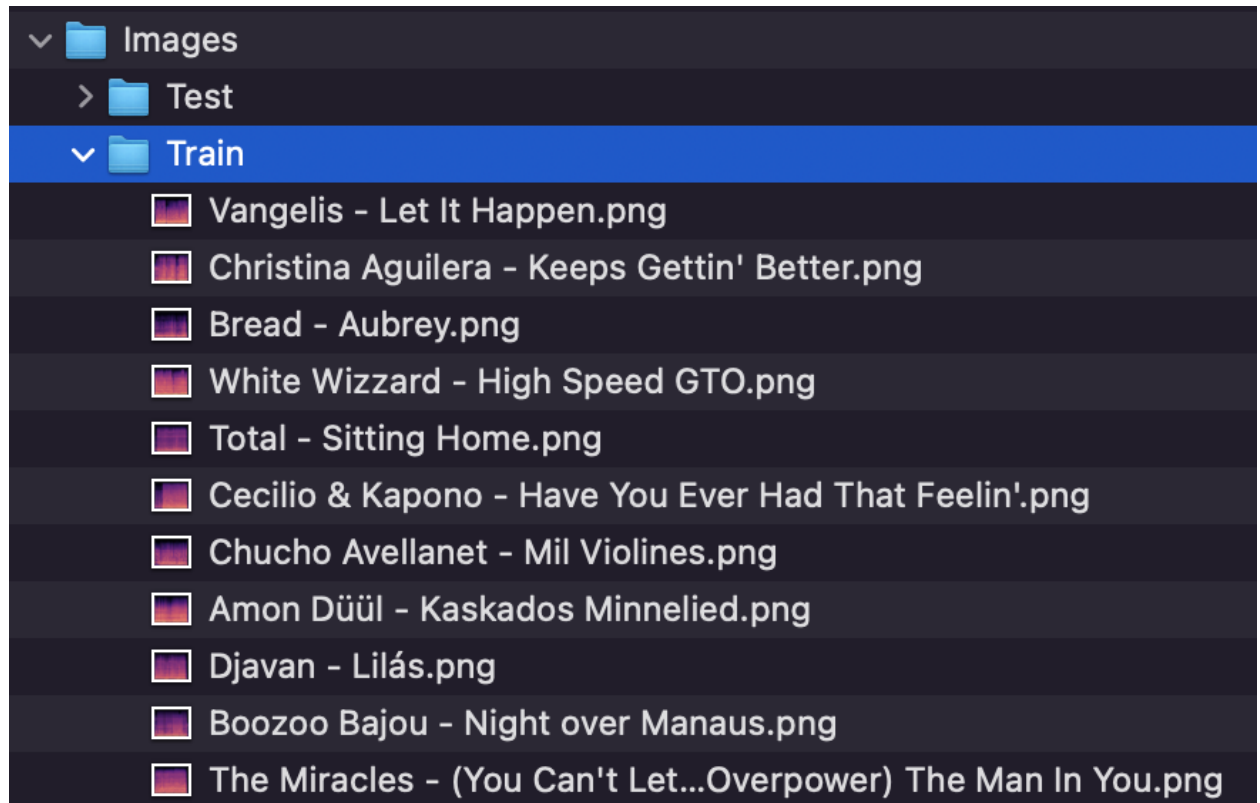
#     plt.savefig(
#         fname=f'Images/{folder}/{mp3.split(".mp3")[0]}.png',
#         dpi=400,
#         bbox_inches='tight',
#         pad_inches=0

```

```
# )  
  
# # Cleanup  
# plt.close()  
# fig.clf()  
# plt.close(fig)  
# plt.close('all')  
# print(mp3)
```

executed in 3ms, finished 17:07:55 2022-05-05

4.4.2 Resulting Train and Test Image Folders



4.5 Create Train and Test Datasets for Model

```
In [64]: # Create Train dataset
# Concatenate X_train, y_train

Train = pd.concat([X_train, y_train], axis=1)
Train
```

executed in 32ms, finished 17:07:55 2022-05-05

Out[64]:

	track	artist	uri	energy	key	loudness	mode
684	Más Allá	Javier Solís	spotify:track:2eZT2Jw3gJv8ZqBUu9oCTE	0.325	0	-11.149	1
619	Footprints - Remastered	Wayne Shorter	spotify:track:2JITVZu8o6ls9k8SoMRy7w	0.454	7	-11.190	0
904	Rock Of Ages	Jack Jezzro	spotify:track:2U9L4wYRxRgYy42uhvOloy	0.280	7	-14.582	1
855	Do You Believe In Magic	Shaun Cassidy	spotify:track:5LJ93CrqstdBdVmC0xhZbu	0.726	0	-10.154	1
318	People Like You	Eddie Fisher	spotify:track:6cahHUfSQDIB8i0Yx3srwx	0.339	0	-8.351	1
...
854	Dangerous	Roxette	spotify:track:756YOXmKh2iUnx33nAdfPf	0.898	4	-4.893	1
72	Barefoot In Baltimore	Strawberry Alarm Clock	spotify:track:7gxeDaqGLT33dkWSTAEoue	0.566	7	-11.186	1
517	Wherever You Will Go	The Calling	spotify:track:5QpaGzWp0hwbB5faV8dkbAz	0.719	2	-5.113	1
109	Milagre Brasileiro - Ao Vivo	MPB4	spotify:track:7gluxKYkMdLREvbCrXdGQh	0.675	2	-8.183	1
771	Say You Really Want Me	Kim Wilde	spotify:track:1lemomv6vJ9UcHxMRDINMJ	0.642	10	-13.852	0

489 rows × 24 columns

In [65]: *# Check shape*

```
Train.shape
```

executed in 3ms, finished 17:07:55 2022-05-05

Out[65]: (489, 24)

```
In [66]: # Create Test dataset
# Concatenate X_test, y_test

Test = pd.concat([X_test, y_test], axis=1)
Test
```

executed in 32ms, finished 17:07:55 2022-05-05

Out[66]:

	track	artist	uri	energy	key	loudness	mode	spe
836	Blues Jumped a Rabbit	Sonny Boy Nelson	spotify:track:7stzHo184FVS9VdGUWlkqi	0.234	4	-14.302	1	
462	Love Will Conquer All	Lionel Richie	spotify:track:6nbi2AJ9hAi2SE8jH6mRKV	0.443	2	-10.078	0	
169	Eight	Sleeping At Last	spotify:track:1ISnBIAErRss6asu9Y5HuA	0.287	7	-10.683	0	
578	Circles	Atlantic Starr	spotify:track:0l3fOjcytIQoqnmRdkjAOx	0.690	4	-6.576	0	
67	Power	Kansas	spotify:track:0a0AgpXGzXsIRztBZHyw0j	0.556	9	-12.066	1	
...
181	Ooh La	The Kooks	spotify:track:6qWUtUtexTpwXJhCPFTxTr	0.874	10	-5.129	0	
584	Raga Bhimpalasi - Live	Ravi Shankar	spotify:track:2NAJP1wqoaxbSJLiv2X8tL	0.410	2	-17.458	1	
411	Calibre Rhossi	Pavilhão 9	spotify:track:158GdVwF8WM7jAmdYPcxI9	0.614	1	-7.327	0	
491	(You Drive Me) Crazy	Britney Spears	spotify:track:1DSJNBNhGZCigg9lI5VeZv	0.939	0	-4.288	0	
550	Souvenir Bottles	New Grass Revival	spotify:track:1nXO4SscDhGg8J5kknhiDK	0.446	2	-12.246	0	

164 rows × 24 columns

In [67]: *# Check shape*

```
Test.shape
```

executed in 3ms, finished 17:07:55 2022-05-05

Out[67]: (164, 24)

In [69]: *# Create Train subset with 'songpng' and 'danceability'*

```
traindf = Train[['songpng', 'danceability']]
traindf
```

executed in 9ms, finished 17:07:55 2022-05-05

Out[69]:

	songpng	danceability
684	Javier Solís - Más Allá.png	0.399
619	Wayne Shorter - Footprints - Remastered.png	0.530
904	Jack Jezzro - Rock Of Ages.png	0.275
855	Shaun Cassidy - Do You Believe In Magic.png	0.499
318	Eddie Fisher - People Like You.png	0.490
...
854	Roxette - Dangerous.png	0.712
72	Strawberry Alarm Clock - Barefoot In Baltimore...	0.682
517	The Calling - Wherever You Will Go.png	0.558
109	MPB4 - Milagre Brasileiro - Ao Vivo.png	0.368
771	Kim Wilde - Say You Really Want Me.png	0.699

489 rows × 2 columns

In [70]: *# Create Test subset with 'songpng' and 'danceability'*

```
testdf = Test[['songpng', 'danceability']]
testdf
```

executed in 9ms, finished 17:07:55 2022-05-05

Out[70]:

	songpng	danceability
836	Sonny Boy Nelson - Blues Jumped a Rabbit.png	0.656
462	Lionel Richie - Love Will Conquer All.png	0.790
169	Sleeping At Last - Eight.png	0.341
578	Atlantic Starr - Circles.png	0.779
67	Kansas - Power.png	0.477
...
181	The Kooks - Ooh La.png	0.544
584	Ravi Shankar - Raga Bhimpalasi - Live.png	0.360
411	Pavilhão 9 - Calibre Rhossi.png	0.704
491	Britney Spears - (You Drive Me) Crazy.png	0.748
550	New Grass Revival - Souvenir Bottles.png	0.569



4.6 Keras flow_from_dataframe (ImageDataGenerator)

```
In [71]: # Create train_datagen
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale=1./255,
    shear_range=0.2,
    zoom_range=0.2,
    horizontal_flip=True,
    validation_split=0.2)

# Create test_datagen
test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)

# Set target_size (proportional to actual image size)
target_size = (380,245)

# Create train_generator
train_generator=train_datagen.flow_from_dataframe(
    dataframe=traindf,
    directory="Images/Train/",
    x_col="songpng",
    y_col="danceability",
    batch_size=38,
    seed=11,
    shuffle=True,
    class_mode='other',
    target_size=target_size)

# Create test_generator
test_generator=test_datagen.flow_from_dataframe(
    dataframe=testdf,
    directory="Images/Test/",
    x_col="songpng",
    y_col="danceability",
    batch_size=38,
    seed=11,
    shuffle=False,
    class_mode='other',
    target_size=target_size)

# Create validation_generator
validation_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_dataframe(
    dataframe=traindf,
    directory="Images/Train/",
    x_col="songpng",
    y_col="danceability",
    batch_size=38,
    seed=11,
    shuffle=True,
    class_mode='other',
    target_size=target_size,
    subset='validation')
```

executed in 17ms, finished 17:07:55 2022-05-05

Found 489 validated image filenames.
Found 163 validated image filenames.
Found 97 validated image filenames.

```
/Users/v/opt/anaconda3/envs/learn-env/lib/python3.8/site-packages/keras_preprocessing/image/dataframe_iterator.py:283: UserWarning: Found 1 invalid image filename(s) in x_col="songpng". These filename(s) will be ignored.  
warnings.warn(
```

5 BUILD MODELS

5.1 Model 1: Layers

- Input layer
- Output layer

```
In [72]: # Start model construction  
# Model 1
```

```
model = Sequential()  
model
```

executed in 22ms, finished 17:07:55 2022-05-05

```
Out[72]: <tensorflow.python.keras.engine.sequential.Sequential at 0x7f78be613e50>
```

```
In [73]: # Add input and output layers
```

```
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3)))  
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))  
model.add(Flatten())  
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))  
model.add(Dense(1))
```

executed in 8ms, finished 17:07:55 2022-05-05

```
In [74]: # Compile model with optimizer and loss function being 'mean_squared_error'
```

```
model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
```

executed in 7ms, finished 17:07:55 2022-05-05

In [75]: *# Fit model*

```
history = model.fit(
    train_generator,
    validation_data=validation_generator,
    batch_size = 38, epochs = 20,
    callbacks=[EarlyStopping(patience=10, restore_best_weights=True, verbose
)
```

executed in 20m 20s, finished 17:28:15 2022-05-05

```
Epoch 1/20
13/13 [=====] - 59s 5s/step - loss: 4984.924
3 - val_loss: 0.3203
Epoch 2/20
13/13 [=====] - 55s 4s/step - loss: 0.3202 -
val_loss: 0.3215
Epoch 3/20
13/13 [=====] - 55s 4s/step - loss: 0.3209 -
val_loss: 0.3217
Epoch 4/20
13/13 [=====] - 55s 4s/step - loss: 0.3209 -
val_loss: 0.3216
Epoch 5/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 2.3208 -
val_loss: 0.3215
Epoch 6/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3207 -
val_loss: 0.3213
Epoch 7/20
13/13 [=====] - 59s 5s/step - loss: 0.3205 -
val_loss: 0.3211
Epoch 8/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3202 -
val_loss: 0.3208
Epoch 9/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3199 -
val_loss: 0.3204
Epoch 10/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3195 -
val_loss: 0.3201
Epoch 11/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3192 -
val_loss: 0.3197
Epoch 12/20
13/13 [=====] - 58s 4s/step - loss: 0.3188 -
val_loss: 0.3193
Epoch 13/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3184 -
val_loss: 0.3189
Epoch 14/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3180 -
val_loss: 0.3185
Epoch 15/20
13/13 [=====] - 55s 4s/step - loss: 0.3176 -
val_loss: 0.3181
Epoch 16/20
```

```

13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3172 -
val_loss: 0.3176
Epoch 17/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3167 -
val_loss: 0.3172
Epoch 18/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3162 -
val_loss: 0.3167
Epoch 19/20
13/13 [=====] - 58s 4s/step - loss: 0.3158 -
val_loss: 0.3162
Epoch 20/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3153 -
val_loss: 0.3157

```

In [76]: *# Show model summary*

```
model.summary()
```

executed in 4ms, finished 17:28:15 2022-05-05

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 32)	896

max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 32)	0

flatten (Flatten)	(None, None)	0

dense (Dense)	(None, 32)	23417888

dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	33
=====		
Total params: 23,418,817		
Trainable params: 23,418,817		
Non-trainable params: 0		

In [77]: *# Function to plot model performance*

```
def plot_history(history, style=['ggplot', 'seaborn-talk']):
    """
    Plot history from History object (or history dict)
    once Tensorflow model is trained.

    Parameters:
    -----
    history:
        History object returned from a model.fit()
    style: string or list of strings (default: ['ggplot', 'seaborn-talk'])
        Style from matplotlib.
    """

    # Pass in a model history object or a dictionary.
    if not isinstance(history, dict): # We prefer this type of check over `
        history = history.history

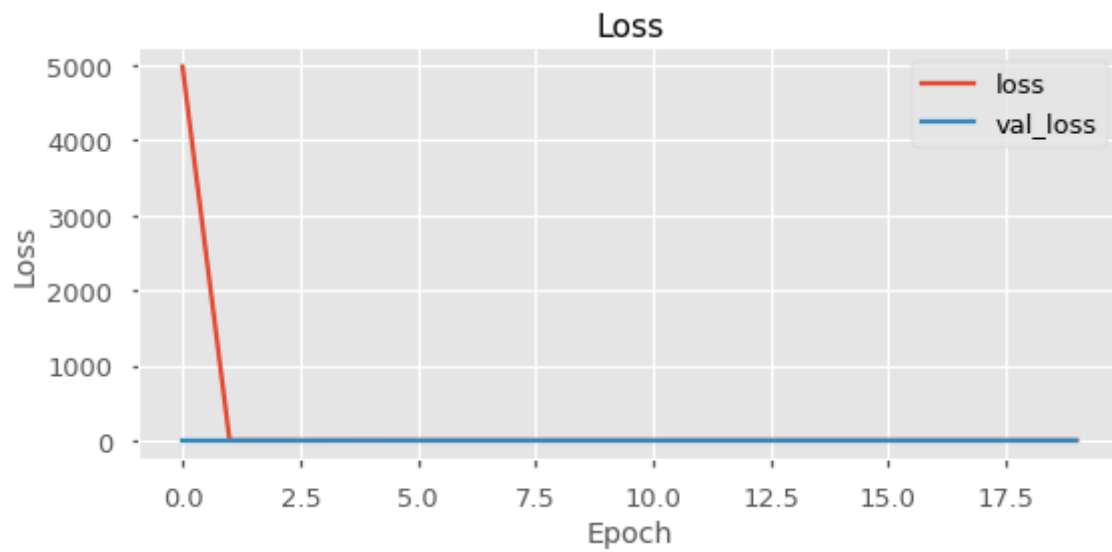
    metrics_lst = [m for m in history.keys() if not m.startswith('val')]
    N = len(metrics_lst)
    with plt.style.context(style):
        fig, ax_lst = plt.subplots(nrows=N, figsize=(8, 4*(N)))
        ax_lst = [ax_lst] if N == 1 else ax_lst.flatten() # Flatten ax_lst.
        for metric, ax in zip(metrics_lst, ax_lst):
            val_m = f'val_{metric}'
            ax.plot(history[metric], label=metric)
            ax.plot(history[val_m], label=val_m)
            ax.set(title=metric.title(), xlabel='Epoch', ylabel=metric.title)
            ax.legend()
        fig.tight_layout()
        plt.show()
```

executed in 5ms, finished 17:28:15 2022-05-05

```
In [78]: # Plot model performance
```

```
plot_history(history)
```

executed in 171ms, finished 17:28:15 2022-05-05



In [79]: `history.history`

executed in 3ms, finished 17:28:15 2022-05-05

Out[79]: `{'loss': [4984.92431640625,
0.3202227056026459,
0.3208640217781067,
0.32090890407562256,
2.3207967281341553,
0.32068321108818054,
0.32045042514801025,
0.32017308473587036,
0.319861501455307,
0.319529265165329,
0.3191784918308258,
0.31880542635917664,
0.318421334028244,
0.3180115818977356,
0.3175937831401825,
0.31716129183769226,
0.316709041595459,
0.31623905897140503,
0.3157650828361511,
0.31526950001716614],
'val_loss': [0.3202879726886749,
0.3214782476425171,
0.32169443368911743,
0.3216012120246887,
0.3215090036392212,
0.32132259011268616,
0.32106107473373413,
0.3207586705684662,
0.3204323351383209,
0.32008665800094604,
0.31972137093544006,
0.3193426728248596,
0.31894052028656006,
0.318526953458786,
0.31809473037719727,
0.31764450669288635,
0.3171818256378174,
0.3167061507701874,
0.3162139356136322,
0.3157100975513458]}`

In [80]: `# Predict

test_generator.reset()
predictions = model.predict(test_generator)
predictions`

executed in 14ms, finished 17:28:15 2022-05-05

► **5.1.0.1 Result: Model 1 performed well with loss: 0.3153 & val_loss: 0.3157**

[...]

▼ 5.2 Model 2: Stochastic Batching

In [81]: *# Model 2: Stochastic Batching*

```
model = Sequential()  
model
```

executed in 5ms, finished 17:28:15 2022-05-05

Out[81]: <tensorflow.python.keras.engine.sequential.Sequential at 0x7f78a85794f0>

In [82]: *# Same input and output layers as first model*

```
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3)))  
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))  
model.add(Flatten())  
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))  
model.add(Dense(1))
```

executed in 7ms, finished 17:28:15 2022-05-05

In [83]: *# Compile model*

```
model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
```

executed in 8ms, finished 17:28:15 2022-05-05

```
In [84]: # Fit model
# Stochastic Batching - set batch_size = 1

history = model.fit(
    train_generator,
    validation_data=validation_generator,
    batch_size = 1, epochs = 20,
    callbacks=[EarlyStopping(patience=10, restore_best_weights=True, verbose
    )
)
```

executed in 20m 35s, finished 17:48:50 2022-05-05

```
Epoch 1/20
13/13 [=====] - 60s 5s/step - loss: 3747.3982 -
val_loss: 0.3204
Epoch 2/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3204 - val
_loss: 34.6313
Epoch 3/20
13/13 [=====] - 59s 5s/step - loss: 3.1542 - val
_loss: 0.3221
Epoch 4/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3213 - val
_loss: 0.3220
Epoch 5/20
13/13 [=====] - 58s 4s/step - loss: 0.3212 - val
_loss: 0.3218
Epoch 6/20
13/13 [=====] - 58s 4s/step - loss: 0.3209 - val
_loss: 0.3215
Epoch 7/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3206 - val
_loss: 0.3212
Epoch 8/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3203 - val
_loss: 0.3208
Epoch 9/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3199 - val
_loss: 0.3204
Epoch 10/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3195 - val
_loss: 0.3201
Epoch 11/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3191 - val
_loss: 0.3196
Epoch 12/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3187 - val
_loss: 0.3192
Epoch 13/20
13/13 [=====] - 58s 4s/step - loss: 0.3182 - val
_loss: 0.3187
Epoch 14/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3178 - val
_loss: 0.3182
Epoch 15/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3173 - val
_loss: 0.3177
```

```

Epoch 16/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3168 - val
_loss: 0.3172
Epoch 17/20
13/13 [=====] - 58s 4s/step - loss: 0.3163 - val
_loss: 0.3167
Epoch 18/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3157 - val
_loss: 0.3162
Epoch 19/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3152 - val
_loss: 0.3156
Epoch 20/20
13/13 [=====] - 58s 4s/step - loss: 0.3146 - val
_loss: 0.3150

```

In [85]: *# Show model summary*

```
model.summary()
```

executed in 4ms, finished 17:48:50 2022-05-05

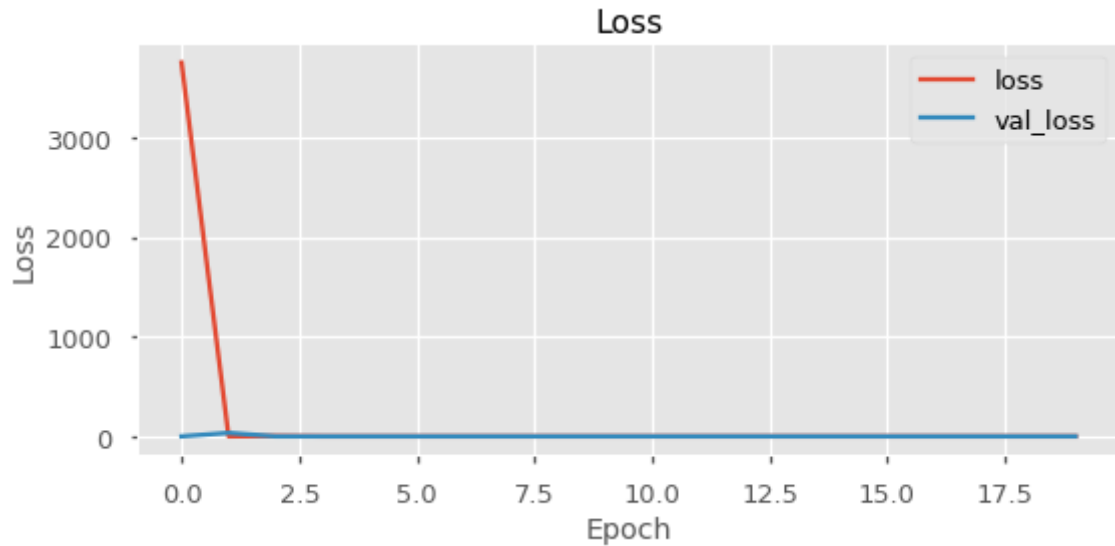
Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 32)	896
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 32)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, None)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 32)	23417888
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 1)	33
Total params: 23,418,817		
Trainable params: 23,418,817		
Non-trainable params: 0		

In [86]: *# Plot model performance*

```
plot_history(history)
```

executed in 157ms, finished 17:48:50 2022-05-05



Result: Model 2 also performed well with loss: 0.3146 & val_loss: 0.3150 (similar to Model 1)

5.2.0.1 Result: Model 2 also performed well with loss: 0.3146 & val_loss: 0.3150 (similar to Model 1)

5.3 Model 3: Add Layers to Model 1

In [87]: *# Model 3: Add layers to Model 1*

```
model = Sequential()  
model
```

executed in 6ms, finished 17:48:50 2022-05-05

Out[87]: <tensorflow.python.keras.engine.sequential.Sequential at 0x7f78990e89a0>

In [88]: *# Add layers*

```
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3)))  
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))  
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3)))  
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))  
model.add(Flatten())  
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))  
model.add(Dense(16, activation='relu'))  
model.add(Dense(1))
```

executed in 18ms, finished 17:48:50 2022-05-05

In [89]: *# Compile model*

```
model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
```

executed in 9ms, finished 17:48:50 2022-05-05

In [90]: *# Fit model*

```
history = model.fit(
    train_generator,
    validation_data=validation_generator,
    batch_size = 38, epochs = 20,
    callbacks=[EarlyStopping(patience=10, restore_best_weights=True, verbose
)
```

executed in 21m 55s, finished 18:10:45 2022-05-05

```
Epoch 1/20
13/13 [=====] - 66s 5s/step - loss: 246.2116 - v
al_loss: 26.9277
Epoch 2/20
13/13 [=====] - 61s 5s/step - loss: 8.5070 - val
_loss: 0.5065
Epoch 3/20
13/13 [=====] - 59s 5s/step - loss: 1.5512 - val
_loss: 1.2820
Epoch 4/20
13/13 [=====] - 59s 5s/step - loss: 0.5023 - val
_loss: 0.2157
Epoch 5/20
13/13 [=====] - 59s 5s/step - loss: 0.1194 - val
_loss: 0.0276
Epoch 6/20
13/13 [=====] - 63s 5s/step - loss: 0.0657 - val
_loss: 0.0578
Epoch 7/20
13/13 [=====] - 65s 5s/step - loss: 0.0366 - val
_loss: 0.0253
Epoch 8/20
13/13 [=====] - 64s 5s/step - loss: 0.0246 - val
_loss: 0.0241
Epoch 9/20
13/13 [=====] - 65s 5s/step - loss: 0.0241 - val
_loss: 0.0248
Epoch 10/20
13/13 [=====] - 65s 5s/step - loss: 0.0254 - val
_loss: 0.0257
Epoch 11/20
13/13 [=====] - 61s 5s/step - loss: 0.0225 - val
_loss: 0.0261
Epoch 12/20
13/13 [=====] - 60s 5s/step - loss: 0.0224 - val
_loss: 0.0234
Epoch 13/20
13/13 [=====] - 60s 5s/step - loss: 0.0218 - val
_loss: 0.0221
Epoch 14/20
13/13 [=====] - 59s 5s/step - loss: 0.0213 - val
_loss: 0.0245
Epoch 15/20
13/13 [=====] - 59s 5s/step - loss: 0.0214 - val
_loss: 0.0219
Epoch 16/20
```

```

13/13 [=====] - 58s 4s/step - loss: 0.0203 - val
_loss: 0.0374
Epoch 17/20
13/13 [=====] - 58s 4s/step - loss: 0.0232 - val
_loss: 0.0222
Epoch 18/20
13/13 [=====] - 59s 5s/step - loss: 0.0213 - val
_loss: 0.0201
Epoch 19/20
13/13 [=====] - 58s 4s/step - loss: 0.0204 - val
_loss: 0.0200
Epoch 20/20
13/13 [=====] - 59s 5s/step - loss: 0.0191 - val
_loss: 0.0183

```

In [91]: *# Show model summary*

```
model.summary()
```

executed in 5ms, finished 18:10:45 2022-05-05

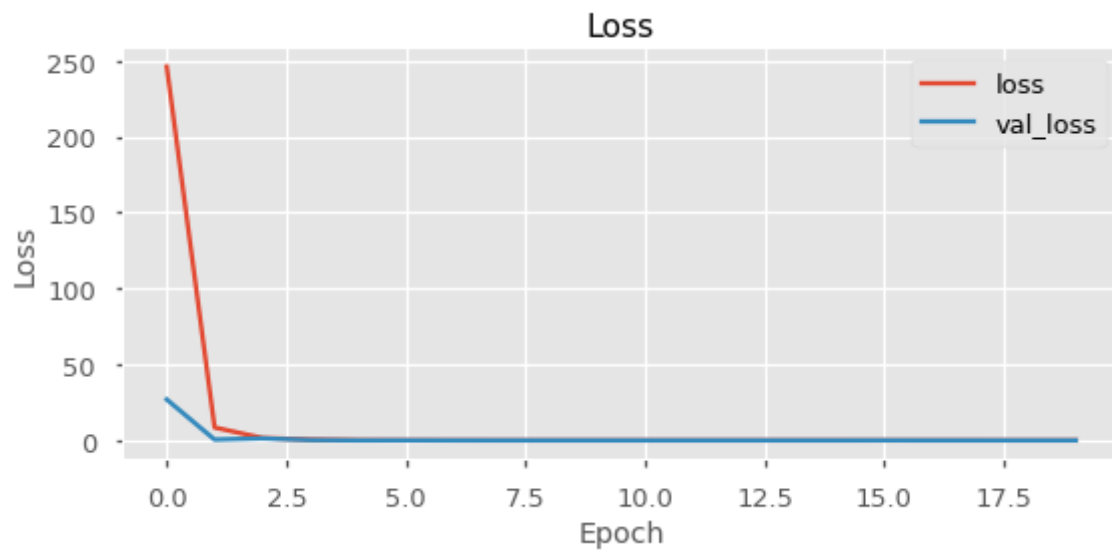
Model: "sequential_2"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 32)	896
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 32)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	0
flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None, None)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 32)	11237408
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 1)	17
=====		
Total params: 11,257,345		
Trainable params: 11,257,345		
Non-trainable params: 0		

```
In [92]: # Plot model performance
```

```
plot_history(history)
```

executed in 163ms, finished 18:10:45 2022-05-05



▼ 5.3.1 Check Model Against Unseen (Test) Data

Show test metrics for validation and evaluate

In [120]: *# Predictions on Test set*

```
test_generator.reset()
predictions = model.predict(test_generator)
predictions
```

executed in 17.5s, finished 05:58:25 2022-05-06

Out[120]: array([[0.6918415],
[1.0344843],
[0.84120595],
[1.087685],
[0.8141254],
[0.56475675],
[0.8014492],
[0.49327695],
[0.65290296],
[0.5474533],
[0.6528648],
[0.70644987],
[0.6197113],
[0.7553543],
[0.9941238],
[0.61422575],
[0.77679574],
[0.7148117],
[0.9610828],
-- --

In [93]: *# Evaluate model on Test set*

```
model.evaluate(test_generator)
```

executed in 17.6s, finished 18:11:03 2022-05-05

5/5 [=====] - 11s 2s/step - loss: 0.0755

Out[93]: 0.07550748437643051

Result: Model 3 performed the best with loss: 0.0191 & val_loss: 0.0183

5.3.1.1 Result: Model 3 performed the best with loss: 0.0191 & val_loss: 0.0183

Evaluation and Conclusions

- * All three Sequential Models performed well, and we feel most confident with Model 3
- * With Model 3's MSE (mean squared error) = loss: 0.0191 & val_loss: 0.0183, our model shows it will be a strong predictor of "danceability" of songs
- * We will use the same approach in our Future Work with other metrics in the dataset

6 Evaluation and Conclusions

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- All three Sequential Models performed well, and we feel most confident with Model 3
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- We will use the same approach in our Future Work with other metrics in the dataset

FUTURE WORK

```
* Run models for all remaining metrics to add dimensionality to final
output
* Remaining metrics:
1. Energy
2. Speechiness
3. Acousticness
4. Instrumentalness
5. Liveness
6. Valence
* Build platform to connect users listening to the same or similar song
and apply Disco Duo
```

7 FUTURE WORK

- Run models for all remaining metrics to add dimensionality to final output
- Remaining metrics:
 1. Energy
 2. Speechiness
 3. Acousticness
 4. Instrumentalness
 5. Liveness
 6. Valence
- Build platform to connect users listening to the same or similar song and apply Disco Duo

7.1 Appendix

Appendix - Part I

```
For Future Work
<br>AudioSegment from pydub
```

7.2 Appendix - Part I

```
For Future Work
AudioSegment from pydub
```

```
In [94]: import pydub
import numpy as np

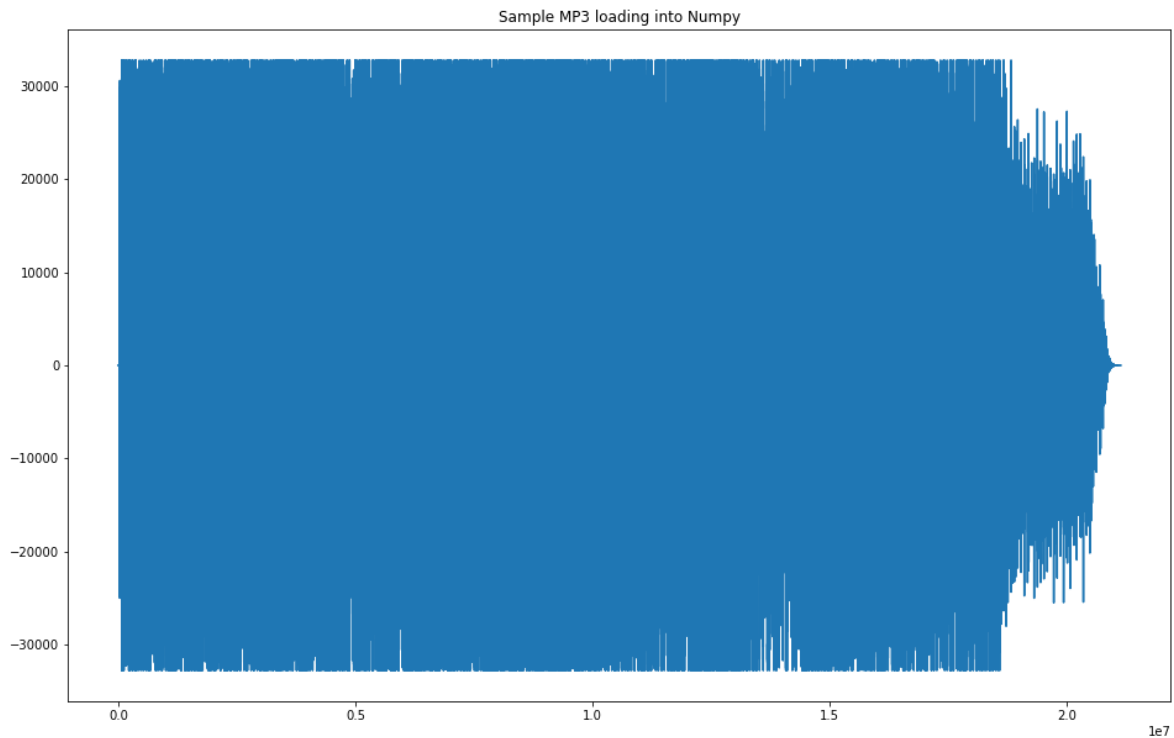
def read(f, normalized=False):
    """MP3 to numpy array"""
    a = pydub.AudioSegment.from_mp3(f)
    y = np.array(a.get_array_of_samples())
    if a.channels == 2:
        y = y.reshape((-1, 2))
    if normalized:
        return a.frame_rate, np.float32(y) / 2**15
    else:
        return a.frame_rate, y

def write(f, sr, x, normalized=False):
    """numpy array to MP3"""
    channels = 2 if (x.ndim == 2 and x.shape[1] == 2) else 1
    if normalized: # normalized array - each item should be a float in [-1
        y = np.int16(x * 2 ** 15)
    else:
        y = np.int16(x)
    song = pydub.AudioSegment(y.tobytes(), frame_rate=sr, sample_width=2, c
    song.export(f, format="mp3", bitrate="320k")

audio_file = 'Song_Data/Sade - No Ordinary Love.mp3'
sr, x = read(audio_file)

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(16,10))
plt.plot(x, color='tab:blue')
plt.title("Sample MP3 loading into Numpy")
plt.show()
```

executed in 5.87s, finished 18:11:09 2022-05-05



```
In [95]: sade_song = AudioSegment.from_mp3("Song_Data/Sade - No Ordinary Love.mp3")  
sade_song[:100_000]
```

executed in 2.58s, finished 18:11:11 2022-05-05

Out[95]:

1:40 / 1:40

```
In [96]: kansas_song = AudioSegment.from_mp3("Song_Data/Kansas - Power.mp3")  
kansas_song[:100_000]
```

executed in 2.21s, finished 18:11:14 2022-05-05

Out[96]:

0:00 / 1:40

```
In [97]: kiiara_song = AudioSegment.from_mp3("Song_Data/Kiiara - Gold.mp3")  
kiiara_song[:100_000]
```

executed in 2.15s, finished 18:11:16 2022-05-05

Out[97]:

0:00 / 1:40

```
In [98]: type(sade_song)
```

executed in 3ms, finished 18:11:16 2022-05-05

```
Out[98]: pydub.audio_segment.AudioSegment
```

```
In [99]: np.array(sade_song.get_array_of_samples()).reshape((-1,2))
```

executed in 93ms, finished 18:11:16 2022-05-05

```
Out[99]: array([[0, 0],
               [0, 0],
               [0, 0],
               ...,
               [0, 0],
               [0, 0],
               [0, 0]], dtype=int16)
```

```
In [100]: sr, x = read('Song_Data/Sade - No Ordinary Love.mp3')
          x.shape
```

executed in 937ms, finished 18:11:17 2022-05-05

```
Out[100]: (21142400, 2)
```

```
In [101]: x
```

executed in 3ms, finished 18:11:17 2022-05-05

```
Out[101]: array([[0, 0],
               [0, 0],
               [0, 0],
               ...,
               [0, 0],
               [0, 0],
               [0, 0]], dtype=int16)
```

Appendix - Part II

For Future Work

Reference code for Librosa

7.3 Appendix - Part II

For Future Work
Reference code for Librosa

```
In [102]: # LIBROSA

# 1. Get the file path to an included audio example
# filename = librosa.example('nutcracker')
audio_file = 'Song_Data/Sade - No Ordinary Love.mp3'

# 2. Load the audio as a waveform `y`
# Store the sampling rate as `sr`
# signal, sr = librosa.load(filename)

signal, sr = librosa.load(audio_file)
```

executed in 14.3s, finished 18:11:31 2022-05-05

```
/Users/v/opt/anaconda3/envs/learn-env/lib/python3.8/site-packages/librosa/
a/util/decorators.py:88: UserWarning: PySoundFile failed. Trying audioread
instead.
    return f(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
In [103]: # audio_file = 'Song_Data/Sade - No Ordinary Love.mp3'
# sr, x = read(audio_file)
```

executed in 2ms, finished 18:11:31 2022-05-05

```
In [104]: # signal, sr = librosa.load(fpath, sr=SAMPLE_RATE)
```

executed in 2ms, finished 18:11:31 2022-05-05