

# 1 DISCO DUO - Capstone Project

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- Blog post URL: <https://datasciish.com/>(<https://datasciish.com/>)

Disco Duo Logo Prototypes



## 1.1 Overview

**Client:** Existing or new music streaming services. Existing: Spotify, Pandora, Amazon Music, etc.  
New: companies interested in building new platforms to connect people through music.

**Objective:** Create a platform where listeners of the same song are connected and able to discover new songs through their “connector song” by requesting another song based on a musical metric such as: danceability, loudness, acousticness, valence, etc.

### Data, Methodology, and Models

**Data source:** Spotify

1. Spotify Song Data - <https://www.kaggle.com/akiboy96/spotify-dataset>  
(<https://www.kaggle.com/akiboy96/spotify-dataset>)
2. Spotify Genre Data - [https://www.kaggle.com/code/akiboy96/spotify-song-popularity-genre-exploration/data?select=genre\\_music.csv](https://www.kaggle.com/code/akiboy96/spotify-song-popularity-genre-exploration/data?select=genre_music.csv) ([https://www.kaggle.com/code/akiboy96/spotify-song-popularity-genre-exploration/data?select=genre\\_music.csv](https://www.kaggle.com/code/akiboy96/spotify-song-popularity-genre-exploration/data?select=genre_music.csv))

**Methodology:** Pull sample from data; create spectrogram images for songs; train model to predict danceability

**Models:** Sequential Models

1. Layers
2. Stochastic
3. Add layers

## 2 Data Exploration, Cleansing, and Visualization

### Data Exploration

Explore Spotify dataset

### Data Cleansing

Check for duplicates; drop duplicate and NaN (missing) values; continuously clean data as necessary

### Data Visualization

Use visualizations to explore the data and determine how to further refine the dataset in order to prepare for modeling

### Data Preparation

Prepare the data for modeling

## 2.1 Data Exploration and Cleansing

Import data and all packages needed for data exploration and modeling

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns

import pydub
from pydub import AudioSegment

import librosa
import librosa.display

import tensorflow as tf
import tensorflow_io as tfio
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping

from keras.models import Sequential

# Import from keras_preprocessing not from keras.preprocessing
from keras_preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from keras.layers import Dense, Activation, Flatten, Dropout, BatchNormaliz
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
from keras import regularizers, optimizers

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder

import os
import warnings

executed in 3.29s, finished 04:15:45 2022-04-25
```

```
In [2]: # Import song data

songs = pd.read_csv('spotify_data.csv', index_col=0)

executed in 113ms, finished 04:15:45 2022-04-25
```

In [3]: *# View song dataframe*

```
songs.head()
```

executed in 18ms, finished 04:15:45 2022-04-25

Out[3]:

	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness	m
track							
<b>Jealous Kind Of Fella</b>	Garland Green	spotify:track:1dtKN6wwlolkM8XZy2y9C1	0.417	0.620	3	-7.727	
<b>Initials B.B.</b>	Serge Gainsbourg	spotify:track:5hjSmSnUefdUqzsDogisiX	0.498	0.505	3	-12.475	
<b>Melody Twist</b>	Lord Melody	spotify:track:6uk8tl6pwxxdVTNINOJeJh	0.657	0.649	5	-13.392	
<b>Mi Bomba Sonó</b>	Celia Cruz	spotify:track:7aNjMJ05FvUXACPWZ7yJmv	0.590	0.545	7	-12.058	
<b>Uravu Solla</b>	P. Susheela	spotify:track:1rQ0clvgkzWr001POOPJWx	0.515	0.765	11	-3.515	

In [4]: *# Import genre data*

```
genres = pd.read_csv('genre_data.csv', index_col=0)
```

executed in 91ms, finished 04:15:45 2022-04-25

In [5]: *# View genre dataframe*

```
genres.head()
```

executed in 14ms, finished 04:15:45 2022-04-25

Out[5]:

	artist	danceability	energy	key	loudness	mode	speechiness	acousticness	instrum
track									
<b>Jealous Kind Of Fella</b>	Garland Green	0.417	0.620	3	-7.727	1	0.0403	0.490	
<b>Initials B.B.</b>	Serge Gainsbourg	0.498	0.505	3	-12.475	1	0.0337	0.018	
<b>Melody Twist</b>	Lord Melody	0.657	0.649	5	-13.392	1	0.0380	0.846	
<b>Mi Bomba Sonó</b>	Celia Cruz	0.590	0.545	7	-12.058	0	0.1040	0.706	
<b>Uravu Solla</b>	P. Susheela	0.515	0.765	11	-3.515	0	0.1240	0.857	

In [6]: *# Merge Song and Genre datasets*

```
df2 = pd.merge(left=songs, right=genres, on='track')
```

executed in 65ms, finished 04:15:45 2022-04-25

In [7]: *# Explore new dataset*

```
df2.head()
```

executed in 20ms, finished 04:15:45 2022-04-25

Out[7]:

	artist_x	uri	danceability_x	energy_x	key_x	loudne
track						
<b>Jealous Kind Of Fella</b>	Garland Green	spotify:track:1dtKN6wwloIkM8XZy2y9C1	0.417	0.620	3	-7
<b>Initials B.B.</b>	Serge Gainsbourg	spotify:track:5hjSmSnUefdUqzsDogisiX	0.498	0.505	3	-12
<b>Melody Twist</b>	Lord Melody	spotify:track:6uk8tl6pwxxdVTNINOJeJh	0.657	0.649	5	-13
<b>Mi Bomba Sonó</b>	Celia Cruz	spotify:track:7aNjMJ05FvUXACPWZ7yJmv	0.590	0.545	7	-12
<b>Uravu Solla</b>	P. Susheela	spotify:track:1rQ0clvgkzWr001POOPJWx	0.515	0.765	11	-3

5 rows × 38 columns

Note: Dataframe does not reflect desired output; create new dataframe with just 'track' and 'genre'

In [8]: *# Create new dataframe with just 'track' and 'genre'*  
*# genres[['track', 'genre']] did not work; use filter method*

```
new_genre = genres.filter(['track', 'genre'])
```

executed in 2ms, finished 04:15:45 2022-04-25

In [9]: *# View new\_genre dataframe*

```
new_genre.head()
```

executed in 5ms, finished 04:15:45 2022-04-25

Out[9]:

genre	
track	
<b>Jealous Kind Of Fella</b>	edm
<b>Initials B.B.</b>	pop
<b>Melody Twist</b>	pop
<b>Mi Bomba Sonó</b>	pop
<b>Uravu Solla</b>	r&b

In [10]: *# Merge genre dataframe with song dataframe*

```
df = pd.merge(left=songs, right=new_genre, on='track')
```

executed in 43ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

In [11]: *# View new dataframe*

```
df.head()
```

executed in 14ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

Out[11]:

artist		uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness	m
track							
<b>Jealous Kind Of Fella</b>	Garland Green	spotify:track:1dtKN6wwlolkM8XZy2y9C1	0.417	0.620	3	-7.727	
<b>Initials B.B.</b>	Serge Gainsbourg	spotify:track:5hjSmSnUefdUqzsDogisiX	0.498	0.505	3	-12.475	
<b>Melody Twist</b>	Lord Melody	spotify:track:6uk8tl6pwxxdVTNINOJeJh	0.657	0.649	5	-13.392	
<b>Mi Bomba Sonó</b>	Celia Cruz	spotify:track:7aNjMJ05FvUXACPWZ7yJmv	0.590	0.545	7	-12.058	
<b>Uravu Solla</b>	P. Susheela	spotify:track:1rQ0clvgkzWr001POOPJWx	0.515	0.765	11	-3.515	

```
In [12]: # View info for dataframe
```

```
df.info()
```

```
executed in 23ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 58472 entries, Jealous Kind Of Fella to Calling My Spirit
Data columns (total 20 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   artist                58472 non-null  object
1   uri                   58472 non-null  object
2   danceability          58472 non-null  float64
3   energy                58472 non-null  float64
4   key                   58472 non-null  int64
5   loudness              58472 non-null  float64
6   mode                  58472 non-null  int64
7   speechiness           58472 non-null  float64
8   acousticness          58472 non-null  float64
9   instrumentalness       58472 non-null  float64
10  liveness               58472 non-null  float64
11  valence                58472 non-null  float64
12  tempo                  58472 non-null  float64
13  duration_ms            58472 non-null  int64
14  time_signature         58472 non-null  int64
15  chorus_hit             58472 non-null  float64
16  sections               58472 non-null  int64
17  popularity             58472 non-null  int64
18  decade                58472 non-null  object
19  genre                  58472 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(10), int64(6), object(4)
memory usage: 9.4+ MB
```

## ▼ 2.1.1 Feature Description Definitions

There are 58,472 rows in the merged dataframe

### Features

**Source:** <https://developer.spotify.com/documentation/web-api/reference/#/operations/get-audio-features> (<https://developer.spotify.com/documentation/web-api/reference/#/operations/get-audio-features>)

\*\*\* used for current model

single asterisk - will be used for future models

#### 1. **danceability** \*\*\*

A value of 0.0 is least danceable and 1.0 is most danceable. Danceability describes how suitable a track is for dancing based on a combination of musical elements including tempo, rhythm stability, beat strength, and overall regularity.

#### 2. **energy** \*

Energy is a measure from 0.0 to 1.0 and represents a perceptual measure of intensity and activity. Typically, energetic tracks feel fast, loud, and noisy. For example, death metal has high



energy, while a Bach prelude scores low on the scale. Perceptual features contributing to this attribute include dynamic range, perceived loudness, timbre, onset rate, and general entropy.

### 3. **key**

The key the track is in. Integers map to pitches using standard Pitch Class notation. E.g. 0 = C, 1 = C#/D♭, 2 = D, and so on. If no key was detected, the value is -1. ( $\geq -1$ ,  $\leq 11$ ).

### 4. **loudness**

Values typically range between -60 and 0 db. The overall loudness of a track in decibels (dB). Loudness values are averaged across the entire track and are useful for comparing relative loudness of tracks. Loudness is the quality of a sound that is the primary psychological correlate of physical strength (amplitude).

### 5. **mode**

Major is represented by 1 and minor is 0. Mode indicates the modality (major or minor) of a track, the type of scale from which its melodic content is derived.

### 6. **speechiness** \*

Speechiness detects the presence of spoken words in a track. The more exclusively speech-like the recording (e.g. talk show, audio book, poetry), the closer to 1.0 the attribute value. Values above 0.66 describe tracks that are probably made entirely of spoken words. Values between 0.33 and 0.66 describe tracks that may contain both music and speech, either in sections or layered, including such cases as rap music. Values below 0.33 most likely represent music and other non-speech-like tracks.

### 7. **acousticness** \*

A confidence measure from 0.0 to 1.0 of whether the track is acoustic. 1.0 represents high confidence the track is acoustic. ( $\geq 0$ ,  $\leq 1$ ).

### 8. **instrumentalness** \*

Predicts whether a track contains no vocals. "Ooh" and "aah" sounds are treated as instrumental in this context. Rap or spoken word tracks are clearly "vocal". The closer the instrumentalness value is to 1.0, the greater likelihood the track contains no vocal content. Values above 0.5 are intended to represent instrumental tracks, but confidence is higher as the value approaches 1.0.

### 9. **liveness** \*

Detects the presence of an audience in the recording. Higher liveness values represent an increased probability that the track was performed live. A value above 0.8 provides strong likelihood that the track is live.

### 10. **valence** \*

A measure from 0.0 to 1.0 describing the musical positiveness conveyed by a track. Tracks with high valence sound more positive (e.g. happy, cheerful, euphoric), while tracks with low valence sound more negative (e.g. sad, depressed, angry). ( $\geq 0$ ,  $\leq 1$ )

### 11. **tempo**

The overall estimated tempo of a track in beats per minute (BPM). In musical terminology, tempo is the speed or pace of a given piece and derives directly from the average beat

duration.

12. **duration\_ms**

The duration of the track in milliseconds.

13. **time\_signature**

An estimated time signature. The time signature (meter) is a notational convention to specify how many beats are in each bar (or measure). The time signature ranges from 3 to 7 indicating time signatures of "3/4", to "7/4". ( $\geq 3$ ,  $\leq 7$ ).

14. **id**

The Spotify ID for the track.

15. **uri**

The Spotify URI for the track.



## 2.1.2 Clean Data

In [13]: *# Check for duplicates*

```
df.duplicated().sum()
```

executed in 49ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

Out[13]: 10656

In [14]: *# Drop duplicates*

```
df = df.drop_duplicates()
```

executed in 53ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

In [15]: *# Check there are no duplicates remaining*

```
df.duplicated().sum()
```

executed in 42ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

Out[15]: 0

In [16]: *# Check sum of Missing (NaN) values*

```
df.isna().sum()
```

executed in 12ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

```
Out[16]: artist          0
uri                  0
danceability         0
energy               0
key                 0
loudness             0
mode                0
speechiness          0
acousticness         0
instrumentalness     0
liveness             0
valence              0
tempo               0
duration_ms          0
time_signature       0
chorus_hit           0
sections             0
popularity           0
decade              0
genre                0
dtype: int64
```

In [17]: *# Create formula to observe percentages of the values missing*

```
df_missing = df.isna().sum()
df_missing/len(df)
```

executed in 13ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

```
uri                  0.0
danceability         0.0
energy               0.0
key                 0.0
loudness             0.0
mode                0.0
speechiness          0.0
acousticness         0.0
instrumentalness     0.0
liveness             0.0
valence              0.0
tempo               0.0
duration_ms          0.0
time_signature       0.0
chorus_hit           0.0
sections             0.0
popularity           0.0
decade              0.0
genre                0.0
dtype: float64
```

In [18]: *# Check data types in latest dataframe*

```
df.info()
```

executed in 14ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

```
2  danceability      47816 non-null float64
3  energy            47816 non-null float64
4  key               47816 non-null int64
5  loudness          47816 non-null float64
6  mode              47816 non-null int64
7  speechiness       47816 non-null float64
8  acousticness      47816 non-null float64
9  instrumentalness  47816 non-null float64
10 liveness          47816 non-null float64
11 valence            47816 non-null float64
12 tempo             47816 non-null float64
13 duration_ms       47816 non-null int64
14 time_signature    47816 non-null int64
15 chorus_hit        47816 non-null float64
16 sections          47816 non-null int64
17 popularity        47816 non-null int64
18 decade           47816 non-null object
19 genre             47816 non-null object
dtypes: float64(10), int64(6), object(4)
memory usage: 7.7+ MB
```

In [19]: *# Explore "Artist" column*

```
df['artist'].value_counts()
```

executed in 12ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

```
Out[19]: Traditional      215
Harry Belafonte         147
Antônio Carlos Jobim    130
P. Susheela             129
Ennio Morricone          124
...
Tijuana No!              1
ASMR Glow                1
Prince Buster            1
Sandy Rivera             1
Le Réparateur            1
Name: artist, Length: 11847, dtype: int64
```

In [20]: *# Percentages of Artists' counts*

```
df['artist'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

executed in 11ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

```
Out[20]: Traditional          0.004496
Harry Belafonte             0.003074
Antônio Carlos Jobim         0.002719
P. Susheela                  0.002698
Ennio Morricone              0.002593
...
Tijuana No!                  0.000021
ASMR Glow                    0.000021
Prince Buster                0.000021
Sandy Rivera                 0.000021
Le Réparateur                0.000021
Name: artist, Length: 11847, dtype: float64
```

In [21]: *# Explore the value counts of each feature*

```
for col in df.columns:
    print(df[col].value_counts())
```

executed in 60ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

```
Traditional          215
Harry Belafonte      147
Antônio Carlos Jobim 130
P. Susheela          129
Ennio Morricone       124
...
Tijuana No!          1
ASMR Glow            1
Prince Buster        1
Sandy Rivera         1
Le Réparateur        1
Name: artist, Length: 11847, dtype: int64
spotify:track:0jsANwwkkHyyeNyuTFq2XO      8
spotify:track:756YOXmKh2iUnx33nAdfPf      8
spotify:track:6HSqyfGnsHYw9MmIpa9zlZ      8
spotify:track:3y4LxiYMgDl4RethdzpmNe      8
spotify:track:22ML0MuFKfwl6WejbxslOy      8
..
spotify:track:6r93mEbFXJlKmGuGCawRmR      1
spotify:track:1GLD9d3xA0TQ4E6ZyWroOR      1
spotify:track:5NeBrSvZxKTLpy5VqqmYg2      1
spotify:track:1GESMBuEZlYThRwKIANXtR      1
spotify:track:1VxfKxXwvPY8G8wBe7ngEt      1
Name: uri, Length: 40160, dtype: int64
0.6200      142
0.6520      133
0.5830      129
0.6570      128
0.6000      128
...
0.0983       1
0.0651       1
0.0597       1
0.0991       1
0.0882       1
Name: danceability, Length: 1041, dtype: int64
0.93700      95
0.72700      94
0.64100      91
0.79100      88
0.68100      87
..
0.00268       1
0.00696       1
0.06680       1
0.01110       1
0.00383       1
Name: energy, Length: 1762, dtype: int64
0      5918
7      5786
2      5290
```

```

9      5132
5      4464
4      3868
1      3842
11     3313
10     3186
8      2778
6      2582
3      1657
Name: key, dtype: int64
-17.135    36
-8.142     16
-6.215     16
-8.279     16
-6.293     15
..
-16.881     1
-28.526     1
-23.839     1
-16.670     1
-20.000     1
Name: loudness, Length: 16012, dtype: int64
1      33205
0      14611
Name: mode, dtype: int64
0.0330     196
0.0295     194
0.0315     192
0.0306     191
0.0298     191
...
0.7990      1
0.5760      1
0.5650      1
0.4970      1
0.7580      1
Name: speechiness, Length: 1344, dtype: int64
0.995000    112
0.994000     98
0.993000     90
0.990000     86
0.992000     85
...
0.000070      1
0.000057      1
0.008910      1
0.000893      1
0.009060      1
Name: acousticness, Length: 4192, dtype: int64
0.000000    13951
0.893000      49
0.908000      44
0.903000      44
0.553000      44
...
0.000009      1
0.007200      1

```

```

0.071400      1
0.008440      1
0.005700      1
Name: instrumentalness, Length: 5118, dtype: int64
0.1110      462
0.1070      439
0.1100      432
0.1140      422
0.1040      404
...
0.0167      1
0.0278      1
0.6370      1
0.9990      1
0.0292      1
Name: liveness, Length: 1674, dtype: int64
0.9610      257
0.9620      206
0.9630      199
0.9640      171
0.9600      150
...
0.0209      1
0.0272      1
0.0450      1
0.0908      1
0.0269      1
Name: valence, Length: 1599, dtype: int64
142.187      36
119.993      17
119.987      15
119.989      14
94.997       12
..
109.516      1
124.133      1
84.714       1
129.777      1
119.228      1
Name: tempo, Length: 31894, dtype: int64
321853      36
228867      19
212933      17
218947      17
164000      16
..
180864      1
196302      1
247497      1
277680      1
327680      1
Name: duration_ms, Length: 21347, dtype: int64
4      42441
3      4330
5      643
1      396
0      6

```



```

Name: time_signature, dtype: int64
0.00000    169
60.94077    36
41.37868     9
36.66328     8
26.28229     8
...
42.52036     1
58.48824     1
42.13211     1
27.50186     1
40.05079     1
Name: chorus_hit, Length: 39563, dtype: int64
9         6596
10        6215
8         5711
11        5440
7         4305
...
54         1
76         1
101        1
82         1
159        1
Name: sections, Length: 84, dtype: int64
1        25723
0        22093
Name: popularity, dtype: int64
60s      9717
70s      8835
80s      8140
10s      7664
00s      6929
90s      6531
Name: decade, dtype: int64
pop      18527
r&b      12927
rock      7730
latin     3746
rap       2872
edm       2014
Name: genre, dtype: int64

```

### ▼ 2.1.3 Data Visualization

#### ▼ 2.1.3.1 Correlation Matrix of all metrics - Full Dataset (47,816 songs)

```

In [22]: # Create a correlation matrix
corr = df.corr().abs()

# Create mask for upper triangle
mask = np.triu(np.ones_like(corr, dtype=bool))

# Set up matplotlib figure
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(11, 9))

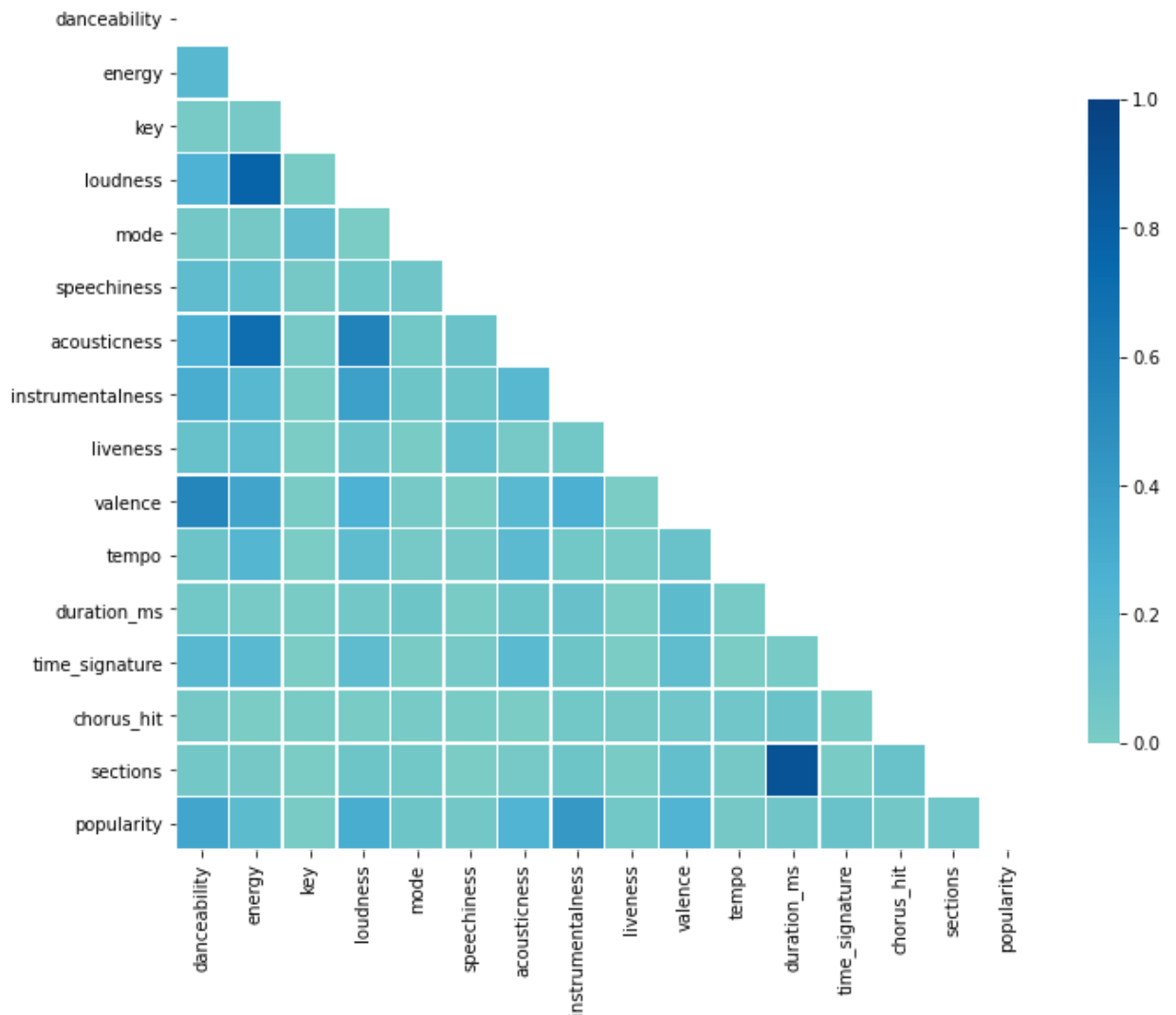
# Diverging colormap
cmap = sns.diverging_palette(230, 20, as_cmap=True)

# Draw the heatmap with the mask and correct aspect ratio
# GnBu is your color preference
sns.heatmap(corr, mask=mask, cmap="GnBu", vmin=0, vmax=1.0, center=0,
            square=True, linewidths=.5, cbar_kws={"shrink": .75})

```

executed in 319ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

Out[22]: <AxesSubplot:>

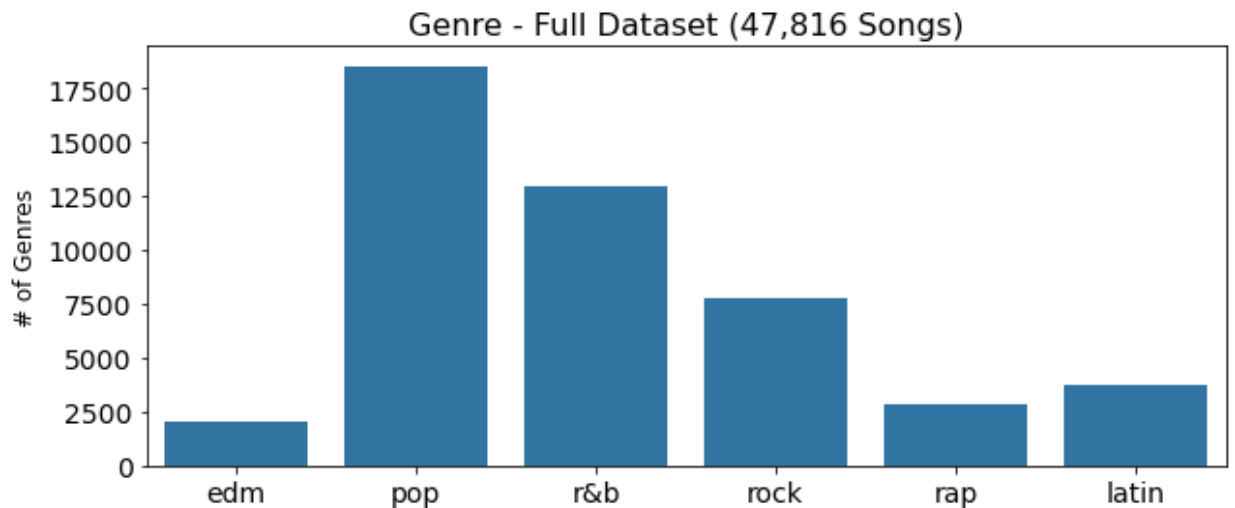


### 2.1.3.2 Genre Countplot - Full Dataset (47,816 songs)

```
In [23]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,4))
sns.countplot(x='genre',data=df, color='tab:blue');
ax.grid(False)

plt.xlabel(None)
plt.ylabel("# of Genres", fontsize=12)
plt.title("Genre - Full Dataset (47,816 Songs)",fontsize=16)
plt.xticks(fontsize=14)
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.show()
plt.tight_layout()
```

executed in 136ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25



<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

### 2.1.3.3 HOLD for more visualizations

```
In [24]: #for col in df.columns:
#         fig,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,4))
#         if col!='artist' or 'track':
#             sns.countplot(x=col,data=df,ax=ax,color='tab:blue')
#         else:
#             sns.histplot(x=col,data=df,ax=ax,color='tab:blue')
#         ax.set(title=col.title())
#         plt.show()
```

executed in 2ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

```
In [25]: # for col in df.columns:
#         fig,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,4))
#         sns.countplot(x=col,data=df,ax=ax,color='tab:blue')
#         ax.set(title=col.title())
#         plt.show()
```

executed in 2ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

```
In [26]: # for col in df.columns:
#         plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
#         sns.displot(df[col],bins=20)
#         plt.title(col)
#         plt.show();
```

executed in 2ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

```
In [27]: # for col in df.columns:
#         fig,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,4))
#         if col!='uri' or 'artist':
#             sns.countplot(x=col,data=df,ax=ax,color='tab:blue')
#         #else:
#             # sns.histplot(x=col,data=df,ax=ax,color='tab:blue')
#         ax.set(title=col.title())
#         plt.show()
```

executed in 2ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

## ▼ 3 Preprocessing // Data Preparation for Modeling

### ▼ 3.1 Create Sample of Data

```
In [28]: # Create sample of 1000 songs from 47,816 songs

sample = df.sample(n=1000,replace=False, random_state=11).reset_index()
```

executed in 6ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

In [29]: *# View sample dataframe*

```
sample.head()
```

executed in 18ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

Out[29]:

	track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness
0	Rock And Roll Dreams Come Through	Jim Steinman	spotify:track:5Y7JlzuX1CtyEl8qf58qeU	0.628	0.6370	0	-13.175
1	Peace Will Come (According To Plan)	Melanie	spotify:track:1IMhE01kAot77D8M17ac3m	0.370	0.2950	8	-7.307
2	Let It Happen	Vangelis	spotify:track:59HzNVtC331SYrl6vQEJJQ	0.349	0.4920	2	-13.886
3	Keeps Gettin' Better	Christina Aguilera	spotify:track:0j0n5CUS1g3QSwDWg8r5qq	0.645	0.6970	5	-4.733
4	Aubrey	Bread	spotify:track:3his1Ukcl0wrniPDR9kTj	0.326	0.0902	7	-20.588

5 rows × 21 columns

In [30]: *# Explore sample data (count, datatypes)*

```
sample.info()
```

executed in 8ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

```

4  energy          1000 non-null  float64
5  key             1000 non-null  int64
6  loudness        1000 non-null  float64
7  mode            1000 non-null  int64
8  speechiness     1000 non-null  float64
9  acousticness    1000 non-null  float64
10 instrumentalness 1000 non-null  float64
11 liveness        1000 non-null  float64
12 valence         1000 non-null  float64
13 tempo           1000 non-null  float64
14 duration_ms     1000 non-null  int64
15 time_signature  1000 non-null  int64
16 chorus_hit      1000 non-null  float64

17 sections        1000 non-null  int64
18 popularity      1000 non-null  int64
19 decade          1000 non-null  object
20 genre            1000 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(10), int64(6), object(5)
memory usage: 164.2+ KB

```



### 3.1.1 Convert Sample Dataframe into a csv file for Modeling - run

## once in intial build

- keep code for reference

```
In [31]: # Code used to convert Sample dataframe into a csv file for modeling
# sample.to_csv(r'Sample.csv')
executed in 2ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25
```

### 3.1.2 Create "url" Column from "uri" Column to Retrieve Songs from Spotify

```
In [32]: # Create "url" column from "uri" column
sample['url'] = sample['uri'].map(lambda x: x.lstrip('spotify:track:'))
executed in 3ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25
```

```
In [33]: # Check new "url" column
sample.head()
executed in 18ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25
```

Out[33]:

	track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness
0	Rock And Roll Dreams Come Through	Jim Steinman	spotify:track:5Y7JlzuX1CtyEl8qf58qeU	0.628	0.6370	0	-13.175
1	Peace Will Come (According To Plan)	Melanie	spotify:track:1IMhE01kAot77D8M17ac3m	0.370	0.2950	8	-7.307
2	Let It Happen	Vangelis	spotify:track:59HzNVTc331SYrl6vQEJJQ	0.349	0.4920	2	-13.886
3	Keeps Gettin' Better	Christina Aguilera	spotify:track:0j0n5CUS1g3QSwDWg8r5qq	0.645	0.6970	5	-4.733
4	Aubrey	Bread	spotify:track:3his1Ukcl0rwrniPDR9KTj	0.326	0.0902	7	-20.588

5 rows × 22 columns

```
In [34]: # Create "url" column with 'https://open.spotify.com/track/' to retrieve so
sample['url'] = 'https://open.spotify.com/track/' + sample['url']
executed in 2ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25
```

In [35]: # View dataframe with "url" column

```
sample.head()
```

executed in 18ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25

	name	artist	url	acousticness	energy	key	tempo
0	Rock And Roll Dreams Come Through	Jim Steinman	spotify:track:5Y7JlzuX1CtyEl8qf58qeU	0.628	0.6370	0	-13.175
1	Peace Will Come (According To Plan)	Melanie	spotify:track:1IMhE01kAot77D8M17ac3m	0.370	0.2950	8	-7.307
2	Let It Happen	Vangelis	spotify:track:59HzNVTc331SYrl6vQEJJQ	0.349	0.4920	2	-13.886
3	Keeps Gettin' Better	Christina Aguilera	spotify:track:0j0n5CUS1g3QSwDWg8r5qq	0.645	0.6970	5	-4.733
4	Aubrey	Bread	spotify:track:3his1Ukcl0rwrniPDR9kTj	0.326	0.0902	7	-20.588

5 rows × 22 columns

### ▼ 3.1.3 BUILD CHECKLIST & CLEAN DATA TO CREATE USABLE DATASET

There are 652 songs in final dataset to be used for model (653 minus ".ds store" file)

```
In [36]: # Create a "checklist" column from "track" and "artist" columns to cross-check
sample['checklist'] = sample['artist'] + " - " + sample['track'] + ".mp3"
sample.head()
executed in 20ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25
```

Out[36]:

	track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness
0	Rock And Roll Dreams Come Through	Jim Steinman	spotify:track:5Y7JlzuX1CtyEl8qf58qeU	0.628	0.6370	0	-13.175
1	Peace Will Come (According To Plan)	Melanie	spotify:track:1IMhE01kAot77D8M17ac3m	0.370	0.2950	8	-7.307
2	Let It Happen	Vangelis	spotify:track:59HzNVTc331SYrl6vQEJJQ	0.349	0.4920	2	-13.886
3	Keeps Gettin' Better	Christina Aguilera	spotify:track:0j0n5CUS1g3QSwDWg8r5qq	0.645	0.6970	5	-4.733
4	Aubrey	Bread	spotify:track:3his1Ukcl0rwrniPDR9kTj	0.326	0.0902	7	-20.588

5 rows × 23 columns

```
In [37]: # Check
sample[sample['artist'] == 'Johnny Sea']['checklist'].values
executed in 4ms, finished 04:15:46 2022-04-25
```

Out[37]: array(['Johnny Sea - Day For Decision.mp3'], dtype=object)



In [38]: # Check for tracks not in "checklist" column

```

counter = 0
for track_name in os.listdir('Song_Data'):
    if track_name == '.DS_Store':
        continue
    if track_name not in sample['checklist'].values:
        print(track_name)
        artist, title = track_name.split('.mp3')[0].split('-')[2:]
        artist, title = artist.strip(), title.strip()

        print(f'Artist: {artist}\tTitle: {title}')
        display(sample[sample['artist'] == artist])
        print('-'*40)
        counter += 1
        print(counter)

```

executed in 3.24s, finished 04:15:50 2022-04-25

track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness	mode	speechiness	acousticness	...	ter
-------	--------	-----	--------------	--------	-----	----------	------	-------------	--------------	-----	-----

0 rows × 23 columns

-----

28  
 Usher - My Way.mp3  
 Artist: Usher    Title: My Way

track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness	mo
792	Burn	Usher	spotify:track:7z3N2W7Xz1t2G2sAO8wFVH	0.796	0.477	1	-7.161

In [39]: *# Find songs that do not align with "checklist" (DIRTYDATA)*

```
DIRTYDATA = []  
for idx, data in sample.iterrows():  
    if data['checklist'] not in os.listdir('Song_Data'):  
        DIRTYDATA.append(idx)  
DIRTYDATA
```

executed in 985ms, finished 04:15:51 2022-04-25

1,  
7,  
18,  
20,  
21,  
22,  
23,  
24,  
29,  
33,  
35,  
37,  
40,  
49,  
52,  
56,  
64,  
65,  
73,  
75

In [40]: *# Drop DIRTYDATA from data to get USABLE data*

```
USABLE = sample.drop(DIRTYDATA)  
USABLE.shape
```

executed in 3ms, finished 04:15:51 2022-04-25

Out[40]: (653, 23)

```
In [41]: # View USABLE dataframe
```

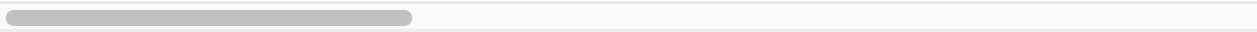
USABLE

executed in 25ms, finished 04:15:51 2022-04-25

Out[41]:

	track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	I
2	Let It Happen	Vangelis	spotify:track:59HzNVtc331SYrl6vQEJJQ	0.349	0.4920	2	
3	Keeps Gettin' Better	Christina Aguilera	spotify:track:0j0n5CUS1g3QSwDWg8r5qq	0.645	0.6970	5	
4	Aubrey	Bread	spotify:track:3his1Ukcl0wrniPDR9kTj	0.326	0.0902	7	
5	Most Of All	B.J. Thomas	spotify:track:4GPF6wnqZSBtEBUuSxHivV	0.501	0.3920	9	
6	High Speed GTO	White Wizzard	spotify:track:4AZRFiO74C2HwRVePGrmR2	0.252	0.9410	6	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
975	Candy	Mandy Moore	spotify:track:2YhE6xeWN0R9RVwEOG9IR1	0.813	0.8360	7	
993	Arthur Comes to Sophie	Hildur Guðnadóttir	spotify:track:0dvAO2KbsqDZGv8g03JFRy	0.198	0.3300	0	
995	Guantanamera	Joe Dassin	spotify:track:2zo7m7HTcjMuioTTrlt4yF	0.716	0.4410	2	
996	Let Me In	Young Buck	spotify:track:6qkZ6D3ogNyW2YDWsz7e3z	0.685	0.8900	1	
997	Superfly	Curtis Mayfield	spotify:track:4XsH9zBWPOCdXoH9ZDdS8r	0.784	0.7080	2	

653 rows × 23 columns



In [42]: *# Explore USABLE info*

USABLE.info()

executed in 7ms, finished 04:15:51 2022-04-25

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 653 entries, 2 to 997
Data columns (total 23 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   track                 653 non-null   object
1   artist                653 non-null   object
2   uri                   653 non-null   object
3   danceability          653 non-null   float64
4   energy                653 non-null   float64
5   key                   653 non-null   int64
6   loudness              653 non-null   float64
7   mode                  653 non-null   int64
8   speechiness           653 non-null   float64
9   acousticness          653 non-null   float64
10  instrumentalness       653 non-null   float64
11  liveness              653 non-null   float64
12  valence                653 non-null   float64
13  tempo                  653 non-null   float64
14  duration_ms           653 non-null   int64
15  time_signature         653 non-null   int64
16  chorus_hit            653 non-null   float64
17  sections              653 non-null   int64
18  popularity            653 non-null   int64
19  decade               653 non-null   object
20  genre                 653 non-null   object
21  url                   653 non-null   object
22  checklist             653 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(10), int64(6), object(7)
memory usage: 122.4+ KB
```

### ▼ 3.1.4 Create ".png" Column for Images

In [43]: *# Create 'songpng' column for .mp3 files to be connected to .png files in m*

USABLE['songpng'] = USABLE['checklist'].apply(**lambda** x: x.replace('.mp3', '.'))

executed in 3ms, finished 04:15:51 2022-04-25

In [44]: # Check

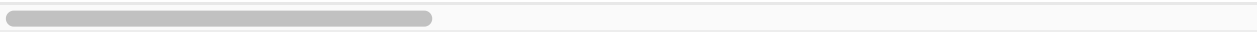
USABLE.head( )

executed in 17ms, finished 04:15:51 2022-04-25

Out[44]:

	track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness	r
2	Let It Happen	Vangelis	spotify:track:59HzNVTc331SYrl6vQEJJQ	0.349	0.4920	2	-13.886	
3	Keeps Gettin' Better	Christina Aguilera	spotify:track:0j0n5CUS1g3QSwDWg8r5qq	0.645	0.6970	5	-4.733	
4	Aubrey	Bread	spotify:track:3his1Ukcl0rwrniPDR9kTj	0.326	0.0902	7	-20.588	
5	Most Of All	B.J. Thomas	spotify:track:4GPF6wnqZSBtEBUuSxHivV	0.501	0.3920	9	-8.960	
6	High Speed GTO	White Wizzard	spotify:track:4AZRFiO74C2HwRVePGrmR2	0.252	0.9410	6	-4.264	

5 rows × 24 columns



In [45]: *# Check datatypes*

```
USABLE.info()
```

executed in 7ms, finished 04:15:51 2022-04-25

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 653 entries, 2 to 997
Data columns (total 24 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   track                 653 non-null   object
1   artist                653 non-null   object
2   uri                   653 non-null   object
3   danceability          653 non-null   float64
4   energy                653 non-null   float64
5   key                   653 non-null   int64
6   loudness              653 non-null   float64
7   mode                  653 non-null   int64
8   speechiness           653 non-null   float64
9   acousticness          653 non-null   float64
10  instrumentalness       653 non-null   float64
11  liveness              653 non-null   float64
12  valence               653 non-null   float64
13  tempo                 653 non-null   float64
14  duration_ms           653 non-null   int64
15  time_signature        653 non-null   int64
16  chorus_hit            653 non-null   float64
17  sections              653 non-null   int64
18  popularity            653 non-null   int64
19  decade               653 non-null   object
20  genre                 653 non-null   object
21  url                   653 non-null   object
22  checklist             653 non-null   object
23  songpng               653 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(10), int64(6), object(8)
memory usage: 127.5+ KB
```

```

In [46]: # Correlation matrix for sample data
corr = USABLE.corr().abs()

# Create a mask for the upper triangle
mask = np.triu(np.ones_like(corr, dtype=bool))

# Set up matplotlib figure
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(11, 9))

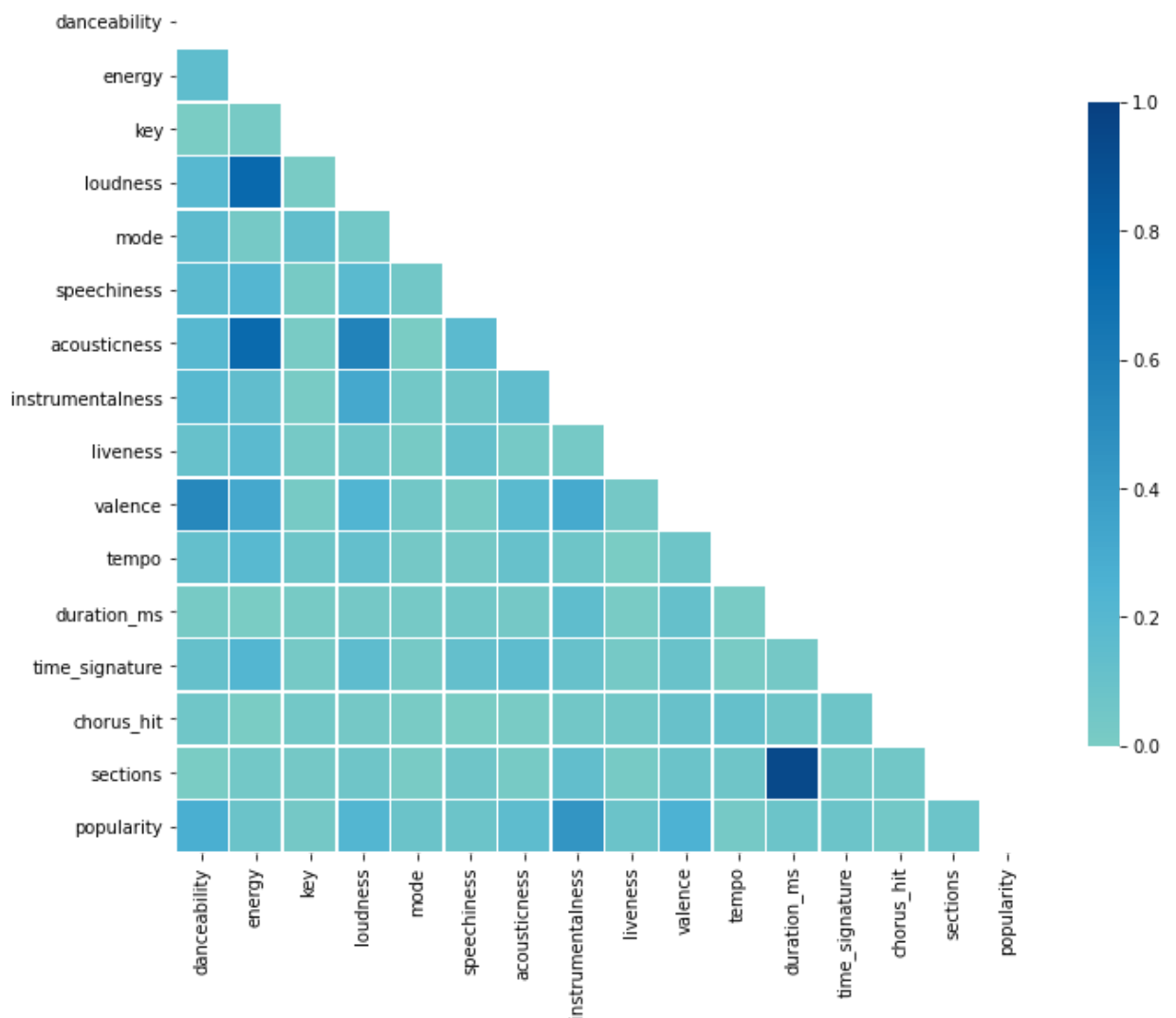
# Diverging colormap
cmap = sns.diverging_palette(230, 20, as_cmap=True)

# Draw the heatmap with the mask and correct aspect ratio
# GnBu is your color preference
sns.heatmap(corr, mask=mask, cmap="GnBu", vmin=0, vmax=1.0, center=0,
            square=True, linewidths=.5, cbar_kws={"shrink": .75})

```

executed in 273ms, finished 04:15:51 2022-04-25

Out[46]: <AxesSubplot:>

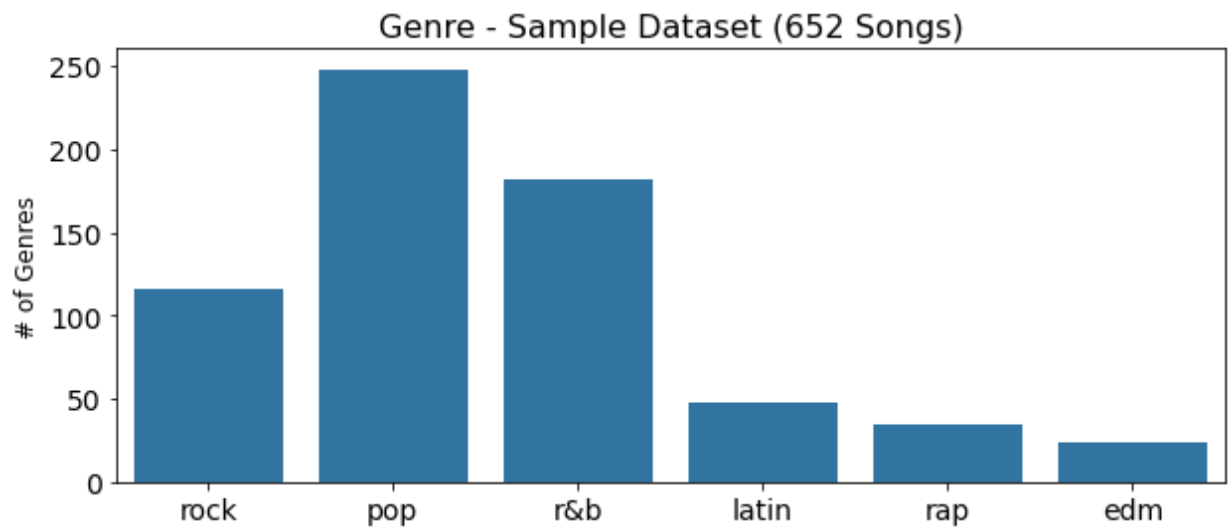


In [47]: *# Genre countplot for sample data*

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,4))
sns.countplot(x='genre',data=USABLE, color='tab:blue');
ax.grid(False)

plt.xlabel(None)
plt.ylabel("# of Genres", fontsize=12)
plt.title("Genre - Sample Dataset (652 Songs)",fontsize=16)
plt.xticks(fontsize=14)
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.show()
plt.tight_layout()
```

executed in 101ms, finished 04:15:51 2022-04-25



<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

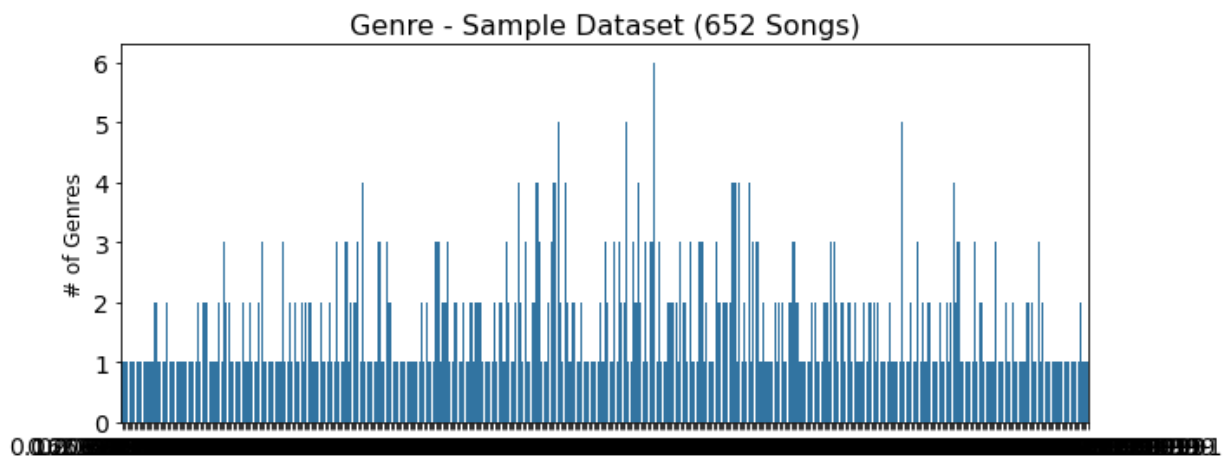


```
In [48]: # Danceability countplot for sample data - need to improve

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,4))
sns.countplot(x='danceability',data=USABLE, color='tab:blue');
ax.grid(False)

plt.xlabel(None)
plt.ylabel("# of Genres", fontsize=12)
plt.title("Genre - Sample Dataset (652 Songs)",fontsize=16)
plt.xticks(fontsize=14)
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.show()
plt.tight_layout()
```

executed in 4.55s, finished 04:15:56 2022-04-25



<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>



## 3.2 Create y (Target: "danceability") and X

```
In [49]: # Create y (Target: "danceability")
# Create X

y = USABLE['danceability']
X = USABLE.drop(columns=['danceability'])
```

executed in 3ms, finished 04:15:56 2022-04-25

In [50]: *# View X data*

X

executed in 26ms, finished 04:15:56 2022-04-25

6	High Speed GTO	White Wizzard	spotify:track:4AZRFiO74C2HwRVePGrmR2	0.9410	6	-4.264
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
975	Candy	Mandy Moore	spotify:track:2YhE6xeWN0R9RVwEOG9IR1	0.8360	7	-4.230
993	Arthur Comes to Sophie	Hildur Guðnadóttir	spotify:track:0dvAO2KbsqDZGv8g03JFRy	0.3300	0	-15.555
995	Guantanamera	Joe Dassin	spotify:track:2zo7m7HTcjMuioTTrlt4yF	0.4410	2	-9.909
996	Let Me In	Young Buck	spotify:track:6qkZ6D3ogNyW2YDWsz7e3z	0.8900	1	-4.302
997	Superfly	Curtis Mayfield	spotify:track:4XsH9zBWPOCdXoH9ZDdS8r	0.7080	2	-9.141

653 rows × 23 columns

In [51]: *# Gutcheck - song matches*

USABLE[USABLE.track.str.contains('Wherever You Will Go')]

executed in 17ms, finished 04:15:56 2022-04-25

Out[51]:

	track	artist	uri	danceability	energy	key	loudness
517	Wherever You Will Go	The Calling	spotify:track:5QpaGzWp0hwB5faV8dkbAz	0.558	0.719	2	-5.113

1 rows × 24 columns

In [52]: *# View y data*

y

executed in 4ms, finished 04:15:56 2022-04-25

Out[52]:

2	0.349
3	0.645
4	0.326
5	0.501
6	0.252
...	
975	0.813
993	0.198
995	0.716
996	0.685
997	0.784

Name: danceability, Length: 653, dtype: float64

### ▼ 3.3 Train Test Split

In [53]: *# Create Train and Test data subsets using train\_test\_split*

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X, y, random_state=100)
```

executed in 3ms, finished 04:15:56 2022-04-25

In [54]: *# Check shape of each data set*

```
X_train.shape, X_test.shape, y_train.shape, y_test.shape
```

executed in 3ms, finished 04:15:56 2022-04-25

Out[54]: ((489, 23), (164, 23), (489,), (164,))

In [55]: *# Check the shape of the data is the same*

```
X_train.shape[0]+X_test.shape[0]==USABLE.shape[0]
```

executed in 3ms, finished 04:15:56 2022-04-25

Out[55]: True

In [56]: # View X\_train

X\_train

executed in 25ms, finished 04:15:56 2022-04-25

Out[56]:

	track	artist	uri	energy	key	loudness	mode
684	Más Allá	Javier Solís	spotify:track:2eZT2Jw3gJv8ZqBUu9oCTE	0.325	0	-11.149	1
619	Footprints - Remastered	Wayne Shorter	spotify:track:2JITVZu8o6ls9k8SoMRy7w	0.454	7	-11.190	0
904	Rock Of Ages	Jack Jezzro	spotify:track:2U9L4wYRxRgYy42uhvOloy	0.280	7	-14.582	1
855	Do You Believe In Magic	Shaun Cassidy	spotify:track:5LJ93CrqstdBdVmC0xhZbu	0.726	0	-10.154	1
318	People Like You	Eddie Fisher	spotify:track:6cahHUfSQDIB8i0Yx3srwx	0.339	0	-8.351	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
854	Dangerous	Roxette	spotify:track:756YOXmKh2iUnx33nAdfPf	0.898	4	-4.893	1
72	Barefoot In Baltimore	Strawberry Alarm Clock	spotify:track:7gxeDaqGLT33dkWSTAEQue	0.566	7	-11.186	1
517	Wherever You Will Go	The Calling	spotify:track:5QpaGzWp0hwB5faV8dkbAz	0.719	2	-5.113	1
109	Milagre Brasileiro - Ao Vivo	MPB4	spotify:track:7gluxKYkMdLREvbCrXdGQh	0.675	2	-8.183	1
771	Say You Really Want Me	Kim Wilde	spotify:track:1lemomv6vJ9UcHxMRDINMJ	0.642	10	-13.852	0

489 rows × 23 columns

In [57]: *# View y\_train*

y\_train

executed in 3ms, finished 04:15:56 2022-04-25

```
Out[57]: 684      0.399
        619      0.530
        904      0.275
        855      0.499
        318      0.490
        ...
        854      0.712
        72       0.682
        517      0.558
        109      0.368
        771      0.699
        Name: danceability, Length: 489, dtype: float64
```

## ▼ 3.4 Create Images for Songs to be Modeled

In [58]: *# Check directory of songs*

os.listdir('Song\_Data')

executed in 12ms, finished 04:15:56 2022-04-25

```
'Sham 69 - Rip Off.mp3',
'The Lettermen - The Way You Look Tonight.mp3',
'Barry Manilow - The Old Songs.mp3',
'This Will Destroy You - Quiet.mp3',
'Maxine Nightingale - Lead Me On.mp3',
'Avenged Sevenfold - Bat Country.mp3',
'Roxette - Dangerous.mp3',
'Nigel Eaton - On the River.mp3',
'Gerardo Reyes - Pobre Bohemio.mp3',
'Bobby Vinton - My Melody Of Love.mp3',
'The Farm - Groovy Train.mp3',
'Jason Aldean - A Little More Summertime.mp3',
'Amon Düül - Kaskados Minnelied.mp3',
'Tito Puente - Babarabatiri.mp3',
'Asia - Heat Of The Moment.mp3',
'Fats Domino - You Win Again.mp3',
'Hanson - This Time Around.mp3',
'Eluveitie - Slanias Song - Live At Metal Camp, 2008.mp3',
'50 Cent - Disco Inferno.mp3',
'Tequila - Rock And Roll En La Plaza Del Pueblo.mp3',
```

In [59]: *# Check number of songs in directory*

len(os.listdir('Song\_Data'))

executed in 4ms, finished 04:15:56 2022-04-25

Out[59]: 953

```

In [60]: # TRY TO GET IMAGE FOR ONE SONG (I.E. TEST WITHOUT FOR LOOP)
# EXAMPLE: Sade - No Ordinary Love

SONG_DATA = os.listdir('Song_Data')

# Instantiate constants (taken from source:)
SAMPLE_RATE = 48000
HOP_LENGTH = 256
N_FFT = 2048
N_MELS = 256
REF = np.max

fpath = 'Song_Data/Sade - No Ordinary Love.mp3'

# Load song into memory
signal, sr = librosa.load(fpath, sr=SAMPLE_RATE)

# Create "mel-spectrogram"
mel_signal = librosa.feature.melspectrogram(
    y=signal, # Created above
    sr=SAMPLE_RATE, # Stuff we decided at the top:
    hop_length=HOP_LENGTH,
    n_fft=N_FFT,
    n_mels=N_MELS)

power_to_db = librosa.power_to_db(mel_signal, ref=REF)

# Create figure
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)

# Hide axes and image frame
ax.axes.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.axes.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.set_frame_on(False)

# Display spectrogram for song
librosa.display.specshow(power_to_db, sr=SAMPLE_RATE, cmap='magma', hop_len

plt.title("Sade - No Ordinary Love",fontsize=16)
plt.show()

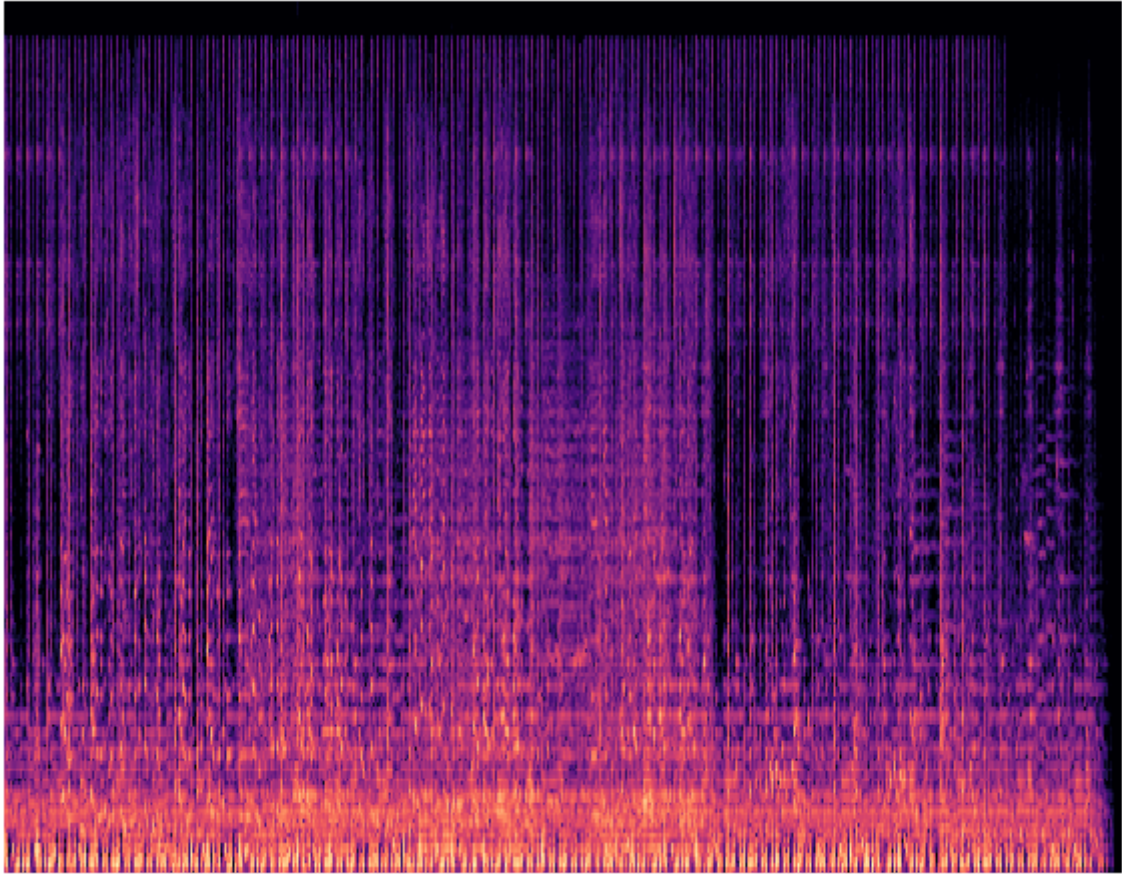
```

executed in 11.3s, finished 04:16:07 2022-04-25

/Users/v/opt/anaconda3/envs/learn-env/lib/python3.8/site-packages/librosa/util/decorators.py:88: UserWarning: PySoundFile failed. Trying audioread instead.

```
return f(*args, **kwargs)
```

## Sade - No Ordinary Love



```

In [61]: # Check another song
# EXAMPLE: Kansas - Power

SONG_DATA = os.listdir('Song_Data')

# Instantiate constants (taken from source:)
SAMPLE_RATE = 48000
HOP_LENGTH = 256
N_FFT = 2048
N_MELS = 256
REF = np.max

fpath = 'Song_Data/Kansas - Power.mp3'

# Load song into memory
signal, sr = librosa.load(fpath, sr=SAMPLE_RATE)

# Create "mel-spectrogram"
mel_signal = librosa.feature.melspectrogram(
    y=signal, # Created above
    sr=SAMPLE_RATE, # Stuff we decided at the top:
    hop_length=HOP_LENGTH,
    n_fft=N_FFT,
    n_mels=N_MELS)

power_to_db = librosa.power_to_db(mel_signal, ref=REF)

# Create figure
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)

# Hide axes and image frame
ax.axes.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.axes.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.set_frame_on(False)

# Display spectrogram for song
librosa.display.specshow(power_to_db, sr=SAMPLE_RATE, cmap='magma', hop_len

plt.title("Kansas - Power",fontsize=16)
plt.show()

```

executed in 6.81s, finished 04:16:14 2022-04-25

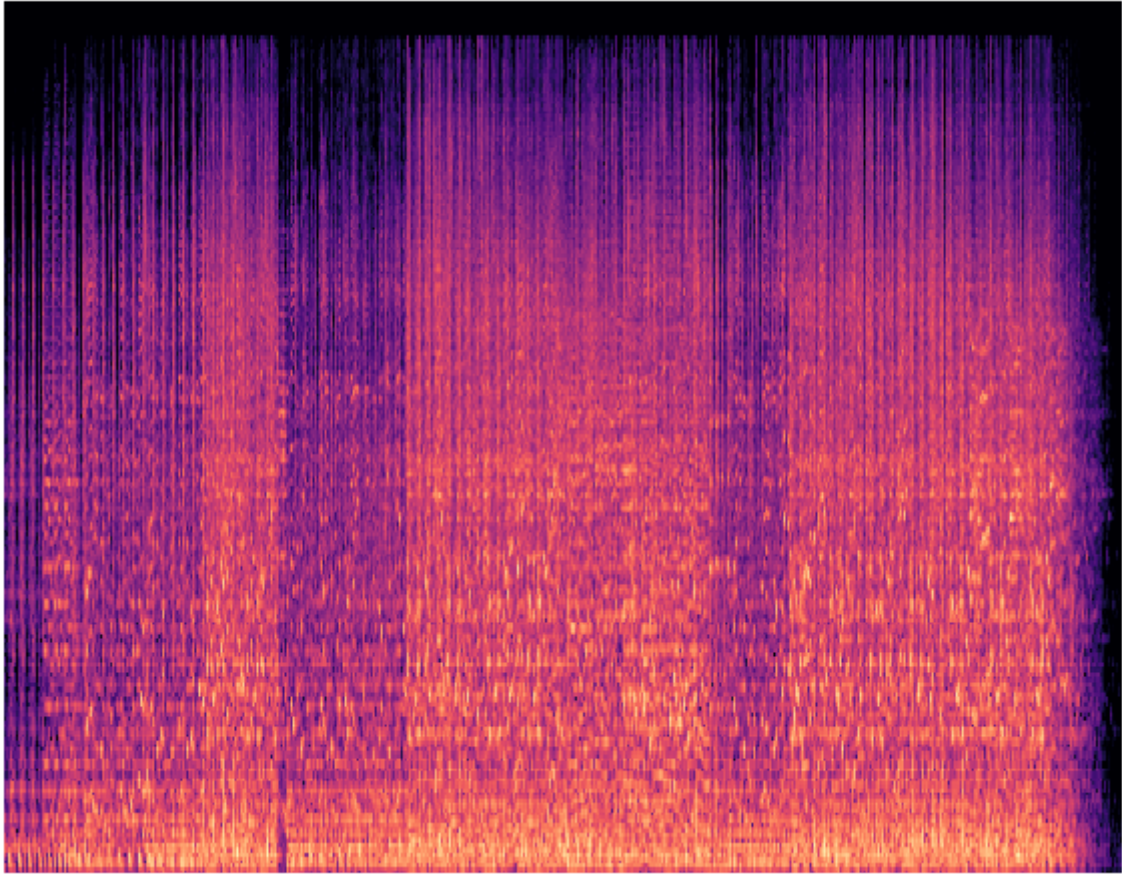
```

/Users/v/opt/anaconda3/envs/learn-env/lib/python3.8/site-packages/libros
a/util/decorators.py:88: UserWarning: PySoundFile failed. Trying audioread
instead.
    return f(*args, **kwargs)

```



## Kansas - Power



### ▼ 3.5 CREATE AND SAVE SPECTROGRAMS FOR TRAIN AND TEST SONGS!!

#### ▼ 3.5.1 Code to Create Spectrograms & Put in Train and Test Image Folders - only needs to be run once in initial build

Code for reference

```

In [62]: # SONG_DATA = X['checklist'].values

# # Instantiate constants (taken from source:)
# SAMPLE_RATE = 48000
# HOP_LENGTH = 256
# N_FFT = 2048
# N_MELS = 256
# REF = np.max

# # Iterate through .mp3 files
# for mp3 in SONG_DATA:
#     #
#     if not mp3.endswith('.mp3'):
#         continue

#     # Create path to mp3.
#     fpath = os.path.join(path, mp3)
#     #fpath = 'Song_Data'

#     # Load song into memory
#     signal, sr = librosa.load(fpath, sr=SAMPLE_RATE)

#     # Create "mel-spectrogram"
#     mel_signal = librosa.feature.melspectrogram(
#         y=signal, # Created above
#         sr=SAMPLE_RATE, # Stuff we decided at the top:
#         hop_length=HOP_LENGTH,
#         n_fft=N_FFT,
#         n_mels=N_MELS
#     )
#     power_to_db = librosa.power_to_db(mel_signal, ref=REF) # Part of the

#     # Creating figure
#     fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
#     ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
#     # Hiding axes and image frame
#     ax.axes.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
#     ax.axes.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
#     ax.set_frame_on(False)

#     # Displaying our spectrograms
#     librosa.display.specshow(power_to_db, sr=SAMPLE_RATE, cmap='magma', h

#     # SAVE THE IMAGES IN RESPECTIVE FOLDERS
#     if mp3 in X_train['checklist'].values:
#         folder = 'Train'
#     else:
#         # Save in Images/Test/...
#         folder = 'Test'

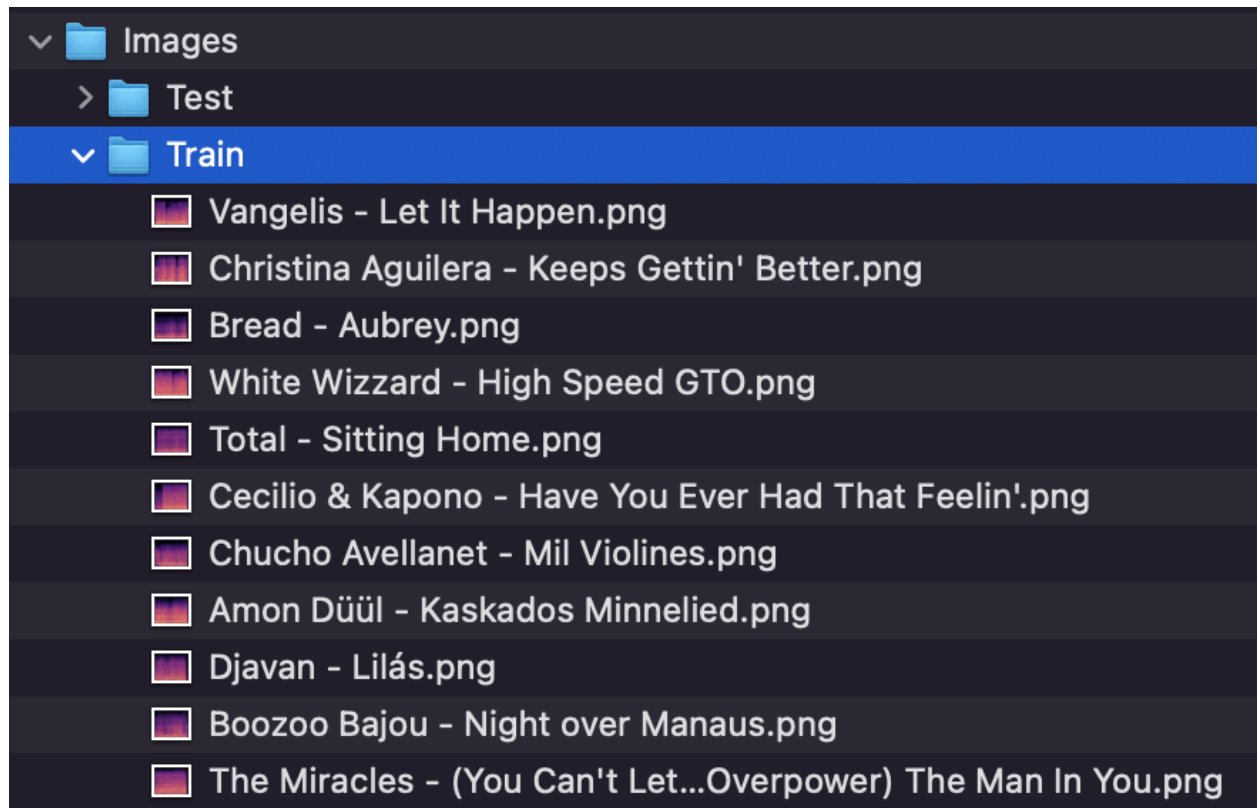
#     plt.savefig(
#         fname=f'Images/{folder}/{mp3.split(".mp3")[0]}.png',
#         dpi=400,
#         bbox_inches='tight',
#         pad_inches=0

```

```
# )  
  
# # Cleanup  
# plt.close()  
# fig.clf()  
# plt.close(fig)  
# plt.close('all')  
# print(mp3)
```

executed in 2ms, finished 04:16:14 2022-04-25

### 3.5.2 Resulting Train and Test Image Folders



### 3.6 Create Train and Test Datasets for Model

```
In [63]: # Create Train dataset
# Concatenate X_train, y_train

Train = pd.concat([X_train, y_train], axis=1)
Train
```

executed in 31ms, finished 04:16:14 2022-04-25

Out[63]:

	track	artist	uri	energy	key	loudness	mode
684	Más Allá	Javier Solís	spotify:track:2eZT2Jw3gJv8ZqBUu9oCTE	0.325	0	-11.149	1
619	Footprints - Remastered	Wayne Shorter	spotify:track:2JITVZu8o6ls9k8SoMRy7w	0.454	7	-11.190	0
904	Rock Of Ages	Jack Jezzro	spotify:track:2U9L4wYRxRgYy42uhvOloy	0.280	7	-14.582	1
855	Do You Believe In Magic	Shaun Cassidy	spotify:track:5LJ93CrqstdBdVmC0xhZbu	0.726	0	-10.154	1
318	People Like You	Eddie Fisher	spotify:track:6cahHUfSQDIB8i0Yx3srwx	0.339	0	-8.351	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
854	Dangerous	Roxette	spotify:track:756YOXmKh2iUnx33nAdfPf	0.898	4	-4.893	1
72	Barefoot In Baltimore	Strawberry Alarm Clock	spotify:track:7gxeDaqGLT33dkWSTAEQue	0.566	7	-11.186	1
517	Wherever You Will Go	The Calling	spotify:track:5QpaGzWp0hwB5faV8dkbAz	0.719	2	-5.113	1
109	Milagre Brasileiro - Ao Vivo	MPB4	spotify:track:7gluxKYkMdLREvbCrXdGQh	0.675	2	-8.183	1
771	Say You Really Want Me	Kim Wilde	spotify:track:1lemomv6vJ9UcHxMRDINMJ	0.642	10	-13.852	0

489 rows × 24 columns

```
In [64]: # Create Test dataset
# Concatenate X_test, y_test

Test = pd.concat([X_test, y_test], axis=1)
Test.shape
```

executed in 5ms, finished 04:16:14 2022-04-25

Out[64]: (164, 24)

```
In [65]: # Create Train subset with 'songpng' and 'danceability'

traindf = Train[['songpng', 'danceability']]
traindf
```

executed in 9ms, finished 04:16:14 2022-04-25

Out[65]:

	songpng	danceability
684	Javier Solís - Más Allá.png	0.399
619	Wayne Shorter - Footprints - Remastered.png	0.530
904	Jack Jezzro - Rock Of Ages.png	0.275
855	Shaun Cassidy - Do You Believe In Magic.png	0.499
318	Eddie Fisher - People Like You.png	0.490
...	...	...
854	Roxette - Dangerous.png	0.712
72	Strawberry Alarm Clock - Barefoot In Baltimore...	0.682
517	The Calling - Wherever You Will Go.png	0.558
109	MPB4 - Milagre Brasileiro - Ao Vivo.png	0.368
771	Kim Wilde - Say You Really Want Me.png	0.699

489 rows × 2 columns

In [66]: *# Create Test subset with 'songpng' and 'danceability'*

```
testdf = Test[['songpng', 'danceability']]
testdf
```

executed in 8ms, finished 04:16:14 2022-04-25

836	Sonny Boy Nelson - Blues Jumped a Rabbit.png	0.656
462	Lionel Richie - Love Will Conquer All.png	0.790
169	Sleeping At Last - Eight.png	0.341
578	Atlantic Starr - Circles.png	0.779
67	Kansas - Power.png	0.477
...	...	...
181	The Kooks - Ooh La.png	0.544
584	Ravi Shankar - Raga Bhimpalasi - Live.png	0.360
411	Pavilhão 9 - Calibre Rhossi.png	0.704
491	Britney Spears - (You Drive Me) Crazy.png	0.748
550	New Grass Revival - Souvenir Bottles.png	0.569

164 rows × 2 columns

### ▼ 3.7 Keras flow\_from\_dataframe (ImageDataGenerator)

```
In [67]: # Create train_datagen
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale=1./255,
    shear_range=0.2,
    zoom_range=0.2,
    horizontal_flip=True,
    validation_split=0.2)

# Create test_datagen
test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)

# Set target_size (proportional to actual image size)
target_size = (380,245)

# Create train_generator
train_generator=train_datagen.flow_from_dataframe(
    dataframe=traindf,
    directory="Images/Train/",
    x_col="songpng",
    y_col="danceability",
    batch_size=38,
    seed=11,
    shuffle=True,
    class_mode='other',
    target_size=target_size)

# Create test_generator
test_generator=test_datagen.flow_from_dataframe(
    dataframe=testdf,
    directory="Images/Test/",
    x_col="songpng",
    y_col="danceability",
    batch_size=38,
    seed=11,
    shuffle=False,
    class_mode='other',
    target_size=target_size)

# Create validation_generator
validation_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_dataframe(
    dataframe=traindf,
    directory="Images/Train/",
    x_col="songpng",
    y_col="danceability",
    batch_size=38,
    seed=11,
    shuffle=True,
    class_mode='other',
    target_size=target_size,
    subset='validation')
```

executed in 17ms, finished 04:16:14 2022-04-25

Found 489 validated image filenames.  
Found 163 validated image filenames.  
Found 97 validated image filenames.

/Users/v/opt/anaconda3/envs/learn-env/lib/python3.8/site-packages/keras

```
_preprocessing/image/dataframe_iterator.py:283: UserWarning: Found 1 in  
valid image filename(s) in x_col="songpng". These filename(s) will be i  
gnored.
```

```
warnings.warn(
```

## 4 BUILD MODELS

### 4.1 Model 1: Layers

- Input layer
- Output layer

```
In [68]: # Start model construction
```

```
model = Sequential()  
model
```

executed in 19ms, finished 04:16:14 2022-04-25

```
Out[68]: <tensorflow.python.keras.engine.sequential.Sequential at 0x7fa960ca0580>
```

```
In [69]: # Add input and output layers
```

```
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3)))  
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))  
model.add(Flatten())  
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))  
model.add(Dense(1))
```

executed in 7ms, finished 04:16:14 2022-04-25

```
In [70]: # Compile model with optimizer and loss function being 'mean_squared_error'
```

```
model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
```

executed in 7ms, finished 04:16:14 2022-04-25



In [71]: # Fit

```

history = model.fit(
    train_generator,
    validation_data=validation_generator,
    batch_size = 38, epochs = 20,
    callbacks=[EarlyStopping(patience=10, restore_best_weights=True, verbose
)

```

executed in 11m 10s, finished 04:27:24 2022-04-25

```

Epoch 1/20
13/13 [=====] - 60s 5s/step - loss: 8479.8770 -
val_loss: 0.3208
Epoch 2/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3208 - val
_loss: 0.3221
Epoch 3/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3568 - val
_loss: 0.3225
Epoch 4/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3217 - val
_loss: 0.3224
Epoch 5/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3216 - val
_loss: 0.3223
Epoch 6/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3215 - val
_loss: 0.3221
Epoch 7/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3212 - val
_loss: 0.3219
Epoch 8/20
13/13 [=====] - 55s 4s/step - loss: 0.3210 - val
_loss: 0.3217
Epoch 9/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3208 - val
_loss: 0.3214
Epoch 10/20
13/13 [=====] - 55s 4s/step - loss: 0.3205 - val
_loss: 0.3211
Epoch 11/20
13/13 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.3203Restoring
model weights from the end of the best epoch.
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3203 - val
_loss: 0.3208
Epoch 00011: early stopping

```

In [72]: *# Show model summary*

```
model.summary()
```

executed in 3ms, finished 04:27:24 2022-04-25

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 32)	896
-----		
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 32)	0
-----		
flatten (Flatten)	(None, None)	0
-----		
dense (Dense)	(None, 32)	23417888
-----		
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	33
=====		

Total params: 23,418,817

Trainable params: 23,418,817

Non-trainable params: 0

In [73]: *# Function to plot model performance*

```
def plot_history(history, style=['ggplot', 'seaborn-talk']):
    """
    Plot history from History object (or history dict)
    once Tensorflow model is trained.

    Parameters:
    -----
    history:
        History object returned from a model.fit()
    style: string or list of strings (default: ['ggplot', 'seaborn-talk'])
        Style from matplotlib.
    """

    # We can pass in a model history object or a dictionary.
    if not isinstance(history, dict): # We prefer this type of check over
        history = history.history

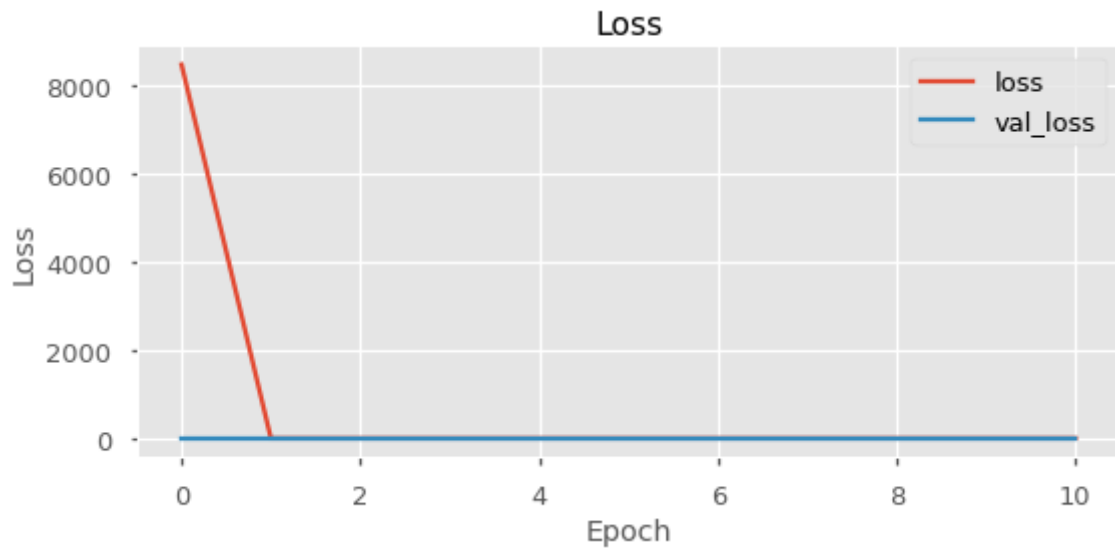
    metrics_lst = [m for m in history.keys() if not m.startswith('val')]
    N = len(metrics_lst)
    with plt.style.context(style):
        fig, ax_lst = plt.subplots(nrows=N, figsize=(8, 4*(N)))
        ax_lst = [ax_lst] if N == 1 else ax_lst.flatten() # Flatten ax_lst.
        for metric, ax in zip(metrics_lst, ax_lst):
            val_m = f'val_{metric}'
            ax.plot(history[metric], label=metric)
            ax.plot(history[val_m], label=val_m)
            ax.set(title=metric.title(), xlabel='Epoch', ylabel=metric.title)
            ax.legend()
        fig.tight_layout()
        plt.show()
```

executed in 191ms, finished 04:27:24 2022-04-25

```
In [74]: # Plot model performance
```

```
plot_history(history)
```

executed in 152ms, finished 04:27:24 2022-04-25



```
In [75]: history.history
```

executed in 3ms, finished 04:27:24 2022-04-25

```
Out[75]: {'loss': [8479.876953125,  
0.32078316807746887,  
0.356821745634079,  
0.32170435786247253,  
0.32161688804626465,  
0.32145243883132935,  
0.32124951481819153,  
0.321025550365448,  
0.32078132033348083,  
0.3205227553844452,  
0.320250540971756],  
'val_loss': [0.3207779824733734,  
0.32213592529296875,  
0.32246091961860657,  
0.3224393129348755,  
0.32229742407798767,  
0.32210609316825867,  
0.3218884766101837,  
0.32165205478668213,  
0.3214004635810852,  
0.3211328685283661,  
0.3208498954772949]}
```



In [80]: *# Compile model*

```
model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
```

executed in 7ms, finished 04:27:42 2022-04-25

```
In [81]: # Fit
# Stochastic Batching - set batch_size = 1

history = model.fit(
    train_generator,
    validation_data=validation_generator,
    batch_size = 1, epochs = 20,
    callbacks=[EarlyStopping(patience=10, restore_best_weights=True, verbose
)
```

executed in 20m 20s, finished 04:48:02 2022-04-25

```
Epoch 1/20
13/13 [=====] - 60s 5s/step - loss: 2406.0525 -
val_loss: 0.3179
Epoch 2/20
13/13 [=====] - 55s 4s/step - loss: 0.3173 - val
_loss: 0.3180
Epoch 3/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3173 - val
_loss: 0.3179
Epoch 4/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3170 - val
_loss: 0.3176
Epoch 5/20
13/13 [=====] - 55s 4s/step - loss: 0.3167 - val
_loss: 0.3173
Epoch 6/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3164 - val
_loss: 0.3169
Epoch 7/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3160 - val
_loss: 0.3165
Epoch 8/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3156 - val
_loss: 0.3161
Epoch 9/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3151 - val
_loss: 0.3156
Epoch 10/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 8.9025 - val
_loss: 0.3140
Epoch 11/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3146 - val
_loss: 0.3152
Epoch 12/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3143 - val
_loss: 0.3148
Epoch 13/20
13/13 [=====] - 58s 4s/step - loss: 0.3139 - val
_loss: 0.3143
Epoch 14/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3133 - val
_loss: 0.3137
Epoch 15/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3127 - val
_loss: 0.3131
Epoch 16/20
```

```

13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3121 - val
_loss: 0.3125
Epoch 17/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3115 - val
_loss: 0.3118
Epoch 18/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3108 - val
_loss: 0.3111
Epoch 19/20
13/13 [=====] - 57s 4s/step - loss: 0.3101 - val
_loss: 0.3104
Epoch 20/20
13/13 [=====] - 56s 4s/step - loss: 0.3094 - val
_loss: 0.3097

```

In [82]: `model.summary()`

executed in 4ms, finished 04:48:02 2022-04-25

Model: "sequential\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 32)	896
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2)	(None, None, None, 32)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, None)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 32)	23417888
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 1)	33
=====		

Total params: 23,418,817

Trainable params: 23,418,817

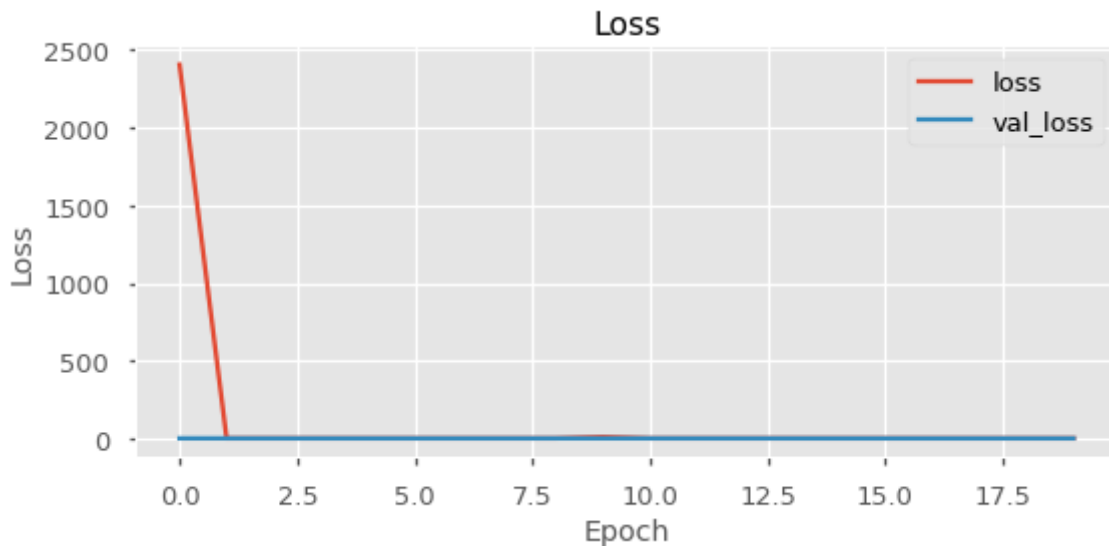
Non-trainable params: 0



In [83]: *# Plot model performance*

```
plot_history(history)
```

executed in 148ms, finished 04:48:02 2022-04-25



- ▼ **4.2.0.1 Result: Model 2 performed well, but not as well as Model 1 - loss: 0.3129 - val\_loss: 0.3134**

## ▼ 4.3 Model 3: Add Layers to Model 1

In [84]: *# Model 3: Add layers to Model 1*

```
model = Sequential()
model
```

executed in 5ms, finished 04:48:02 2022-04-25

Out[84]: <tensorflow.python.keras.engine.sequential.Sequential at 0x7fa960cdc850>

In [85]: *# Add layers*

```
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3)))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3)))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(16, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1))
```

executed in 10ms, finished 04:48:02 2022-04-25

In [86]: *# Compile model*

```
model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
```

executed in 7ms, finished 04:48:02 2022-04-25

In [87]: *# Fit*

```

history = model.fit(
    train_generator,
    validation_data=validation_generator,
    batch_size = 38, epochs = 20,
    callbacks=[EarlyStopping(patience=10, restore_best_weights=True, verbose
)

```

executed in 21m 53s, finished 05:09:55 2022-04-25

```

Epoch 1/20
13/13 [=====] - 64s 5s/step - loss: 165.8644 - v
al_loss: 1.9738
Epoch 2/20
13/13 [=====] - 60s 5s/step - loss: 5.0880 - val
_loss: 1.6918
Epoch 3/20
13/13 [=====] - 60s 5s/step - loss: 0.7915 - val
_loss: 0.2961
Epoch 4/20
13/13 [=====] - 60s 5s/step - loss: 0.1792 - val
_loss: 0.0650
Epoch 5/20
13/13 [=====] - 62s 5s/step - loss: 0.0594 - val
_loss: 0.0489
Epoch 6/20
13/13 [=====] - 58s 4s/step - loss: 0.0364 - val
_loss: 0.0223
Epoch 7/20
13/13 [=====] - 59s 5s/step - loss: 0.0271 - val
_loss: 0.0225
Epoch 8/20
13/13 [=====] - 59s 5s/step - loss: 0.0263 - val
_loss: 0.0208
Epoch 9/20
13/13 [=====] - 61s 5s/step - loss: 0.0256 - val
_loss: 0.0224
Epoch 10/20
13/13 [=====] - 61s 5s/step - loss: 0.0263 - val
_loss: 0.0281
Epoch 11/20
13/13 [=====] - 61s 5s/step - loss: 0.0243 - val
_loss: 0.0209
Epoch 12/20
13/13 [=====] - 62s 5s/step - loss: 0.0231 - val
_loss: 0.0208
Epoch 13/20
13/13 [=====] - 60s 5s/step - loss: 0.0224 - val
_loss: 0.0204
Epoch 14/20
13/13 [=====] - 62s 5s/step - loss: 0.0223 - val
_loss: 0.0240
Epoch 15/20
13/13 [=====] - 61s 5s/step - loss: 0.0254 - val
_loss: 0.0222
Epoch 16/20

```

```

13/13 [=====] - 61s 5s/step - loss: 0.0229 - val
_loss: 0.0231
Epoch 17/20
13/13 [=====] - 61s 5s/step - loss: 0.0249 - val
_loss: 0.0198
Epoch 18/20
13/13 [=====] - 61s 5s/step - loss: 0.0228 - val
_loss: 0.0202
Epoch 19/20
13/13 [=====] - 61s 5s/step - loss: 0.0222 - val
_loss: 0.0284
Epoch 20/20
13/13 [=====] - 61s 5s/step - loss: 0.0214 - val
_loss: 0.0183

```

In [88]: *# Show model summary*

```
model.summary()
```

executed in 5ms, finished 05:09:55 2022-04-25

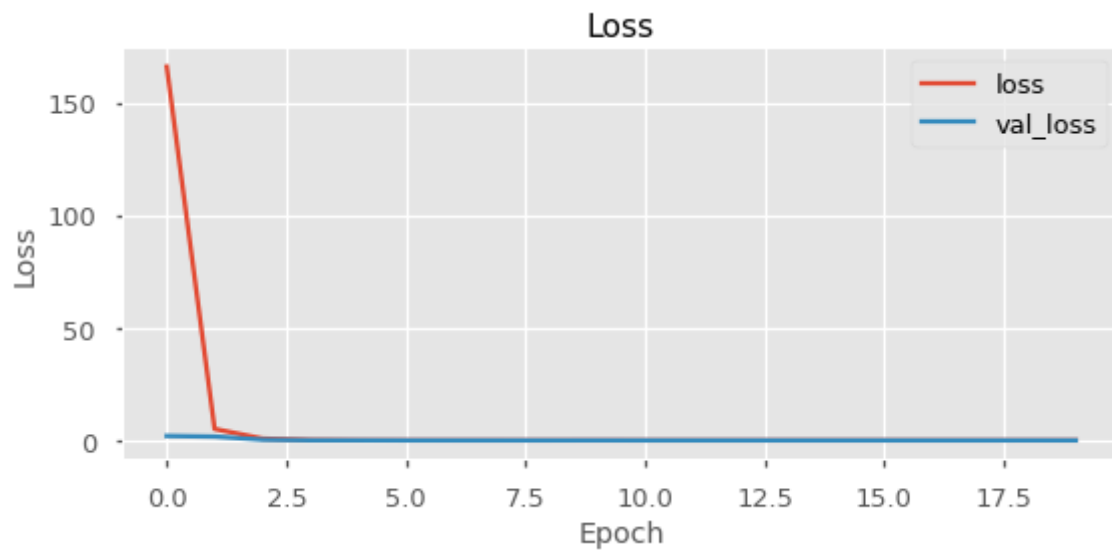
Model: "sequential\_2"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 32)	896
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 32)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	0
flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None, None)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 32)	11237408
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 1)	17
=====		
Total params: 11,257,345		
Trainable params: 11,257,345		
Non-trainable params: 0		

```
In [89]: # Plot model performance
```

```
plot_history(history)
```

executed in 155ms, finished 05:09:55 2022-04-25



```
In [90]: predictions = model.predict(test_generator)
predictions
```

executed in 18.1s, finished 05:10:13 2022-04-25

```
[0.62244004],
[0.69405574],
[0.58017415],
[0.7155883 ],
[0.70632714],
[0.42758626],
[0.7023608 ],
[0.69284886],
[0.81344    ],
[0.6660697 ],
[0.54509133],
[0.62314004],
[0.46179456],
[0.74131984],
[0.7047555 ],
[0.7825548 ],
[0.545778   ],
[0.83171815],
[0.61733407],
[0.6028452 ]
```

- ▼ **4.3.0.1 Result: Model 3 performed better than Model 2, but not as well as Model 1 - loss: 0.0287 - val\_loss: 0.0259**

## # Evaluation and Conclusions

\* All three Sequential Models performed well, and we feel most confident with Model 3

\* With Model 3's RMSE (root mean squared error) = loss: 0.0214 - val\_loss: 0.0183, our model shows it will be a strong predictor of "danceability" of songs

\* We will use the same approach in our Future Work with other metrics in the dataset

## 5 Evaluation and Conclusions

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- With Model 3's RMSE (root mean squared error) = loss: 0.0214 - val\_loss: 0.0183, our model shows it will be a strong predictor of "danceability" of songs
- We will use the same approach in our Future Work with other metrics in the dataset

## # FUTURE WORK

\* Run models for all remaining metrics for Disco Duo

\* Remaining metrics:

1. Energy
2. Speechiness
3. Acousticness
4. Instrumentalness

5. Liveness

6. Valence

\* Build platform to connect users listening to the same song and apply Disco Duo

## 6 FUTURE WORK

- Run models for all remaining metrics for Disco Duo
- Remaining metrics:
  1. Energy
  2. Speechiness
  3. Acousticness
  4. Instrumentalness
  5. Liveness
  6. Valence
- Build platform to connect users listening to the same song and apply Disco Duo



### 6.1 Appendix



### 6.2 Appendix - Part I

AudioSegment from pydub

```
In [91]: import pydub
import numpy as np

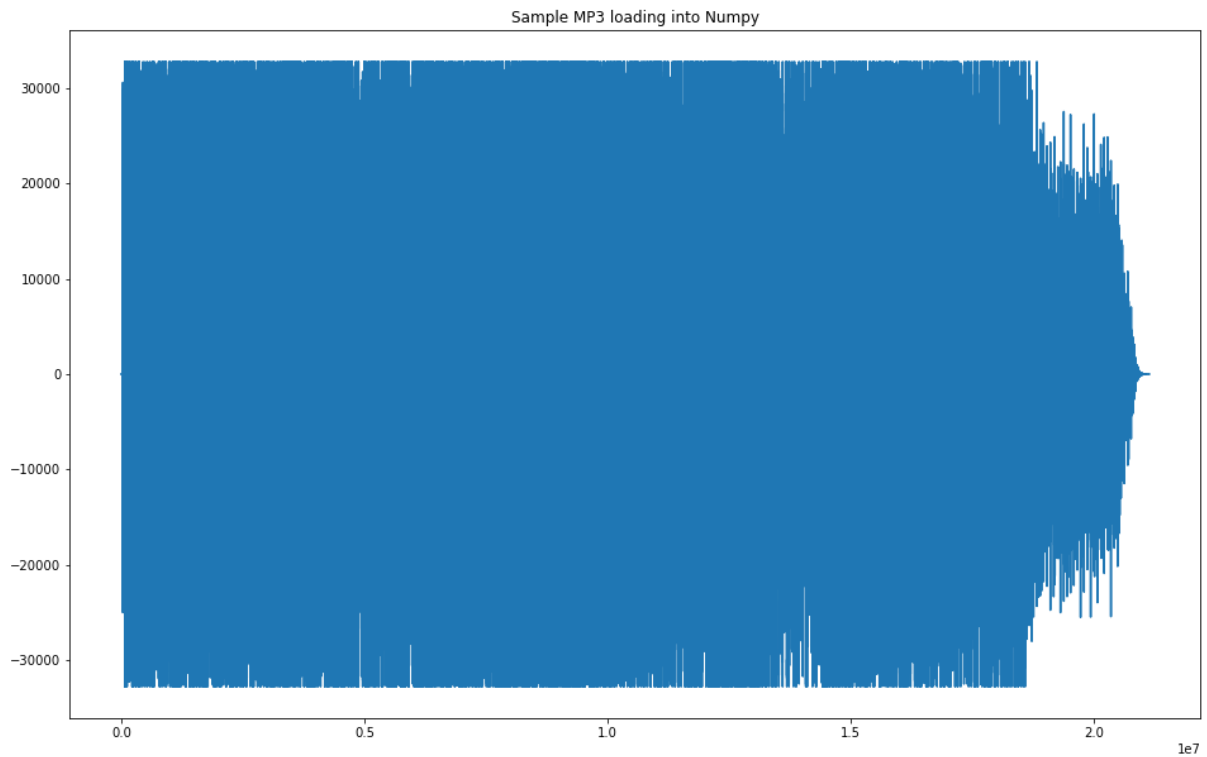
def read(f, normalized=False):
    """MP3 to numpy array"""
    a = pydub.AudioSegment.from_mp3(f)
    y = np.array(a.get_array_of_samples())
    if a.channels == 2:
        y = y.reshape((-1, 2))
    if normalized:
        return a.frame_rate, np.float32(y) / 2**15
    else:
        return a.frame_rate, y

def write(f, sr, x, normalized=False):
    """numpy array to MP3"""
    channels = 2 if (x.ndim == 2 and x.shape[1] == 2) else 1
    if normalized: # normalized array - each item should be a float in [-1
        y = np.int16(x * 2 ** 15)
    else:
        y = np.int16(x)
    song = pydub.AudioSegment(y.tobytes(), frame_rate=sr, sample_width=2, c
    song.export(f, format="mp3", bitrate="320k")

audio_file = 'Song_Data/Sade - No Ordinary Love.mp3'
sr, x = read(audio_file)

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(16,10))
plt.plot(x, color='tab:blue')
plt.title("Sample MP3 loading into Numpy")
plt.show()
```

executed in 6.08s, finished 05:10:19 2022-04-25



```
In [92]: sade_song = AudioSegment.from_mp3("Song_Data/Sade - No Ordinary Love.mp3")
```

```
sade_song[:100_000]
```

executed in 2.69s, finished 05:10:22 2022-04-25

Out[92]:

1:40 / 1:40

```
In [93]: kansas_song = AudioSegment.from_mp3("Song_Data/Kansas - Power.mp3")
```

```
kansas_song[:100_000]
```

executed in 2.41s, finished 05:10:24 2022-04-25

Out[93]:

0:00 / 1:40

```
In [94]: kiiara_song = AudioSegment.from_mp3("Song_Data/Kiiara - Gold.mp3")
```

```
kiiara_song[:100_000]
```

executed in 2.33s, finished 05:10:27 2022-04-25

Out[94]:

0:00 / 1:40

```
In [95]: type(sade_song)
```

executed in 4ms, finished 05:10:27 2022-04-25

Out[95]: pydub.audio\_segment.AudioSegment



```
In [96]: np.array(sade_song.get_array_of_samples()).reshape((-1,2))
```

executed in 94ms, finished 05:10:27 2022-04-25

```
Out[96]: array([[0, 0],
               [0, 0],
               [0, 0],
               ...,
               [0, 0],
               [0, 0],
               [0, 0]], dtype=int16)
```

```
In [97]: sr, x = read('Song_Data/Sade - No Ordinary Love.mp3')
         x.shape
```

executed in 998ms, finished 05:10:28 2022-04-25

```
Out[97]: (21142400, 2)
```

```
In [98]: x
```

executed in 3ms, finished 05:10:28 2022-04-25

```
Out[98]: array([[0, 0],
               [0, 0],
               [0, 0],
               ...,
               [0, 0],
               [0, 0],
               [0, 0]], dtype=int16)
```

## ▼ 6.3 Appendix - Part II

Reference code

```
In [99]: # LIBROSA
```

```
# 1. Get the file path to an included audio example
# filename = librosa.example('nutcracker')
audio_file = 'Song_Data/Sade - No Ordinary Love.mp3'
```

```
# 2. Load the audio as a waveform `y`
# Store the sampling rate as `sr`
# signal, sr = librosa.load(filename)
```

```
signal, sr = librosa.load(audio_file)
```

executed in 15.0s, finished 05:10:43 2022-04-25

```
/Users/v/opt/anaconda3/envs/learn-env/lib/python3.8/site-packages/librosa
a/util/decorators.py:88: UserWarning: PySoundFile failed. Trying audioread
instead.
```

```
    return f(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
In [100]: #audio_file = 'Song_Data/Sade - No Ordinary Love.mp3'
          #sr, x = read(audio_file)
```

executed in 1ms, finished 05:10:43 2022-04-25

```
In [101]: #signal, sr = librosa.load(fpath, sr=SAMPLE_RATE)
```

executed in 1ms, finished 05:10:43 2022-04-25

```
In [102]: # # Defining our target folder and constant variables

# # Please define a filepath you want to save the virufy mel-spectrogram in
# # in the variable 'melspectro_base'
# melspectro_base = ensure_filepath('/viru_melspectro_images/')

# SAMPLE_RATE = 48000
# HOP_LENGTH = 256
# N_FFT = 2048
# N_MELS = 256
# REF = np.max

# mel_signal = librosa.feature.melspectrogram(y=signal, sr=SAMPLE_RATE,
#                                             hop_length=HOP_LENGTH,
#                                             n_fft=N_FFT, n_mels=N_MEL
# power_to_db = librosa.power_to_db(mel_signal, ref=REF)
#     # Creating figure
# fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
# ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
#     # Hiding axes and image frame
# ax.axes.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
# ax.axes.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
# ax.set_frame_on(False)

#     # Displaying our spectrograms
# librosa.display.specshow(power_to_db, sr=SAMPLE_RATE, cmap='magma', hop_l

#     # Saving each spectrogram into its respective folder
#     # subfile[:-4] is a string of the subfile without the ending extensio
#     # We add the '.png' extension to the end of our new spectrogram image
# plt.savefig(fname=new_folder + subfile[:-4] + '.png', dpi=400,
#             bbox_inches='tight',pad_inches=0)

#     # We then manually close pyplot, clear the figure, close the fig vari
#     # and then close the figure window
# plt.close()
# fig.clf()
# plt.close(fig)
# plt.close('all')
```

executed in 2ms, finished 05:10:43 2022-04-25

```
In [103]: # history = model.fit(
#         train_generator,
#         validation_data=validation_generator,
#         batch_size = 38, epochs = 100,
#         callbacks=[EarlyStopping(patience=10, restore_best_weights=True, verb
# )
```

executed in 2ms, finished 05:10:43 2022-04-25

```
In [104]: # model.fit(train_generator, batch_size = 38, epochs = 10, validation_split
```

executed in 1ms, finished 05:10:43 2022-04-25

```
In [105]: # x - full batch
# stochastic
# add regularizers
# add dropouts
# reduce dropouts if necessary

# gitignore for songs
```

executed in 1ms, finished 05:10:43 2022-04-25