# Active Learning for Drug Selection on Identified Target Protein

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### 1 Introduction

In this project, we explore three datasets of different noise level, for identification compounds, or drugs that bind to specific target protein associated with disease. We use DHM as our active learning strategy to determine when to query the Oracle, and SVM to train our model on the oracle-obtained as well as inferred labels.

## 2 METHODS

#### 2.1 BASE LEARNER STRATEGY

#### TODO: DHM

- · why chosen
- any modifications/source?

#### 2.2 Classifier Strategy

#### **TODO:** SVM

- · why chosen
- any modifications/source?

# 3 RESULTS

### **3.1** EASY

**TODO:** error curve (Traint,test) **TODO:** fl score curve (train, test)

**TODO:** error / num calls to oracle (train, test)

### 3.2 Moderate

**TODO:** error curve (Traint,test) **TODO:** fl score curve (train, test)

**TODO:** error / num calls to oracle (train, test)

#### 3.3 DIFFICULT

**TODO:** error curve (Traint,test) **TODO:** fl score curve (train, test)

**TODO:** error / num calls to oracle (train, test)

## 4 CONCLUSION

**TODO:** briefly summarize

## REFERENCES

- [1] S. Dasgupta, D. Hsu, C. Monteleoni, *A general agnostic active learning algorithm*, NIPS, 2008
- [2] S. Dasgupta, *Two faces of active learning*, http://cseweb.ucsd.edu/~dasgupta/papers/, 2010