

SQL Coding Challenge – Crime Management

1. Create Database.

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE CrimeManagement;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
```

```
mysql> USE CrimeManagement;  
Database changed
```

2. Create Tables.

Crime:

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Crime (  
    -> CrimeID INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    -> IncidentType VARCHAR(255),  
    -> IncidentDate DATE,  
    -> Location VARCHAR(255),  
    -> Description TEXT,  
    -> Status VARCHAR(20)  
    -> );  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
```

Victim:

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Victim (  
    -> VictimID INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    -> CrimeID INT,  
    -> Name VARCHAR(255),  
    -> ContactInfo VARCHAR(255),  
    -> Injuries VARCHAR(255),  
    -> FOREIGN KEY (CrimeID) REFERENCES Crime(CrimeID)  
    -> );  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
```

Suspect:

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Suspect (  
    -> SuspectID INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    -> CrimeID INT,  
    -> Name VARCHAR(255),  
    -> Description TEXT,  
    -> CriminalHistory TEXT,  
    -> FOREIGN KEY (CrimeID) REFERENCES Crime(CrimeID)  
    -> );  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
```

3. Insert Sample Records into tables.

Crime:

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Crime (CrimeID, IncidentType, IncidentDate, Location, Description, Status) VALUES  
    -> (1, 'Robbery', '2023-09-15', '123 Main St, Cityville', 'Armed robbery at a convenience store', 'Open'),  
    -> (2, 'Homicide', '2023-09-20', '456 Elm St, Townsville', 'Investigation into a murder case', 'Under Investigation'),  
    -> (3, 'Theft', '2023-09-10', '789 Oak St, Villagetown', 'Shoplifting incident at a mall', 'Closed');  
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)  
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Victim:

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Victim (VictimID, CrimeID, Name, ContactInfo, Injuries) VALUES  
    -> (1, 1, 'John Doe', 'johndoe@example.com', 'Minor injuries'),  
    -> (2, 2, 'Jane Smith', 'janesmith@example.com', 'Deceased'),  
    -> (3, 3, 'Alice Johnson', 'alicejohnson@example.com', 'None');  
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)  
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Suspect:

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Suspect (SuspectID, CrimeID, Name, Description, CriminalHistory) VALUES  
    -> (1, 1, 'Robber 1', 'Armed and masked robber', 'Previous robbery convictions'),  
    -> (2, 2, 'Unknown', 'Investigation ongoing', NULL),  
    -> (3, 3, 'Suspect 1', 'Shoplifting suspect', 'Prior shoplifting arrests');  
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)  
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Tasks:

1. Select all open incidents.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Crime WHERE Status = 'Open';
```

CrimeID	IncidentType	IncidentDate	Location	Description	Status
1	Robbery	2023-09-15	123 Main St, Cityville	Armed robbery at a convenience store	Open

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

2. Find the total number of incidents.

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) AS TotalIncidents FROM Crime;
```

TotalIncidents
3

```
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```

3. List all unique incident types.

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT IncidentType FROM Crime;
```

IncidentType
Robbery
Homicide
Theft

```
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4. Retrieve incidents that occurred between '2023-09-01' and '2023-09-10'.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Crime WHERE IncidentDate BETWEEN '2023-09-01' AND '2023-09-10';
```

CrimeID	IncidentType	IncidentDate	Location	Description	Status
3	Theft	2023-09-10	789 Oak St, Villagetown	Shoplifting incident at a mall	Closed

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

5. List persons involved in incidents in descending order of age.

```
mysql> SELECT Name, Age FROM Victim
-> UNION
-> SELECT Name, Age FROM Suspect
-> ORDER BY Age DESC;
```

Name	Age
Alice Johnson	55
Suspect 1	50
Jane Smith	45
Unknown	40
John Doe	35
Robber 1	30

```
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Find the average age of persons involved in incidents.

```
mysql> SELECT AVG(Age) AS AverageAge FROM (
  ->     SELECT Age FROM Victim
  ->     UNION
  ->     SELECT Age FROM Suspect
  -> ) AS AllAges;

+-----+
| AverageAge |
+-----+
|    42.5000 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

7. List incident types and their counts, only for open cases.

```
mysql> SELECT IncidentType, COUNT(*) AS IncidentCount FROM Crime WHERE Status = 'Open' GROUP BY IncidentType;

+-----+-----+
| IncidentType | IncidentCount |
+-----+-----+
| Robbery      | 1             |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

8. Find persons with names containing 'Doe'.

```
mysql> SELECT Name FROM Victim WHERE Name LIKE '%Doe%'
  -> UNION
  -> SELECT Name FROM Suspect WHERE Name LIKE '%Doe%';

+-----+
| Name      |
+-----+
| John Doe  |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Retrieve the names of persons involved in open cases and closed cases.

```
mysql> SELECT Name FROM Victim WHERE CrimeID IN (SELECT CrimeID FROM Crime WHERE Status = 'Open')
  -> UNION
  -> SELECT Name FROM Suspect WHERE CrimeID IN (SELECT CrimeID FROM Crime WHERE Status = 'Open')
  -> UNION
  -> SELECT Name FROM Victim WHERE CrimeID IN (SELECT CrimeID FROM Crime WHERE Status = 'Closed')
  -> UNION
  -> SELECT Name FROM Suspect WHERE CrimeID IN (SELECT CrimeID FROM Crime WHERE Status = 'Closed');

+-----+
| Name      |
+-----+
| John Doe   |
| Robber 1   |
| Alice Johnson |
| Suspect 1  |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

10. List incident types where there are persons aged 30 or 35 involved.

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT C.IncidentType from Crime C
  -> LEFT JOIN Victim V on V.CrimeID=C.CrimeID
  -> where V.age=30 or V.age=35 ;

+-----+
| IncidentType |
+-----+
| Robbery      |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

11. Find persons involved in incidents of the same type as 'Robbery'.

```
mysql> SELECT Name
-> FROM Victim
-> WHERE CrimeID IN (SELECT CrimeID FROM Crime WHERE IncidentType = 'Robbery')
-> UNION
-> SELECT Name
-> FROM Suspect
-> WHERE CrimeID IN (SELECT CrimeID FROM Crime WHERE IncidentType = 'Robbery');
+-----+
| Name |
+-----+
| John Doe |
| Robber 1 |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

12. List incident types with more than one open case.

```
mysql> SELECT IncidentType, COUNT(*) AS OpenCases
-> FROM Crime
-> WHERE Status = 'Open'
-> GROUP BY IncidentType
-> HAVING COUNT(*) > 1;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

13. List all incidents with suspects whose names also appear as victims in other incidents.

```
mysql> SELECT C.*, V.Name AS VictimName, S.Name AS SuspectName
-> FROM Crime C
-> JOIN Victim V ON C.CrimeID = V.CrimeID
-> JOIN Suspect S ON C.CrimeID = S.CrimeID AND V.Name = S.Name;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

14. Retrieve all incidents along with victim and suspect details.

```
mysql> SELECT C.*, V.Name AS VictimName, V.ContactInfo, V.Injuries, S.Name AS SuspectName, S.Description AS SuspectDescription, S.CriminalHistory
-> FROM Crime C
-> LEFT JOIN Victim V ON C.CrimeID = V.CrimeID
-> LEFT JOIN Suspect S ON C.CrimeID = S.CrimeID;
```

CrimeID	IncidentType	IncidentDate	Location	Description	Status	VictimName	ContactInfo	Injuries	SuspectName	SuspectDescription	CriminalHistory
1	Robbery	2023-09-15	123 Main St, Cityville	Armed robbery at a convenience store	Open	John Doe	johndoe@example.com	Minor injuries	Robber 1	Armed and masked robber	Previous robbery convictions
2	Homicide	2023-09-20	456 Elm St, Townsville	Investigation into a murder case	Under Investigation	Jane Smith	janesmith@example.com	Deceased	Unknown	Investigation ongoing	N/A
3	Theft	2023-09-10	789 Oak St, Villageton	Shoplifting incident at a mall	Closed	Alice Johnson	alicejohnson@example.com	None	Suspect 1	Shoplifting suspect	Prior shoplifting arrests

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

15. Find incidents where the suspect is older than any victim.

```
mysql> SELECT C.*
-> FROM Crime C
-> JOIN Suspect S ON C.CrimeID = S.CrimeID
-> WHERE S.Age > ANY (SELECT Age FROM Victim WHERE CrimeID = C.CrimeID);
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

16. Find suspects involved in multiple incidents:

```
mysql> SELECT SuspectID, Name, COUNT(CrimeID) AS IncidentCount
-> FROM Suspect
-> GROUP BY SuspectID, Name
-> HAVING COUNT(CrimeID) > 1;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

17. List incidents with no suspects involved.

```
mysql> SELECT C.*
-> FROM Crime C
-> LEFT JOIN Suspect S ON C.CrimeID = S.CrimeID
-> WHERE S.Name = 'Unknown';
```

CrimeID	IncidentType	IncidentDate	Location	Description	Status
2	Homicide	2023-09-20	456 Elm St, Townsville	Investigation into a murder case	Under Investigation

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

18. List all cases where at least one incident is of type 'Homicide' and all other incidents are of type 'Robbery'.

```
mysql> SELECT C.*
-> FROM Crime C
-> WHERE IncidentType = 'Homicide'
-> AND NOT EXISTS (
->   SELECT 1
->   FROM Crime C2
->   WHERE C.CrimeID <> C2.CrimeID AND C2.IncidentType <> 'Robbery'
-> );
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

19. Retrieve a list of all incidents and the associated suspects, showing suspects for each incident, or 'No Suspect' if there are none.

```
mysql> SELECT c.CrimeID, c.IncidentType, COALESCE(s.Name, 'No Suspect') AS SuspectName
-> FROM Crime c JOIN Suspect s ON c.CrimeID = s.CrimeID;
+-----+-----+-----+
| CrimeID | IncidentType | SuspectName |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | Robbery | Robber 1 |
| 2 | Homicide | Unknown |
| 3 | Theft | Suspect 1 |
+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

20. List all suspects who have been involved in incidents with incident types 'Robbery' or 'Assault'.

```
mysql> SELECT s.SuspectID, s.Name FROM Suspect s JOIN Crime c ON s.CrimeID = c.CrimeID
-> WHERE c.IncidentType IN ('Robbery', 'Assault');
+-----+-----+
| SuspectID | Name |
+-----+-----+
| 1 | Robber 1 |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```