

; Seminar work ¿

University of Applied Science - Online

Study-branch: PLEASE ADAPT ALL ASPECTS TO MATCH REQUIREMENTS

;THIS IS THE TITLE TO BE ADAPTED;

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realized in....

Advisor: ¡Advisor;

Realized with input of the Parameter Generator: ¡Signature-Hash; $\Omega \longrightarrow R^2$

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I List of Figures

II List of Tables

III Abbreviations

AFL American Fuzzy Lop

API Application Programming Interface

BIOS Basic Input/Output System

Brick Binary Run-time Integer Based Vulnerability Checker

CaaS Container as a Service
 CAB Change Advisory Board
 CE Community Edition
 CI Continuous Integration

CLI Command Line Interface

CNCF Cloud Native Computing Foundation

CRED C Range Error Detector

Dev Development, the development team

1 Latex

1.1 Tools

MiKTeX: https://miktex.org/download TeXLive: http://tug.org/texlive/ (or alternative LaTeX-systems).

A good editor is essential. Sometimes combined editors and compilers (e.g. TeXShop) can be really productive. Make sure you learn the use of synchronized navigation then.

A vector graphic is one where strokes remain strokes even at the highest resolutions: e.g. the Figure 1 or the Logo on the Titelblatt (notice: you can click from here to there). Many tools generate vector-graphics for plots from any data-set. E.g. Plotly (with the use of the Browser-Print), MatPlotLib or even OpenOffice, LibreOffice or MS-Excel.

1.2 Literature References

Here is an example of a reference with a page-number: (?, S. 6)

1.3 Pictures

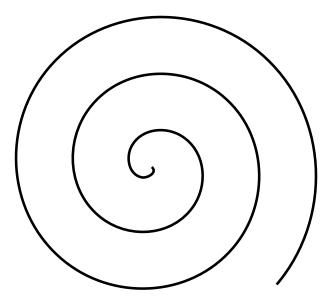


Figure 1: A spiral... smooth vector-based with a clean parametrisation!

Nothing to do with ?

1.4 Tables

| " Industrial era " | "Jobs" | "Wanted: Upgrade" |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Parts exchanger | Fitter | mecatronics special- |
| | | ist |
| eShop | reseller | "Client-suggester" |
| "Coding-guru" | Softwaredesign | Whole-life designer |
| JA! Gut & Günstig | brand-names | "Life-Style Feeling" |
| Internetbanking | Bank clerk | Customer adviser |
| Robots | Specialist | Machine supervisor |
| Bush | Gardener | Nature-sculptor |
| Painting | Painter | Interior Design |
| - | | |

Table 1: Downgrade and Upgrade of job denominations

1.5 Listes

- one
- twoi
- threei
- 1. first
- 2. second
- 3. third

1.6 Formulæ

A formula can be written inline, e.g. as $\frac{d}{dx} \arctan(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$ or, in centered math:

$$\frac{d}{dx}\arctan(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2} \tag{1.1}$$

Notice that formulæ that are centered start bigger (technically, they start in \displaystyle) than they start inline (technically, they start in \textstyle all subsequents reductions, e.g. an exponent, goes to \scriptstyle then \scriptscriptstyle). Indeed a best effort is made so that inline formulæ do not change the line height which would bother the eye of a reader.

Formulæ can be given a number and a label. Numbering happens automatically with \begin{equation} and \end{equation} and can be avoided if enclosing the formula betwee \[and \]. If using the \label macro inside, you can refer automatically to this equation using \ref{label}. E.g. Thanks to equation 1.1 one dare say that:

$$\int_0^t \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx = \arctan(t) \tag{1.2}$$

1.7 Tools and Code

Many users of this template will want to include some code.

The simplest way to do so is to use the \verb macro which is followed by a sign, then some code, then the sign again to close. This is the inline version which works as in:

As we could calculate with \cite{Wolfram_alpha} using \verb_integrate 1 / pi e ^ (t/pi) from zero to infinity_.

which yields:

As we could calculate with ? using integrate 1 / pi e ^ (t/pi) from zero to infinity. The multiline version of this is called \begin{verbatim} and finishes with \end{verbatim}.

1.8 Citation examples

Monography (?, S. 22) Collection (?) Article (?)



Eidesstattliche Erklärung

| I hereby certify | |
|---|-----------|
| | |
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| • | |
| Place, date | Signature |