## 1) Download VS code

Create new folder > new file with .py > it will ask to install python extension

OR Extensions in left panel> type python > select first python intellisense extension

To stop the server CTRL+C

2) Go to Terminal > pip install django

You many need to set path or Edit the EV as you did in Java

### **CREATE PROGRAM**

1) django-admin startproject projectnamehere

cd yourProjectFolderName

python manage.py runserver

CRTL + C to stop the server

2) (you are in your projectFolder)

django-admin startapp appName

- 3) Go to project's setting file>add your app in installed\_apps
- 4) Then go to project> urls file > import include > path(",include(appName.urls))
- 5) copy project urls file to app>urls file>from . views import yourViewFunctionName

in urlpatterns,
path('urlName',viewFunctionName,name='viewFunctionN
ame')

### python manag.py runserver

### **STEPS:**

- 1)create project using command
- 2)create app using command
- 3) register app in project>urls>installed\_apps
- 4)include url to your app, go to project>urls>include url to your app
- 5)include url to view function, go to app>urls>include url to view function
- 6)run server

To have more urls/view functions in one view.py file, just update app>urls like

path('urlName',viewFunction,name='viewFunction')

### **DATABASE:**

- 1) go to Terminal>pip install mysqlclient
- 2) update project>settings.py, change your database connection details
- 3) update app>models.py > from django.db import models
- 4) create class <modelName> with class Meta:
- 5) Now in terminal, go to your project folder
- 6) go to terminal>python manage.py makemigrations appName
- 7) go to terminal>python manage.py migrate appName

# **MODEL** in Django

A model is a class that represents table in our DB, and where every attribute of the class is a field of the table. Models are defined in the app/models.py

## Creating a Model

Following is a Dreamreal model created as an example –

```
from django.db import models

class Dreamreal(models.Model):

   website = models.CharField(max_length = 50)
   mail = models.CharField(max_length = 50)
   name = models.CharField(max_length = 50)
```

```
phonenumber = models.IntegerField()

class Meta:
   db_table = "dreamreal"
```

Every model inherits from django.db.models.Model.

Our class has 4 attributes (3 CharField and 1 Integer), those will be the table fields.

The Meta class with the db\_table attribute lets us define the actual table name. Django names the table automatically: myapp\_modelName. This class will let you force the name of the table to what you like.

### Manipulating Data (CRUD)

Let's create a "crudops" view to see how we can do CRUD operations on models. Our myapp/views.py will then look like —

### myapp/views.py

```
res += elt.name+"<br>"
   #Read a specific entry or row
   sorex = Dreamreal.objects.get(name = "sorex")
   res += 'Printing One entry <br>'
   res += sorex.name
  #Delete an entry
   res += '<br> Deleting an entry <br>'
   sorex.delete()
   #Update row
  dreamreal = Dreamreal(
      website = "www.polo.com", mail =
"sorex@polo.com",
     name = "sorex", phonenumber = "002376970"
  dreamreal.save()
   res += 'Updating entry<br>'
  dreamreal = Dreamreal.objects.get(name = 'sorex')
   dreamreal.name = 'thierry'
  dreamreal.save()
  return HttpResponse (res)
```

## Admin

Go to outer project folder> Run server python manage.py runserver > go to browser url localhost:8000/admin/

- python manage.py migrate
- py manage.py createsuperuser

- Register your database table or Model in Admin.py,
  - a) from .models import
    ModelName
  - b) App folder>admin.py>
     admin.site.register(ModelNa
     me)
     #here modelName is not a
     string

Now you can read, insert, update, delete rows in your database table from the Admin Console