Case Tools Lab assignment

197157 - CSE A

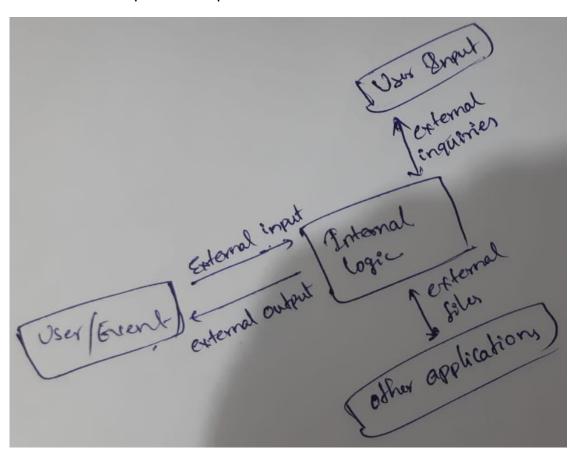
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- 1. Function Point Metric
- 2. Use Case point Metric

1. Function point metrics

Function point metric can be used effectively as a means for measuring the functionality delivered by a system

Function point components:



1. External Inputs:

- a. Username
- b. Password
- c. Email
- d. Login/Logout
- e. Choose a seller/Buyer
- f. Product Details
- g. Select Category
- h. Item to search

2. External Outputs:

- a. Dashboard
- b. Available items
- c. Order Items
- 3. External Inquiries:
 - a. Display the filtered items
 - b. Search items based on filter search
- 4. Internal Logic:
 - a. Login Page
- 5. External Logic:
 - a. Database

Information Domain Value	Count	Weight Factor	Count Total
External Input	8	Avg: 4	32
External Output	3	Avg: 5	15
Inquiries	2	Avg: 4	8
Internal Logic	1	Simple: 7	7
External	1	Complex: 10	10
Interface			

Unadjusted Function points = 72

Value Adjustment Factors:

VAF	Value
F1- Data Communication	4
F3- Performance	4
F5- Transaction Role	3
F6- Online Data Entry	4
F7- EndUser Efficiency	4
F8- Online Update	3
F10- Reusability	4
F12- Operational Ease	3
F13- Multiple sites	3

Project Adjustment Factor = 32

Function Point:

FP = CountTotal x
$$(0.65+0.01 \text{ x VAF})$$

= $72 \times (0.65 + 0.32)$
FP = 69.84

2. Use Case Point Metric:

Use case points is a software estimation technique used to forecast the software size for software development projects

1. Unadjusted UseCase Weight

= 100

Use Case	No of Transactions	Weight
Classification		
Simple	1-3	5
Average	4 – 7	10
Complex	8+	15

Use Case	Transactions	Classification
Order an item	10	Complex-15
Modify the item	10	Complex-15
Cancel the order	10	Complex-15
Upload product and details	7	Average-10
Modify uploaded product details	7	Average-10
Cancel Product uploaded	8	Complex-15
Display all available items	6	Average-10
Update server	4	Average-10

UUCW = (TOTAL SIMPLE USE CASES*5) + (AVERAGE USECASES*10) + (COMPLEX USE CASES * 15) = $(0 \times 5) + (4 \times 10) + (4 \times 15)$

2. Unadjusted Actor Weight:

Actor	Type of Actor	Weight
Simple	External system that	1
	must interact with	
	the system using	
	well defined API	
	calls	
Average	Using standard	2
	communication	
	protocols within	
	databases and the	
	server and the	
	clients	
Complex	Human actor using a	3
	GUI application to	
	solve the issue	

Actor	Туре	Weight
Buyer	Average	2
Seller	Complex	3
Server/Manager	Average	2

UAW = (total simple actors*1) + (avg. actors*2) + (complex*3)
=
$$(0 \times 1) + (2 \times 2) + (1 \times 3)$$

= 7

3. Technical Complexity Factor

Factor	Weight	Assigned	Weight*Assigned
		Value	Value
T1	2	3	6
T2	1	5	5
T3	1	4	4
T4	1	3	3
T5	1	3	3
T6	0.5	5	2.5
T7	0.5	5	2.5
T8	2	5	10
T9	1	3	3
T10	1	2	2
T11	1	3	3
T12	1	1	1
T13	1	1	1

Total = 46

Technical complexity = 0.6 + (TF/100)

$$= 0.6 + 0.46 = 1.06$$

4. Environmental Complexity Factor

Factor	Weight	Assigned	Weight *
		Value	value
E1	1.5	3	4.5
E2	0.5	3	1.5
E3	1.0	3	3
E4	0.5	2	1
E5	1.0	3	3
E6	2.0	4	8
E7	-1.0	0	0
E8	-1.0	4	-4

Total = 17

$$ECF = 1.4 + (-0.03 \times EF)$$

= 1.4-0.03(17) = 0.89

Use Case Point:

UCP = (UUCW + UAW)
$$\times$$
 TCF \times ECF
= (100+7) \times 1.06 \times 0.89
= 100.94

If 26 man house per use case point will be used

Estimated effort = UCP x Hours/UCP =
$$100.94 \times 26$$