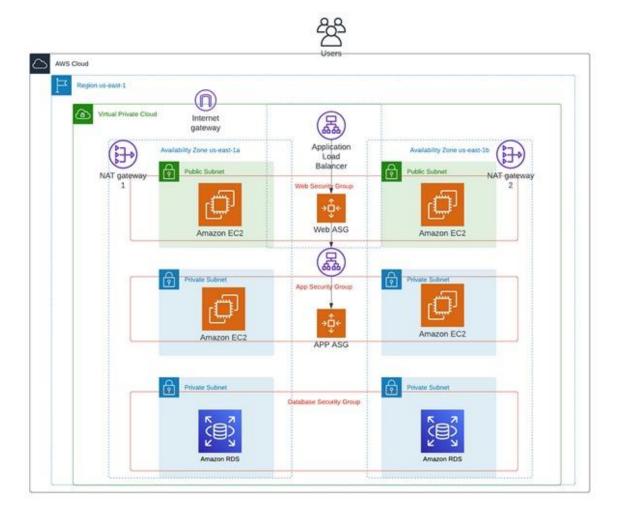
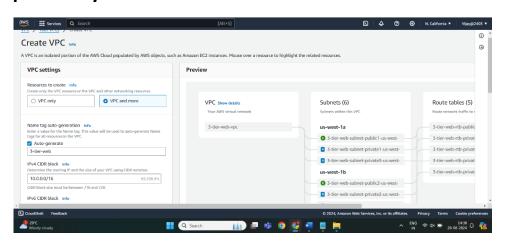
PROJECT-1

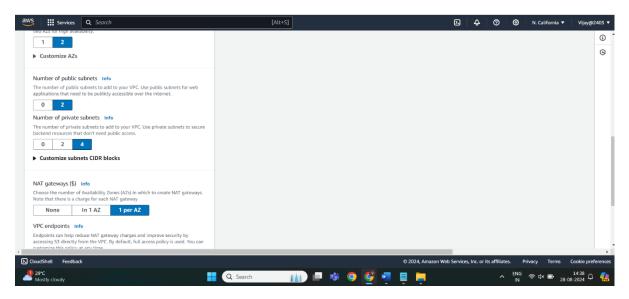
3-TIER ARCHITECTURE



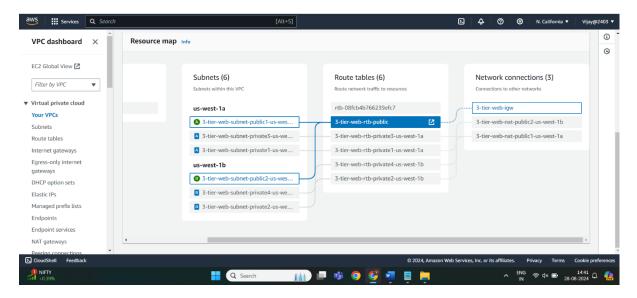
Go to VPC > Create VPC > Select VPC and more option. Then, keep the IPv4 CIDR block as 10.0.0.0/16 and click No for IPv6 CIDR block. Keep Tenancy as Default.



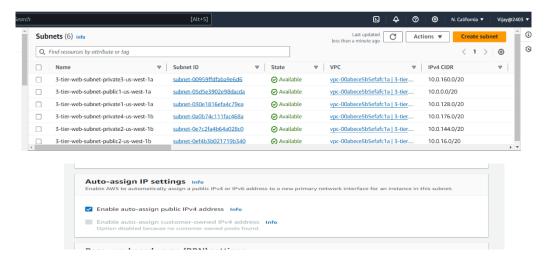
Select '2' Availability Zone and select the First availability zone as us-west-1a and the Second availability zone as us-west-1b. Enter the public and private subnet CIDR information as shown below. Choose 1 per AZ for NAT gateway and None for VPC endpoints. Enable DNS hostnames and DNS resolution. Click Create VPC button.



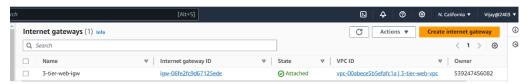
Once completed, click View VPC button. Now, we have a VPC, 2 public subnets, 4 private subnets, and 2 NAT gateways.



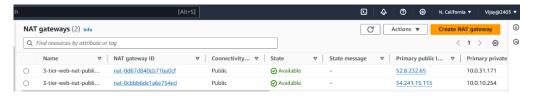
Go to VPC > Subnets > Select one of two public subnets and then click Actions menu button. Click Edit subnet settings. Enable autoassign public IPV4 address. Click Save button. Repeat step 6 for the other public subnet.



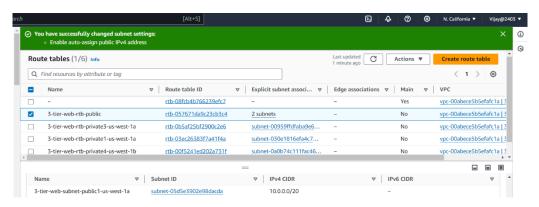
Navigate to Internet Gateway and confirm that Internet Gateway is attached to the VPC we just created.



Navigate to NAT gateways and confirm that two NAT gateways are created.

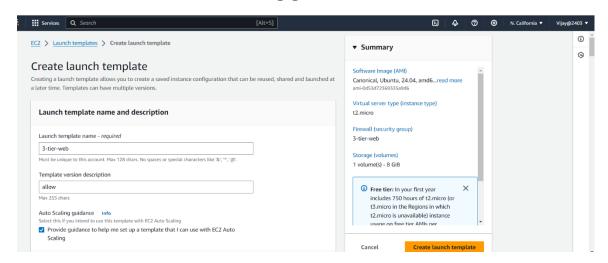


Navigate to public Route tables and confirm that both public subnets are explicitly associated. Confirmed that each private route table is explicitly associated with the private subnet.

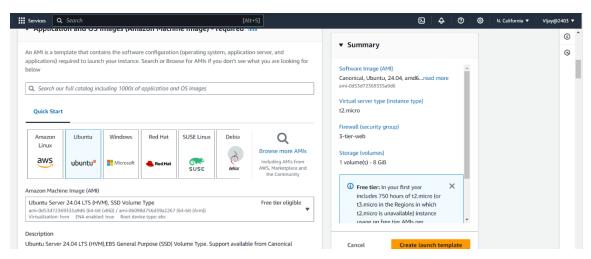


STEP-1: CREATE WEB TIER

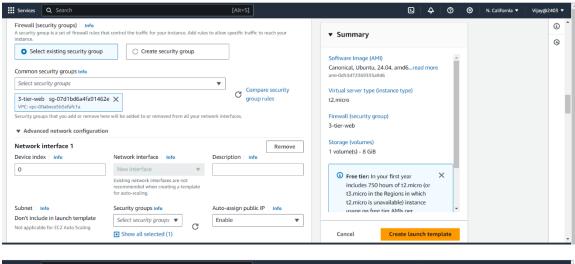
Go to EC2 > Launch Templates > Click Create launch template button. Give the launch template name and description. Check the box for Auto Scaling guidance.

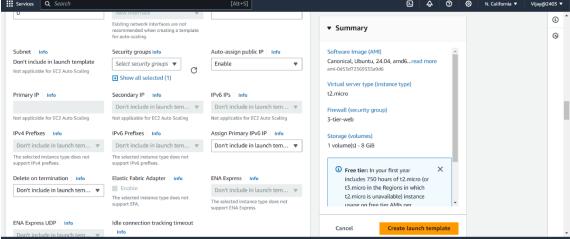


Select your AMI and the Instance type. I selected Ubuntu server 24.04 LTS and t2.micro Instance type.



Select security group and give it a name and choose the VPC we created in Part 1. Click Add Security Group Rules button and add rules to allow ports for ICMP, HTTP, and SSH as shown below. Under Advanced network configuration, enable Auto-assign public IP.





Scroll to the bottom and add below script to the User Data field.

#!/bin/bash

apt update -y

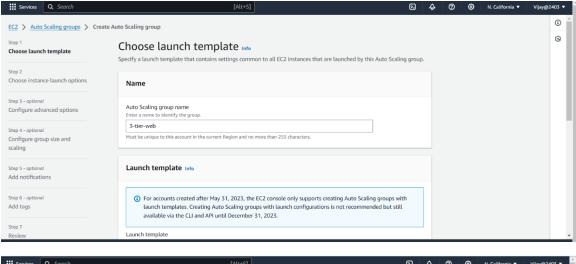
apt install apache2 -y

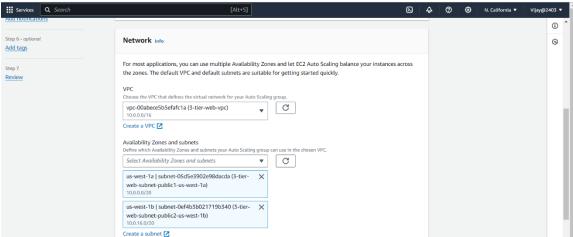
systemctl start apache2

echo "<center><h1>vijay</h1></center>" > var/www/html/index.html

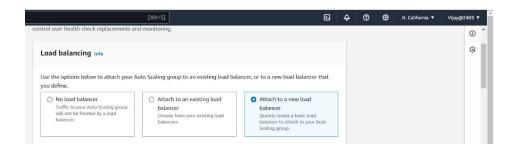
Click Create launch template button. Click View Launch template button.

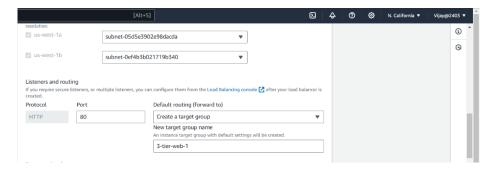
Go to EC2 >Auto Scaling Groups > Click Create Auto Scaling group and give the Auto Scaling group name.





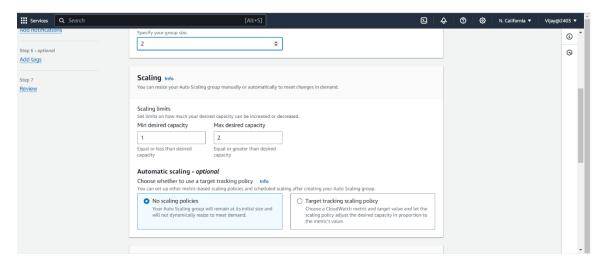
Now it's time to configure load balancer to distribute the traffic. Choose Attach a new load balancer. Choose Application Load Balancer type and make sure you select Internet-facing Load balancer scheme. Select Create a target group for Default routing. A new target group with default settings will be created.





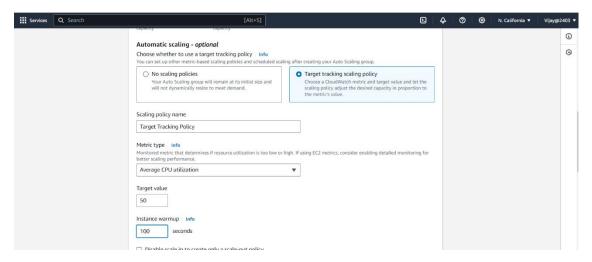
Health check is already enabled, and Enable group metrics collections with CloudWatch is already selected. Click Next button.

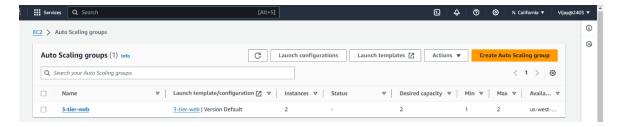
Specify the desired size of the Auto Scaling group.



Choose Target tracking scaling policy. Click Next button.

Click Next button again. On Review page, click Create Auto Scaling group.





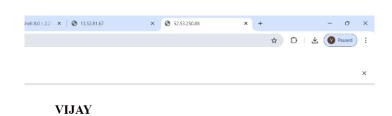
Go to EC2 > Load Balancers and confirm if it has been created successfully.



Go to EC2 and confirm if two EC2 instances are running. Yes, two EC2 instances are initializing. Go to a web Brower and enter the public IPv4 address. Yay! Success!



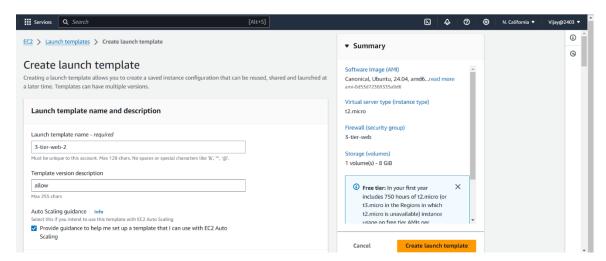
Instance-1



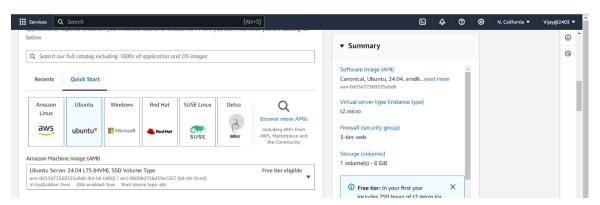
Instance-2

STEP-2: Create the App tier

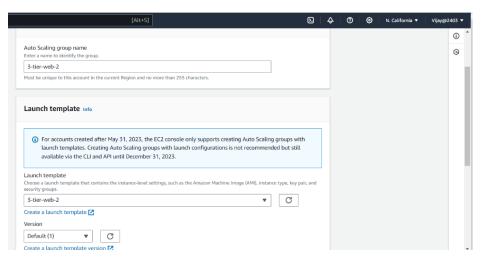
Go to EC2 > Launch templates > Click Create launch template button. Give the Launch template name and check for Auto Scaling guidance.



Select Ubuntu server 24.04 LTS and t2.micro Instance type.

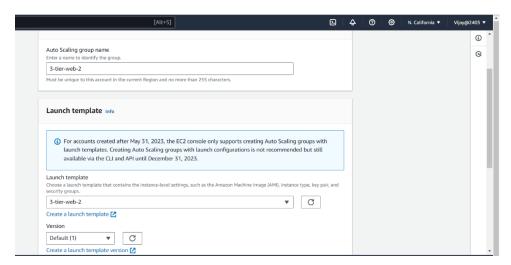


Select the Key pair you already have.

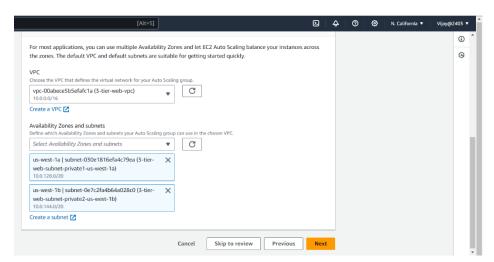


Under Network settings, select Create security group and give it a name and choose the VPC we created for tier 3 project. Click Add security group rule to allow ports for ICMP to ping the app EC2 via SSH. Choose Web tier security group as Source for ssh group rule.

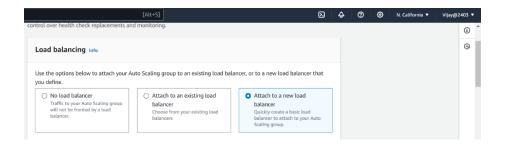
Click Create launch template button. And then, click View Launch template.

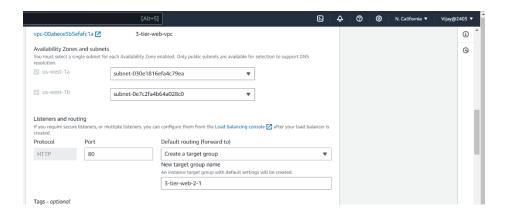


Go to EC2 > Auto Scaling groups > Click Create Auto Scaling group button. Give it a name and select the launch template for app tier and click Next button. Select VPC we created and select private subnets created for app tier. Click Next button.

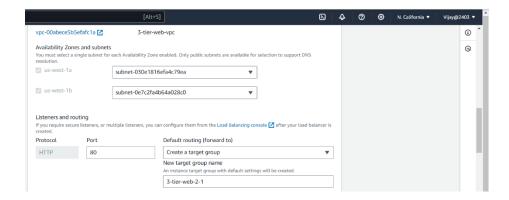


Choose Attach to a new load balancer. Then, select Application Load Balancer. For app tier, we need to select Internal Load balancer scheme.

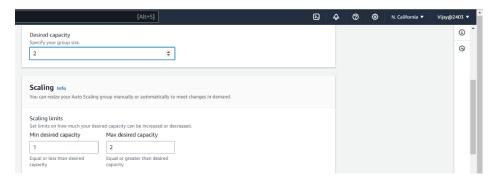




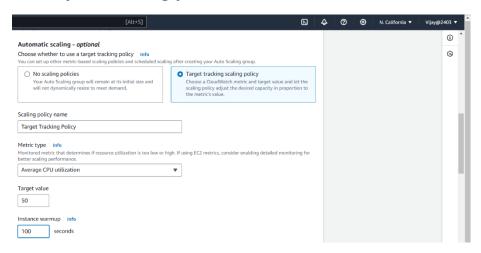
Select Create a target group. It will be automatically created for you. Keep the default settings for Health checks and click Next button.



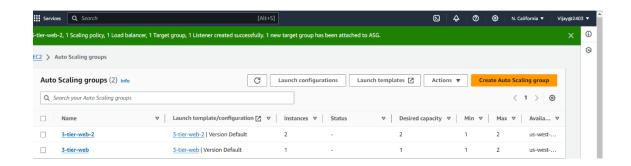
Enter your desired capacity.



Enter your Scaling policies. Then, click Next button.

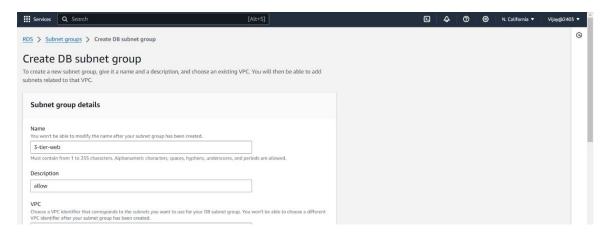


Review and then click Create Auto Scaling group button.

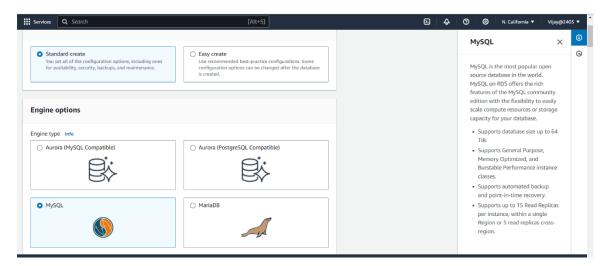


STEP-3: Create the Database Tier

Navigate to Amazon RDS> Subnet groups > Click Create DB subnet group button. Give a name and choose the VPC we created. Add the availability zones we used for Web Tier and App Tier and select the two private subnets created for Database Tier. Click Create button.

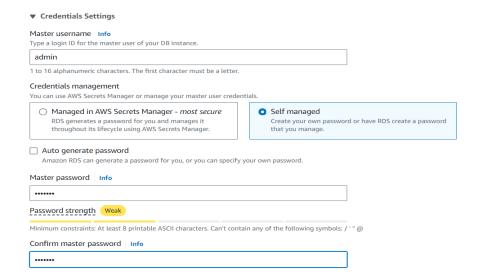


Navigate to RDS > Click Create database button. Choose Standard create method. Select MySQL Engine type.

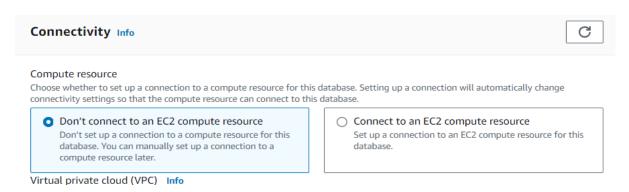


Choose Free tier Template. Give your DB instance name and set up the master credential.

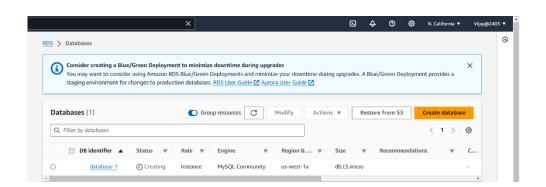




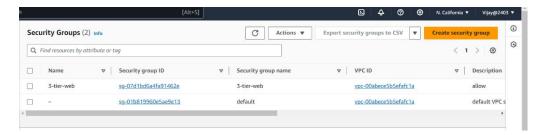
Keep the default Instance configuration and select db.t2.micro instance. Choose Don't connect to an EC2 compute resource and add VPC we created. Choose the DB subnet group we created. Select No for Public access so that only EC2 can connect to your RDS database.



Keep the default setting for the rest of sections and then click Create database button.

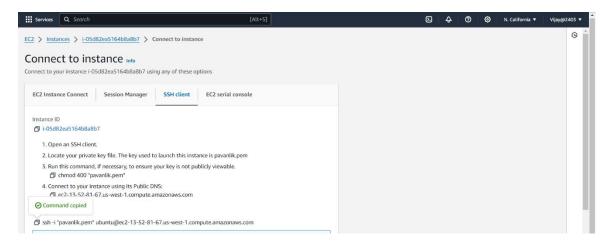


Go to EC2>Security Groups to verify the Inbound rules. Type key word data and the matched security group will show up. Select the security group. Go to Inbound rules tab. Click Edit inbound rules button.



Change the Inbound Source to App Tier Security Group so that the App tier can communicate to Database Tier. Click Save rules button.

Now click Connect button to copy the ssh address.



SSH into the EC2 instance. Ping one of the Private IPv4 from EC2 in the Private Subnet. Yes, I can ping the app EC2 instance private IP.

```
On moting-10-0-12-7:- spring 10.0.12.7

FINC 10.0.12.7 (10.0.12.7) 56(84) bytes of data.

66 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-1 ttl=64 time-0.018 ms

66 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-2 ttl=64 time-0.022 ms

66 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-2 ttl=64 time-0.022 ms

66 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-2 ttl=64 time-0.023 ms

66 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-4 ttl=64 time-0.030 ms

66 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-6 ttl=64 time-0.030 ms

67 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-6 ttl=64 time-0.030 ms

67 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-6 ttl=64 time-0.030 ms

68 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-6 ttl=64 time-0.030 ms

69 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-6 ttl=64 time-0.030 ms

60 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-6 ttl=64 time-0.030 ms

61 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-6 ttl=64 time-0.030 ms

61 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-6 ttl=64 time-0.030 ms

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65 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-6 ttl=64 time-0.030 ms

66 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-6 ttl=64 time-0.030 ms

67 bytes from 10.0.12.7: icmp.sep-6 ttl=64
```

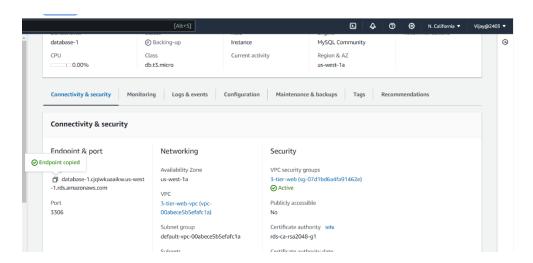
Now let's test connectivity to the Database Tier. Run

#sudo apt update

#sudo apt install mysql-server

#sudo systemctl start mysql.service

Go to RDS > Database > Tier 3 database > Click Connectivity & security tab and copy the Endpoint address.



Run command below and then enter your admin password. Yay, success! Now, we are in the RDS database instance.