

Date: 30/7/21 Practical - 3

Aim: To study Packet Tracer tool installation and user interface overview

○ To understand environment of CISCO Packet Tracer to design the simple network

Introduction

A simulator, as the name suggests, simulates network devices and its environment. Packet Tracer is an exciting network design, simulation and modeling device tool.

- 1) It allows you to model complex system without the need for dedicated equipment.
- 2) It helps you to practice your network configuration and troubleshooting skills via computer or an Android or iOS based mobile device.
- 3) It is available for both the Linux and Windows in windows environment.
- 4) Protocols in Packet Tracer are coded to work and behave in the same way as they would on real hardware.

Installing Packet Tracer

To download packet tracer and login with Cisco Networking Academy credentials then click the detail

## Windows

Installation in Windows is pretty simple and straightforward. The Setup comes in single file named Packet Tracer Setup 6.0.1.exe. Open the file to begin the Setup wizard except the license agreement, choose a location, and start the installation.

## Steps

1. From network Component box, click & drag & drop the below component
  - a) 4 generic PCs & one hub
  - b) 4 generic PCs & one switch
- 2) click on connections:
  - a) click on copper straight through cable.
  - b) select on PC & connect to hub, the link should show in green.
  - c) Similarly connect 4 PCs to the switch using copper straight through cable.
- 3) click on the PCs connected to hub. Then click 'desktop', then click ip configuration.
  - a) enter ip address on ip v4 address box manually
  - b) click on 'Idea' (message icon) from common tool bar drag & drop on desktop on another PC
- 4) observe the flow of PDU from source to destination on right bottom
- 5) repeat the same for PCs connected to switch
  - a) observe

## Observation

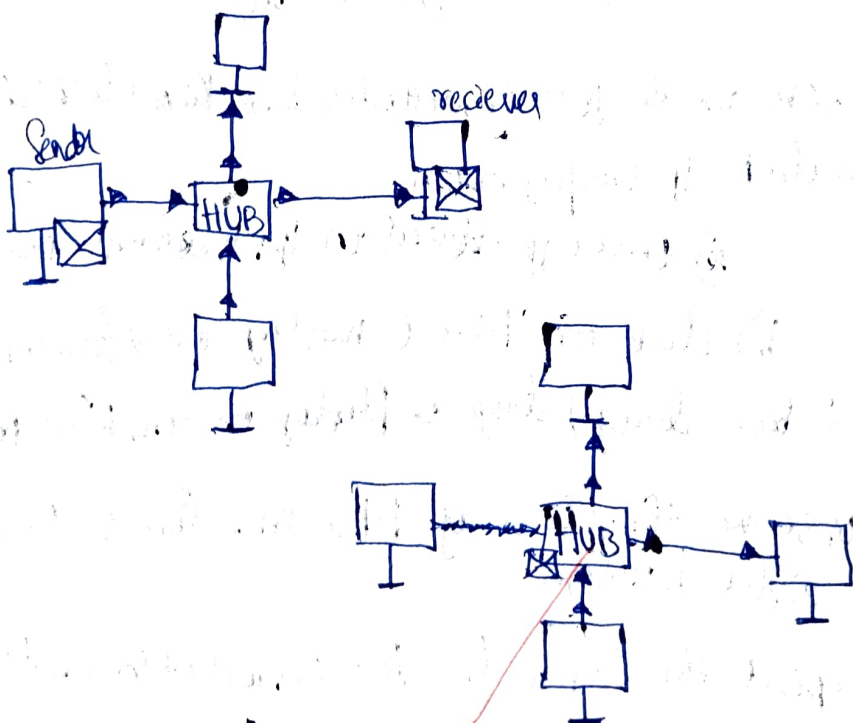
### Hub

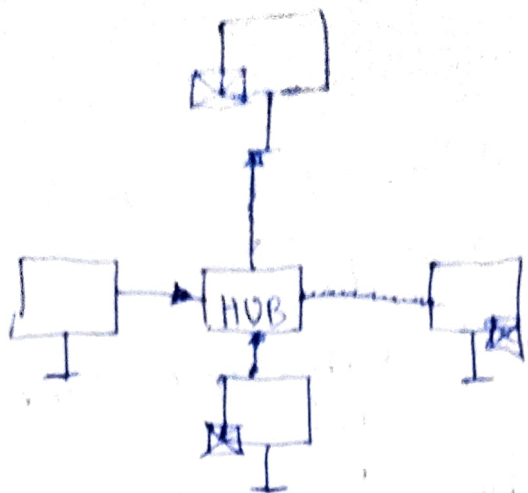
When packet is sent from the PC, the hub broadcast the packet to all connected PCs regardless of intended destination. This means all PCs receive packet but only intended recipient processes it, others ignore it.

### Switch

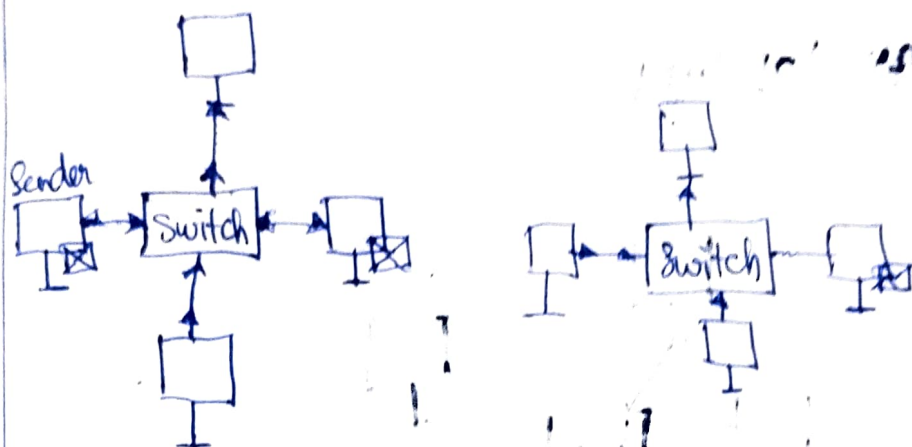
Switch uses MAC address to identify devices. When a packet is sent from one PC the switch checks the destination MAC address and forwards the packet only to the port associated with that address.

### Hub





Switch



Network topology implemented in your college  
 topology implemented in our college is  
 Star topology & hybrid topology

Characteristics of Star topology

- \* all cable run to a central connection point
- \* if one cable break/fail, only computer connected to that cable is unable to use the network
- \* as network grows or changes, computer are simple added



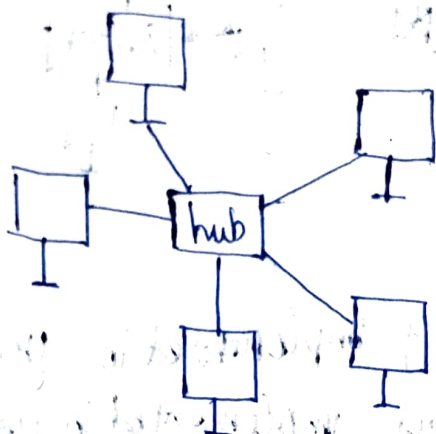
## Characteristics of Hybrid topology

\* hybrid topology is combination of more than one topology.

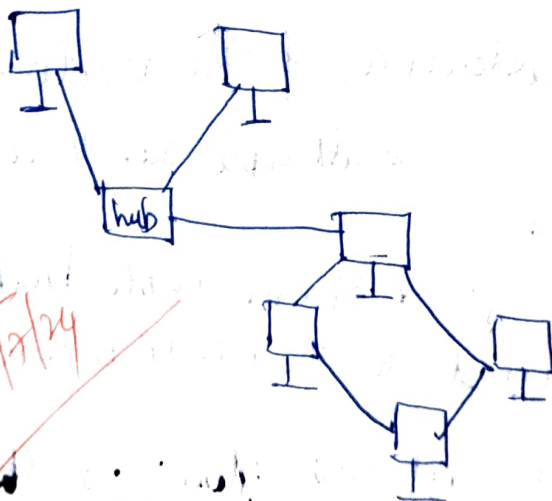
\* hybrid makes use of standard such as wifi & ethernet

\* the hybrid topology has different branches & each as its unique design

### ~~Star~~ topology



### hybrid topology



*30/7/24*

### Result

has successfully studied the packet tracer tool and analysed the behaviour of network