#### **Azure Quantum**

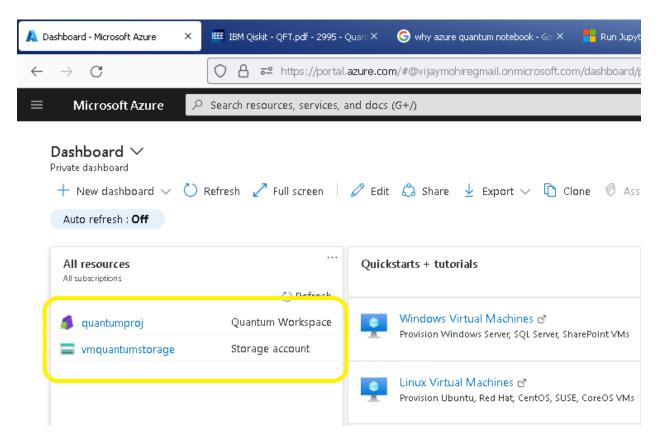
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## **Prerequisites:**

To start developing Q# based quantum circuits, follow the below provided links. If will need an Azure subscription either a free one or institute subscription to Login to Azure portal.

## Steps:

Once you have your Azure subscription ready, please log into Azure portal, you will find your Dashboard as shown below.



Now you will need to create a Quantum Workspace, please refer links below

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/quantum/how-to-create-workspace

https://portal.azure.com/#blade/HubsExtension/BrowseResource/resourceType/Microsoft.Quantum%2 FWorkspaces

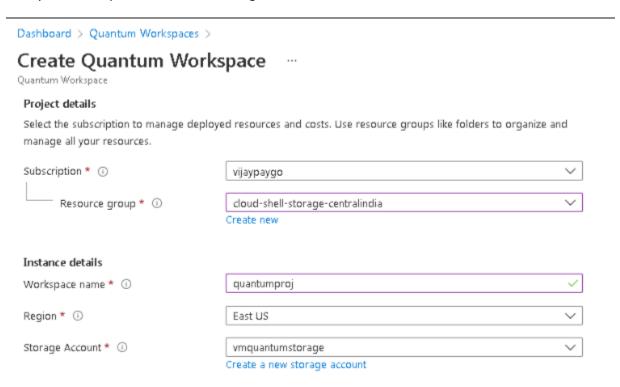
You will encounter few of these screens for storage provisioning

## Dashboard > Quantum Workspaces > Create Quantum Workspace >

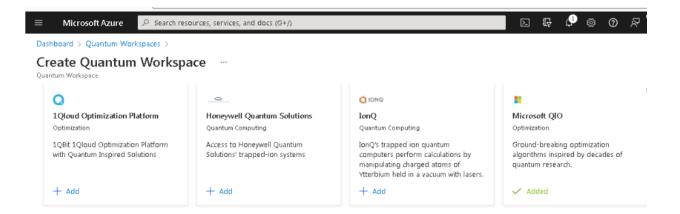
# Create storage account



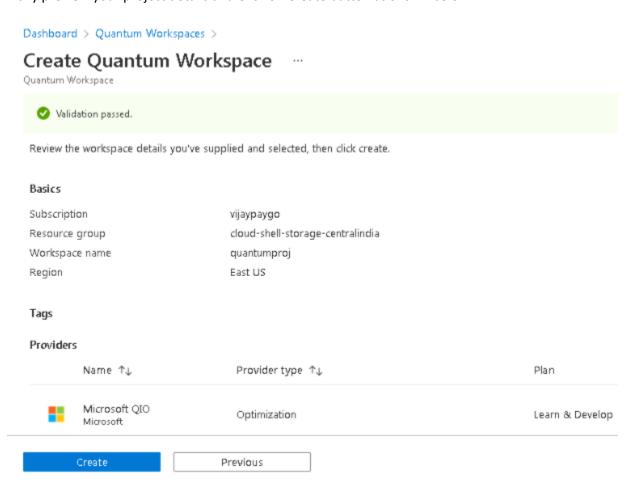
## Select your subscription and created storage account



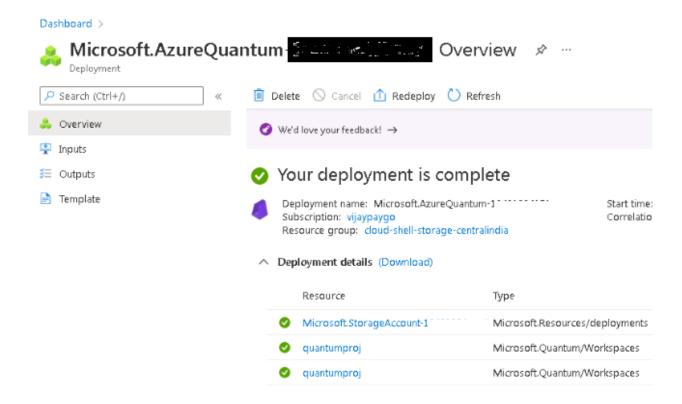
After storage is selected you will now need a target platform to execute your Q# code. You may select any provider from below. This step is optional and can be added later on. I have selected IonQ



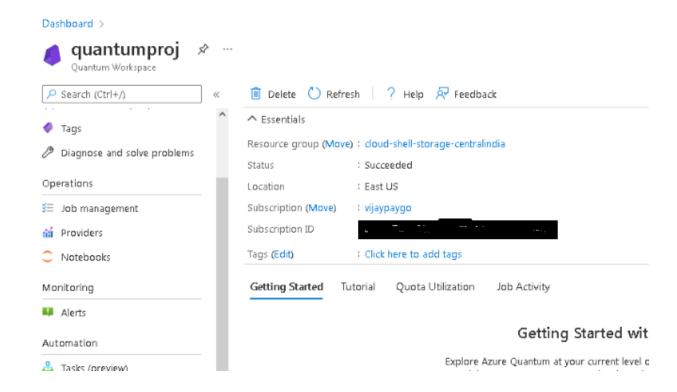
Finally preview your project details and Click on Create button as shown below



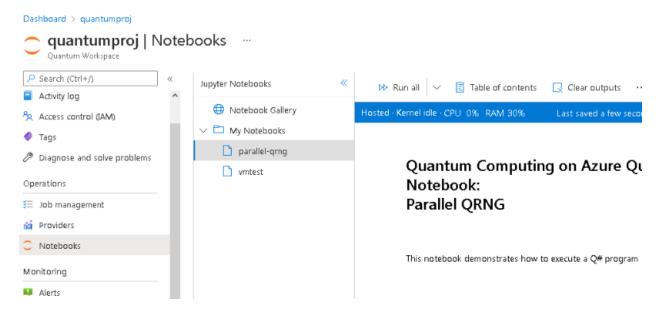
Confirm the deployment has been succeeded



You will now see your project listed in your Dashboard. Click on the project link that will take you to the project IDE. Here we will use the Notebooks menu as shown below



We will now start working with the Jupyter Notebooks with Q# as Kernel. You can instead select Python.



Use this link for more details. <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/quantum/get-started-jupyter-notebook">https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/quantum/get-started-jupyter-notebook</a>

Below is the sample of notebook imported into the Quantum workspace and the resulting results after executing the code. Please follow the instruction and obtain the results

# Quantum Computing on Azure Quantum with Q# and Jupyter Notebook: Parallel QRNG

This notebook demonstrates how to execute a Q# program on Azure Quantum.

# **Define Q# operations**

The quickest way to define a Q# operation in a Q# Jupyter Notebook is to simply write the Q# code directly into a notebook cell and execute it. Note that for convenience, the Microsoft.Quantum.Canon and Microsoft.Quantum.Intrinsic namespaces are automatically opened in every cell.

[2]

```
open Microsoft.Quantum.Arrays;
open Microsoft.Quantum.Measurement;
```

```
operation SampleRandomNumber(nQubits : Int) : Result[] {
    // We prepare a register of qubits in a uniform
    // superposition state, such that when we measure,
    // all bitstrings occur with equal probability.
    use register = Qubit[nQubits] {
        // Set qubits in superposition.
        ApplyToEachA(H, register);

        // Measure all qubits and return.
        return ForEach(MResetZ, register);
    }
}
```

SampleRandomNumber

You can also write your Q# code in .qs files which are in the same folder as the .ipynb notebook. Running %workspace reload will recompile all such .qs files and report the list of available Q# operations and functions. In this case, it finds an operation called SampleRandomNumber in a namespace called Microsoft.Quantum.AzureSamples.

```
[3] %workspace reload
Reloading workspace: done!
```

Using %simulate, you can invoke the built-in Q# functionality to simulate a quantum operation locally and return the result. You can specify any operation that has been defined in the notebook or that has been imported from a .qs file.

```
[4]
%simulate SampleRandomNumber nQubits=3
```

- Zero
- One
- Zero

# **Executing Q# operations in Azure Quantum**

First, find the resource ID of your Azure Quantum workspace. You can copy/paste this from the top-right corner of your Quantum Workspace page in Azure Portal.

Next, you can run <code>%azure.connect</code> to connect to the workspace and display the list of provisioned targets that support execution of Q# programs. If you are prompted to login, be sure to use the same account you used to create your Azure Quantum workspace.

%azure.connect "/subscriptions/

8/resourceGroups/cloud-shell-storage-

 $centralindia/providers/{\tt Microsoft.Quantum/Workspaces/quantumproj"}\ \ location="{\tt eastus"}\ 2\ sec$ 

Authenticated using Microsoft.Azure.Quantum.Authentication.TokenFileCredential

Connected to Azure Quantum workspace quantumproj in location eastus.

# **Target ID** Current Availability Average Queue Time (Seconds)

ionq.qpu Available 158 ionq.simulator Available 3

Now, use %azure.target to specify the target you'd like to use for job submission.

[8]

%azure.target ionq.simulator  $38\;\mathrm{sec}$ 

Loading package Microsoft.Quantum.Providers.IonQ and dependencies...

Active target is now ionq.simulator

# Target ID Current Availability Average Queue Time (Seconds)

iong.simulator Available 3

To submit a job, use <code>%azure.submit</code> along with the Q# operation name and any parameters required by that operation. The <code>%azure.submit</code> command will return immediately after the job is created. Alternatively, you can use <code>%azure.execute</code>, which will submit the job and wait for it to complete.

[9]

%azure.submit SampleRandomNumber nQubits=3 9 sec

Submitting SampleRandomNumber to target ionq.simulator... Job successfully submitted for 500 shots. Job name: SampleRandomNumber Job ID: 5f1afaa2-25ea-437d-b305-fe1fa94e479e

Job Name	Job ID	Job Status	Target	Creation Time	Execution Time	Execution Time
	5f1afaa2-25ea-			01/14/2022		
SampleRandomNumber	43/d-b305-	Waiting ic	nq.simulato	or 07:27:34		
	fe1fa94e479e			+00:00		

Running %azure.status will display the status of the most recently submitted job in this session. If you want to check the status of a different job, provide the job ID to %azure.status.

[10] %azure.status 4 sec

Job Name	Job ID	Job Status	Target	Creation Time	Begin Execution Time	End Execution Time
SampleRandomNumber	5f1afaa2- 25ea-437d- b305- fe1fa94e479e	Succeeded ion	nq.simulator	-	01/14/2022 07:27:40 +00:00	01/14/2022 07:27:40 +00:00

Once the job has completed, use %azure.output to display the result. Again, you can provide a job ID to %azure.output if you want to display the status of a specific job.

# [11] %azure.output 2 sec

Result	Frequency	Histogram
[0,0,0]	0.125	
[1,0,0]	0.125	
[0,1,0]	0.125	
[1,1,0]	0.125	
[0,0,1]	0.125	
[1,0,1]	0.125	
[0,1,1]	0.125	
[1,1,1]	0.125	

You can also view the status of all jobs by using %azure.jobs. Providing a parameter to this command will filter to just the jobs containing that string. For example, you can query for the status of all jobs named Microsoft.Quantum.AzureSamples.SampleRandomNumber.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} [12] \\ {\it \%azure.jobs} & {\it SampleRandomNumber} \\ 1 & sec \end{tabular}$ 

Job Name	Job ID	Job Status	Target	Creation Time	Begin Execution Time	End Execution Time
SampleRandomNumber	5f1afaa2- 25ea-437d- b305- fe1fa94e479e	Succeeded io	nq.simulator		01/14/2022 07:27:40 +00:00	01/14/2022 07:27:40 +00:00