

Problem A game has many levels. We want a facility so that the user can store the current state of the game. The user can later on start from the saved state of the game. In general, we need "undo" or "rollback" kind of operations.

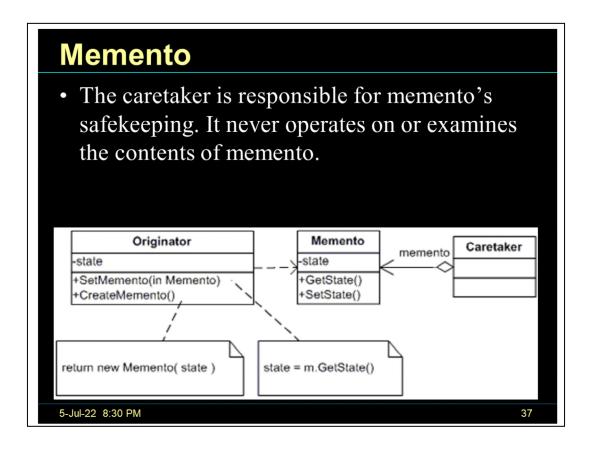
Serialization is built in Java and C#.

Serialization has security issues.

Prefer to use library like "Protocol Buffers" instead of serialization in Java and C#.

For C++, a library like boost can be used.

Code example with C++ boost library present.



Use memento when

A snapshot of object's state must be saved so that it can be restored to that state later and

A direct interface to the obtaining the state would expose implementation details and break the object's encapsulation.

Consequences:

It simplifies the code for Originator.

It provides easy to implement undo / recovery capability.

In Java, this DP is easy. Serialization can be used to save a system's state.

Keeping the saved state external from the key object helps to maintain cohesion.

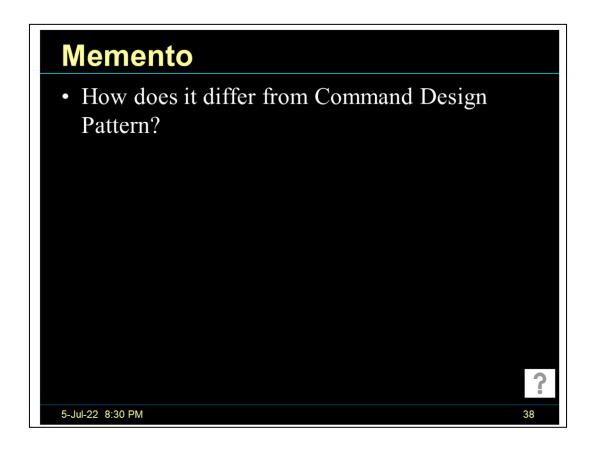
Saving and Restoring states can be time consuming unless carefully designed.

It captures and externalizes an object's internal state so that the object can be restored to that state later.

It does not violate encapsulation

A memento is an object that stores a snapshot of the internal state of another object – memento's originator.

The Originator creates a memento for its current internal state.



Command and Memento act as magic tokens to be passed around and invoked at a later time.

In Command, the token represents a request; in Memento, it represents the internal state of an object at a particular time.

Polymorphism is important to Command, but not to Memento.

Command can use Memento to maintain the state required for an undo operation.

Serialization is built-in Java and C#. For C++, a library like protocol buffers from google can be used.