Summer 2021 Algorithms and Analysis Tools Exam, Part A

Name:	
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NID:	

1) (5 pts) ANL (Algorithm Analysis)

Given an array, vals, of size n, one can determine the sum of the elements in the array from index i through index j ($i \le j$), inclusive, simply by running a for loop through the elements:

```
int sum = 0;
for (int z=i; z<=j; z++)
    sum += vals[z];</pre>
```

This type of sum is known as a contiguous subsequence sum.

Note: There are more efficient ways to do this if many sums of this format need to be determined, but for the purposes of this problem, assume that this is how such a sum is determined.

(a) (3 pts) What is the worst case run time of answering **q** questions about contiguous subsequence sums on an array of size **n**? Express your answer in Big-Oh notation, in terms of both **n** and **q**. Give a brief justification for your answer.

(b) (2 pts) What is the best case run time of answering \mathbf{q} questions about contiguous subsequence sums on an array of size \mathbf{n} ? Express your answer in Big-Oh notation, in terms of both \mathbf{n} and \mathbf{q} . Give a brief justification for your answer.