

## 3) (10 pts) DSN (Tries)

Write an **iterative, non-recursive** function that takes the root of a trie (*root*) and a string (*str*) and returns the number of new nodes we would have to add to our trie in order to insert that string. You may assume that *str* is non-NULL, non-empty, and contains lowercase alphabetic characters only (i.e., it won't contain uppercase letters or non-alphabetic characters). However, you must handle the case where *root* is NULL.

**Special Restrictions:**

- Please do not use pointer arithmetic (e.g., `str + 1`).
- Do not modify or corrupt the trie or the string. (Do not add nodes to the trie!)
- Do not call `strlen()` repeatedly, as it is an  $O(k)$  function (where  $k$  is the length of the string). If you need to call `strlen()`, find a way to do it only once for the given string.

The trie node struct and function signature are as follows. Do NOT write any helper functions.

```
#include <string.h>
typedef struct TrieNode {
    struct TrieNode *children[26];
    int flag; // 1 if the string is in our trie, 0 otherwise
} TrieNode;

int newNodeCount(TrieNode* root, char* str) {
```

```
}
```