

2) (10 pts) ALG (Sorting)

- (a) (5 pts) Consider using Merge Sort to sort the array shown below. What would the state of the array be right before the last call to the Merge function occurs?

index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
value	20	15	98	45	13	83	66	51	88	32

Answer:

index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
value										

- (b) (5 pts) An inversion in an array, arr , is a distinct pair of values i and j , such that $i < j$ and $arr[i] > arr[j]$. The function below is attempting to count the number of inversions in its input array, arr , of size n . Unfortunately, there is a bug in the program. Given that the array passed to the function has all distinct values, what will the function always return (no matter the order of values in the input array), in terms of n ? Also, suggest a quick fix so that the function runs properly. (Note: analyzing inversions is important to studying sorting algorithm run times.)

```

int countInversions(int arr[], int n) {    // line 1
    int i, j, res = 0;                    // line 2
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {              // line 3
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {          // line 4
            if (arr[i] > arr[j])            // line 5
                res++;                      // line 6
        }                                  // line 7
    }                                      // line 8
    return res;                            // line 9
}                                          // line 10

```

Return value of the function in terms of n : _____

Line number to change to fix the function: _____

Line of code to replace that line: _____