## Summer 2021 Algorithms and Analysis Tools Exam, Part B

## 3) (5 pts) ALG (Bitwise Operators)

There are a total of 25 cards, numbered 0 through 24. We can represent a set of cards with a single integer by setting the i<sup>th</sup> bit to 1 if the set contains card i, and setting the bit to 0 otherwise. For example, the set of cards  $\{2, 6, 7\}$  would be stored as the integer 196, since  $196 = 2^7 + 2^6 + 2^2$ . Two sets of cards are disjoint, if and only if no card appears in both sets. Complete the function below so that it returns 1 if the sets of cards represented by the integers set1 and set2 are disjoint, and returns 0 if they are not disjoint. (For example, disjoint(196, 49) should return 1 because  $49 = 2^5 + 2^4 + 2^0$ , and there is no common value in the two sets  $\{2, 6, 7\}$  and  $\{0, 4, 5\}$ . On the other hand, disjoint(196, 30) should return 0 because  $30 = 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^1$ , so that card number 2 is included in both sets 196 and set 30.)

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