

1) (10 pts) DSN (Recursive Functions)

Write a recursive function that takes the root of a ternary tree (a tree where each node has at most three children) and determines whether all the nodes that have a middle child also have both a left child and a right child. If so, return 1. Otherwise, return 0. Note: If the function with a null input, the output should be 1.

The node struct and functional prototype for this question are:

```
typedef struct node
{
    char *data;
    struct node *left, *middle, *right;
} node;

int hasProperty(node *root)
{
    if (root == NULL)
        return 1;

    else if (root->middle == NULL)
        return hasProperty(root->left) && hasProperty(root->right);

    else if (root->left == NULL || root->right == NULL)
        return 0;

    else
        return hasProperty(root->left) &&
               hasProperty(root->right) &&
               hasProperty(root->middle);
}
```

Grading:

2 pts for root == NULL base case,

3 pts for handling root->middle == NULL case,

2 pts for handling case where exactly middle isn't NULL but left or right is

3 pts for handling case where none are NULL