Spring 2019 Algorithms and Analysis Tools Exam, Part B

1) (5 pts) DSN (Recursive Coding)

Mathematically, given a function f, we recursively define $f^k(n)$ as follows: if k = 1, $f^1(n) = f(n)$. Otherwise, for k > 1, $f^k(n) = f(f^{k-1}(n))$. Assume that a function, f, which takes in a single integer and returns an integer already exists. Write a <u>recursive</u> function fcomp, which takes in both n and k (k > 0), and returns $f^k(n)$.

```
int f(int n);
int fcomp(int n, int k) {
```

}

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