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Hands on
SQL Server
Queries:
CREATE DATABASE KANINIBATCH2;
USE KANINIBATCH2;
CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE(Empid int not null, Empname varchar(30))
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES(11,'VIJIT');
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES(12, MIKE');
SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE;
ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEE ADD DEPT VARCHAR(10), LOCATION VARCHAR(10);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES(13,'VIJIT','IT','BLR');
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES(13, 'MIKE', 'IT', 'BLR');
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES(13,'NIPUN','IT','BLR');
UPDATE EMPLOYEE SET Empid = 14 WHERE Empname='MIKE';
UPDATE EMPLOYEE SET Empid = 15 WHERE Empname='NIPUN';
DELETE FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE Empid=14;
ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEE ADD SALARY DECIMAL(9,2)
UPDATE EMPLOYEE SET SALARY = 140000 WHERE Empname='VIJIT';
SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE LOCATION='BLR' AND SALARY>70000
SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE Emphame LIKE '%IT'
SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE Empname LIKE '%I_'
SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE Emphame LIKE '%I%'
SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE Emphame LIKE '%^[T]'
Queries:
 create table city(id int,name varchar(17),countrycode varchar(3),district
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INSERT INTO city VALUES (1, 'New York', 'USA', 'New York', 8500000);

INSERT INTO city VALUES (2, 'Los Angeles', 'USA', 'California', 4000000);

varchar(20), population int);

INSERT INTO city VALUES (3, 'Chicago', 'USA', 'Illinois', 2700000);
INSERT INTO city VALUES (4, 'Houston', 'USA', 'Texas', 2300000);
INSERT INTO city VALUES (5, 'Mumbai', 'IND', 'Maharashtra', 20000000);
INSERT INTO city VALUES (6, 'Delhi', 'IND', 'Delhi', 18000000);
INSERT INTO city VALUES (7, 'Bengaluru', 'IND', 'Karnataka', 12000000);
INSERT INTO city VALUES (8, 'Kolkata', 'IND', 'West Bengal', 15000000);
INSERT INTO city VALUES (9, 'Phoenix', 'USA', 'Arizona', 1600000);
INSERT INTO city VALUES (10, 'Chennai', 'IND', 'Tamil Nadu', 10000000);

select * from city where countrycode='USA' and population>1000000;









