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// Java program to illustrate Banker's Algorithm
import java.util.*;

class bankers
{
    // Number of processes
    static int P = 5;

    // Number of resources
    static int R = 3;

    // Function to find the need of each process
    static void calculateNeed(int need[][], int maxm[][],
                             int allot[][])
    {
        // Calculating Need of each P
        for (int i = 0 ; i < P ; i++)
            for (int j = 0 ; j < R ; j++)

                // Need of instance = maxm instance -
                // allocated instance
                need[i][j] = maxm[i][j] - allot[i][j];
    }

    // Function to find the system is in safe state or not
    static boolean isSafe(int processes[], int avail[], int maxm[][],
                          int allot[][])
    {
        int [][]need = new int[P][R];

        // Function to calculate need matrix
        calculateNeed(need, maxm, allot);

        // Mark all processes as in finish
        boolean []finish = new boolean[P];

        // To store safe sequence
        int []safeSeq = new int[P];

        // Make a copy of available resources
        int []work = new int[R];
        for (int i = 0; i < R ; i++)
            work[i] = avail[i];

        // While all processes are not finished
        // or system is not in safe state.
        int count = 0;
        while (count < P)

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{
    // Find a process which is not finish and
    // whose needs can be satisfied with current
    // work[] resources.
    boolean found = false;
    for (int p = 0; p < P; p++)
    {
        // First check if a process is finished,
        // if no, go for next condition
        if (finish[p] == false)
        {
            // Check if for all resources of
            // current P need is less
            // than work
            int j;
            for (j = 0; j < R; j++)
                if (need[p][j] > work[j])
                    break;

            // If all needs of p were satisfied.
            if (j == R)
            {
                // Add the allocated resources of
                // current P to the available/work
                // resources i.e.free the resources
                for (int k = 0 ; k < R ; k++)
                    work[k] += allot[p][k];

                // Add this process to safe sequence.
                safeSeq[count++] = p;

                // Mark this p as finished
                finish[p] = true;

                found = true;
            }
        }
    }

    // If we could not find a next process in safe
    // sequence.
    if (found == false)
    {
        System.out.print("System is not in safe state");
        return false;
    }
}

// If system is in safe state then

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        // safe sequence will be as below
        System.out.print("System is in safe state.\nSafe"
            +" sequence is: ");
        for (int i = 0; i < P ; i++)
            System.out.print(safeSeq[i] + " ");

        return true;
    }

    // Driver code
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int processes[] = {0, 1, 2, 3, 4};

        // Available instances of resources
        int avail[] = {3, 3, 2};

        // Maximum R that can be allocated
        // to processes
        int maxm[][] = {{7, 5, 3},
                        {3, 2, 2},
                        {9, 0, 2},
                        {2, 2, 2},
                        {4, 3, 3}};

        // Resources allocated to processes
        int allot[][] = {{0, 1, 0},
                        {2, 0, 0},
                        {3, 0, 2},
                        {2, 1, 1},
                        {0, 0, 2}};

        // Check system is in safe state or not
        isSafe(processes, avail, maxm, allot);
    }
}

```

Output :

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ubuntu@RE-LAB:~/Documents$ java bankers.java
System is in safe state.
Safe sequence is: 1 3 4 0 2 ubuntu@RE-LAB:~/Documents$

```