

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score, train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report

## The matplotlib and seaborn library for result visualization and analysis
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

sns.set_theme(style='darkgrid')
```

▼ Loading the Dataset

First we load the dataset and find out the number of columns, rows, NULL values, etc.

```
train = pd.read_csv('train.csv')
test = pd.read_csv('test.csv')
```

```
train.shape, test.shape
```

```
((891, 12), (418, 11))
```

```
train.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890
Data columns (total 12 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   PassengerId  891 non-null    int64
1   Survived    891 non-null    int64
2   Pclass      891 non-null    int64
3   Name        891 non-null    object
4   Sex         891 non-null    object
5   Age         714 non-null    float64
6   SibSp       891 non-null    int64
7   Parch       891 non-null    int64
8   Ticket      891 non-null    object
9   Fare        891 non-null    float64
10  Cabin       204 non-null    object
11  Embarked    889 non-null    object
dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(5)
memory usage: 83.7+ KB
```

```
test.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 418 entries, 0 to 417
Data columns (total 11 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   PassengerId  418 non-null    int64
1   Pclass      418 non-null    int64
2   Name        418 non-null    object
3   Sex         418 non-null    object
4   Age         332 non-null    float64
5   SibSp       418 non-null    int64
6   Parch       418 non-null    int64
7   Ticket      418 non-null    object
8   Fare        417 non-null    float64
9   Cabin       91 non-null     object
10  Embarked    418 non-null    object
dtypes: float64(2), int64(4), object(5)
memory usage: 36.0+ KB
```

```
train.head()
```

test.head()

	PassengerId	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0	892	3	Kelly, Mr. James	male	34.5	0	0	330911	7.8292	NaN	Q
1	893	3	Wilkes, Mrs. James (Ellen Needs)	female	47.0	1	0	363272	7.0000	NaN	S
2	894	2	Myles, Mr. Thomas Francis	male	62.0	0	0	240276	9.6875	NaN	Q
3	895	3	Wirz, Mr. Albert	male	27.0	0	0	315154	8.6625	NaN	S
4	896	3	Hirvonen, Mrs. Alexander (Helga E Lindqvist)	female	22.0	1	1	3101298	12.2875	NaN	S

train.describe()

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
count	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	714.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000
mean	446.000000	0.383838	2.308642	29.699118	0.523008	0.381594	32.204208
std	257.353842	0.486592	0.836071	14.526497	1.102743	0.806057	49.693429
min	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.420000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	223.500000	0.000000	2.000000	20.125000	0.000000	0.000000	7.910400
50%	446.000000	0.000000	3.000000	28.000000	0.000000	0.000000	14.454200
75%	668.500000	1.000000	3.000000	38.000000	1.000000	0.000000	31.000000
max	891.000000	1.000000	3.000000	80.000000	8.000000	6.000000	512.329200

test.describe()

	PassengerId	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
count	418.000000	418.000000	332.000000	418.000000	418.000000	417.000000
mean	1100.500000	2.265550	30.272590	0.447368	0.392344	35.627188
std	120.810458	0.841838	14.181209	0.896760	0.981429	55.907576
min	892.000000	1.000000	0.170000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	996.250000	1.000000	21.000000	0.000000	0.000000	7.895800
50%	1100.500000	3.000000	27.000000	0.000000	0.000000	14.454200
75%	1204.750000	3.000000	39.000000	1.000000	0.000000	31.500000
max	1309.000000	3.000000	76.000000	8.000000	9.000000	512.329200

train.nunique()

PassengerId	891
Survived	2
Pclass	3
Name	891
Sex	2
Age	88
SibSp	7
Parch	7
Ticket	681
Fare	248
Cabin	147
Embarked	3
dtype:	int64

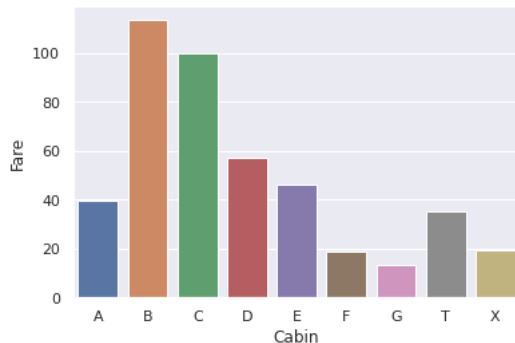
test.nunique()

PassengerId	418
Pclass	3
Name	418
Sex	2
Age	79
SibSp	7
Parch	8
Ticket	363
Fare	169
Cabin	76
Embarked	3
dtype:	int64

▼ Handling Missing Values

Train Cabin and Fare

```
train['Cabin'].fillna(value='X', inplace=True)
train['Cabin'] = train['Cabin'].str[0]
df_tr = train[['Cabin', 'Fare']].groupby('Cabin').mean().reset_index()
a = sns.barplot(x=df_tr['Cabin'], y=df_tr['Fare'])
```



```
## Defining a function which reassigns the cabin according to the fare. After that, it is
## applied to the dataframe to fill all the cabin column's missing value.
def reassign_cabin_tr(cabin_fare):
```

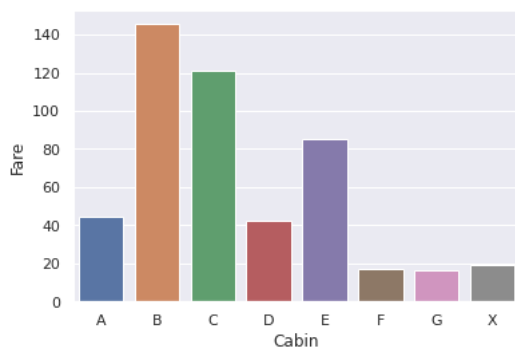
```
    cabin = cabin_fare[0]
    fare = cabin_fare[1]

    if cabin == 'X':
        df_tr_copy = df_tr.copy()
        df_tr_copy['Fare'] = abs(df_tr_copy['Fare']-pd.Series([fare]*len(df_tr_copy)))
        minimum = df_tr_copy['Fare'].min()
        return list(df_tr_copy[df_tr_copy['Fare'] == minimum].Cabin)[0]
    return cabin
```

```
train['Cabin'] = train[['Cabin', 'Fare']].apply(reassign_cabin_tr, axis=1)
train['Cabin'] = train.Cabin.astype("category").cat.codes
```

Train Cabin and Fare

```
test['Fare'].fillna(value=test.Fare.mean(), inplace=True)
test['Cabin'].fillna(value='X', inplace=True)
test['Cabin'] = test['Cabin'].str[0]
df_te = test[['Cabin', 'Fare']].groupby('Cabin').mean().reset_index()
a = sns.barplot(x=df_te['Cabin'], y=df_te['Fare'])
```



```
def reassign_cabin_te(cabin_fare):
```

```
    cabin = cabin_fare[0]
    fare = cabin_fare[1]

    if cabin == 'X':
        df_te_copy = df_te.copy()
        df_te_copy['Fare'] = abs(df_te_copy['Fare']-pd.Series([fare]*len(df_te_copy)))
        minimum = df_te_copy['Fare'].min()
        return list(df_te_copy[df_te_copy['Fare'] == minimum].Cabin)[0]
    return cabin
```

```
test['Cabin'] = test[['Cabin', 'Fare']].apply(reassign_cabin_te, axis=1)
test['Cabin'] = test.Cabin.astype("category").cat.codes
```

Train Embarked

```
train['Embarked'] = train.Embarked.fillna(train.Embarked.dropna().max())
```

Train & Test Age from Pclass and Sex

```
# we will guess the age from Pclass and Sex:
```

```
guess_ages = np.zeros((2,3))
guess_ages

array([[0., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 0.]])
```

Now we iterate over Sex (0 or 1) and Pclass (1, 2, 3) to calculate guessed values of Age for the six combinations.

```
combine = [train , test]

# Converting Sex categories (male and female) to 0 and 1:
for dataset in combine:
    dataset['Sex'] = dataset['Sex'].map( {'female': 1, 'male': 0} ).astype(int)

# Filling missed age feature:
for dataset in combine:
    for i in range(0, 2):
        for j in range(0, 3):
            guess_df = dataset[(dataset['Sex'] == i) & \
                                (dataset['Pclass'] == j+1)][ 'Age' ].dropna()
            age_guess = guess_df.median()

            # Convert random age float to nearest .5 age
            guess_ages[i,j] = int( age_guess/0.5 + 0.5 ) * 0.5

    for i in range(0, 2):
        for j in range(0, 3):
            dataset.loc[ (dataset.Age.isnull()) & (dataset.Sex == i) & (dataset.Pclass == j+1),\
                        'Age'] = guess_ages[i,j]

    dataset['Age'] = dataset['Age'].astype(int)

train.head()
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	0	22	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	6
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...	1	38	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	2
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	1	26	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	6
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	1	35	1	0	113803	53.1000	2
4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	0	35	0	0	373450	8.0500	6

```
train.isna().sum()

PassengerId    0
Survived        0
Pclass          0
Name            0
Sex             0
Age             0
SibSp           0
Parch           0
Ticket          0
Fare            0
Cabin           0
Embarked        0
dtype: int64
```

```
test.isna().sum()

PassengerId    0
Pclass          0
Name            0
Sex             0
```

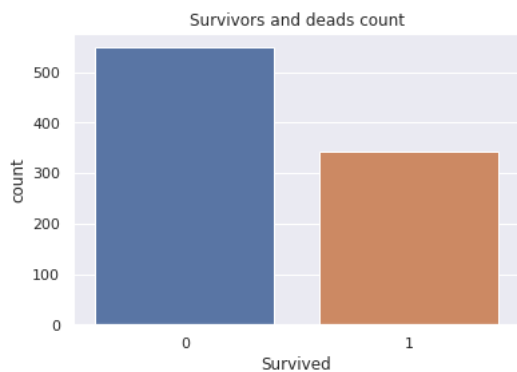
```

Age          0
SibSp        0
Parch        0
Ticket       0
Fare         0
Cabin        0
Embarked     0
dtype: int64

```

▼ Exploratory Data Analysis

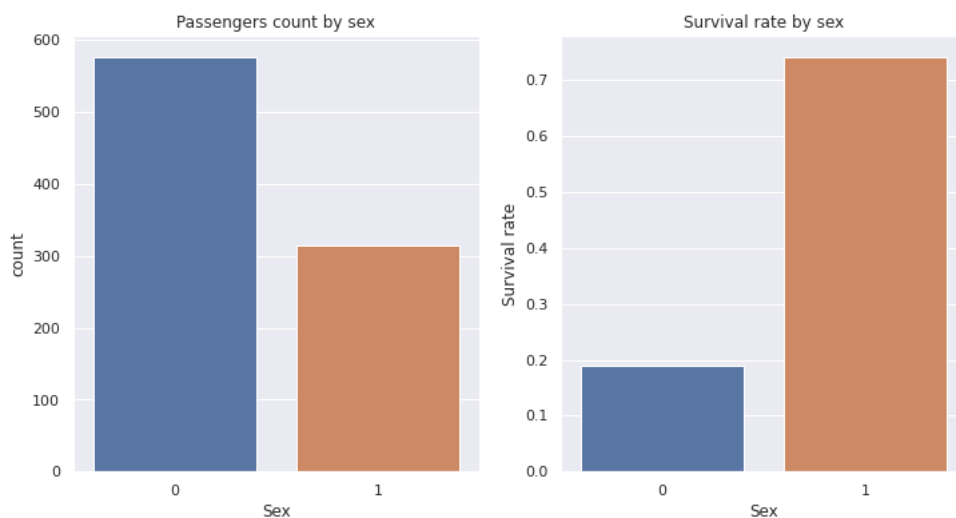
```
g = sns.countplot(x=train['Survived']).set_title('Survivors and deads count')
```



```

# Ladies first??
fig, axarr = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(12,6))
a = sns.countplot(x=train['Sex'], ax=axarr[0]).set_title('Passengers count by sex')
axarr[1].set_title('Survival rate by sex')
b = sns.barplot(x='Sex', y='Survived', data=train, ax=axarr[1], ci=None).set_ylabel('Survival rate')

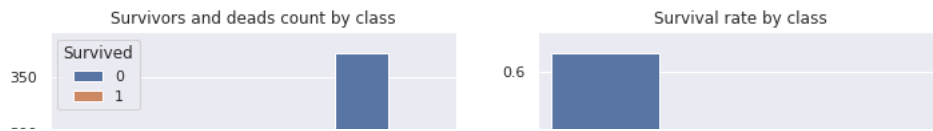
```



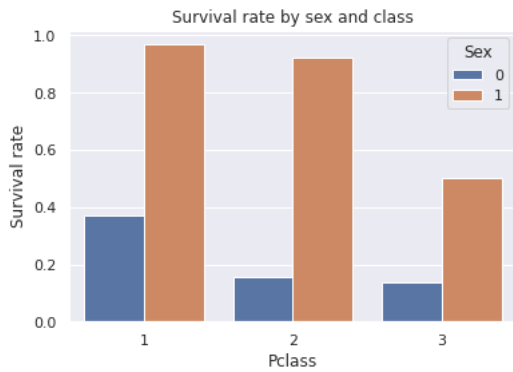
```

# Little dependent on pclass
fig, axarr = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(12,6))
a = sns.countplot(x='Pclass', hue='Survived', data=train, ax=axarr[0]).set_title('Survivors and deads count by class')
axarr[1].set_title('Survival rate by class')
b = sns.barplot(x='Pclass', y='Survived', data=train, ax=axarr[1], ci=None).set_ylabel('Survival rate')

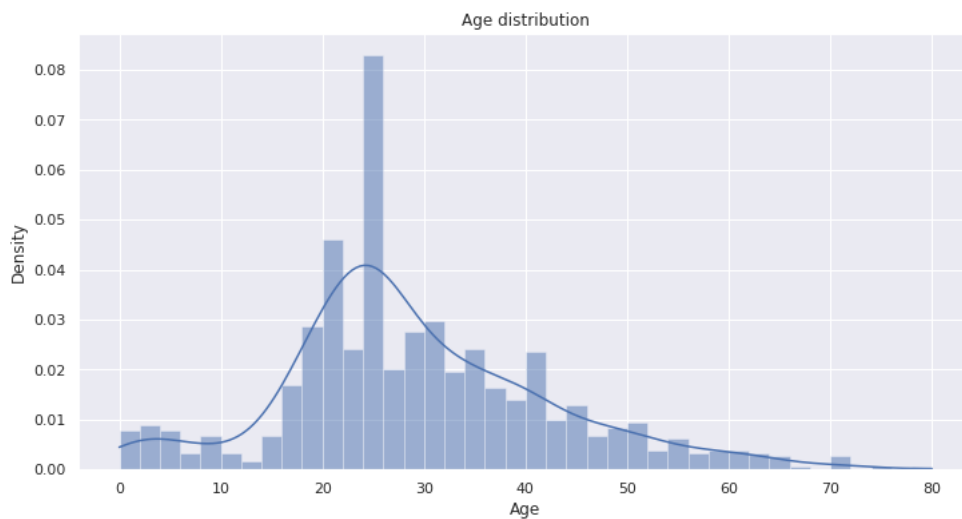
```



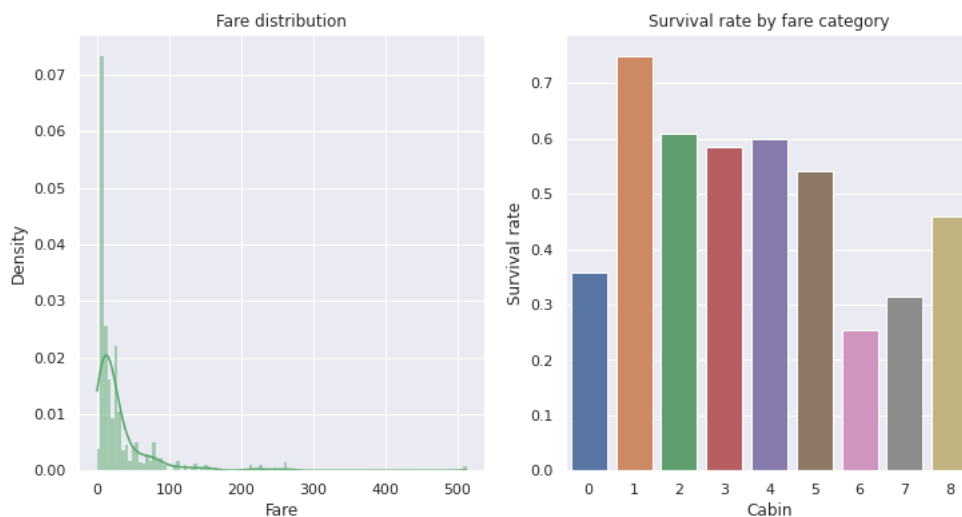
```
plt.title('Survival rate by sex and class')
g = sns.barplot(x='Pclass', y='Survived', hue='Sex', data=train, ci=None).set_ylabel('Survival rate')
```



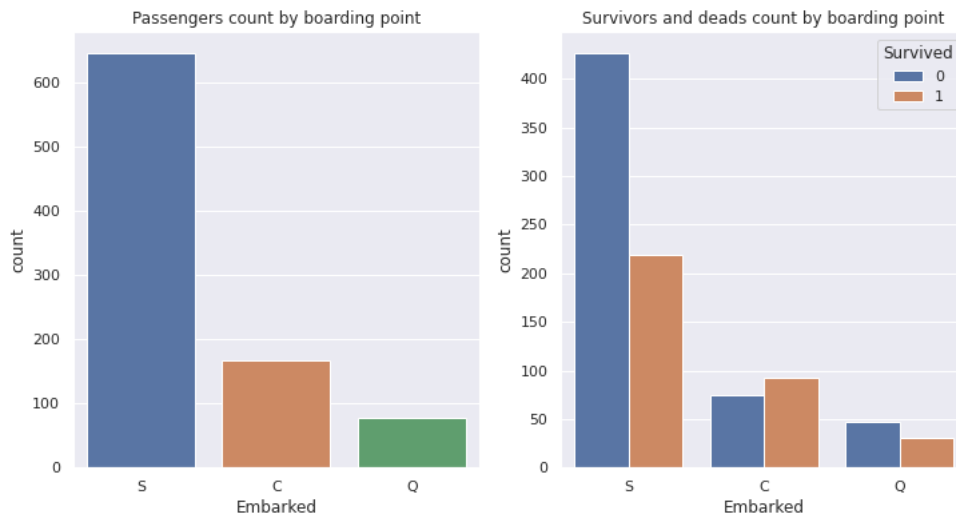
```
# Normal?
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
sns.histplot(x=train['Age'], bins=40, kde=True, stat="density", edgecolor=(1,1,1,0.3)).set_title('Age distribution')
plt.show()
```



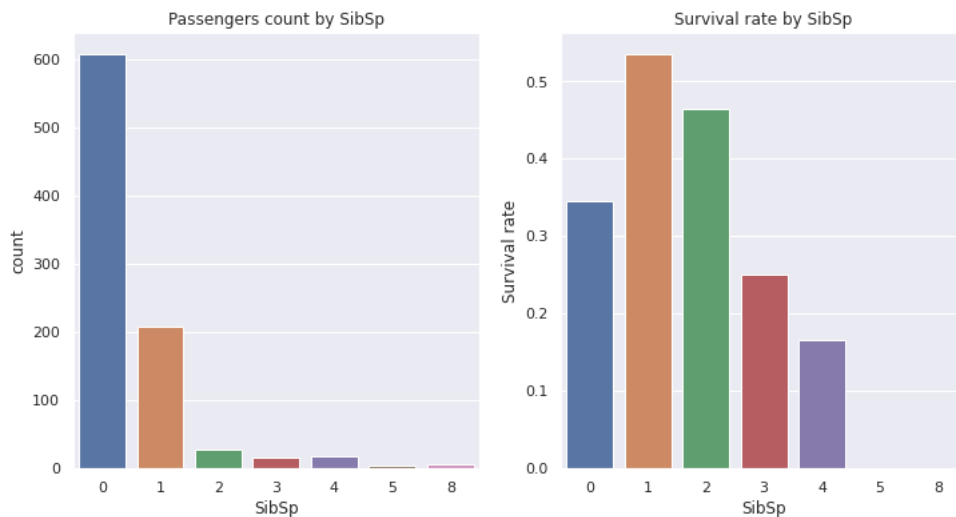
```
fig, axarr = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(12,6))
f = sns.histplot(x=train.Fare, color='g', ax=axarr[0], kde=True, stat="density", edgecolor=(1,1,1,0.3)).set_title('Fare distribution')
fare_ranges = pd.qcut(train.Fare, 4, labels = ['Low', 'Mid', 'High', 'Very high'])
axarr[1].set_title('Survival rate by fare category')
g = sns.barplot(x=train['Cabin'], y=train.Survived, ci=None, ).set_ylabel('Survival rate')
```



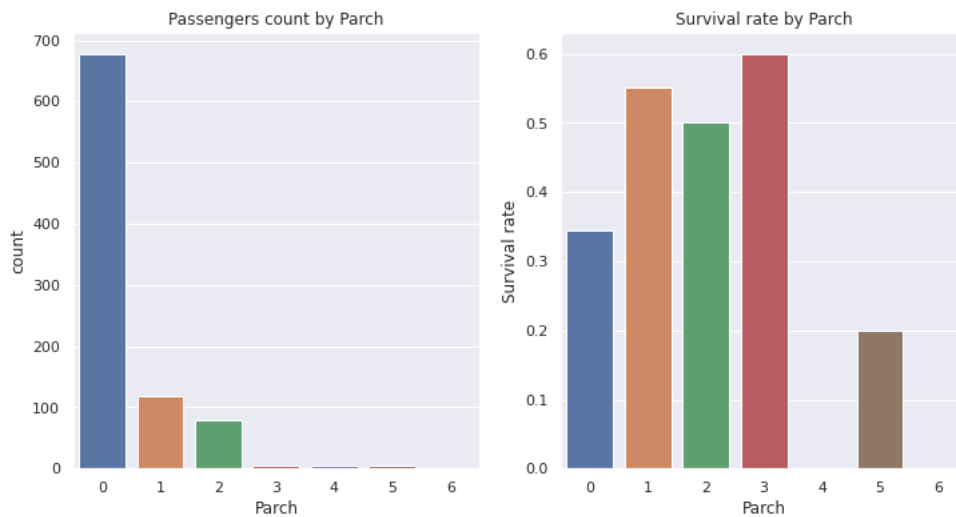
```
fig, axarr = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(12,6))
sns.countplot(x=train['Embarked'], ax=axarr[0]).set_title('Passengers count by boarding point')
p = sns.countplot(x = 'Embarked', hue = 'Survived', data = train,
                  ax=axarr[1]).set_title('Survivors and deads count by boarding point')
```



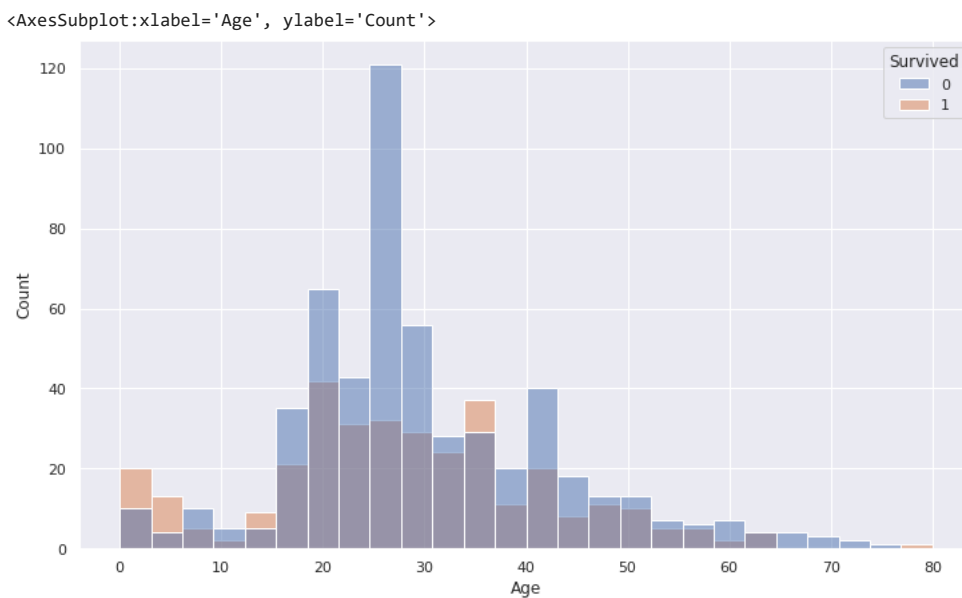
```
fig, axarr = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(12,6))
a = sns.countplot(x=train['SibSp'], ax=axarr[0]).set_title('Passengers count by SibSp')
axarr[1].set_title('Survival rate by SibSp')
b = sns.barplot(x='SibSp', y='Survived', data=train, ax=axarr[1], ci=None).set_ylabel('Survival rate')
```



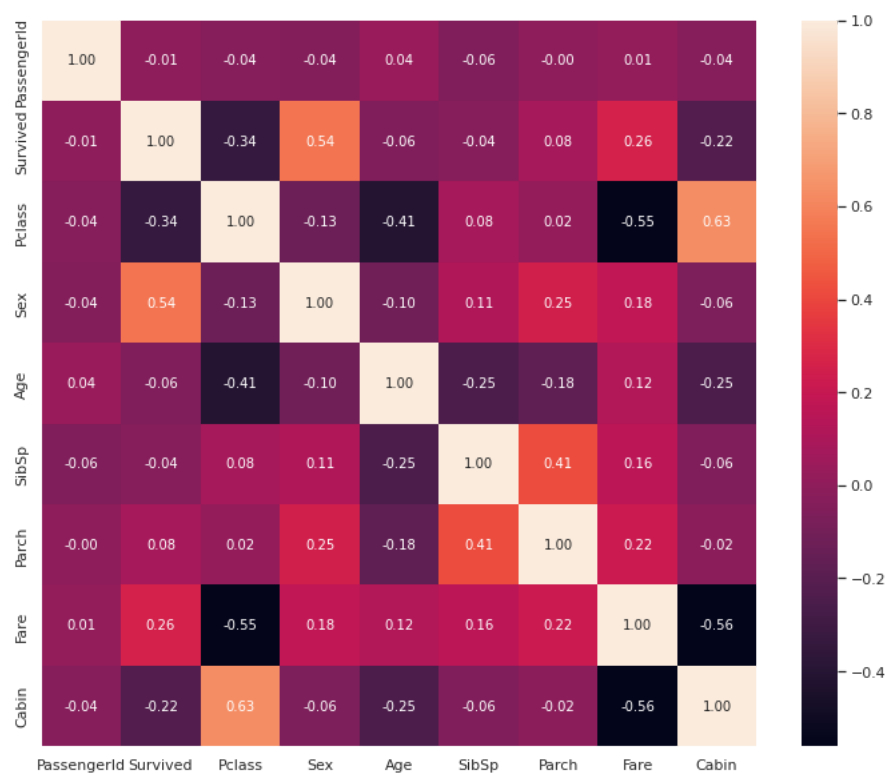
```
fig, axarr = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(12,6))
a = sns.countplot(x=train['Parch'], ax=axarr[0]).set_title('Passengers count by Parch')
axarr[1].set_title('Survival rate by Parch')
b = sns.barplot(x='Parch', y='Survived', data=train, ax=axarr[1], ci=None).set_ylabel('Survival rate')
```



```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,7))
sns.histplot(x=train['Age'], hue=train['Survived'])
```



```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,10))
sns.heatmap(train.corr(), annot=True, fmt='.2f')
plt.show()
```



Splitting the Dataset

Training and Test Set

```
train.drop(['PassengerId', 'Name', 'Ticket', 'Parch','Age','SibSp', 'Embarked'], axis=1, inplace=True)
test.drop(['PassengerId', 'Name', 'Ticket', 'Parch','Age','SibSp', 'Embarked'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
train.shape, test.shape
```

```
((891, 5), (418, 4))
```

Separating Label and Features


```

X = train.iloc[:,1:]
y = train.iloc[:,0]

X_train, X_val, Y_train, Y_val = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2 ,random_state=42)

ss = StandardScaler()
X_train = ss.fit_transform(X_train)
X_val = ss.transform(X_val)
test = ss.transform(test)

```

▼ Machine Learning model

```

def print_scores(model, X_train, Y_train, predictions, cv_splits=10):
    print("The mean accuracy score of the train data is %.5f" % model.score(X_train, Y_train))
    CV_scores = cross_val_score(model, X_train, Y_train, cv=cv_splits)
    print("The individual cross-validation scores are: \n",CV_scores)
    print("The minimum cross-validation score is %.3f" % min(CV_scores))
    print("The maximum cross-validation score is %.3f" % max(CV_scores))
    print("The mean cross-validation score is %.5f ± %0.2f" % (CV_scores.mean(), CV_scores.std() * 2))

depth_range = range(1, 30, 1)
acc_vs_depth = {
    "depth": [],
    "train_acc": [],
    "valid_acc": []
}

for depth in depth_range:
    model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=200, max_depth=depth, max_features=8, min_samples_split=2, random_state=7)
    model.fit(X_train, Y_train)
    X_train_pred = model.predict(X_train)
    X_val_pred = model.predict(X_val)
    acc_vs_depth["depth"].append(depth)
    acc_vs_depth["train_acc"].append((Y_train.to_numpy() == X_train_pred).mean())
    acc_vs_depth["valid_acc"].append((Y_val.to_numpy() == X_val_pred).mean())

acc_vs_depth_df = pd.DataFrame(acc_vs_depth)
acc_vs_depth_df.sample(5)

```

	depth	train_acc	valid_acc
24	25	0.919944	0.826816
22	23	0.919944	0.826816
1	2	0.792135	0.765363
0	1	0.787921	0.782123
7	8	0.891854	0.837989

Plotting results

```

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
plt.plot(acc_vs_depth_df.depth, acc_vs_depth_df.train_acc, label="Train Accuracy")
plt.plot(acc_vs_depth_df.depth, acc_vs_depth_df.valid_acc, label="Validation accuracy")
plt.legend(loc='upper left', frameon=False)
plt.xlabel('Tree Depth')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.show()

```

```
array([0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
       1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1,
       1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1,
       1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0,
       1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1,
       0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
       0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1,
       0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1,
       0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0,
       0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0,
       0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1,
       0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1,
       0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
       1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0,
       0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0,
       1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1,
       0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0])
```