```
ceil(2.3);=3,ceil(-2.3)=-2 big int value
               floor(2.3);=2 ,floor(-2.3)=-3 small int value
                  BITWISE NOT OPERATOR=>
                                                                \sim N = -(N+1)
//N MUST BE IN BINARY FORM
   // NEGATIVE VALUE ALWAYS STORED IN 2's COMPLIMENT
               2. sorting=>
                          bool cmp(pair<int,int>p1,pair<int,int>p2){ //
(obj1,obj2);
                               int x=p1.first;
                               int y=p2.first;
                               if(x<y) // agar x ,1 se jyada bar ayega to fcfs algo
                              return true;
                              else
                              return false;
                          sort(v.begin(),v.end(),cmp); //v={{2,3},{5,2},{2,4}};
                               int a[n];
                              sort(a,a+n);
                              sort(v.begin(),v.end());
                              sort(v.rbegin(),v.rend());
//sort(v.begin(),v.end(),greater<int>());
                    2D vector sorting wrt row->
                              sort(v[i].begin(),v[i].end()); //increasing
                              sort(v[i].rbegin(),v[i].rend()); //decreasing
                   2D vector sorting wrt colom->
                             bool sortcol( const vector<int>& v1, const vector<int>&
v2 ) {
                             return v1[i] <v2[i]; //incresing wrt i index colom
                             sort(v.begin(), v.end(),sortcol);
               2.1 2D function calling vector =>
                                                    vector<vector<int>>
dp(n, vector < int > (w, -1)); //2D matrix with size of[n][w] all value is -1.
                                                    vector<vector<int>> &dp;
               2.2
                        string numstr=to string(cnt); // change number to string
                        string firstString = "Scaler";
               2.3
                       string secondString = "Scaled";
                    int equal = s1.compare(s2); // finding lexographically compare
                           equal=0 // s1==s2
                           equal>0 // s1>s2
                           equal<0 // s1<s2
```

```
3.
                     Power =>
std::string bin("1001");
                     sum=pow(2, x);
                                                                               int
dec = std::stoi(bin, nullptr, 2); //string to any number system
                    In factorial forwarding call(recursive call) and then back
tracking occure( return 0, return 1) return 1 gives
                     value 1 to called function so backtracking multiplication do
not gives 0;
                     bool present=binary_search(v.begin(),v.end(),key);
                5.
                         int
freq=upper_bound(v.begin(),v.end(),key)-lower_bound(v.begin(),v.end(),key);
                         int lb=lower bound(v.begin(), v.end(), key)-v.begin();
                          lb=>first occurence of val equal or just greater
                          up=>just greater
               6.
                     HOW to take string input with space=>
                      std::string s;
                      std::getline(std::cin >> std::ws, s);
                    How to take input when number of test case NOT given->
                    while(cin>>x){.....};
              7.
                   vector<int/bool,char>v;
                                              dynamic memory
                    vector<int>v(5,10); fixed size 10 with value 5 initialisd
                       vector<vector<int>>v;
                        for(int i=0;i<v.size();i++){</pre>
                               for(int j=0;j<v[i].size();j++</pre>
                                cout<<v[i][j]<<" ";
                                cout<<endl;</pre>
                        }
               7.
                    struct node {
                                             int data;
                                             node *left;
                                             node *right;
                                          node(int val){
                                          data=val;
                                          left=NULL;
                                          right=NULL;
                                          }
                      node *root=new node(23);
             8.
                   <space> = 32 , [0-9]=[48-57] ,[A-Z]=[65-90] , [a-z]=[97-122]
```

```
//ascii charecter with decimal value
                         int a=abs(-12); //return absolute value of number or
             9.
expression
             10.
                    gcd(8,12);
                    ios::sync_with_stdio(0);
              11.
              12. auto keyword is used for any data declaration
                                     //stored data in sorder order w.r.t key
              13. map/multimap>
                               int n,a;cin>>n;
                              map<int, int> fre;int x=1;
                                for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i){
                                            cin >> a;
                                            fre[a]++;
                                                           //by defalt value 0 hoti h
                                            if(x<fre[a])
                                            x=fre[a];
                                  }
             14.
                            int n,input;cin>>n;
                           set<int>st;
                                        //store data in sorted order
                          for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
                              cin>>input;
                             st.insert(input);
                         //st.erase(100);st.count(200);
                           for(auto i:st)
                         cout<<i<<" ";
             15.
                    queue<int>q;
                           q.push(23);
                           q.push(200);
                           q.push(400);
                       queue<int>temp=q;
                           temp.front(); // 23
                           temp.back(); //400
                           temp.pop(); // remove 23 from front side
                          while (!temp.empty()) {
                cout << temp.front() << " ";</pre>
                        temp.pop();
        }
                      priority_queue<int>pq; //max heap
                      priority_queue <int, vector<int>, greater<int> > pq; //min
heap
               pq.push(5);
                       pq.push(1);
                       pq.push(10);
                       pq.push(30);
        //
             One by one extract items from min heap
```

```
while (!pq.empty()) {
                cout << pq.top() << " ";</pre>
                pq.pop();
        }
   map<string ,int>mp; //store data in sorted order wrt key
   mp["vikas"]=30;
   bool present=mp.count(key);
   for(auto i:mp){
   cout<<i.first<<" "<<i.second<<endl;</pre>
pair<string,int>p1;
p1=make_pair("vikas", 56);
p1.first<<p1.second<<endl;</pre>
cout<<get<0>(p1)<<" "<<get<1>(p1)<<endl;</pre>
// tuple se acha to struct ka usedefined data type bna lo
tuple<string,int,int,bool>t1;
t1=make_tuple("vikas", 56,27,true);
 int n=tuple_size<decltype(t)>::value;
cout<<get<0>(t1)<<endl;</pre>
cout<<get<1>(t1)<<endl;</pre>
 Graph->
            directed->undirected
            weighted->unweighted
            cyclic ->acyclic
            joint->disjoint
            vector<int>adj[n]; Array of integer_vector -> data structure to
store the unweighted graph
            vector<pair<int,int>>adj[n]; Array of pair_vector -> data structure to
store the weighted graph
            cin>>n>>m; //n nodes and m edges
          vector<int> adj[n]; // 0 based indexing ,array of vector
        for(int i=0;i<m;i++){</pre>
        int u,v; cin>>u>>v;
        adj[u].push_back(v);
        adj[v].push_back(u); }
```