In PL/SQL (Procedural Language/Structured Query Language), a package is a database object that groups related functions, procedures, variables, and other PL/SQL constructs into a single, reusable unit. Packages are used to encapsulate and modularize code, making it easier to manage, maintain, and share code within a database. A package consists of two main parts: a **package specification** and a **package body**.

package pl/sql programme -1

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE my_package AS
-- Public variables/constants
pi CONSTANT NUMBER := 3.14159;
g_counter NUMBER := 10;
-- Public procedure declaration
PROCEDURE squre_number(n integer);
-- Public function declaration
FUNCTION calculate_area(radius IN NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER;
END my_package;
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY my package AS
-- Implementation of the reset_counter procedure
PROCEDURE squre_number( n integer) IS
 BEGIN
 g counter := 0;
  dbms_output.put_line(n*n||' '||g_counter);
  dbms_output.put_line('procedure reset calling vai package');
 END squre number;
-- Implementation of the calculate_area function
FUNCTION calculate_area(radius IN NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER IS
 BEGIN
 RETURN pi * radius * radius;
END calculate_area;
END my_package;
```

```
set SERVEROUTPUT on

DECLARE

radius NUMBER := 5;

BEGIN

my_package.squre_number(8);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Area: ' || my_package.calculate_area(radius));
END;
```

package pl/sql programme -2

employee table

id	name		salary
1	John Doe		55100
2	Jane Smith		64100
3	Bob Johnson		60100
4	vikas	65100	
8	jatin	13500	
9	lakshaya		3000
10	bhumi	6000	
12	null	null	
7	rohit	12500	
12	vikas	null	
12	23	23	
12	23	23	
13	23	23	

```
-- Create a package specification
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE employee pkg AS
-- Public cursor declaration
-- CURSOR employee_cursor RETURN SYS_REFCURSOR;
CURSOR employee_cursor IS
 SELECT * FROM employee;
-- Public procedure to retrieve employee information
PROCEDURE get_employee_info(employee_id IN NUMBER);
END employee_pkg;
-- Create a package body
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY employee_pkg AS
-- Implementation of the cursor
-- CURSOR employee_cursor IS
-- SELECT * FROM employee;
-- Implementation of the procedure to retrieve employee information
PROCEDURE get employee info(employee id IN NUMBER) IS
 emp record employee%ROWTYPE;
 BEGIN
  -- Open the cursor
  OPEN employee_cursor;
  -- Loop through the cursor to find the employee by ID
  LOOP
   FETCH employee_cursor INTO emp_record;
   EXIT WHEN employee_cursor%NOTFOUND;
   -- Check if the current record matches the requested employee ID
   IF emp_record.id = employee_id THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Employee ID: ' | | emp_record.id);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Name: ' | | emp_record.name);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Salary: ' | | emp_record.salary);
```

```
EXIT;
END IF;
END LOOP;

-- Close the cursor
CLOSE employee_cursor;
END get_employee_info;
END employee_pkg;

set SERVEROUTPUT on
DECLARE
emp_id NUMBER := 12; -- Replace with the desired employee ID
BEGIN
employee_pkg.get_employee_info(emp_id);
END;
```