# **ASSIGNMENT**

Task Description 1 Basic Docstring Generation

- •Write python function to return sum of even and odd numbers in the given list.
- Incorporate manual docstring in code with Google Style
- •Use an AI-assisted tool (e.g., Copilot, Cursor AI) to generate a docstring describing the function.
- Compare the Al-generated docstring with your manually written one

#### \*\*\* EXPECTED CODE AND OUTPUT GIVEN BY GOOGLE COLAB:

Code with inline comments:

```
def sum_even_odd_manual_docstring(numbers):
    """Calculates the sum of even and odd numbers in a list.

Args:
    numbers: A list of integers.

Returns:
    A tuple containing the sum of even numbers and the sum of odd numbers.
    """
    even_sum = 0  # Initialize sum for even numbers
    odd_sum = 0  # Initialize sum for odd numbers

for number in numbers:  # Iterate through each number in the list
    if number % 2 == 0:  # Check if the number is even
        even_sum += number # Add to even sum if even
    else:
        odd_sum += number # Add to odd sum if odd

return even_sum, odd_sum # Return the sums

# Example usage:
    my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
    even_sum, odd_sum = sum_even_odd_manual_docstring(my_list)
    print(f"Sum of even numbers: {even_sum}")
    print(f"Sum of even numbers: {codd_sum}")

Sum of even numbers: 30
Sum of even numbers: 25
```

Code and output without comments:

```
def sum_even_odd_ai_docstring(numbers):
     even_sum = 0
     odd_sum = 0
      for number in numbers:
       if number % 2 == 0:
         even_sum += number
       else:
         odd_sum += number
     return even_sum, odd_sum
   # Example usage:
   my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
   even_sum, odd_sum = sum_even_odd_ai_docstring(my_list)
   print(f"Sum of even numbers: {even_sum}")
   print(f"Sum of odd numbers: {odd_sum}")

→ Sum of even numbers: 30

   Sum of odd numbers: 25
```

#### \*\*\* EXPECTED CODE AND OUTPUT GIVEN BY GITHUB COPILOT:

#### Code with inline comments:

## Output:

```
sum_even_odd_with_comments.py"
Sum of even numbers: 12
Sum of odd numbers: 9
```

## Code without comments :

```
def sum_even_odd(numbers):
    even_sum = sum(n for n in numbers if n % 2 == 0)
    odd_sum = sum(n for n in numbers if n % 2 != 0)
    return even_sum, odd_sum

# Example usage
sample_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
result = sum_even_odd(sample_list)
print("Sum of even numbers:", result[0])
print("Sum of odd numbers:", result[1])
```

## Output:

```
sum_even_odd_without_comments.py"
Sum of even numbers: 12
Sum of odd numbers: 9
```

## Task Description 2 Automatic Inline Comments

- •Write python program for sru\_student class with attributes like name, roll no.,hostel\_status and fee\_update method and display\_details method.
- Write comments manually for each line/code block
- •Ask an AI tool to add inline comments explaining each line/step.
- Compare the AI-generated comments with your manually written one

#### \*\*\* EXPECTED CODE AND OUTPUT GIVEN BY GOOGLE COLAB:

## Code and output with inline comments:

```
class sru_student_manual_comments: # Define a class named sru_student_manual_comments

def _init_(self, name, roll_no, hostel_status): # Constructor to initialize object attributes
    self.name = name # Assign the provided name to the object's name attribute
    self.noll_no = roll_no # Assign the provided roll_no to the object's roll_no attribute
    self.nostel_status = hostel_status # Assign the provided roll_no to the object's hostel_status attribute
    self.nostel_status = hostel_status # Assign the provided monut to the fee_paid self.nostel_status attribute
    self.nose_paid = 0 # Initialize fee_paid attribute to 0

def fee_update(self, amount): # Method to update the fee paid
    self.nose_paid + amount # Add the provided amount to the fee_paid attribute
    print(f"Fee updated for (self.name). Total fee paid: (self.fee_paid)") # Print a confirmation message

def display_details(self): # Method to display student details
    print(f"Student Details:") # Print he student some
    print(f"Roll No:: (self.nose_paid)") # Print the student's roll number
    print(f"Roll No:: (self.nose_paid)") # Print the student's roll number
    print(f"Fee Paid: (self.fee_paid)") # Print the total fee paid

# Example Usage:

student1 = sru_student_manual_comments("Alice", "SRU123", "Resident") # Create an instance of the class

student1.fee_update(19000) # Update the fee for student1

student1.fee_update(19000) # Update the fee gagain for student1

student1.display_details() # Display the updated details of student1

$\frac{1}{2}$ Student Details:
Name: Alice
Roll No:: SRU123
Hostel Status: Resident
fee Paid: 0
fee updated for Alice. Total fee paid: 15000
Student Details:
Name: Alice
Roll No: SRU123
Hostel Status: Resident
fee Paid: 15000
```

## Code and output without comments:

```
class sru_student_ai_comments:
0
         def __init__(self, name, roll_no, hostel_status):
    self.name = name
             self.roll_no = roll_no
             self.hostel_status = hostel_status
             self.fee_paid = 0
         def fee_update(self, amount):
             self.fee_paid += amount
             print(f"Fee updated for {self.name}. Total fee paid: {self.fee_paid}")
         def display_details(self):
             print(f"Name: {self.name}")
             print(f"Roll No.: {self.roll_no}")
             print(f"Hostel Status: {self.hostel_status}")
             print(f"Fee Paid: {self.fee_paid}")
    # Example Usage:
    student2 = sru_student_ai_comments("Bob", "SRU456", "Day Scholar")
    student2.display_details()
    student2.fee_update(3000)
    student2.fee_update(7000
    student2.display_details()

→ Student Details:
   Name: Bob
Roll No.: SRU456
Hostel Status: Day Scholar
    Fee Paid: 0
    Fee updated for Bob. Total fee paid: 3000
Fee updated for Bob. Total fee paid: 10000
    Student Details:
    Name: Bob
    Roll No.: SRU456
Hostel Status: Day Scholar
    Fee Paid: 10000
```

#### \*\*\* EXPECTED CODE AND OUTPUT GIVEN BY GITHUB COPILOT:

#### Code with inline comments:

```
class sru_student:
   def __init__(self, name, roll_no, hostel_status):
       self.name = name # Store the student's name
       self.roll_no = roll_no # Store the student's roll number
       self.hostel_status = hostel_status # Store the student's hostel status
       self.fee_paid = False # Track if the fee has been updated/paid
   # Method to update the fee status
   def fee_update(self, status):
       self.fee_paid = status # Update the fee_paid attribute
   # Method to display all details of the student
   def display_details(self):
       print(f"Name: {self.name}") # Print the student's name
       print(f"Roll No: {self.roll_no}") # Print the student's roll number
       print(f"Hostel Status: {self.hostel_status}") # Print the student's hostel status
       print(f"Fee Paid: {'Yes' if self.fee_paid else 'No'}") # Print fee status
# Example usage
student1 = sru_student("Rahul", 101, "Yes") # Create a student object
student1.fee_update(True) # Update fee status to paid
student1.display_details() # Display all details
```

## Output:

```
Name: Rahul
Roll No: 101
Hostel Status: Yes
Fee Paid: Yes
```

## Code without comments:

```
class sru_student:
    def __init__(self, name, roll_no, hostel_status):
        self.name = name
        self.roll_no = roll_no
        self.hostel_status = hostel_status
        self.fee_paid = False
   def fee_update(self, status):
       self.fee_paid = status
    def display_details(self):
        print(f"Name: {self.name}")
        print(f"Roll No: {self.roll_no}")
        print(f"Hostel Status: {self.hostel status}")
        print(f"Fee Paid: {'Yes' if self.fee_paid else 'No'}")
student1 = sru_student("Rahul", 101, "Yes")
student1.fee_update(True)
student1.display_details()
```

# Output:

```
vikaskathroju@vickys-Mac
t:2"
Name: Rahul
Roll No: 101
Hostel Status: Yes
Fee Paid: Yes
```

## Task Description 3

- •Write a Python script with 3–4 functions (e.g., calculator: add, subtract, multiply, divide).
- Incorporate manual docstring in code with NumPy Style
- Use Al assistance to generate a module-level docstring + individual function docstrings.
- Compare the Al-generated docstring with your manually written one.

## **Expected Output:**

Students learn structured documentation for multi-function scripts

#### \*\*\*EXPECTED CODE AND OUTPUT PROVIDED BY GOOGLE COLAB:

Code with inline comments:

```
Returns
0
        float
        ValueError
        if y == 0: # Check if the denominator is zero
            raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero!") # Raise an error if dividing by zero
        return x / y # Return the quotient of x and y
    # Example Usage:
    num1 = 10
    num2 = 5
    print(f"{num1} + {num2} = {add(num1, num2)}")
    print(f"{num1} - {num2} = {subtract(num1, num2)}")
    print(f"{num1} * {num2} = {multiply(num1, num2)}")
    print(f"{num1} / {num2} = {divide(num1, num2)}")
    # Example of division by zero
        print(f"{num1} / 0 = {divide(num1, 0)}")
    except ValueError as e:
        print(e)
→ 10 + 5 = 15
    10 - 5 = 5
    10 * 5 = 50
    10 / 5 = 2.0
    Cannot divide by zero!
```

#### Code without comments:

```
def add(x, y):
      return x + y
    def subtract(x, y):
     return x - y
    def multiply(x, y):
      return x * y
    def divide(x, y):
      if y == 0:
       raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero!")
      return x / y
    num1 = 10
    num2 = 5
    print(f"{num1} + {num2} = {add(num1, num2)}")
    print(f"{num1} - {num2} = {subtract(num1, num2)}")
    print(f"{num1} * {num2} = {multiply(num1, num2)}")
    print(f"{num1} / {num2} = {divide(num1, num2)}")
       print(f"{num1} / 0 = {divide(num1, 0)}")
    except ValueError as e:
       print(e)
→ 10 + 5 = 15
    10 - 5 = 5
    10 * 5 = 50
    10 / 5 = 2.0
    Cannot divide by zero!
```

#### \*\*\* EXPECTED CODE AND OUTPUT PROVIDED BY GITHUB COPILOT:

#### Code with inline comments:

```
# Example usage
x, y = 10, 5
print("Add:", add(x, y))
print("Subtract:", subtract(x, y))
print("Multiply:", multiply(x, y))
print("Divide:", divide(x, y))
```

## Output:

```
vikaskathroju@vickys
Add: 15
Subtract: 5
Multiply: 50
Divide: 2.0
```

#### Code without comments:

```
def add(a, b):
    return a + b

def subtract(a, b):
    return a - b

def multiply(a, b):
    return a * b

def divide(a, b):
    """

    if b == 0:
        raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero.")
    return a / b

x, y = 10, 5
print("Add:", add(x, y))
print("Subtract:", subtract(x, y))
print("Multiply:", multiply(x, y))
print("Divide:", divide(x, y))
```

# Output:

```
Add: 15
Subtract: 5
Multiply: 50
Divide: 2.0
```