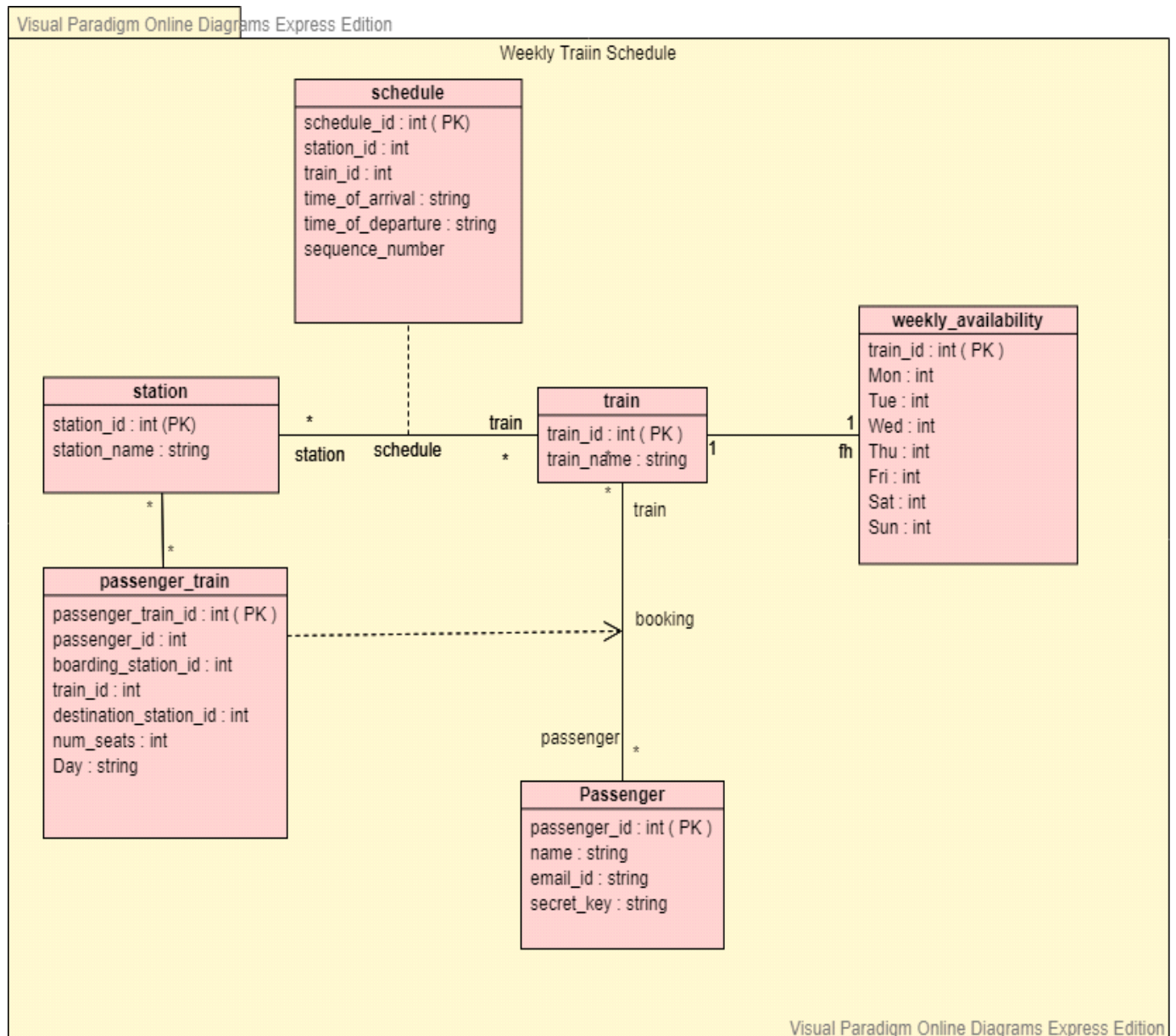


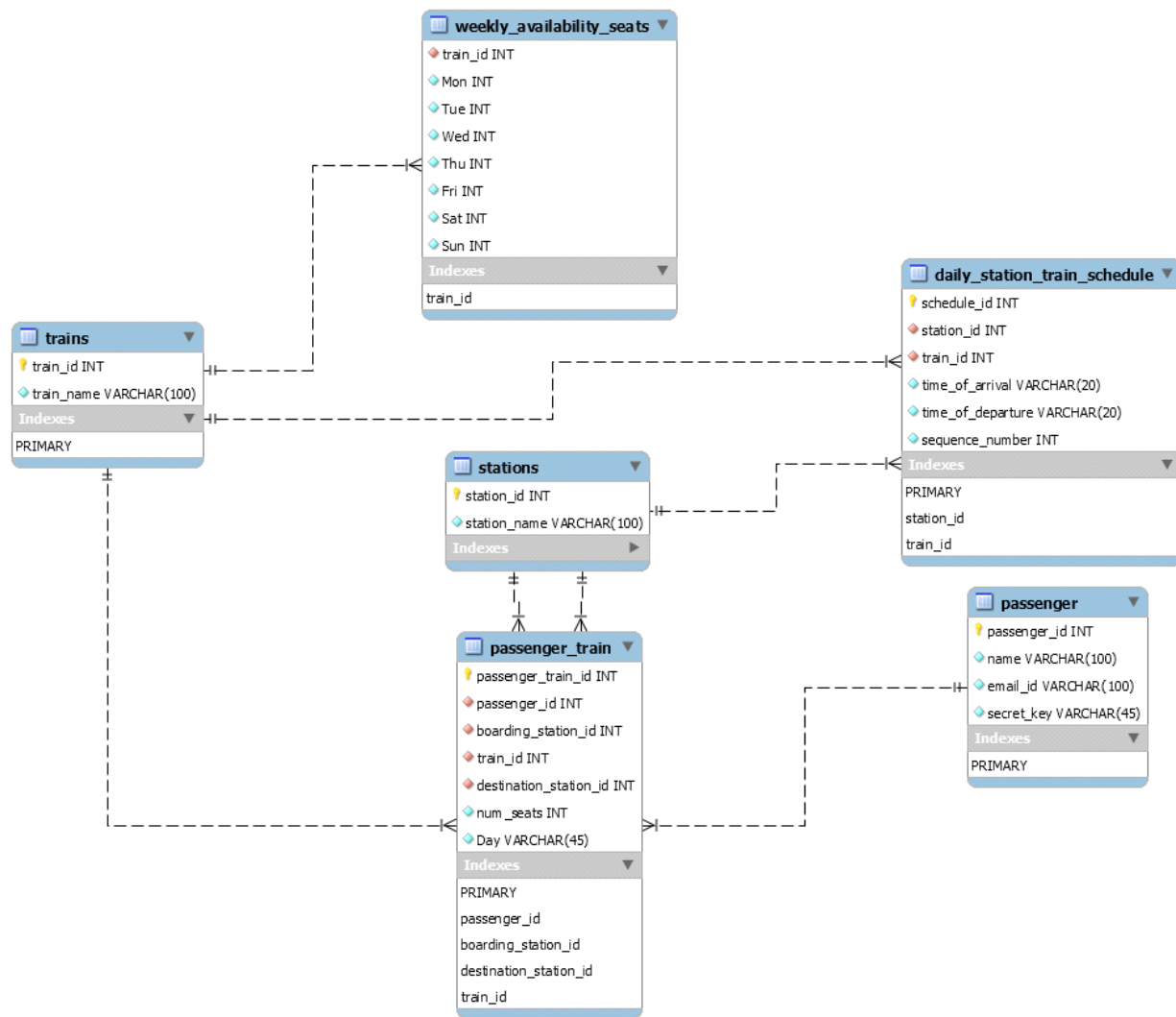
# Project Report

Saturday, June 20, 2020 11:49 PM

## 1 . UML



## 2 . Logical Design :



### 3 . Lesson Learnt and Future Work Section :

#### Lesson Learnt :

1 . **Host Language Benefits** : Since I come from Firmware background usually dealing with memory and MIPS . Using an application oriented like Python for first time was a wonderful experience . Owing to less knowledge of the same I spent a lot of time trying to write the code from scratch for tabular display of data and other modules , which already existed with this language.I regret spending time on something that has been already implemented but a good lesson learnt to know more about the giveaways with the choice of a language.

2 . **Spending more time with Design** : I spent a good quantity as well as quality time in logical design , but from the proposal to final report I still made many changes to it ( adding extensive features , normalizing the tables ) . Which makes me wonder that wish I would have put some more time and take an expert opinion in office hours to come up with a good project proposal therein to avoid massive design changes post proposal.

#### Future Work Section :

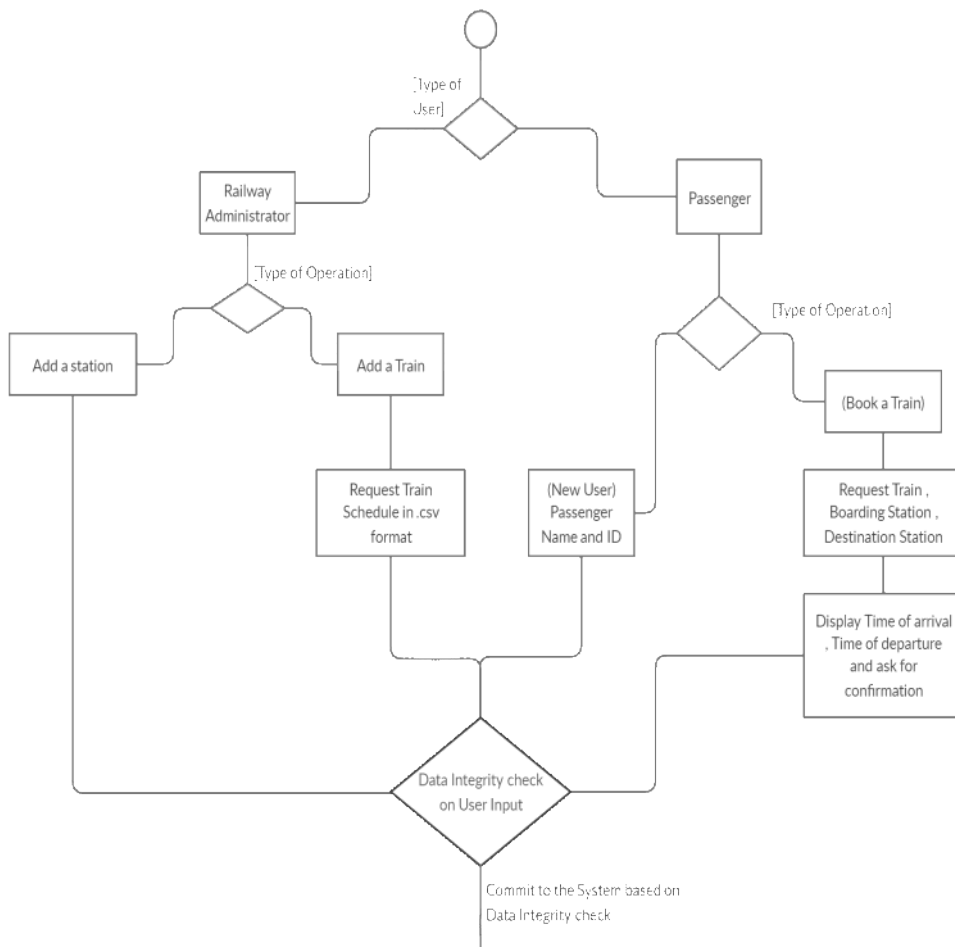
1 . **Scaling it to yearly schedule** : I have designed a railway tickets and services portal only for a weekly

basis , but design is scalable enough to make it a yearly based service by adding one more table.

**2 . Pricing of tickets :** Currently there is no pricing of tickets , but we can easily extend the database to include pricing of tickets and adding a functionality in admin object to set a price for a ticket of a train

**3 . RDBMS vs NoSQL :** Although I selected RDBMS for this project , but I think in future work a detailed analysis on why RDBMS vs NoSQL and which could be better for this database would further improve the performance of the application.

#### 4 . User Activity :



User activity follows above call-flow in application as well .

#### Administrator :

He \ She is provided with features to Add a Station and Train .

Adding a train would expect him \ her to provide the schedule in a format that the application would understand which goes as below :

<City>,<Arrival Time>,<Departure Time>,<Sequence of station>

|         |        |        |    |
|---------|--------|--------|----|
| Mumbai  | ,13:00 | ,13:10 | ,1 |
| Pune    | ,18:30 | ,19:10 | ,2 |
| Kolkata | ,21:30 | ,21:40 | ,3 |

Above train makes a journey from **Mumbai** to **Kolkata** with a stop at Pune in between

**Passenger :**

He \ She is provided with features to

- 1 . Register as a new user
- 2 . Book a ticket
- 3 . Display Tickets
- 4 . Cancel Ticket

For registration , his email-id is used a primary key but eventually there won't be any email acknowledgement that would be used for confirmation of email-id as it doesn't come in the ballpark of the course .

Application is quite user interactive , with each prompt giving a detail walkthrough of it's functionality.

**5 . README or Technical Description :**

**Tools used :** MySQL Workbench 8.0.20 Community Edition for database design  
Notepad++ For editing python code

**Software :**

Python : Version 3.8.3

Modules : mysql.connector  
          mysql  
          csv  
          tabulate

PIP : Version 20.1.1

Installation steps : pip install tabulate  
                      pip install csv  
                      pip install mysql-connector-python  
                      pip install mysql

Database : RDBMS with MySQL used for querying the database

**Run Command :**

python appcode.py  
( It will prompt for database credentials )

**Admin credentials :** username : root , passkey : root