```
In [1]: # Tuple():
        ## It Is Used To Stored Multiple Data Elements In A Single Object.
        ## Immutable : It Can Not Be Modify.
        ## Ordered
        ## Allow To Store Duplicate Values.
        ## Support Index Value.
In [2]:
           ## Tuple :
               ==> It Is Used To Store Multiple Data Elements.
               ==> It Supports The Duplicate Data Elements.
               ==> Ordered
               ==> Imutable
                   : It Can Not Modify
         1.1.1
        0.0
Out[2]:
```

# How To Make Tuple

```
In [1]: ## Use : ()
In [2]: t1 = ()
In [3]: t1
Out[3]: ()
In [4]: type(t1)
Out[4]: tuple
In [5]: t2 = ("Sean")
In [6]: t2
Out[6]: 'Sean'
In [7]: type(t2)
Out[7]: str
```

### Note: Tuple Can Not Stored A Single Element

```
In [8]: t2 = ("Sean",)
In [9]: t2
Out[9]: ('Sean',)
In [10]: type(t2)
Out[10]: tuple
```

#### Ordered

```
In [11]: t5 = (100,25,125,2,1,10)
In [12]: t5
Out[12]: (100, 25, 125, 2, 1, 10)
```

### Support Duplicate Items

```
In [13]: t6 = ("Sean", "Sean")
In [14]: t6
Out[14]: ('Sean', 'Sean')
```

## How To Check The Length of The Tuple

#### Index

```
In [18]: t1 = ("Mike","Jack","Luke","Ryan","Kyle")
In [19]: t1
```

```
Out[19]: ('Mike', 'Jack', 'Luke', 'Ryan', 'Kyle')
In [20]:
         t1[0]
         'Mike'
Out[20]:
In [21]:
        t1[5]
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         Input In [21], in <cell line: 1>()
         ----> 1 t1[5]
         IndexError: tuple index out of range
In [24]: | t1[4]
         'Kyle'
Out[24]:
In [22]: | t1[::2]
Out[22]: ('Mike', 'Luke', 'Kyle')
         Immutable
In [23]: t1
Out[23]: ('Mike', 'Jack', 'Luke', 'Ryan', 'Kyle')
In [24]:
         t1[0]
         'Mike'
Out[24]:
In [25]: | t1[0] = "Jackie"
         TypeError
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
         Input In [25], in <cell line: 1>()
         ----> 1 t1[0] = "Jackie"
         TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
         Slicing/Indexing
In [28]: t1
         ('Mike', 'Jack', 'Luke', 'Ryan', 'Kyle')
Out[28]:
In [29]: t1[0::2]
         ('Mike', 'Luke', 'Kyle')
```

```
In [31]: t1[1:5:2]
Out[31]: ('Jack', 'Ryan')
```

# How To Make Tuple Input Function

```
In [32]: ## Use : tuple(input().split())
In [27]: data = tuple(input().split())
    print("\nEmp Data :",data)
        Mike Jack Luke Peter Finn
        Emp Data : ('Mike', 'Jack', 'Luke', 'Peter', 'Finn')
In [2]: type(data)
Out[2]: tuple
```

### Methods

```
In [3]: dir(tuple)
```

```
Out[3]: ['__add__',
             __class__',
            '__class_getitem__',
               _contains___',
               _delattr__',
              _dir__',
               _doc__',
               _eq__',
               _format__',
              _ge__',
               _getattribute___',
               _getitem__',
               _getnewargs___',
               _gt__',
              _hash__',
_init__',
               _init_subclass___',
               _iter__',
               _le__',
_len__',
               _lt__'
               _mul__ '
               _ne__',
_new__',
               _reduce__',
               _reduce_ex__',
               repr_',
              __.
__rmul___',
               _setattr__',
_sizeof__',
               _str__',
              _subclasshook__',
            'count',
            'index']
In [4]:
                 ## Count()
                 ## Index()
          0.01
Out[4]:
```

#### count()

```
Out[5]:
         data
In [28]:
Out[28]: ('Mike', 'Jack', 'Luke', 'Peter', 'Finn')
In [29]: data.count("Mike")
Out[29]: 1
In [30]: data.count(input("Enter Value :"))
         Enter Value :AB
Out[30]:
In [31]:
         inp = input("Do You Want To Count The Perticular Element ? :")
          if inp =="Yes":
              value = input("\nEnter The Value :")
              print()
              print(value, "Is :", data.count(value))
              print("\nExit..")
         Do You Want To Count The Perticular Element ? :Yes
         Enter The Value : Mike
         Mike Is: 1
         index()
In [11]:
           ## index():
               => It Is Used To Check The Pos/Index Value of Any Element.
               ## Syntax :
                             tuple_name.index(Element)
          . . .
Out[11]:
         data.index("Finn")
In [32]:
Out[32]:
In [33]:
         data
Out[33]: ('Mike', 'Jack', 'Luke', 'Peter', 'Finn')
In [35]: data.index("Jack")
```

```
Out[35]: 1
In [36]:
         data.index(input("Enter Value :"))
         Enter Value :Jenny
         ValueError
                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
         Input In [36], in <cell line: 1>()
         ----> 1 data.index(input("Enter Value :"))
         ValueError: tuple.index(x): x not in tuple
         Handle The Error
In [17]:
         value = input("Enter Value :")
         if value in data:
             value = input("\nEnter Value To Check Index No :")
             print("\nIndex No Is :",data.index(value))
             print("\nGiven Value :",value,"Is Not Exist.")
         Enter Value :Jack
         Enter Value To Check Index No :Finn
         Index No Is: 4
         value = input("Enter Value :")
In [18]:
         if value in data:
             value = input("\nEnter Value To Check Index No :")
             print("\nIndex No Is :",data.index(value))
             print("\nGiven Value :",value,"Is Not Exist.")
         Enter Value :Jenny
         Given Value : Jenny Is Not Exist.
         data
In [19]:
         ('Mike', 'Jack', 'Luke', 'Peter', 'Finn')
Out[19]:
         data[0]
In [20]:
          'Mike'
Out[20]:
         data[0] = "Jenny"
In [21]:
                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
         Input In [21], in <cell line: 1>()
         ----> 1 data[0] = "Jenny"
         TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
 In [ ]:
```

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