

Printed Pages: 02

Sub Code: NCS601 / ECS601

Paper Id: 110250

Roll No. 

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**B TECH**  
**(SEM-VI) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19**  
**COMPUTER NETWORKS**

**Time: 3 Hours****Total Marks: 100****Note:** 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.**SECTION A**

1. Attempt *all* questions in brief. **2 x 10 = 20**
- Consider a noiseless channel with a bandwidth of 3000 Hz transmitting a signal with four signal levels. What is the maximum bit rate?
  - A bit string **0001111111001111101000** needs to be transmitted at the data link layer. What is the string actually transmitted after bit stuffing?
  - Write four differences between circuit switching and packet switching.
  - Sketch Manchester and differential Manchester encoding for the following bit stream: 10111100010010011101
  - Write two use of subnet mask.
  - What do you mean by DNS?
  - What are the services of Transport Layer?
  - What are the major advantages of using optical fiber over twisted pair cable?
  - Taking  $p=5$ ,  $q=11$ ,  $d=27$  in RSA. Find the value of  $e$ .
  - Convert the IPv4 address whose hexadecimal representation is C22F15B2 to dotted decimal notation. What is the class of this address?

**SECTION B**

2. Attempt any *three* of the following: **10 x 3 = 30**
- What do you mean by network architecture? What should be their design issues? Explain briefly.
  - Explain the working of pure ALOHA and slotted ALOHA protocols. How slotted ALOHA improve the performance of pure ALOHA?
  - What do you mean by adaptive and non-adaptive routing algorithm? Discuss Distance Vector Routing including count to infinity problem.
  - Discuss TCP window management in detail. Also explain silly window syndrome and their solution.
  - Discuss different types of transmission media with their advantages and disadvantages.

**SECTION C**

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following: **10 x 1 = 10**
- Differentiate OSI and TCP/IP reference model. Which one is more popular and why?
  - Suppose a signal travels through a transmission medium then find:
    - The attenuation (loss of power) if the power is reduced to one half.
    - The amplification (gain of power) if the power is Increased 10 times.

**4. Attempt any one part of the following:****10 x 1 = 10**

- (a) List different carrier sense protocols. How CSMA/CD protocol is different from other CSMA/CA protocol?
- (b) What do you mean by transmission impairment? Explain different types of transmission impairment.

**5. Attempt any one part of the following:****10 x 1 = 10**

- (a) What is Congestion? Differentiate between congestion control and flow control with example. Also discuss congestion prevention policies.
- (b) Sketch the IP header neatly and explain the functions of each field. What are the deficiencies of IPV4 over IPV6?

**6. Attempt any one part of the following:****10 x 1 = 10**

- (a) An organization is granted a block 211.17.180.0 /24. The administrator wants to create 32 subnets
- Find the subnet mask.
  - Find the number of addresses in each subnet.
  - Find the first & last address in subnet 1.
  - Find the first & last address in subnet 32.

- (b) The symbols & their frequencies are given below

Symbol	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Frequency	20	18	16	15	15	10	4	2

Construct Huffman codes.

**7. Attempt any one part of the following:****10 x 1 = 10**

- (a) Encrypt "EXTRANETPLANETSOURCE" using a transposition cipher with the following key:
- 3 5 2 1 4**
- (b) Explain the following:
- Telnet
  - FTP
  - SNMP
  - HTTP
  - MIME