

Project Report

1. Task 1 - Energy Minimization

$$E(\mathbf{w}) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \sum (y(\mathbf{x}_n) - \mathbf{t}_n)^2.$$

Differentiating with respect to w , we get

$$\frac{d}{dw} (E(w)) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) (2X^T X - 2X^T t)$$

$$\frac{d}{dw} (E(w)) = X^T X w - X^T t$$

equate this to 0:

$$w^* = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T t$$

In this task, we have to minimize the error given by the above equation. For this we perform differentiation and get values of all w coefficients.

For fixed Number of sample points: $N=50$ We see that curve is most accurate for $M=3$ and becomes less accurate as M increases

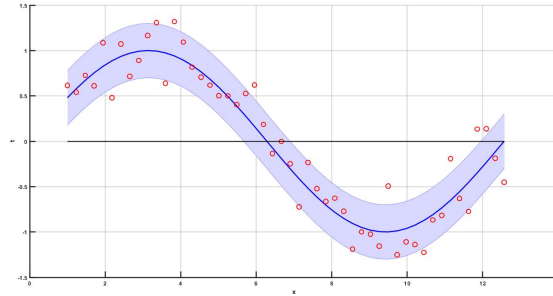


Figure 1: Case 1: ($M = 0$) $w^* = [-6.2256e-04]$

2.

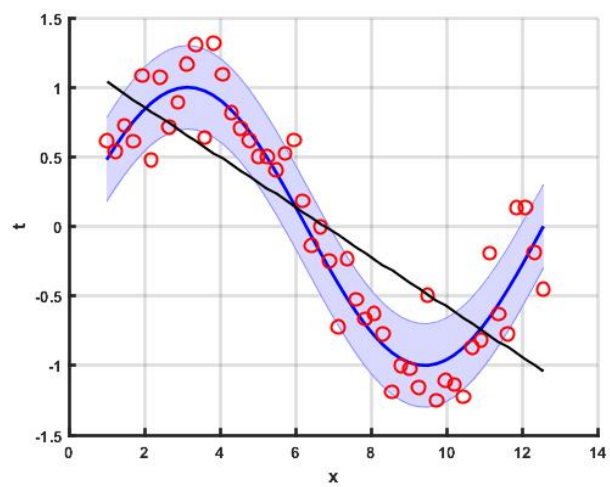


Figure 2: Case 2: ($M = 1$) $w^* = [1.2167, -0.1795]$

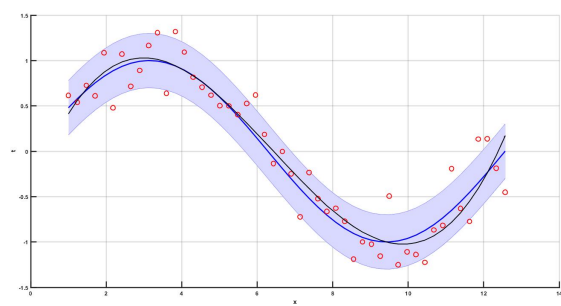


Figure 3: Case 3: ($M = 3$) $w^* = [-0.4726, 1.1171, -0.2435, 0.0126]$

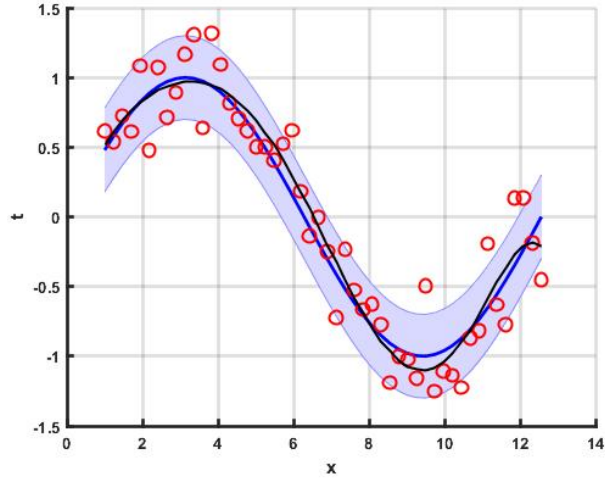


Figure 4: Case 4: ($M = 6$) $w^* = [-0.1706, 0.9951, -0.4037, 0.1121, -0.0199, 0.0017, -0.0000]$

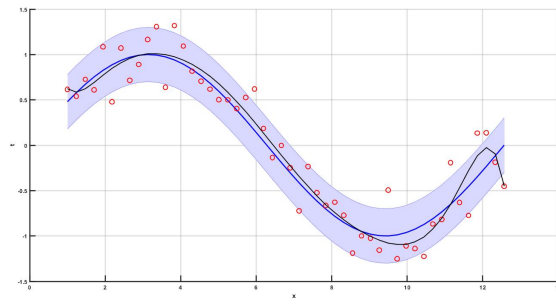


Figure 5: Case 5: ($M = 9$) $w^* = [3.5588, -7.4393, 7.1931, -3.5730, 1.0628, -0.2002, 0.0239, -0.0018, 0.0001, -0.0000]$

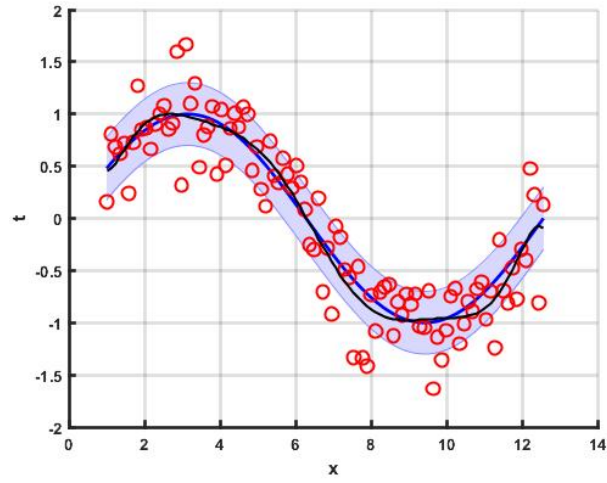


Figure 6: Case 1: ($M = 9$) $N=100 \rightarrow$ For fixed value of $M=9$

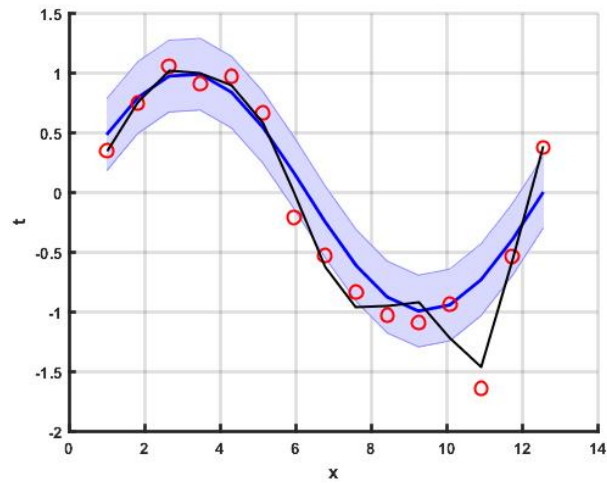


Figure 7: Case 2: ($M = 9$) $N=100 \rightarrow$ For fixed value of $M=9$ the curve is trying to overfit