BTC Price Action Strategy – Rule Set for a Language-Based Rule-Based Al Agent (EN)

- Fully price action-based
- All entries via limit orders
- Stop-loss is executed via stop-market orders
- A No indicators, no market entries

★ GENERAL RULES (updated)

- 1. Only trade BTC/USDT based purely on price action.
- 2. Use limit orders only to open trades.
- 3. Do not use any indicators (such as RSI, MACD, etc.).
- 4. Stop-losses must be executed as stop-market orders

(Once the SL level is hit, a market close is triggered).

- 5. Market orders for entries are not allowed.
- 6. Only take a trade if all entry conditions are fully met.
- 7. Do not enter trades during impulsive movements.
- 8. Always calculate the Risk-to-Reward ratio (RR) before entry.
- 9. Never open a trade in the middle of a range.

MARKET STRUCTURE DETECTION

The agent must detect:

- Uptrend = Higher Highs (HH) + Higher Lows (HL)
- Downtrend = Lower Lows (LL) + Lower Highs (LH)
- Break of Structure (BoS):
- Bullish: new HH > previous high
- Bearish: new LL < previous low
- GAIN: A candle opens and closes above a resistance → the level is "gained"
- LOSS: A candle opens and closes below a support → the level is "lost"

S ENTRY TYPES

1. Limit Catch Entry (aggressive)

A limit buy/sell without confirmation, placed only at clear range extremes.

Allowed:

• Only on 15m timeframes or higher

• Only at the top of the range (short) or bottom of the range (long)

Conditions:

- Range must be clearly present with at least 2 touches on both sides
- Range must be horizontal and low in volatility (1.5–3%)

Action:

- Place limit order at rangehigh or rangelow
- SL = just outside the range (executed as a stop-market order)
- TP = midrange or opposite edge of the range

2. In-Price Entry (conservative)

An entry placed after a structure break (BoS), during a pullback to HL or LH.

Allowed:

On all timeframes (especially scalping on M1–M15)

Conditions:

- BoS or GAIN/LOSS has been confirmed
- Price pulls back to a zone between LL ↔ HH (or HH ↔ LL)
- The zone must be a previous S/R, orderblock, wick cluster, or candle base

Action:

- Place a limit order at HL or LH
- SL = below HL or above LH (executed as a stop-market order)
- TP = next structural level or minimum RR ≥ 1:3

RANGE DETECTION

A range is defined as:

- No clear trend (no HH/HL or LL/LH)
- Highs and lows are within 1.5–3% deviation
- At least 2 touches at both the top and bottom
- Lasts at least 15 candles

Once detected:

- Mark the rangehigh and rangelow
- Only allow entries at the extremes
- Invalidate the range if a candle closes outside of it

TOP-LOSS STRATEGY

- Level 1 SL (tight): Just below HL / just above LH
- Level 2 SL (wider): Below wick / orderblock / test zone
- All stop-losses must be executed as stop-market orders

MPULSE VS BUILD-UP

- Never enter during a strong impulse
- Only trade during build-up phases or pullbacks
- Impulse = used to hit TP, not to enter trades

ENTRY QUALITY (Orderblocks – OBs)

- A strong impulse after an orderblock makes the zone more reliable
- OB = last candle before the impulse begins
- Entry should be placed at or just above/below the OB during the pullback

> Technical Rule Set – BTC Price Action Al Agent

Purpose: These rules serve as a framework for developing a rule-based AI agent that trades using the Doopiecash price action strategy.

1. What defines a strong impulse?

A strong impulse is a fast, directional price movement with clear intent.

Criteria:

- At least 2 consecutive candles
- Total price movement ≥ 1.5%
- Occurs within a maximum of 3 candles
- Candle bodies must be significantly larger than their wicks (body ≥ 60% of total candle size)
 - No significant retracement during the move

2. What defines a build-up phase?

A build-up is a consolidation phase where the market compresses before an impulse.

Criteria:

- At least 5 consecutive candles
- Small-bodied candles, often overlapping
- Total range of the build-up must be ≤ 1%
- No clear HH/HL or LL/LH structure
- Visually appears as compression or horizontal movement
- 3. How is the midrange zone defined?

Midrange = the middle 30% of the total range.

- Only short entries above the top 35%
- Only long entries below the bottom 35%
- No entries allowed within the middle 30% zone

Example:

- Range: \$25,000 to \$26,000 (1,000 USD wide)
- Midrange: \$25,350 to \$25,650 → no entries allowed in this area
- 4. How precise do the touches need to be for range detection?

Use timeframe-based tolerance:

Timeframe Range touch tolerance 1m–3m–5m ±0.5% from top/bottom 15m and higher ±1.0% from top/bottom

- A valid range requires at least 2 touches on both the top and bottom
- The touches do not need to be exact, as long as they fall within the specified tolerance

• 5. How many days of historical data should the strategy use?

The strategy may look back as far as needed, as long as the structure remains relevant.

Structure Type Validity / Lookback Window
Ranges Valid until broken (no time limit)
Orderblocks Valid until tested or invalidated

BoS / Pullbacks Valid immediately after formation, no limit S/R Levels Always valid if price continues to interact with them

There is no fixed limit in days—structures remain valid until invalidated by price action.

- 6. How many touches are required to validate an S/R level?
 - Minimum of 2 touches at approximately the same level
 - Tolerance: ±0.25%
 - 3 or more touches give the level extra significance

• 7. What is an Orderblock (OB)?

An Orderblock (also called "armpit") is:

The last candle in the opposite direction before a strong impulse begins.

Bullish Orderblock:

- 1. Identify a strong upward impulse
- 2. Locate the last red (bearish) candle before the move
- 3. Mark the zone (usually the body, optionally include wick)
- 4. Entry = when price returns to this zone later

Bearish Orderblock:

• Same logic, reversed: the last green (bullish) candle before a downward move

8. What qualifies as a valid impulse from an Orderblock?

Validating the OB:

- Impulse must be at least 1.5%
- Must occur within 3 candles
- Candles must have dominant bodies with minimal wicks
- Price must exit the OB zone with strength

9. Can an Orderblock expire?

Time-based expiration:

• X No, Orderblocks do not expire over time

Invalidation rules:

- An Orderblock becomes invalid if:
 - Price closes through the OB zone with a full candle body
 - Or if price tests the OB with a wick and no strong reaction follows
- → In both cases, the OB is considered used or broken

After a wick test → the OB is no longer valid for new entries

- 10. How many wicks must overlap to qualify as a wick cluster?
 - Minimum 3 wicks
 - All must fall within ±0.25% of each other
 - Can be from consecutive candles
 - Visually forms a clear area of repeated rejection
- 11. What defines a valid candle base?

A candle base is a small consolidation that appears right before a strong impulse.

Criteria:

- 2 to 4 candles
- Small bodies, with significant overlap
- Total range limited to 0.5–1%
- Must be followed directly by a strong impulse
- Used as an entry zone in continuation setups

♠ Developer Summary Table

Structure Type Detection Criteria

Impulse ≥1.5% in ≤3 candles, body-dominant

Build-up ≥5 small candles, <1% range, no HH/HL/LL/LH

Midrange Middle 30% of the range = no-entry zone

Range Touch Min. 2 touches per side, timeframe-based tolerance

S/R Validation Min. 2 touches, ±0.25% tolerance

Orderblock Last candle before impulse, valid until tested

OB Invalidation Wick test or body-close through zone

Wick Cluster Min. 3 wicks within ±0.25%

Candle Base 2–4 overlapping small candles before impulse

OB Reaction Strength – What qualifies as a "strong reaction"?

Chart interpretation:

Price must react clearly to the Orderblock — not just wick in and out, but actually reject it with strength.

V For the team:

Reaction must occur within maximum 3 candles after touching the OB

The move must be a clean impulse of ≥1.5%, with large candle bodies and minimal retracement Candle Overlap – What qualifies as a valid build-up/base?

Chart interpretation:

A build-up or base shows small candles closely packed together in a tight range.

For the team:

Candle bodies (open/close) should overlap within ±0.15%

2-4 candles = valid base

5 or more candles = valid build-up

OB Invalidation Wick - How deep can a wick go into the OB?

Chart interpretation:

If price wicks into the OB and doesn't respect it, it's no longer a valid zone.

For the team:

If a wick penetrates more than 50% into the OB without a clear rejection, the OB becomes invalid

Reaction Time – How quickly must price react to the OB?

The reaction must start within 3 candles after price touches the OB zone. If not, the setup is considered invalid.

Stop-Loss movement after TP1 – How should this work?

Strategy: SL should move to breakeven after TP1 is hit

↑ Technical: The original SL can't be modified via Bybit API, but it can be canceled and replaced with a new order — that's fine, as long as it's done automatically Impulse after base – How quickly must the move follow?

An impulse must follow within 3 candles after the base. If it doesn't happen within that window, the base is no longer valid as an entry trigger.