

Pre Lab 3

Collections and Iteration: Looping Through Data

Applied Python Programming with AI and Raspberry Pi Interfaces

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Semester: ABCD 20YX

Points: 20

Assign: *TBD*Due: *TBD*

Name: _____

Follow these steps to deepen your understanding of Python loops (**while** and **for**). You'll work with the provided "Ride Share Fare Calculator". Code and answer each question by editing, running, observing, and documenting the results.

1. Set up your environment

- Open your favorite Python editor or IDE (e.g., IDLE, VS Code, PyCharm).
- Open the file `ride_fare_loops.py`.
- Run the base code.
- Execute `ride_fare_loops.py` as-is.
- Verify that it prints the subtotal, tax, shipping, total cost, and whether the order is within your budget.

```

1 # Pricing parameters
2 base_rate_per_mile = 1.25      # $ per mile
3 base_rate_per_minute = 0.25   # $ per minute
4 peak_hours_morning = range(7, 10) # 7-9 AM
5 peak_hours_evening = range(17, 20) # 5-7 PM
6 peak_multiplier = 1.5         # 50% surge
7 service_fee = 2.00           # flat fee per ride
8
9
10 # Sample rides: (distance_mi, duration_min, start_hour)
11 rides = [
12     (3.2, 12, 8),      # morning peak
13     (5.0, 20, 14),     # off-peak
14     (2.5, 15, 18),     # evening peak
15     (10.0, 25, 22),    # late night
16     (1.0, 5, 9)        # edge of peak
17 ]
18
19 # 1. Calculate total revenue using a while loop
20 index = 0
21 total_revenue = 0.0
22
23 while index < len(rides):
24     dist, dur, hour = rides[index]
25     base_fare = dist * base_rate_per_mile + dur * base_rate_per_minute
26     multiplier = peak_multiplier if (hour in peak_hours_morning or hour in
27         peak_hours_evening) else 1.0
28     fare = base_fare * multiplier + service_fee
29     total_revenue += fare
30     index += 1
31
32 print(f"Total revenue: ${total_revenue:.2f}")

```

```
33 # 2. Compute total distance and average speed using a for loop
34 total_distance = 0.0
35 total_time = 0.0
36 for dist, dur, hour in rides:
37     total_distance += dist
38     total_time += dur
39 average_speed = total_distance / (total_time / 60) # miles per hour
40 print(f"Total distance: {total_distance:.1f} miles")
41 print(f"Average speed: {average_speed:.1f} mph")
```

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2. Record your observations (2 Points)**3. Record your observations with your inputs.(2 Points)**

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4. Answer the following questions (4 Points)

1. After the while loop finishes, what is the final value and type of the variable `index`?

2. What happens if you comment `line 29`

5. Thinker and Tinker

1. Say, you want to modify the while loop so that it displays the fare for each ride? Show your updated **while** block. **(4 Points)**

2. Suppose night-owl rides ($\text{hour} \geq 22$) incur a flat \$5 surcharge. How would you integrate that into the while loop without breaking its structure?(**4 Points**)

3. You decide to use a **for** loop instead of **while**, give the snippet: **(4 Points)**

6. Submission Instructions

- Drop off your completed work in the file folder outside my office door (West Hall 100).
- Turn it in in class before start of lab.
- Scan your work into a PDF and upload it to LLM.
- If you upload an image to LLM, combine all pages into a single, high-resolution file that is clear and easy to read. (Failure to follow this instruction will result loss of points.)

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