# Minipascal

0.1

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# **Chapter 1**

# **Minipascal**

# 1.1 Building

The project requires the build system meson and minja, compilation is trivial; if you want to specify which compiler to use set the environmental variable CC before running meson.

```
meson setup build && cd build && ninja
```

# 1.2 Running

./minipascal foo.mpl

# 1.3 Brief introduction to the minipascal interpreter

The project interpreter is quite small consisting of  $\sim$ 2000 lines, and each phase is split into it's respective files, parsing can be found in parser.{h,cpp} while the lexer is in lexer.{h,cpp} etc.

The parser has a quite a bit of boilerplate code due to the nature of making one in C++. In hindsight choosing a functional language such as ocaml would probably have been a beter idea. The different nodes for the AST can be found in expr.h, recursive descent is used to build the tree.

# 1.4 Lexing

Lexing is implemented in a naive way, simply a bunch of if statements grouped together when encountering a token. Supports most control characters; octal, hexadecimal and unicode code points are not currently supported.

# 1.5 Parsing

Parsing consists of a top-down parser (LL1 where convenient, peek ahed a bit), it does not create a parse tree, instead creates an AST directly. You may view the structure of the AST in UML diagrams in relevant chapters below.

See also

Expr

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# 1.6 Semantical analysis

Currently the only semantical analysis done is initialization of variables and type checking. Since minipascal is globally scoped, no scope checking is done.

# 1.7 Error handling

Error handling is implemented to make it exit if it encounters a fatal error like missing tokens such as do or end. I did not have enough time to implement proper error handling. Future work would consist of adding an error type which has ways to handle such errors. For example skipping tokens until a valid one is encountered and getting a new statement from there.

# 1.8 Testing

I was not proficient in automatic testing from earlier and I did not have time to learn how to set everything up so all testing has been done manually. Future work would consist of likely adding this next.

I've used a file which contained all the different constructs of the language. It can be found below:

```
var x: int := 10/5;
var y: int;
print y;
y := 123;
print y;
var mybool: bool := !0;
print "foo" + " bar";
print x;
print mybool;
if !(0) do // foo bar
    print "!(0 is true)";
    if x do
        print "truthy!\n";
    end
end
for x in x..(1 + 20 / 4) do
    print x;
end
```

# 1.9 Hours

# 1.10 Required info

1.

2. e is considered as epsilon in this context.

1.10 Required info

```
-> stmt_list $$
program
stmt_list -> stmt stmt_list | e
           -> var id : type := expr;
            | id := expr;
            | print expr
            | read id
            | for id in expr..expr do stmt_list end for
            | if expr do stmt_list do stmt_list if_tail
if_tail
           -> else stmt_list | end
           -> int | string | bool
type
           -> term term_tail
term_tail -> add_op term term_tail | e
           -> factor factor_tail
term
factor_tail -> mult_op factor factor_tail | e
factor \rightarrow ( expr ) | id | digit
           -> + | -
add_op
mult_op
```

3. See children of Expr, TL;DR, tree looks like this:

```
StatementList
Expr StatementList
Expr StatementList
```

Expr can be any statement (a little confusing naming convention, it was named such at first and now it's a bit too much work to rename it), a binary operation, print etc. StatementList is just a tree structure to contain all of the different statements.

- 4. See Error handling
- 5. See Hours

Minipascal

# Chapter 2

# **Hierarchical Index**

# 2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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Literal	. 23
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# **Chapter 3**

# **Class Index**

# 3.1 Class List

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# **Chapter 4**

# File Index

# 4.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

analysis.h																								?
expr.h .																								?
interpreter	.h						 																	?
lexer.h .							 																	?
parser.h							 																	?
symbols.h							 																	?
token.h							 																 	?

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# **Chapter 5**

# **Class Documentation**

# 5.1 Analyser Class Reference

```
#include <analysis.h>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

• bool analyse (StatementList \*ast)

# 5.1.1 Detailed Description

Semantical analyser

# 5.1.2 Member Function Documentation

# 5.1.2.1 analyse()

Analyses the AST generated by the parser.

### Returns

true or error, false on success.

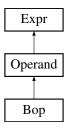
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · analysis.h
- · analysis.cpp

# 5.2 Bop Class Reference

#include <expr.h>

Inheritance diagram for Bop:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- Bop (std::unique\_ptr< Token > tok, std::unique\_ptr< Operand > left, std::unique\_ptr< Operand > right)
- bool analyse () const override
- virtual Literal \* get\_value () override
- · bool truthy () override
- · virtual int get type () override
- · virtual void interpet (void) override
- · virtual void visit (void) const override
- · virtual Literal operator+ (Operand &) override
- · virtual Literal operator- (Operand &) override
- virtual Literal operator\* (Operand &) override
- · virtual Literal operator/ (Operand &) override
- · virtual Literal operator&& (Operand &) override
- virtual Literal operator== (Operand &) override
- virtual Literal operator< (Operand &) override</li>
- · virtual Literal operator! () override

#### **Public Member Functions inherited from Operand**

- Operand (std::unique ptr< Token > t)
- Operand (const Token &t)
- Operand (const Token &&t)
- virtual Literal \* get\_value ()=0
- virtual bool truthy ()=0
- virtual int get\_type ()=0
- virtual Literal operator+ (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator- (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator\* (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator/ (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator&& (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator== (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator< (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator! ()=0

### Public Member Functions inherited from Expr

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

# **Protected Member Functions**

• bool is\_boolean ()

# **Additional Inherited Members**

# Protected Attributes inherited from Expr

• std::unique\_ptr< Token > token

### 5.2.1 Detailed Description

A binary operation, 1 + 1 for example

### 5.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 5.2.2.1 Bop()

### Parameters

tok	- which type of operation it is.
left	- left side of the operation.
right	- the right side of the operation.

# 5.2.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.2.3.1 analyse()

```
bool Bop::analyse ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does analysis on the current statement.

Implements Expr.

# 5.2.3.2 get\_type()

```
virtual int Bop::get_type ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of a variable/literal/operation.

Implements Operand.

### 5.2.3.3 get\_value()

```
virtual Literal * Bop::get_value ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Evaluates the binary expression, if called multiple times it will use a cached value.

Implements Operand.

#### 5.2.3.4 interpet()

Implements Expr.

# 5.2.3.5 operator"!()

```
virtual Literal Bop::operator! ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does unary on a literal, extended from the miniPL spec to be defined for both integers and booleans.

Returns

### 5.2.3.6 operator&&()

Does logical AND on a literal, only defined for booleans.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

### 5.2.3.7 operator\*()

Does multiplication on a literal, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

# 5.2.3.8 operator+()

Does addition on a literal, defined for integers and strings.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

### 5.2.3.9 operator-()

Does subtraction on an Operand, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

### 5.2.3.10 operator/()

Does division on a literal, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

# 5.2.3.11 operator<()

```
virtual Literal Bop::operator< (
          Operand & 1 ) [inline], [override], [virtual]</pre>
```

Does logical LESS THAN on a literal, defined for any any type.

**Returns** 

The result placed into a Literal

#### 5.2.3.12 operator==()

```
virtual Literal Bop::operator== (
          Operand & 1 ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does logical EQUALS on a literal.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

# 5.2.3.13 truthy()

```
bool Bop::truthy ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Evaluates the expression and checks if it's truthy, all non-zero values and non-empty strings are considered truthy.

Implements Operand.

# 5.2.3.14 visit()

Print the AST prettily

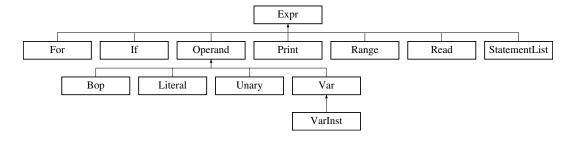
Implements Expr.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· expr.h

# 5.3 Expr Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for Expr:



# **Public Member Functions**

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

# **Protected Attributes**

• std::unique\_ptr< Token > token

### 5.3.1 Member Function Documentation

### 5.3.1.1 analyse()

```
virtual bool Expr::analyse ( ) const [pure virtual]
```

Does analysis on the current statement.

Implemented in StatementList, Literal, Var, VarInst, Bop, If, Range, For, Print, Read, and Unary.

### 5.3.1.2 interpet()

Implemented in Range.

### 5.3.1.3 visit()

```
virtual void Expr::visit (
          void ) const [pure virtual]
```

Print the AST prettily

Implemented in If, Range, StatementList, Literal, Var, VarInst, Bop, For, Print, Read, and Unary.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· expr.h

5.4 For Class Reference

# 5.4 For Class Reference

#include <expr.h>

Inheritance diagram for For:



### **Public Member Functions**

- For (std::unique\_ptr< Token > variable, std::unique\_ptr< Range > range, std::unique\_ptr< StatementList > statement\_list)
- bool analyse () const override
- void interpet () override
- · void visit (void) const override

# Public Member Functions inherited from Expr

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

# **Additional Inherited Members**

Protected Attributes inherited from Expr

std::unique ptr< Token > token

# 5.4.1 Detailed Description

For loop node in the AST.

#### 5.4.2 Member Function Documentation

### 5.4.2.1 analyse()

```
bool For::analyse ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does analysis on the current statement.

Implements Expr.

# 5.4.2.2 interpet()

Implements Expr.

### 5.4.2.3 visit()

Print the AST prettily

Implements Expr.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• expr.h

# 5.5 If Class Reference

```
#include <expr.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for If:



# **Public Member Functions**

- If (std::unique\_ptr< Operand > condition, std::unique\_ptr< StatementList > truthy, std::unique\_ptr<</li>
   StatementList > falsy)
- bool analyse () const override
- void interpet () override
- void visit () const override

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### Public Member Functions inherited from Expr

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

# **Additional Inherited Members**

# Protected Attributes inherited from Expr

• std::unique\_ptr< Token > token

# 5.5.1 Detailed Description

If statement node

#### 5.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 5.5.2.1 If()

#### **Parameters**

condition	- Expression to be checked if truthy, if true it will execute the truthy tree, else the falsy.
truthy	- tree to evaluate if the condition is true.
falsy	- tree to evaluate if the condition is false, if any.

### 5.5.3 Member Function Documentation

### 5.5.3.1 analyse()

```
bool If::analyse ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does analysis on the current statement.

Implements Expr.

#### 5.5.3.2 interpet()

### 5.5.3.3 visit()

```
void If::visit ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
Print the AST prettily
```

Implements Expr.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• expr.h

# 5.6 Interpreter Class Reference

### **Public Member Functions**

- Interpreter (std::string\_view filename)
- void run ()

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · interpreter.h
- · interpreter.cpp

# 5.7 Lexer Class Reference

### **Public Member Functions**

- Lexer (std::string\_view filename)
- std::unique ptr< Token > get token (bool consume=true)
- std::unique\_ptr< Token > peek\_token (void)
- bool is\_reserved (std::string\_view lexeme)

### 5.7.1 Member Function Documentation

# 5.7.1.1 get\_token()

```
std::unique_ptr< Token > Lexer::get_token (
          bool consume = true )
```

Gets the next token

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#### **Parameters**

<i>consume</i> - whether to consume the returned token or not.
----------------------------------------------------------------

#### Returns

The next token from the file.

# 5.7.1.2 is\_reserved()

Checks whether a lexeme is reserved.

#### **Parameters**

```
lexeme - Lexeme to validate.
```

### 5.7.1.3 peek\_token()

Skips all whitespace and returns the next token, it does not consume the token.

#### Returns

The next token from the file.

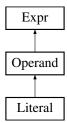
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- lexer.h
- · lexer.cpp

# 5.8 Literal Class Reference

```
#include <expr.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Literal:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- Literal (std::variant< int, std::string, bool > value)
- Literal (const Literal &I)
- Literal (const Literal &&I)
- Literal (std::unique\_ptr< Token > &tok)
- bool analyse () const override
- virtual void interpet (void) override
- · virtual void visit (void) const override
- virtual Literal \* get value () override
- · bool truthy () override
- virtual int get\_type () override
- Literal operator+ (Operand &I) override
- Literal operator= (Literal &I)
- Literal operator= (std::variant< int, std::string, bool > value)
- · Literal operator- (Operand &I) override
- Literal operator\* (Operand &I) override
- · Literal operator/ (Operand &I) override
- · Literal operator&& (Operand &I) override
- Literal operator== (Operand &I) override
- Literal operator< (Operand &I) override</li>
- · Literal operator! () override

### **Public Member Functions inherited from Operand**

- Operand (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Operand (const Token &t)
- Operand (const Token &&t)
- virtual Literal \* get\_value ()=0
- virtual bool truthy ()=0
- virtual int get\_type ()=0
- virtual Literal operator+ (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator- (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator\* (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator/ (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator&& (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator== (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator< (Operand &I)=0</li>
- virtual Literal operator! ()=0

#### Public Member Functions inherited from Expr

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

# **Public Attributes**

std::variant< int, std::string, bool > value

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# **Additional Inherited Members**

#### Protected Attributes inherited from Expr

std::unique\_ptr< Token > token

# 5.8.1 Detailed Description

A literal, a digit or string, since booleans are not part of the spec, they can not exist as a literal. Internally the symbol table contains Literals, so they're possible to store in a Literal but can't be created without an expression in the language.

### 5.8.2 Member Function Documentation

### 5.8.2.1 analyse()

```
bool Literal::analyse ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does analysis on the current statement.

Implements Expr.

### 5.8.2.2 get\_type()

```
virtual int Literal::get_type ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of a variable/literal/operation.

Implements Operand.

### 5.8.2.3 get\_value()

```
virtual Literal * Literal::get_value ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the value of a variable/literal/operation.

### 5.8.2.4 interpet()

Implements Expr.

# 5.8.2.5 operator"!()

```
Literal Literal::operator! ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does unary on a literal, extended from the miniPL spec to be defined for both integers and booleans.

Returns

Implements Operand.

# 5.8.2.6 operator&&()

Does logical AND on a literal, only defined for booleans.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

# 5.8.2.7 operator\*()

Does multiplication on a literal, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

5.8 Literal Class Reference 27

### 5.8.2.8 operator+()

Does addition on a literal, defined for integers and strings.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

### 5.8.2.9 operator-()

Does subtraction on an Operand, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

# 5.8.2.10 operator/()

Does division on a literal, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

#### 5.8.2.11 operator<()

```
Literal Literal::operator< (
Operand & 1 ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does logical LESS THAN on a literal, defined for any any type.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

#### 5.8.2.12 operator==()

```
Literal Literal::operator== (
          Operand & 1 ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does logical EQUALS on a literal.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

# 5.8.2.13 truthy()

```
bool Literal::truthy ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Evaluates the expression and checks if it's truthy, all non-zero values and non-empty strings are considered truthy.

Implements Operand.

# 5.8.2.14 visit()

Print the AST prettily

Implements Expr.

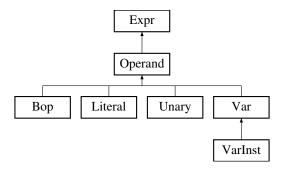
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

expr.h

# 5.9 Operand Class Reference

#include <expr.h>

Inheritance diagram for Operand:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- Operand (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Operand (const Token &t)
- Operand (const Token &&t)
- virtual Literal \* get\_value ()=0
- virtual bool truthy ()=0
- virtual int get\_type ()=0
- virtual Literal operator+ (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator- (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator\* (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator/ (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator&& (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator== (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator< (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator! ()=0

## Public Member Functions inherited from Expr

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

## Protected Attributes inherited from Expr

• std::unique\_ptr< Token > token

## 5.9.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class that handles is base for all derived nodes that can do arithmetic.

## 5.9.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.9.2.1 get\_type()

```
virtual int Operand::get_type ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Gets the type of a variable/literal/operation.

Implemented in Literal, Var, VarInst, Bop, and Unary.

#### 5.9.2.2 get\_value()

```
virtual Literal * Operand::get_value ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Gets the value of a variable/literal/operation.

Implemented in Literal, Var, Bop, and Unary.

## 5.9.2.3 operator"!()

```
virtual Literal Operand::operator! ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Does unary on a literal, extended from the miniPL spec to be defined for both integers and booleans.

Returns

Implemented in Literal, Var, VarInst, Bop, and Unary.

## 5.9.2.4 operator&&()

Does logical AND on a literal, only defined for booleans.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implemented in VarInst, Bop, Unary, Literal, and Var.

#### 5.9.2.5 operator\*()

Does multiplication on a literal, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implemented in VarInst, Bop, Unary, Literal, and Var.

#### 5.9.2.6 operator+()

Does addition on a literal, defined for integers and strings.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implemented in VarInst, Bop, Unary, Literal, and Var.

## 5.9.2.7 operator-()

Does subtraction on an Operand, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implemented in VarInst, Bop, Unary, Literal, and Var.

#### 5.9.2.8 operator/()

Does division on a literal, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implemented in VarInst, Bop, Unary, Literal, and Var.

#### 5.9.2.9 operator<()

Does logical LESS THAN on a literal, defined for any any type.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implemented in VarInst, Bop, Unary, Literal, and Var.

## 5.9.2.10 operator==()

Does logical EQUALS on a literal.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implemented in VarInst, Bop, Unary, Literal, and Var.

#### 5.9.2.11 truthy()

```
virtual bool Operand::truthy ( ) [pure virtual]
```

Evaluates the expression and checks if it's truthy, all non-zero values and non-empty strings are considered truthy.

Implemented in Literal, Var, Bop, and Unary.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• expr.h

## 5.10 Parser Class Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Parser (std::string\_view filename)
- std::unique\_ptr< StatementList > parse\_file ()

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · parser.h
- · parser.cpp

## 5.11 Print Class Reference

```
#include <expr.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Print:



## **Public Member Functions**

- Print (std::unique\_ptr< Operand > expr)
- void interpet (void) override
- void visit (void) const override
- bool analyse () const override

#### Public Member Functions inherited from Expr

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## Protected Attributes inherited from Expr

•  $std::unique\_ptr < Token > token$ 

## 5.11.1 Detailed Description

Print node in the AST.

#### 5.11.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.11.2.1 analyse()

```
bool Print::analyse ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does analysis on the current statement.

Implements Expr.

## 5.11.2.2 interpet()

Implements Expr.

#### 5.11.2.3 visit()

Print the AST prettily

Implements Expr.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

expr.h

# 5.12 Range Class Reference

```
#include <expr.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Range:



## **Public Member Functions**

- Range (std::unique\_ptr< Operand > start, std::unique\_ptr< Operand > end)
- int get\_next ()
- bool is\_done ()
- bool analyse () const override
- void interpet () override
- · void visit () const override

#### Public Member Functions inherited from Expr

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### Protected Attributes inherited from Expr

std::unique\_ptr< Token > token

## 5.12.1 Detailed Description

Range node for the AST.

#### 5.12.2 Member Function Documentation

## 5.12.2.1 analyse()

```
bool Range::analyse ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does analysis on the current statement.

Implements Expr.

#### 5.12.2.2 get\_next()

```
int Range::get_next ( ) [inline]
```

Gets the next number for the range, needs to be manually checked that it does not go out of range.

## 5.12.2.3 interpet()

Must be called before loop is executed, initializes val for the loop, cannot be done in analyse, since it's a constant function and in the constructor the symbol table is not initialized yet.

Implements Expr.

#### 5.12.2.4 is\_done()

```
bool Range::is_done ( ) [inline]
```

Checks if all numbers from the range is consumed.

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#### 5.12.2.5 visit()

```
void Range::visit ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Print the AST prettily

Implements Expr.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· expr.h

## 5.13 Read Class Reference

```
#include <expr.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Read:



## **Public Member Functions**

- Read (std::unique\_ptr< Var > op)
- void interpet (void) override
- · void visit (void) const override
- bool analyse () const override

#### Public Member Functions inherited from Expr

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

## **Additional Inherited Members**

#### Protected Attributes inherited from Expr

std::unique\_ptr< Token > token

## 5.13.1 Detailed Description

Read node for standard input in the AST.

## 5.13.2 Member Function Documentation

## 5.13.2.1 analyse()

```
bool Read::analyse ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does analysis on the current statement.

Implements Expr.

## 5.13.2.2 interpet()

#### 5.13.2.3 visit()

Print the AST prettily

Implements Expr.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• expr.h

# 5.14 StatementList Class Reference

```
#include <expr.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for StatementList:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- StatementList (std::unique\_ptr< Expr > stmt)
- bool analyse () const override
- · void interpet (void) override
- · void visit (void) const override
- void add\_child (std::unique\_ptr< Expr > stmt)
- StatementList \* get\_next () const
- Expr \* get\_statement () const

#### Public Member Functions inherited from Expr

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### Protected Attributes inherited from Expr

std::unique\_ptr< Token > token

## 5.14.1 Detailed Description

The core of the AST, it will have the pointer to the current statement and to the next.

Example: X := 1; := X 1

## 5.14.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.14.2.1 analyse()

```
bool StatementList::analyse ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does analysis on the current statement.

Implements Expr.

#### 5.14.2.2 interpet()

#### 5.14.2.3 visit()

Print the AST prettily

Implements Expr.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

expr.h

# 5.15 SymbolTable Class Reference

#### **Public Member Functions**

- bool add\_symbol (std::string\_view symbol, std::unique\_ptr< Literal > value)
- bool add\_symbol (std::string\_view symbol, int type)
- Literal \* get\_symbol (std::string\_view symbol)
- bool exists (std::string\_view symbol)
- bool set\_value (std::string\_view symbol, Literal \*literal)
- bool **set\_value** (std::string\_view symbol, std::variant< int, std::string, bool > value)

#### 5.15.1 Member Function Documentation

### 5.15.1.1 add\_symbol() [1/2]

```
bool SymbolTable::add_symbol (
          std::string_view symbol,
          int type )
```

Adds a symbol to the symbol table.

Returns

true succeeding to add to table, false if not.

#### 5.15.1.2 add\_symbol() [2/2]

Adds a symbol to the symbol table.

Returns

true succeeding to add to table, false if not.

#### 5.15.1.3 exists()

Checks whether a symbol is present in the symbol table.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · symbols.h
- symbols.cpp

## 5.16 Token Struct Reference

## **Public Member Functions**

- Token (std::string token, std::size\_t line, enum token\_type type)
- Token (const Token &tok)
- Token (const Token &&tok)

## **Public Attributes**

- std::string token
- std::size\_t line
- enum token\_type type

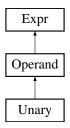
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· token.h

# 5.17 Unary Class Reference

#include <expr.h>

Inheritance diagram for Unary:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- Unary (std::unique\_ptr< Operand > op)
- virtual Literal \* get value () override
- bool truthy () override
- virtual int get\_type () override
- · virtual void interpet (void) override
- · virtual void visit (void) const override
- · virtual bool analyse () const override
- Literal operator+ (Operand &) override
- · Literal operator- (Operand &) override
- Literal operator\* (Operand &) override
- Literal operator/ (Operand &) override
- Literal operator&& (Operand &) override
- Literal operator== (Operand &) override
- · Literal operator< (Operand &) override
- · Literal operator! () override

#### **Public Member Functions inherited from Operand**

- Operand (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Operand (const Token &t)
- Operand (const Token &&t)
- virtual Literal \* get\_value ()=0
- virtual bool truthy ()=0
- virtual int get\_type ()=0
- virtual Literal operator+ (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator- (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator\* (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator/ (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator&& (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator== (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator< (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator! ()=0

#### Public Member Functions inherited from Expr

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### Protected Attributes inherited from Expr

• std::unique\_ptr< Token > token

#### 5.17.1 Detailed Description

Unary operation in the AST, needs to be handled differently from a normal BOP.

#### 5.17.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.17.2.1 analyse()

```
virtual bool Unary::analyse ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does analysis on the current statement.

Implements Expr.

## 5.17.2.2 get\_type()

```
virtual int Unary::get_type ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of a variable/literal/operation.

Implements Operand.

#### 5.17.2.3 get\_value()

```
virtual Literal * Unary::get_value ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the value of a variable/literal/operation.

Implements Operand.

#### 5.17.2.4 interpet()

Implements Expr.

## 5.17.2.5 operator"!()

```
Literal Unary::operator! ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does unary on a literal, extended from the miniPL spec to be defined for both integers and booleans.

Returns

Implements Operand.

## 5.17.2.6 operator&&()

Does logical AND on a literal, only defined for booleans.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

## 5.17.2.7 operator\*()

Does multiplication on a literal, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

## 5.17.2.8 operator+()

Does addition on a literal, defined for integers and strings.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

#### 5.17.2.9 operator-()

Does subtraction on an Operand, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

## 5.17.2.10 operator/()

Does division on a literal, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

#### 5.17.2.11 operator<()

```
Literal Unary::operator< (
Operand & 1 ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does logical LESS THAN on a literal, defined for any any type.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

#### 5.17.2.12 operator==()

```
Literal Unary::operator== (
          Operand & 1 ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does logical EQUALS on a literal.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

## 5.17.2.13 truthy()

```
bool Unary::truthy ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Evaluates the expression and checks if it's truthy, all non-zero values and non-empty strings are considered truthy.

Implements Operand.

## 5.17.2.14 visit()

Print the AST prettily

Implements Expr.

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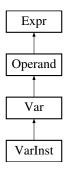
expr.h

5.18 Var Class Reference 47

#### 5.18 Var Class Reference

#include <expr.h>

Inheritance diagram for Var:



## **Public Member Functions**

- Var (std::unique ptr< Token > tok)
- Var (const Var &var)
- bool analyse () const override
- · virtual void interpet (void) override
- · virtual void visit (void) const override
- Literal \* get\_value () override
- · bool truthy () override
- int get\_type () override
- void set\_value (Literal \*literal)
- void set\_value (std::variant< int, std::string, bool > value)
- · Literal operator+ (Operand &I) override
- · Literal operator- (Operand &I) override
- Literal operator\* (Operand &I) override
- Literal operator/ (Operand &I) override
- · Literal operator&& (Operand &I) override
- Literal operator== (Operand &I) override
- · Literal operator! () override
- Literal operator< (Operand &I) override

#### **Public Member Functions inherited from Operand**

- Operand (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Operand (const Token &t)
- Operand (const Token &&t)
- virtual Literal \* get\_value ()=0
- virtual bool truthy ()=0
- virtual int get\_type ()=0
- virtual Literal operator+ (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator- (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator\* (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator/ (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator&& (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator== (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator< (Operand &I)=0</li>
- virtual Literal operator! ()=0

#### Public Member Functions inherited from Expr

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## Protected Attributes inherited from Expr

• std::unique\_ptr< Token > token

## 5.18.1 Detailed Description

A reference to a variable.

#### 5.18.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.18.2.1 analyse()

```
bool Var::analyse ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does analysis on the current statement.

Implements Expr.

Reimplemented in VarInst.

#### 5.18.2.2 get\_type()

```
int Var::get_type ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of a variable/literal/operation.

Implements Operand.

5.18 Var Class Reference 49

#### 5.18.2.3 get\_value()

```
Literal * Var::get_value ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the value of a variable/literal/operation.

Implements Operand.

#### 5.18.2.4 interpet()

Implements Expr.

#### 5.18.2.5 operator"!()

```
Literal Var::operator! ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does unary on a literal, extended from the miniPL spec to be defined for both integers and booleans.

Returns

Implements Operand.

Reimplemented in VarInst.

#### 5.18.2.6 operator&&()

Does logical AND on a literal, only defined for booleans.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

#### 5.18.2.7 operator\*()

Does multiplication on a literal, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

Reimplemented in VarInst.

## 5.18.2.8 operator+()

Does addition on a literal, defined for integers and strings.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

Reimplemented in VarInst.

## 5.18.2.9 operator-()

Does subtraction on an Operand, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

5.18 Var Class Reference 51

#### 5.18.2.10 operator/()

Does division on a literal, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

Reimplemented in VarInst.

## 5.18.2.11 operator<()

Does logical LESS THAN on a literal, defined for any any type.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

Reimplemented in VarInst.

## 5.18.2.12 operator==()

```
Literal Var::operator== (
          Operand & 1 ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does logical EQUALS on a literal.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Implements Operand.

#### 5.18.2.13 truthy()

```
bool Var::truthy ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Evaluates the expression and checks if it's truthy, all non-zero values and non-empty strings are considered truthy. Implements Operand.

#### 5.18.2.14 visit()

Print the AST prettily

Implements Expr.

Reimplemented in VarInst.

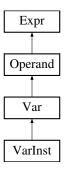
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

expr.h

## 5.19 VarInst Class Reference

```
#include <expr.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for VarInst:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- **VarInst** (std::unique ptr< Token > tok, enum token type type)
- **VarInst** (std::unique\_ptr< Token > tok, std::unique\_ptr< Token > type)
- int get\_type () override
- bool analyse () const override
- virtual void interpet () override
- virtual void visit (void) const override
- Literal operator+ (Operand &) override
- Literal operator- (Operand &) override
- Literal operator\* (Operand &) override
- Literal operator/ (Operand &) overrideLiteral operator&& (Operand &) override
- Literal operator== (Operand &) override
- Literal operator< (Operand &) override</li>
- · Literal operator! () override

#### Public Member Functions inherited from Var

- Var (std::unique\_ptr< Token > tok)
- Var (const Var &var)
- bool analyse () const override
- · virtual void interpet (void) override
- · virtual void visit (void) const override
- Literal \* get\_value () override
- · bool truthy () override
- int get\_type () override
- void set\_value (Literal \*literal)
- void set\_value (std::variant< int, std::string, bool > value)
- Literal operator+ (Operand &I) override
- · Literal operator- (Operand &I) override
- Literal operator\* (Operand &I) override
- · Literal operator/ (Operand &I) override
- · Literal operator&& (Operand &I) override
- Literal operator== (Operand &I) override
- · Literal operator! () override
- Literal operator< (Operand &I) override

#### **Public Member Functions inherited from Operand**

- Operand (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Operand (const Token &t)
- Operand (const Token &&t)
- virtual Literal \* get\_value ()=0
- virtual bool truthy ()=0
- virtual int get\_type ()=0
- virtual Literal operator+ (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator- (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator\* (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator/ (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator&& (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator== (Operand &I)=0
- virtual Literal operator< (Operand &I)=0</li>
- virtual Literal operator! ()=0

## Public Member Functions inherited from Expr

- Expr (std::unique\_ptr< Token > t)
- Expr (const Token &t)
- virtual void interpet (void)=0
- virtual void visit (void) const =0
- virtual bool analyse () const =0

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### Protected Attributes inherited from Expr

• std::unique\_ptr< Token > token

## 5.19.1 Detailed Description

Initialization of a variable.

#### 5.19.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.19.2.1 analyse()

```
bool VarInst::analyse ( ) const [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does analysis on the current statement.

Reimplemented from Var.

## 5.19.2.2 get\_type()

```
int VarInst::get_type ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of a variable/literal/operation.

Reimplemented from Var.

#### 5.19.2.3 interpet()

Reimplemented from Var.

## 5.19.2.4 operator"!()

```
Literal VarInst::operator! ( ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does unary on a literal, extended from the miniPL spec to be defined for both integers and booleans.

Returns

Reimplemented from Var.

## 5.19.2.5 operator&&()

Does logical AND on a literal, only defined for booleans.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Reimplemented from Var.

#### 5.19.2.6 operator\*()

Does multiplication on a literal, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Reimplemented from Var.

## 5.19.2.7 operator+()

Does addition on a literal, defined for integers and strings.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Reimplemented from Var.

#### 5.19.2.8 operator-()

Does subtraction on an Operand, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Reimplemented from Var.

#### 5.19.2.9 operator/()

Does division on a literal, only defined for integers.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Reimplemented from Var.

## 5.19.2.10 operator<()

Does logical LESS THAN on a literal, defined for any any type.

**Returns** 

The result placed into a Literal

Reimplemented from Var.

## 5.19.2.11 operator==()

```
Literal VarInst::operator== (
          Operand & 1 ) [inline], [override], [virtual]
```

Does logical EQUALS on a literal.

Returns

The result placed into a Literal

Reimplemented from Var.

## 5.19.2.12 visit()

Print the AST prettily

Reimplemented from Var.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• expr.h

# **Chapter 6**

# **File Documentation**

# 6.1 analysis.h

# 6.2 expr.h

```
00004 #ifndef EXPR_H
00005 #define EXPR_H
00006 #include <memory>
00007 #include <string>
00008 #include <variant>
00009 #include <iostream>
00010
00011 #include "token.h"
00012 #include "symbols.h"
00013 #include "lexer.h"
00014
00015 class Literal;
00016
00017
00018 class Expr {
00019 protected:
           std::unique_ptr<Token> token;
00020
00021 public:
          Expr(std::unique_ptr<Token> t) : token{std::move(t)} {}
00023
           Expr() = default;
00024
           Expr(const Token &t) : token(std::make_unique<Token>(t)) {}
00025
           virtual ~Expr() = default;
00026
00027
           virtual void interpet(void) = 0;
00031
           virtual void visit(void) const = 0;
00032
00036
           virtual bool analyse() const = 0;
00037 };
00038
00043 class Operand : public Expr {
00045
00046
                Operand(std::unique_ptr<Token> t) : Expr(std::move(t)) {}
               Operand(const Token &t) : Expr(t) {}
Operand(const Token &&t) : Expr(t) {}
00047
00048
00049
               Operand() = default;
00050
00054
                virtual Literal *get_value() = 0;
```

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```
00055
00060
              virtual bool truthy() = 0;
00061
00065
              virtual int get_type() = 0;
00066
00072
              virtual Literal operator+(Operand &1) = 0;
00073
00079
              virtual Literal operator-(Operand &1) = 0;
00080
00086
              virtual Literal operator*(Operand &1) = 0;
00087
00093
              virtual Literal operator/(Operand &1) = 0;
00094
00100
              virtual Literal operator&&(Operand &1) = 0;
00101
00107
              virtual Literal operator==(Operand &1) = 0;
00108
00114
              virtual Literal operator<(Operand &1) = 0;</pre>
00115
00122
              virtual Literal operator!() = 0;
00123 };
00124
00133 class StatementList : public Expr {
         std::unique_ptr<Expr> statement;
00134
00135
          std::unique_ptr<StatementList> next;
00136
00137 public:
00138
        StatementList(std::unique_ptr<Expr> stmt)
00139
              : statement{std::move(stmt)} {}
00140
00141
          bool analyse() const override {
00142
             bool error = statement->analyse();
00143
00144
              if (next != nullptr) {
00145
                 error |= next->analyse();
              }
00146
00147
              return error;
00148
         }
00149
00150
          void interpet(void) override {
00151
              statement->interpet();
              if (next != nullptr) {
00152
                  next->interpet();
00153
00154
00155
          }
00156
00157
          void visit(void) const override {
00158
             statement->visit();
              if (next != nullptr) {
00159
00160
                  next->visit();
00161
              }
00162
         }
00163
00164
          void add_child(std::unique_ptr<Expr> stmt) {
00165
              if (next == nullptr) {
                  next = std::make_unique<StatementList>(std::move(stmt));
00166
              } else {
00168
                  next->add_child(std::move(stmt));
00169
              }
00170
          }
00171
00172
          StatementList *get next() const {
00173
             return next.get();
00174
00175
00176
          Expr *get_statement() const {
00177
             return statement.get();
00178
00179 };
00180
00187 class Literal : public Operand {
00188
00189 public:
         std::variant<int, std::string, bool> value;
00190
          Literal(std::variant<int, std::string, bool> value) : Operand(), value{value} { }
Literal(const Literal &1) : Operand(), value{1.value} {}
00191
00192
00193
          Literal(const Literal &&l) : Operand(), value{1.value} {}
00194
00195
          Literal(std::unique_ptr<Token> &tok) : Operand(std::move(tok)) {
00196
              switch (token->type) {
                 case token_type::DIGIT:
00197
00198
                      value = std::atoi(token->token.c_str());
00199
00200
                  case token_type::STRING:
                    value = token->token;
00201
00202
                      break;
00203
                  default:
```

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```
00204
                     std::cout « "Error line " « token->line «
                          ": invalid token";
00205
00206
                      break:
00207
              }
00208
         }
00209
00210
          bool analyse() const override { return false; }
00211
          virtual void interpet(void) override {}
00212
00213
         virtual void visit(void) const override {
              \verb|std::visit([](const auto &x) { std::cout « x « " "; }, value);\\
00214
00215
00216
00217
          virtual Literal *get_value() override {
00218
             return this;
00219
00220
         bool truthy() override {
00221
00222
            if (std::holds_alternative<int>(this->value)) {
00223
                 return !!std::get<int>(this->value);
00224
             } else if(std::holds_alternative<bool>(this->value)) {
00225
                 return !!std::get<bool>(this->value);
              } else {
00226
00227
                 return std::get<std::string>(this->value) != "";
00228
             }
00229
         }
00230
00231
         virtual int get_type() override {
00232
            return value.index();
00233
00234
00235
         Literal operator+(Operand &1) override {
00236
            if (std::holds_alternative<int>(this->value) &&
00237
                     std::holds_alternative<int>(l.get_value()->value)) {
00238
                  return Literal{std::get<int>(this->value) + std::get<int>(1.get_value()->value));
             } else if (std::holds_alternative<std::string>(this->value) &&
00239
00240
                     std::holds_alternative<std::string>(l.get_value()->value)) {
00241
00242
                  return Literal{std::get<std::string>(this->value) +
     std::get<std::string>(l.get_value()->value));
00243
              std::cout « "Error invalid types in + operation";
00244
00245
             std::exit(1);
00246
         }
00247
00248
         Literal operator=(Literal &1) {
00249
            if (this->value.index() == l.value.index()) {
00250
                 this->value = 1.value;
00251
                 return *this:
00252
00253
             std::cout « "Conflicting types in assignment";
00254
00255
         }
00256
00257
         Literal operator=(std::variant<int, std::string, bool> value) {
00258
             if (this->value.index() == value.index()) {
                 this->value = value;
00260
                 return *this:
00261
              std::cout « "Conflicting types in assignment";
00262
00263
             std::exit(1);
00264
         }
00265
00266
         Literal operator-(Operand &1) override {
              if (std::holds_alternative<int>(this->value) &&
00267
     std::holds_alternative<int>(l.get_value()->value)) {
00268
                 return Literal{std::get<int>(this->value) - std::get<int>(1.get_value()->value));
00269
00270
             std::cout « "Error invalid types in - operation";
00272
             std::exit(1);
00273
00274
         Literal operator*(Operand &1) override {
00275
              if (std::holds_alternative<int>(this->value) &&
00276
     std::holds_alternative<int>(l.get_value()->value)) {
00277
                 return Literal{std::get<int>(this->value) * std::get<int>(l.get_value()->value));
00278
00279
             std::cout « "Error invalid types in - operation";
00280
00281
             std::exit(1);
00282
         }
00283
00284
         Literal operator/(Operand &1) override {
00285
             if (std::holds_alternative<int>(this->value) &&
     std::holds_alternative<int>(l.get_value()->value)) {
00286
                 return Literal(std::get<int>(this->value) / std::get<int>(l.get value()->value));
```

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```
00287
              }
00288
              std::cout « "Error invalid types in / operation";
00289
00290
              std::exit(1);
00291
          }
00292
          Literal operator&&(Operand &1) override {
00294
               if (std::holds_alternative<bool>(this->value) &&
     std::holds_alternative<bool>(l.get_value()->value))
00295
                  return Literal{std::get<bool>(this->value) && std::get<bool>(l.get_value()->value));
00296
00297
00298
              std::cout « "Error invalid types in & operation";
00299
              std::exit(1);
00300
          }
00301
          Literal operator==(Operand &1) override {
00302
00303
              if (this->value.index() == l.get_value()->value.index()) {
00304
                  switch(this->value.index()) {
00305
                      case 0: // int
00306
                          return Literal{std::get<int>(this->value) == std::get<int>(l.get_value()->value));
00307
                      case 1: // std::string
                         return Literal{std::get<std::string>(this->value) ==
00308
     std::get<std::string>(l.get_value()->value));
00309
                     case 2:
                          return Literal{std::get<bool>(this->value) ==
00310
     std::get<bool>(1.get_value()->value);;
00311
              }
00312
00313
00314
              std::cout « "Error invalid types in = operation";
00315
              std::exit(1);
00316
00317
          Literal operator<(Operand &1) override {
   if (this->value.index() == l.get_value()->value.index()) {
00318
00319
                  switch(this->value.index()) {
00320
                      case 0: // int
00322
                          return Literal{std::get<int>(this->value) < std::get<int>(1.get_value()->value));
00323
                       case 1: // std::string
00324
                          return Literal(std::get<std::string>(this->value) <</pre>
     std::get<std::string>(l.get_value()->value));
00325
           case 2:
00326
                          return Literal{std::get<bool>(this->value) <</pre>
     std::get<bool>(1.get_value()->value));
00327
00328
00329
              std::cout « "Error invalid types in < operation";</pre>
00330
00331
              std::exit(1);
00332
          }
00333
00334
          Literal operator!() override {
00335
             if (std::holds_alternative<bool>(this->value)) {
                  return Literal{!std::get<bool>(this->value)};
00336
              } else if(std::holds_alternative<int>(this->value)) {
00337
                 return Literal{!std::get<int>(this->value)};
00339
00340
              std::cout « "Error invalid types in ! operation";
00341
              std::exit(1);
00342
00343
00344 };
00345
00349 class Var : public Operand {
00350
          public:
00351
00352
              Var(std::unique ptr<Token> tok) :
00353
                 Operand(std::move(tok)) {}
00354
              Var (const Var &var) :
00355
                  Operand(*var.token) {}
00356
00357
              bool analyse() const override {
                  if (!symbol_table.exists(token->token)) {
   std::cout « "Error no variable named " « token->token « "\n";
00358
00359
00360
                      return true:
00361
00362
                  return false;
00363
              }
00364
00365
              virtual void interpet(void) override {}
00366
              virtual void visit(void) const override {
00367
                 std::cout « token->token « " ";
00368
00369
00370
              Literal *get value() override {
                  return symbol_table.get_symbol(token->token);
00371
```

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```
00372
               }
00373
00374
               bool truthy() override {
00375
                   return symbol_table.get_symbol(token->token)->truthy();
00376
00377
00378
               int get_type() override {
00379
                   return symbol_table.get_symbol(token->token)->get_type();
00380
00381
               void set_value(Literal *literal) {
00382
00383
                  symbol_table.set_value(token->token, literal);
00384
00385
00386
               void set_value(std::variant<int, std::string, bool> value) {
00387
                  symbol_table.set_value(token->token, value);
00388
00389
00390
00391
               Literal operator+(Operand &1) override {
                   Literal * ptr = symbol_table.get_symbol(token->token);
return *ptr + *1.get_value();
00392
00393
00394
00395
00396
               Literal operator-(Operand &1) override {
00397
                  Literal * ptr = symbol_table.get_symbol(token->token);
00398
                   return *ptr - *1.get_value();
00399
00400
00401
               Literal operator*(Operand &1) override {
00402
                   Literal * ptr = symbol_table.get_symbol(token->token);
00403
                   return *ptr * *1.get_value();
00404
00405
00406
               Literal operator/(Operand &1) override {
                   Literal * ptr = symbol_table.get_symbol(token->token);
return *ptr * *l.get_value();
00407
00408
00410
00411
               Literal operator&&(Operand &1) override {
                   Literal * ptr = symbol_table.get_symbol(token->token);
return *ptr && *l.get_value();
00412
00413
00414
00415
00416
               Literal operator == (Operand &1) override {
00417
                   Literal * ptr = symbol_table.get_symbol(token->token);
00418
                   return *ptr == *l.get_value();
00419
00420
               Literal operator!() override {
00421
00422
                   Literal * ptr = symbol_table.get_symbol(token->token);
00423
                   return !*ptr;
00424
00425
               Literal operator<(Operand &1) override {
00426
00427
                   Literal * ptr = symbol_table.get_symbol(token->token);
                   return *ptr < *1.get_value();</pre>
00429
00430 };
00431
00435 class VarInst : public Var {
00436
          int type;
00437
00438
00439
               VarInst(std::unique_ptr<Token> tok, enum token_type type) :
00440
                   Var(std::move(tok)), type{type - token_type::INT} {}
00441
00442
               VarInst(std::unique_ptr<Token> tok, std::unique_ptr<Token> type) :
00443
                   Var(std::move(tok)), type{type->type - token_type::INT} {}
00445
               int get_type() override {
00446
                   return symbol_table.get_symbol(token->token)->get_type();
00447
               }
00448
00449
              bool analyse() const override {
00450
                   bool succeeded = symbol_table.add_symbol(token->token, type);
00451
                   if(!succeeded) {
    std::cout « "Error token variable " « token->token
00452
00453
                           « " already initialized";
00454
00455
                       return true;
00456
00457
                   return false;
00458
00459
               // handled by Bop
00460
00461
               virtual void interpet() override {}
```

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```
virtual void visit(void) const override {
00463
                  std::cout « token->token « " ";
00464
               }
00465
               Literal operator+(Operand &) override {
    std::cout « "VarInst invalid operation\n";
00466
00467
                   std::exit(1);
00468
00469
00470
               Literal operator-(Operand &) override {
    std::cout « "VarInst invalid operation\n";
00471
00472
00473
                   std::exit(1);
00474
00475
00476
               Literal operator*(Operand &) override {
                   std::cout « "VarInst invalid operation\n";
00477
00478
                   std::exit(1);
00479
00480
               Literal operator/(Operand &) override {
    std::cout « "VarInst invalid operation\n";
00481
00482
00483
                   std::exit(1);
00484
00485
00486
               Literal operator&&(Operand &) override {
                  std::cout « "VarInst invalid operation\n";
00488
                    std::exit(1);
00489
00490
               Literal operator==(Operand &) override {
00491
                   std::cout « "VarInst invalid operation\n";
00492
00493
                   std::exit(1);
00494
00495
               Literal operator<(Operand &) override {
    std::cout « "VarInst invalid operation\n";</pre>
00496
00497
00498
                   std::exit(1);
00500
               Literal operator!() override {
    std::cout « "VarInst invalid operation\n";
00501
00502
00503
                   std::exit(1);
00504
00505 };
00506
00507
00511 class Bop : public Operand {
00512
          std::unique_ptr<Operand> left;
          std::unique_ptr<Operand> right;
00513
          std::unique_ptr<Literal> evaluated = nullptr;
00514
00515
00516
          public:
00522
               Bop(std::unique_ptr<Token> tok, std::unique_ptr<Operand> left, std::unique_ptr<Operand> right)
00523
                   : Operand(std::move(tok)), left{std::move(left)}, right{std::move(right)} { }
00524
00525
               bool analyse() const override {
                   bool has_error = left->analyse();
00527
00528
                   has_error |= right->analyse();
00529
00530
                   if(has error) {
                        std::cout « "Semantical error in bop\n";
00531
00532
00533
00534
00535
                   return has_error;
00536
               }
00537
00542
               virtual Literal *get_value() override {
                   if (evaluated) {
                       // use cached value
00544
00545
                        return evaluated.get();
00546
                   }
00547
00548
                   switch(token->type) {
                        case token_type::ADDITION:
00549
00550
                            evaluated = std::make_unique<Literal>(*left + *right->get_value());
00551
00552
00553
                        case token_type::SUBTRACTION:
                           evaluated = std::make_unique<Literal>(*left - *right->get_value());
00554
                            break;
00556
00557
                        case token_type::MULTIPLICATION:
00558
                            evaluated = std::make_unique<Literal>(*left * *right->get_value());
00559
                            break;
00560
```

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```
case token_type::DIVISION:
00562
                             evaluated = std::make_unique<Literal>(*left / *right->get_value());
00563
                             break;
00564
00565
                         case token type::LT:
00566
                             evaluated = std::make_unique<Literal>(*left < *right->get_value());
00567
                             break;
00568
00569
                         case token_type::EQ:
00570
                             evaluated = std::make_unique<Literal>(*left == *right->get_value());
00571
                             break:
00572
00573
                         case token_type::AND:
00574
                             evaluated = std::make_unique<Literal>(*left && *right->get_value());
00575
00576
00577
                         case token_type::ASSIGN:
00578
                             {
                                  auto var = dynamic_cast<Var&>(*left);
00580
                                  var.set_value(right->get_value());
00581
00582
                             break;
                         default:
00583
                             std::cout « "Invalid operation (" « token->token « ")";
00584
00585
                             break;
00586
00587
                    return evaluated.get();
00588
               }
00589
00590
               bool truthy() override {
00591
                    return get_value()->truthv();
00592
00593
00594
               virtual int get_type() override {
                    int r = right->get_type();
int l = left->get_type();
00595
00596
00597
00598
                    if (1 != r) {
00599
                        std::cout « "Error: incompatible types line " « token->line « "\n";
00600
                         std::exit(1);
00601
                    } else {
00602
                        if (token->type == token_type::EQ || token->type == token_type::LT) {
00603
                             return 1:
00604
00605
00606
                    return 1;
00607
00608
00609
               virtual void interpet (void) override {
00610
                   this->get_value();
00611
00612
00613
               virtual void visit(void) const override {
00614
                    std::cout « token->token « " ( ";
                    left->visit();
00615
                    if (right)
00616
                         right->visit();
00618
                    std::cout « ") ";
00619
00620
               virtual Literal operator+(Operand &) override {
   std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00621
00622
00623
                    std::exit(1);
00624
00625
                virtual Literal operator-(Operand &) override {
                    std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00626
00627
                    std::exit(1);
00628
               virtual Literal operator*(Operand &) override {
    std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00629
00631
                    std::exit(1);
00632
               virtual Literal operator/(Operand &) override {
   std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00633
00634
                    std::exit(1);
00635
00636
00637
                virtual Literal operator&&(Operand &) override {
                    std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00638
00639
                    std::exit(1);
00640
               virtual Literal operator==(Operand &) override {
    std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00641
00642
00643
                    std::exit(1);
00644
               virtual Literal operator<(Operand &) override {
    std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";</pre>
00645
00646
00647
                    std::exit(1);
```

```
virtual Literal operator!() override {
    std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00649
00650
                  std::exit(1);
00651
00652
              }
00653
         protected:
00654
             bool is_boolean() {
00655
                  return token->type == token_type::LT || token->type == token_type::EQ;
00656
00657 };
00658
00659
00660
00664 class If : public Expr {
00665
         std::unique_ptr<Operand> condition;
         std::unique_ptr<StatementList> truthy;
std::unique_ptr<StatementList> falsy;
00666
00667
00668
         public:
00669
             00678
00679
00680
                  Expr(), condition{std::move(condition)}, truthy{std::move(truthy)},
00681
                  falsy{std::move(falsy)} {}
00682
00683
              bool analyse() const override {
                 bool error = condition->analyse() || truthy->analyse();
00684
00685
                  if (falsy != nullptr) {
00686
                      error |= falsy->analyse();
00687
00688
                  return error:
00689
              }
00690
00691
              void interpet() override {
00692
                  if(condition->truthy()) {
00693
                      truthy->interpet();
00694
                  } else {
00695
                     if (falsy != nullptr) {
00696
                          falsy->interpet();
00697
00698
                  }
00699
              }
00700
              void visit() const override {
   std::cout « "( IF ";
00701
00702
00703
                  condition->visit();
00704
                  std::cout « "(";
00705
                  truthy->visit();
00706
                  std::cout « ")";
00707
                  if (falsy) {
                      std::cout « " ELSE (";
00708
00709
                      falsy->visit();
00710
                      std::cout « ")";
00711
00712
                  std::cout « ")";
00713
              }
00714 };
00715
00719 class Range : public Expr {
00720
       std::unique_ptr<Operand> start;
00721
          std::unique_ptr<Operand> end;
00722
         int current;
00723
00724
         public:
00725
             Range(std::unique_ptr<Operand> start, std::unique_ptr<Operand> end) :
00726
                  Expr(), start{std::move(start)}, end{std::move(end)}, current{0} { }
00727
00732
              int get_next() {
00733
                  return current++;
00734
00735
00739
              bool is_done() {
00740
                  return !(current <= (std::get<int>(end->get_value()->value)));
00741
00742
00743
              bool analyse() const override {
00744
                 bool error = start->get_type() || end->get_type();
00745
                 if (error) {
00746
                     std::cout « "Error range contains non integers\n";
00747
                     return true;
00748
00749
                 return false;
00750
              }
00751
00757
              void interpet() override {
00758
                 auto val = std::get_if<int>(&this->start->get_value()->value);
00759
                  if (val) {
00760
                      current = *val;
```

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```
00761
                   }
00762
00763
               void visit() const override {
                  start->visit();
std::cout « "..";
00764
00765
00766
                   end->visit();
00767
00768 };
00769
00773 class For : public Expr {
00774
          std::unique_ptr<Var> var;
00775
          std::unique_ptr<Range> range;
00776
          std::unique_ptr<StatementList> loop;
00777
00778
          public:
00779
            For(std::unique_ptr<Token> variable, std::unique_ptr<Range> range,
00780
                      std::unique_ptr<StatementList> statement_list) : Expr(),
     var{std::make_unique<Var>>(std::move(variable))},
00781
                           range{std::move(range)}, loop{std::move(statement_list)} {}
00782
00783
               bool analyse() const override {
00784
                   return var->analyse() || loop->analyse() || range->analyse();
00785
00786
00787
               void interpet() override {
00788
                 range->interpet();
00789
                   while(!range->is_done()) {
00790
                       var->set_value(range->get_next());
00791
                       loop->interpet();
00792
                   }
00793
              }
00794
               void visit(void) const override {
   std::cout « "(FOR ";
00795
00796
00797
                   var->visit();
00798
                   range->visit();
std::cout « " ( ";
00799
00800
                   loop->visit();
00801
                   std::cout « ")";
00802
00803 };
00804
00808 class Print : public Expr {
00809
          std::unique_ptr<Operand> expr;
00811 public:
00812
        Print(std::unique_ptr<Operand> expr) : Expr(), expr{std::move(expr)} {}
00813
00814
          void interpet (void) override {
00815
             std::visit([](const auto &x) { std::cout « x « "\n"; }, expr->get_value()->value);
00816
          void visit(void) const override {
   std::cout « "( PRINT ";
00817
00818
              expr->visit();
std::cout « ") ";
00819
00820
00821
00822
          bool analyse() const override { return expr->analyse(); }
00823 };
00824
00828 class Read : public Expr {
00829
          std::unique_ptr<Var> var;
00830
00831 public:
00832
          Read(std::unique_ptr<Var> op) : Expr(), var{std::move(op)} {}
00833
00834
          void interpet(void) override {
00835
              switch(var->get_type()) {
00836
                  case 0:
00837
00838
                           int val;
00839
                           std::cin » val;
00840
                           var->set_value(val);
00841
00842
                       break:
00843
                   case 1:
00844
00845
                           std::string str;
00846
                           std::cin » str;
00847
                           var->set_value(str);
00848
00849
                       break;
00850
00851
                   case 2:
00852
00853
                           bool b:
00854
                           std::cin » b;
00855
                           var->set value(b);
```

```
00856
00857
                          break;
00858
                if (!std::cin) {
    std::cout « "Error: input was of the wrong type, exitting...\n";
00859
00860
00861
                     std::exit(1);
00862
00863
           }
00864
           void visit(void) const override {
   std::cout « "( READ ";
00865
00866
                var->visit();
00867
               std::cout « ") ";
00868
00869
00870
00871
           bool analyse() const override {
00872
               return var->analyse();
00873
00874 };
00875
00880 class Unary : public Operand {
00881
           std::unique_ptr<Operand> op;
           std::unique_ptr<Literal> evaluated;
00882
00883
00884
           public:
00885
                Unary(std::unique_ptr<Operand> op) : Operand(), op {std::move(op)} {}
00886
00887
                virtual Literal *get_value() override {
                    auto val = op->get_value();
evaluated = std::make_unique<Literal>(!*val);
00888
00889
00890
                     return evaluated.get();
00891
                }
00892
00893
                bool truthy() override {
00894
                     return !op->truthy();
00895
00896
                virtual int get_type() override {
00898
                   return 2;
00899
00900
00901
                virtual void interpet (void) override {
00902
00903
                }
00904
00905
                virtual void visit(void) const override {
00906
                    std::cout « "( ! ";
                     op->visit();
std::cout « ") ";
00907
00908
00909
00910
00911
                virtual bool analyse() const override {
00912
                    return op->analyse();
00913
00914
                Literal operator+(Operand &) override {
    std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00915
00916
00917
                     std::exit(1);
00918
00919
                Literal operator-(Operand &) override {
    std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00920
00921
00922
                     std::exit(1);
00923
00924
                Literal operator*(Operand &) override {
    std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00925
00926
                     std::exit(1);
00927
00928
                Literal operator/(Operand &) override {
    std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00930
00931
00932
                     std::exit(1);
00933
00934
00935
                Literal operator&&(Operand &) override {
00936
                     std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00937
                     std::exit(1);
00938
00939
00940
                Literal operator == (Operand &) override {
00941
                     std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";
00942
                     std::exit(1);
00943
00944
                Literal operator<(Operand &) override {
    std::cout « "Invalid operation\n";</pre>
00945
00946
```

6.3 interpreter.h

## 6.3 interpreter.h

#### 6.4 lexer.h

```
00001 #ifndef LEXER_H
00002 #define LEXER_H
00003
00004 #include <iosfwd>
00005 #include <vector>
00006 #include <memory>
00007 #include <string>
00008 #include <string_view>
00009 #include <unordered_map>
00010
00011 #include "token.h"
00012
00013
00014 class Lexer {
00015
         std::string content;
00016
          std::size_t length;
00017
          std::size_t index;
00018
          std::size t line;
00019
          char current char;
00020
          Token previous;
00021
00026
          const std::unordered_map<std::string, enum token_type> reserved;
00027
00028
          enum comment_type {
00029
              NONE.
              CPP_COMMENT,
00030
00031
              C_COMMENT,
00032
              C_COMMENT_END
00033
          };
00034
00035 public:
00036
          Lexer(std::string_view filename) :
              content(read_file(filename)), length(content.length()), index(OULL),
              00038
00039
00040
00041
00042
00043
00044
00045
                       {"var", VAR},
                       {"for", FOR},
{"end", END},
{"in", IN},
{"do", DO},
00046
00047
00048
00049
                       {"read", READ},
{"print", PRINT},
00050
00051
00052
                       {"int", INT},
                       {"string", STRING_TYPE}, {"bool", BOOL}, {"assert", ASSERT},
00053
00054
00055
                       {"if", IF},
{"else", ELSE}
00057
```

```
00058
                  }
00059
00060
00068
          std::unique_ptr<Token> get_token(bool consume = true);
00069
00076
          std::unique ptr<Token> peek token(void);
00077
00083
          bool is_reserved(std::string_view lexeme) {
00084
             return reserved.find(lexeme.data()) != reserved.end();
00085
00086
00087 private:
00088
          using identifier = int (*)(int);
00089
00097
          std::string read_file(std::string_view filename);
00098
          std::string parse(identifier f);
00108
00109
00113
          Lexer::comment_type is_comment(void);
00114
00118
          void skip_comment(Lexer::comment_type);
00119
00123
          void skip_wspace(void);
00124
00128
          std::string get_string(void);
00135
          char interpret_escape(char c);
00136
          std::string parse_octal();
00137
          std::string parse_hex();
00138
00144
          char get_char(void);
00145
00149
          char peek_char(void);
00150
00156
          enum token_type get_token_type(std::string current);
00157 };
00158
00159 #endif /* LEXER_H */
```

## 6.5 parser.h

```
00001 #ifndef PARSER_H
00002 #define PARSER_H
00003 #include "token.h"
00004 #include "lexer.h"
00005 #include "expr.h"
00006 #include "symbols.h"
00007 #include <memory>
00008 #include <string_view>
00009 #include <iostream>
00010
00011 class Parser {
00012
         Lexer lexer;
00013 public:
00014
        Parser(std::string_view filename) : lexer(filename) {}
00015
          std::unique_ptr<StatementList> parse_file();
00016
00017 private:
00018
          // grammar translators
00019
00020
00021
          * Parses a statement
00022
00023
          std::unique_ptr<Expr> statement();
00024
00025
          std::unique_ptr<StatementList> statement_list(bool is_block);
00026
00030
          std::unique_ptr<Expr> var();
00031
00032
          std::unique_ptr<Read> read_statement() {
00033
              auto tok = match(token_type::IDENTIFIER);
00034
00035
              std::unique_ptr<Read> r = std::make_unique<Read>(
                       std::make_unique<Var>(std::move(tok)));
00036
00037
              match(token_type::SEMICOLON);
00038
              return r;
00039
          }
00040
00041
          std::unique_ptr<Print> print_statement() {
              std::unique_ptr<Print> r = std::make_unique<Print>(expression());
match(token_type::SEMICOLON);
00042
00043
00044
              return r;
00045
          }
00046
```

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```
std::unique_ptr<For> for_loop() {
00048
              std::unique_ptr<Token> identifier = match(token_type::IDENTIFIER);
00049
              match (token_type::IN);
00050
              auto start = expression();
00051
00052
              match(token type::RANGE);
              auto end = expression();
00054
              std::unique_ptr<Range> range =
00055
                  std::make_unique<Range>(std::move(start), std::move(end));
00056
00057
              match (token_type::DO);
              std::unique_ptr<StatementList> body = statement_list(true);
00058
00059
              match (token type::END);
00060
              match(token_type::FOR);
00061
              match(token_type::SEMICOLON);
00062
              return std::make_unique<For>(std::move(identifier), std::move(range), std::move(body));;
00063
00064
00065
          std::unique_ptr<If> if_stmt() {
00066
              std::unique_ptr<Operand> condition = expression();
00067
              match (token_type::DO);
00068
              std::unique_ptr<StatementList> list = statement_list(true);
00069
              std::unique_ptr<StatementList> else_stmt = nullptr;
00070
00071
              auto token = lexer.peek_token();
00072
              switch(token->type) {
00073
                  case token_type::ELSE:
00074
                       lexer.get_token();
00075
                       else_stmt = statement_list(true);
00076
00077
                       // fallthrough
00078
                  case token_type::END:
00079
                      match(token_type::END); // expect an end if coming from else
00080
                       match(token_type::IF);
00081
                       match(token_type::SEMICOLON);
00082
                       break:
00083
00084
                  default:
00085
                       break:
00086
              }
00087
              auto if_ = std::make_unique<If>(std::move(condition),
00088
00089
                       std::move(list), std::move(else_stmt));
00090
              return if_;
00091
00092
00096
          std::unique_ptr<Operand> terminal();
00097
00104
          std::unique_ptr<Operand> term_tail(std::unique_ptr<Operand> expr);
00105
00109
          std::unique_ptr<Operand> factor();
00110
00118
          std::unique_ptr<Operand> factor_tail(std::unique_ptr<Operand> ident);
00119
00123
          std::unique_ptr<Operand> expression();
00124
          std::unique_ptr<Token> match(token_type expected) {
00132
              auto token = lexer.peek_token();
00133
              if (token->type == expected) {
00134
                   return lexer.get_token();
00135
              , std::cout « "Parse error: expected " « type_to_str(expected) « " got " « type_to_str(token->type) « "(" « token->token « ")\n";
00136
00137
00138
              std::exit(1);
00139
00140 };
00141 #endif
```

# 6.6 symbols.h

```
00001 #ifndef SYMBOLS_H
00002 #define SYMBOLS_H
00003
00004 #include <string>
00005 #include <unordered_map>
00006 #include <variant>
00007 #include <memory>
00008
00009 class Literal;
00010
00011 class SymbolTable {
00012    std::unordered_map<std::string, std::unique_ptr<Literal» symbols;
00013</pre>
```

```
00014 public:
00015
          SymbolTable() : symbols{} {}
00016
          bool add_symbol(std::string_view symbol, std::unique_ptr<Literal> value);
00022
00023
00029
          bool add_symbol(std::string_view symbol, int type);
00030
00031
          Literal *get_symbol(std::string_view symbol);
00032
00036
          bool exists(std::string_view symbol);
00037
          bool set_value(std::string_view symbol, Literal *literal);
00038
00039
          bool set_value(std::string_view symbol, std::variant<int, std::string, bool> value);
00040 };
00041
00042 extern SymbolTable symbol_table;
00043
00044 #endif /* SYMBOLS_H */
```

### 6.7 token.h

```
00001 #ifndef TOKEN_H
00002 #define TOKEN_H
00003 #include <string>
00004
00005
00006
00007 enum token_type {
80000
          IDENTIFIER,
00009
          // operators
ADDITION,
00010
00011
00012
          SUBTRACTION,
00013
          MULTIPLICATION,
00014
          DIVISION,
          LT,
NOT,
00015
00016
00017
          EQ,
00018
          AND,
00019
00020
          // symbols
          LPARENTHESES,
00021
00022
          RPARENTHESES.
00023
          TYPE DELIM,
00024
          SEMICOLON,
00025
          ASSIGN,
00026
          RANGE,
00027
           // literals
00028
00029
          DIGIT,
00030
          STRING,
00031
00032
           // Keywords
00033
          VAR,
00034
          FOR,
00035
          END.
00036
          IN,
00037
          DO,
00038
          READ,
00039
          PRINT,
00040
          INT,
STRING TYPE,
00041
00042
          BOOL,
00043
          ASSERT,
00044
00045
          ELSE,
00046
           // errors (essientially)
00047
          UNKNOWN,
00048
00049
          NO_SYMBOLS
00050 };
00051
00052 extern std::string type_to_str(token_type type);
00053
00054 struct Token {
00055
          std::string token;
00056
          std::size_t line;
00057
          enum token_type type;
00058
          Token(std::string token, std::size_t line, enum token_type type) :
00059
00060
              token{std::move(token)}, line{line}, type{type} {}
00061
          Token (const Token &tok) :
               token{tok.token}, line{tok.line}, type{tok.type} {}
00062
```

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