Visualizing Frequency Distributions: Takeaways

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Syntax

• Generating a bar plot for a frequency distribution table:

```
### Vertical bar plot ###
Series.value_counts().plot.bar()

### Horizontal bar plot ###
Series.value_counts().plot.barh()
```

• Generating a pie chart for a frequency distribution table:

```
### Using the defaults
                             ###
Series.value_counts().plot.pie()
### Making the pie chart
                               a circle
                                        and adding
                                                        percentages
labels
         ###
        matplotlib.pyplot
import
Series.value_counts().plot.pie(figsize
                                                 = (6,6),
                                                             autopct
'%.1f%%')
plt.ylabel('')
                   # removes
                               the label
                                            of the y-axis
```

• Generating a histogram for a **Series** :

Series.plot.hist()

Concepts

- To visualize frequency distributions for nominal and ordinal variables, we can use:
 - · Bar plots.
 - Pie charts.
- To visualize frequency distributions for variables measured on an interval or ratio scale, we can use a **histogram**.
- Depending on the shape of the histogram, we can have:
 - **Skewed** distributions:
 - Left skewed (negatively skewed) the tail of the histogram points to the left
 - Right skewed (positively skewed) the tail of the histogram points to the right.
 - Symmetrical distributions:
 - **Normal** distributions the values pile up in the middle and gradually decrease in frequency toward both ends of the histogram.
 - **Uniform** distributions the values are distributed uniformly across the entire range of the distribution.

Resources

- An introduction to bar plots.
- An introduction to pie charts.
- <u>An introduction</u> to histograms.
- An introduction to skewed distributions.
- More details on the normal distribution.



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