

```
In [20]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
#import cufflinks as clf
%matplotlib inline
```

```
In [7]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report,confusion_matrix,accuracy_score
```

```
In [8]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV, train_test_split
```

```
In [4]: from xgboost import XGBClassifier

from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.svm import SVC
```

```
In [10]: df=pd.read_csv('heart[1].csv')
```

```
In [11]: df.head(5)
```

```
Out[11]:
```

	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fb	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal	target
0	63	1	3	145	233	1	0	150	0	2.3	0	0	1	1
1	37	1	2	130	250	0	1	187	0	3.5	0	0	2	1
2	41	0	1	130	204	0	0	172	0	1.4	2	0	2	1
3	56	1	1	120	236	0	1	178	0	0.8	2	0	2	1
4	57	0	0	120	354	0	1	163	1	0.6	2	0	2	1

```
In [12]: df.shape
```

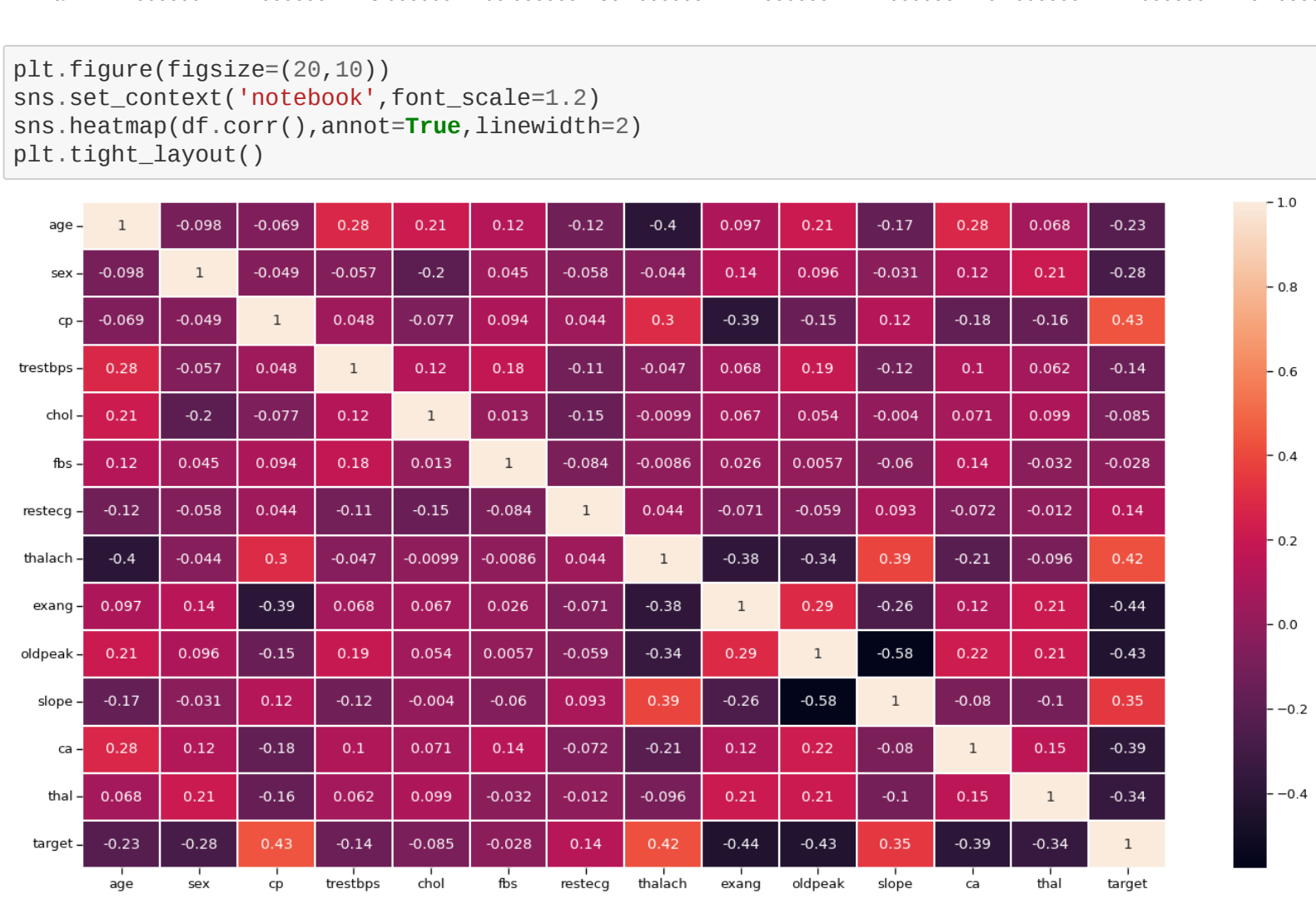
```
Out[12]: (303, 14)
```

```
In [13]: df.describe()
```

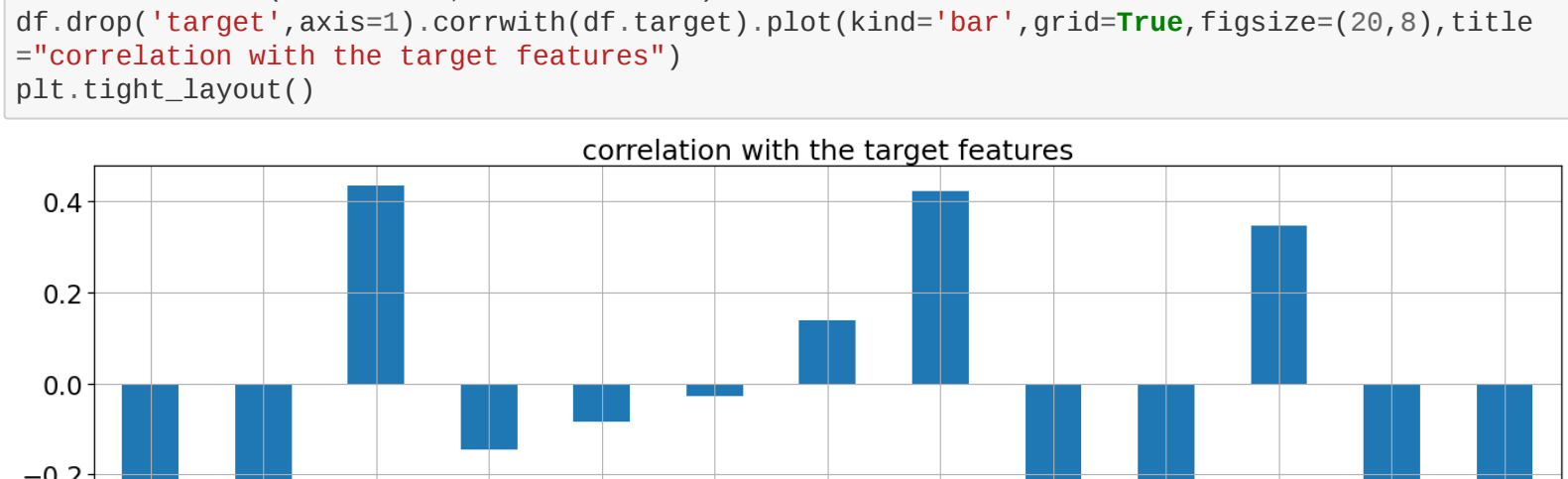
```
Out[13]:
```

	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fb	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak				
count	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000
mean	54.366337	0.683168	0.966997	131.623762	246.264026	0.148515	0.528053	149.646955	0.326733	1.03960				
std	9.062101	0.466011	1.032052	17.538143	51.830751	0.356198	0.525860	22.305161	0.469794	1.16167				
min	29.000000	0.000000	0.000000	94.000000	126.000000	0.000000	0.000000	71.000000	0.000000	0.000000				
25%	47.500000	0.000000	0.000000	120.000000	211.000000	0.000000	0.000000	133.500000	0.000000	0.000000				
50%	55.000000	1.000000	1.000000	130.000000	240.000000	0.000000	1.000000	153.000000	0.000000	0.000000				
75%	61.000000	1.000000	2.000000	140.000000	274.500000	0.000000	1.000000	166.000000	1.000000	1.60000				
max	77.000000	1.000000	3.000000	200.000000	564.000000	1.000000	2.000000	202.000000	1.000000	6.20000				

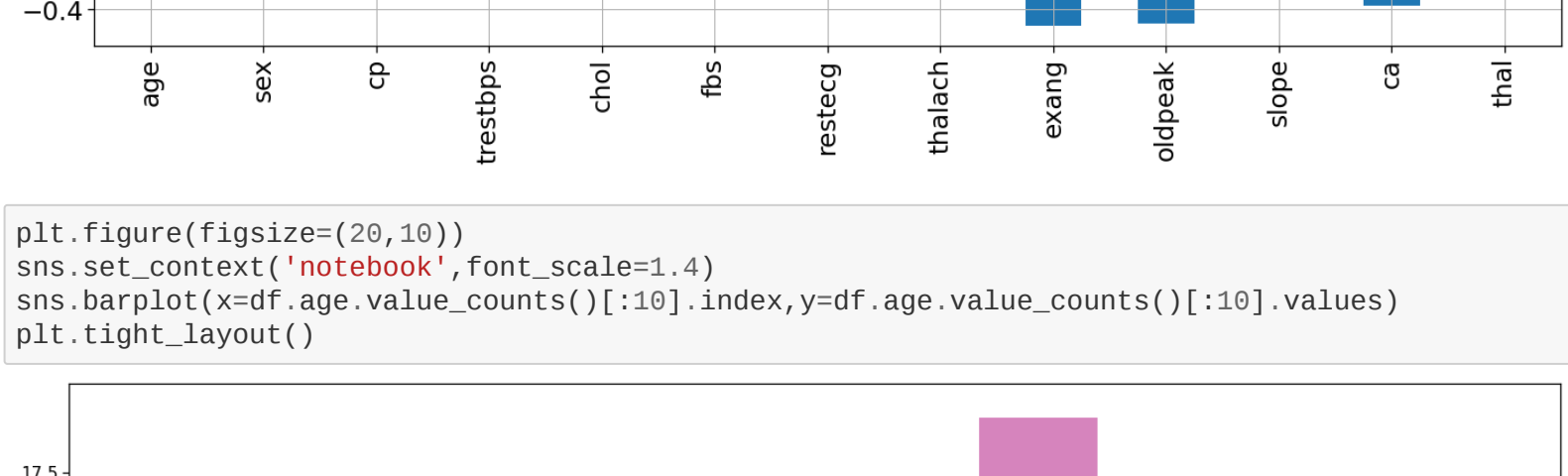
```
In [23]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
sns.set_context('notebook',font_scale=1.2)
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True,linewidth=2)
plt.tight_layout()
```



```
In [26]: sns.set_context('notebook',font_scale=2.1)
df.drop('target',axis=1).corrwith(df.target).plot(kind='bar',grid=True,figure=(20,8),title
"Correlation with the target features")
plt.tight_layout()
```



```
In [27]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
sns.set_context('notebook',font_scale=1.4)
sns.barplot(x=df.age.value_counts()[1:10].index,y=df.age.value_counts()[1:10].values)
plt.tight_layout()
```

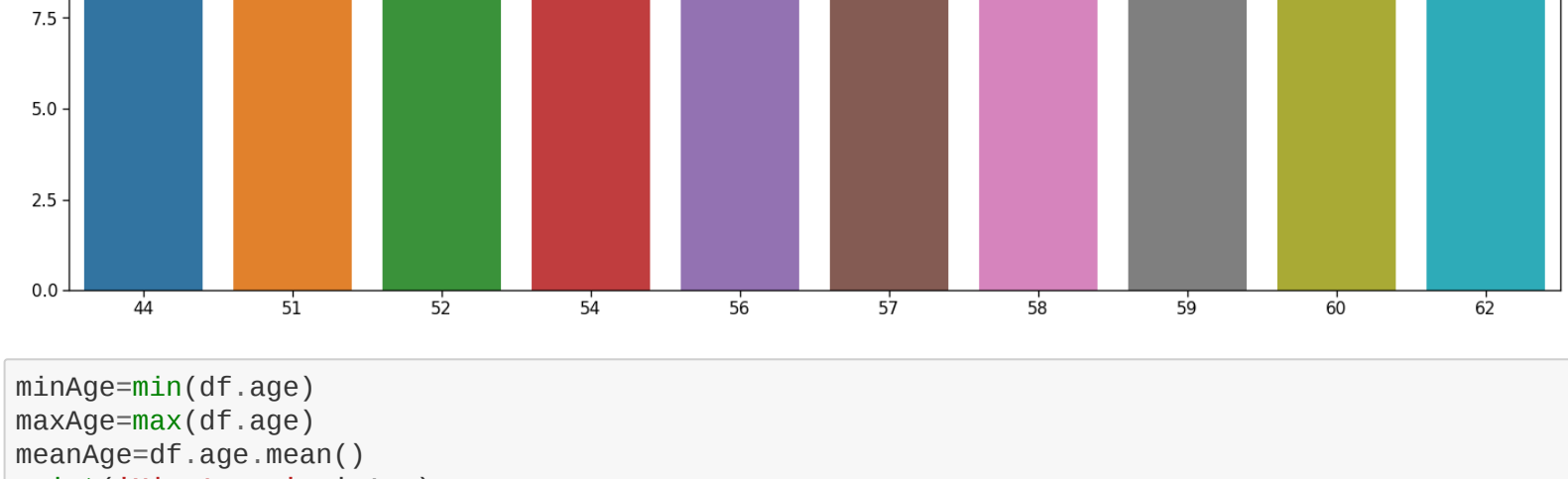


```
In [29]: minAge=min(df.age)
maxAge=max(df.age)
meanAge=df.age.mean()
print('Min Age :',minAge)
print('Max Age :',maxAge)
print('Mean Age :',meanAge)
```

```
Min Age : 29
Max Age : 77
Mean Age : 54.366336633663366
```

```
In [30]: Young = df[(df.age>=29)&(df.age<40)]
Middle = df[(df.age==40)&(df.age<55)]
Elder = df[(df.age>=55)]
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
sns.set_context('notebook',font_scale = 1.4)
sns.barplot(x=['young ages','middle ages','elderly ages'],y=[len(Young),len(Middle),len(Elder)])
plt.tight_layout()
```



```
In [31]: colors = ['orange','green','red']
explode = [0,0,1]
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.set_context('notebook',font_scale = 1.2)
plt.pie([len(Young),len(Middle),len(Elder)],labels=['young ages','middle ages','elderly age
s'],explode=explode,colors=colors, autopct='%s.1f%%')
plt.tight_layout()
```



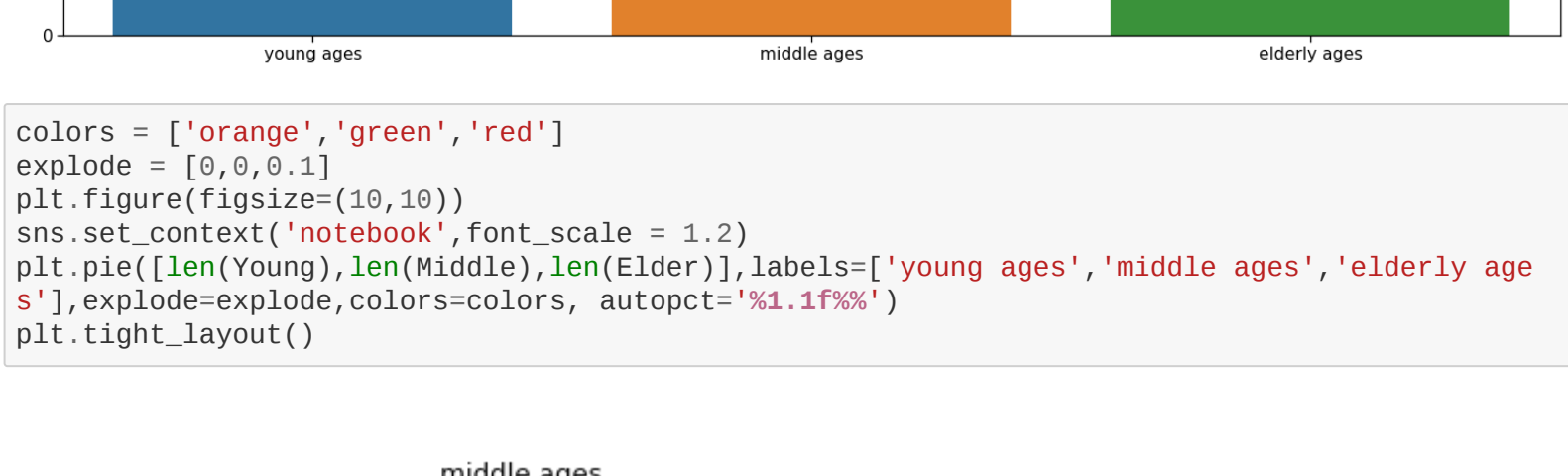
```
In [32]: plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
sns.set_context('notebook',font_scale = 1.5)
sns.countplot(df['sex'])
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the fol
lowing variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument wi
ll be 'data', and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error
or misinterpretation.
FutureWarning
```



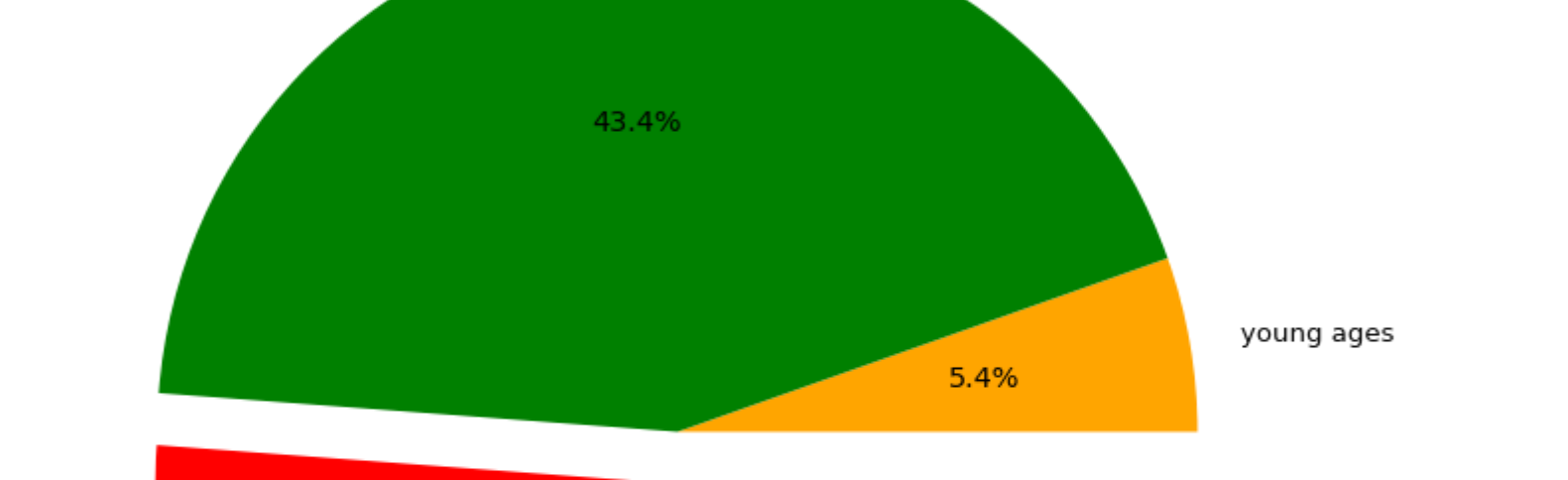
```
In [33]: plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
sns.set_context('notebook',font_scale = 1.5)
sns.countplot(df['sex'],hue=df['slope'])
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the fol
lowing variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument wi
ll be 'data', and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error
or misinterpretation.
FutureWarning
```



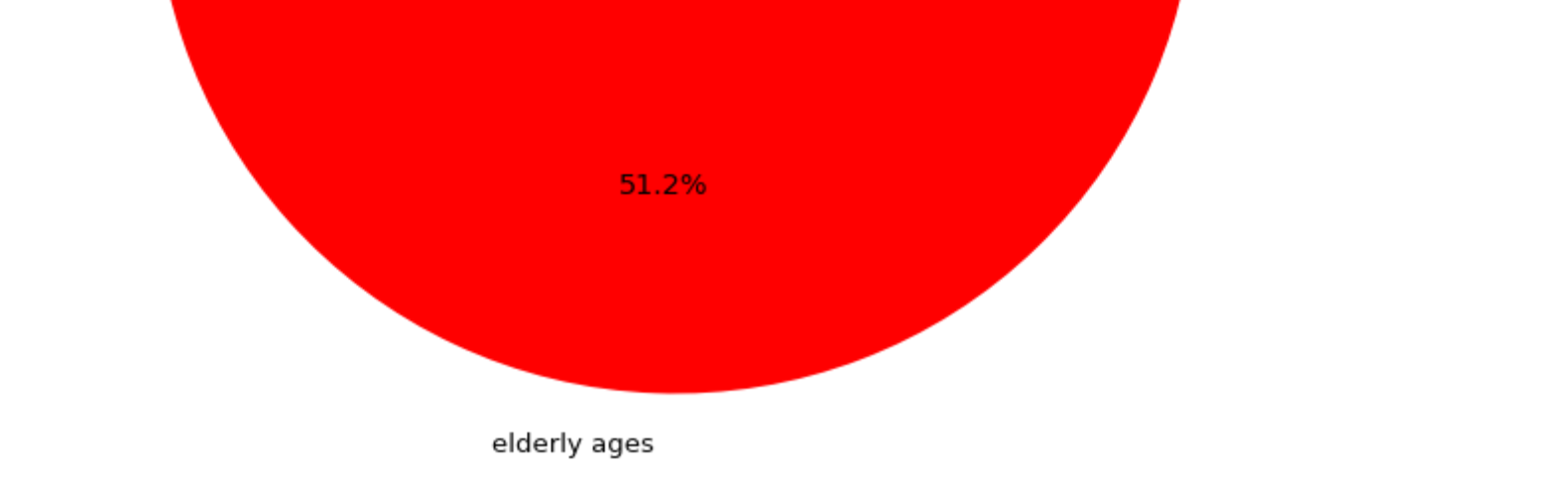
```
In [34]: plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
sns.set_context('notebook',font_scale=1.5)
sns.countplot(df['cp'])
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the fol
lowing variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument wi
ll be 'data', and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error
or misinterpretation.
FutureWarning
```



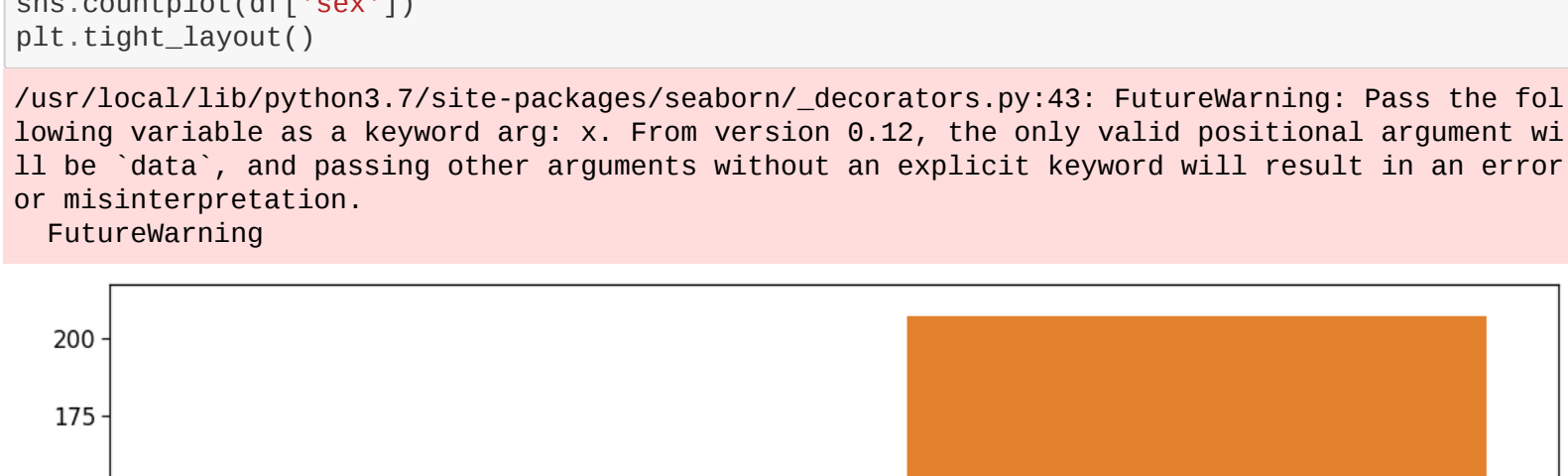
```
In [35]: plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
sns.set_context('notebook',font_scale=1.5)
sns.countplot(df['thal'])
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the fol
lowing variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument wi
ll be 'data', and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error
or misinterpretation.
FutureWarning
```



```
In [36]: plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
sns.set_context('notebook',font_scale=1.5)
sns.countplot(df['target'])
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the fol
lowing variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument wi
ll be 'data', and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error
or misinterpretation.
FutureWarning
```



```
In [38]: categorical_val = []
continous_val = []
for column in df.columns:
    print("-----")
    print(f"{column} : {df[column].unique()}")
    if len(df[column].unique()) <= 10:
        categorical_val.append(column)
    else:
        continous_val.append(column)
```

```
age : [63 37 41 56 57 44 52 54 48 49 64 68 59 66 43 69 59 42 61 40 71 51 65 53
46 45 39 47 62 34 35 29 55 60 67 68 74 76 70 38 77]
```

```
sex : [1 0]
```

```
cp : [3 2 1 0]
```

```
trestbps : [145 130 120 140 172 150 110 135 160 195 125 142 156 104 130 120 108 134
122 115 118 180 124 94 112 102 192 181 132 148 178 129 180 136 126 106
156 170 146 117 200 165 174 192 144 123 154 114 164]
```

```
chol : [233 250 204 236 354 192 294 263 199 168 239 275 266 211 283 219 340 226
247 234 243 302 212 175 417 197 198 177 273 213 304 232 269 360 308 245
208 264 321 325 235 257 216 256 231 141 252 201 222 260 182 303 265 309
190 203 183 220 209 250 227 261 221 205 240 318 298 564 277 214 248 255
267 228 160 394 315 246 244 270 195 196 254 126 313 262 215 193 271
288 267 210 295 306 178 242 180 228 149 278 253 342 157 286 229 284 224
206 167 230 335 276 353 225 330 290 172 305 188 282 185 226 274 164 307
240 341 407 217 174 281 289 322 209 300 293 184 409 259 200 327 237 218
310 166 311 169 187 176 241 131]
```

```
fb : [1 0]
```

```
restecg : [0 1 2]
```

```
thalach : [150 187 172 178 163 148 153 173 162 174 160 139 171 144 158 114 151 161
179 137 157 123 152 168 140 188 125 170 165 142 180 143 182 156 115 149
146 175 186 185 159 130 180 132 147 154 202 166 164 184 122 169 138 111
145 104 131 133 155 167 192 121 86 126 105 181 116 108 120 120 112 128
109 113 99 177 141 136 97 127 103 124 88 195 106 95 117 71 118 134
90]
```

```
exang : [0 1]
```

```
oldpeak : [2.3 3.5 1.4 0.8 0.6 0.4 1.3 0. 0.5 1.6 1.2 0.2 1.8 1. 2.6 1.5 3. 2.4
0.1 1.9 4.2 1.1 2. 0.7 0.3 0.9 3.6 3.1 3.2 2.5 2.2 2.8 3.4 6.2 4. 5.6
2.9 2.1 3.8 4.4]
```

```
slope : [0 2 1]
```

```
ca : [0 2 1 3 4]
```

```
thal : [2 1 3 0]
```

```
target : [1 0]
```

```
In [39]: categorical_val.remove('target')
dfs = pd.get_dummies(df, columns = categorical_val)
dfs.head(6)
```

```
Out[39]:
```

	age	sex	cp	thalach	oldpeak	target	sex_0	sex_1	cp_0	cp_1	...	slope_2	ca_0	ca_1	ca_2	ca_3	thal_0	thal_1	target_0
0	63	1	3	145	233	1	0	1	0	0	...	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	37	1	2	130	250	0	1	0	0	0	...	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	41	0	1	130	204	0	0	1	0	0	...	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	56	1	1	120	236	0	1	0	0	1	...	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	57	0	0	120	354	0	0	0	1	0	...	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	57	0	0	140	192	1	0	0	1	1	0	...	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

```
6 rows x 31 columns
```

```
In [40]: sc = StandardScaler()
dfs.to_scale = ['age', 'trestbps', 'chol', 'thalach', 'oldpeak']
dfs[col_to_scale] = sc.fit_transform(dfs[col_to_scale])
dfs.head(5)
```

```
Out[40]:
```

	age	trestbps	chol	thalach	oldpeak	target	sex_0	sex_1	cp_0	cp_1	...	slope_2	ca_0	ca_1	ca_2	ca_3	thal_0	thal_1	target_0
0	0.952197	0.763956	-0.256334	0.015443	1.087338	1	0	1	0	0	...	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	-1.915313	-0.092738	0.072199	1.633471	2.122573	0	1	0	0	0	...	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	-1.474158	-0.092738	-0.816773	0.977514	0.310912	0	0	1	0	0	...	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0.180175	-0.663867	-0.198357	1.239897	-0.206705	0	1	0	0	1	...	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0.290464	-0.663867	2.082050	0.583939	-0.379244	1	0	0	1	0	...	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

```
5 rows x 31 columns
```

```
In [41]: X = dfs.drop('target', axis=1)
y = dfs.target
```

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
```

```
In [42]: knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors = 10)
knn.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred1 = knn.predict(X_test)
print(accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred1))
```

```
0.8571428571428571
```

```
In [ ]:
```