## **Table of Contents**

## Part E

## Part F

```
% fit f(t) to the given data
theta = [0; 120; 240];
                                % angles recorded
y = [25; 70; 10];
                                % firing rates at angles recorded
k = coeff \y;
                                % k coefficients
display(k)
x = linspace(0, 360, 100);
                                % for plotting
f = k(1) + k(2)*sind(x) + k(3)*cosd(x);
                                                % tuning curve
theta_0 = atan2d(k(2),k(3)); % calculate theta_0, c_0, and c_1
c_0 = k(1);
c_1 = k(2)/sind(theta_0);
display(theta_0)
display(c 0)
display(c_1)
figure(1)
                                % plot the tuning curve from 0 to 360 degrees
                                % as well as data points
plot(theta,y, 'o', x,f)
legend('y(0), y(120), and y(240)', 'Tuning Curve')
```

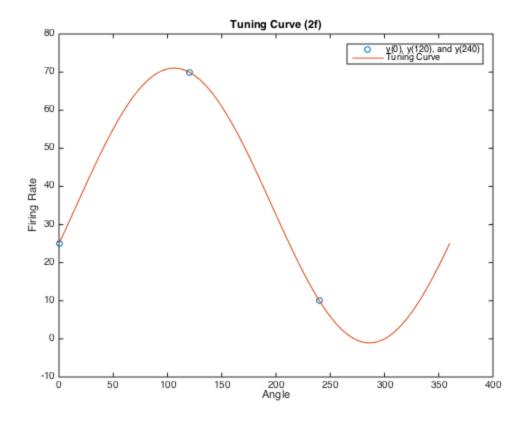
```
xlabel('Angle')
ylabel('Firing Rate')
title('Tuning Curve (2f)')

k =
    35.0000
    34.6410
    -10.0000

theta_0 =
    106.1021

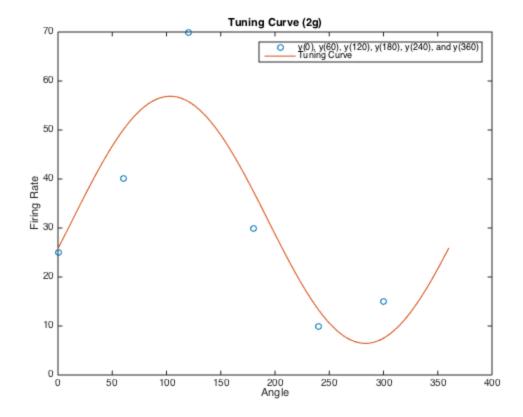
c_0 =
    35
```

36.0555



## Part G

```
% fit f(t) to the given additional data
t_g = [0; 60; 120; 180; 240; 300]; % angles recorded y_g = [25; 40; 70; 30; 10; 15]; % firing rates at angles recorded
coeff_g = [coeff(1,:); 1 \ sqrt(3)/2 \ 0.5; \ coeff(2,:); 1 \ 0 \ -1; \ coeff(3,:); 1 \ -sqrt(3)]
% coefficients of y from set of linear equations
k_g = coeff_g\y_g;
                                          % solve for coefficients of k
display(k_g)
f_g = k_g(1) + k_g(2)*sind(x) + k_g(3)*cosd(x);
                                                          % tuning curve
figure(2)
                                          % plot tuning curve from 0 to 360
                                          % as well as data points
plot(t_g,y_g, 'o', x,f_g)
legend('y(0), y(60), y(120), y(180), y(240), and y(360)', 'Tuning Curve')
xlabel('Angle')
ylabel('Firing Rate')
title('Tuning Curve (2g)')
theta_0_g = atan2d(k_g(2),k_g(3));
                                           % calculate theta_0, c_0, and c_1
c_0_g = k_g(1);
c_1g = k_g(2)/sind(theta_0g);
display(theta_0_g)
display(c_0_g)
display(c_1_g)
k\_g =
   31.6667
   24.5374
   -5.8333
theta_0_g =
  103.3728
c_0_g =
   31.6667
c_1g =
   25.2212
```



Published with MATLAB® R2014b