



# **Object Oriented Programming System**

## **LAB FILE**

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## **EXPERIMENT - 1 : Introduction to Java Environment**

### **Q.1 Explore and understand the role of JDK, JRE and JVM.**

Java follows a "Write Once, Run Anywhere" approach, and its core components—JDK, JRE, and JVM—play a crucial role in Java application development and execution.

#### **1. JDK (Java Development Kit)**

The JDK is a complete software development kit required for developing Java applications. It provides the tools needed to write, compile, and debug Java programs.

##### **Components of JDK**

- JRE (Java Runtime Environment) – Provides the necessary libraries and environment to run Java applications.
- Java Compiler (javac) – Converts Java source code (.java files) into bytecode (.class files).
- Debugger and Monitoring Tools – Helps developers test and optimize Java programs.
- Java Libraries – Predefined classes and functions to aid development.

#### **2. JRE (Java Runtime Environment)**

The JRE is a subset of the JDK, designed to run Java programs but not develop them. It contains everything needed to execute Java applications.

### Components of JRE

- JVM (Java Virtual Machine) – Converts bytecode into machine code.
- Core Java Libraries – Pre-written Java classes required for program execution.

### 3. JVM (Java Virtual Machine)

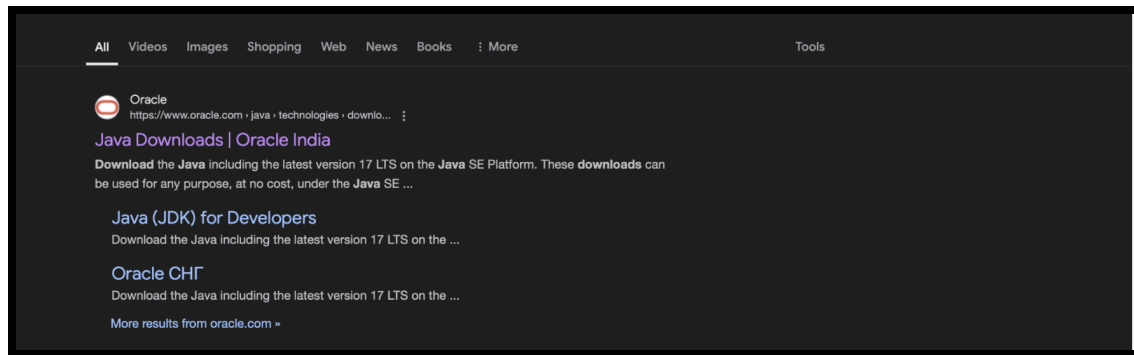
The JVM is an abstract machine responsible for executing Java bytecode, making Java platform-independent.

### Key Functions of JVM

- Class Loader – Loads .class files into memory.
- Runtime Memory Areas – Includes Heap, Stack, Method Area, etc., for memory management.
- Execution Engine – Interprets or compiles bytecode into machine code for execution.

### **Q.2 Install the latest available JDK and verify the Java Environment.**

- Search JDk in your web browser > Click on the x64 DMG installer

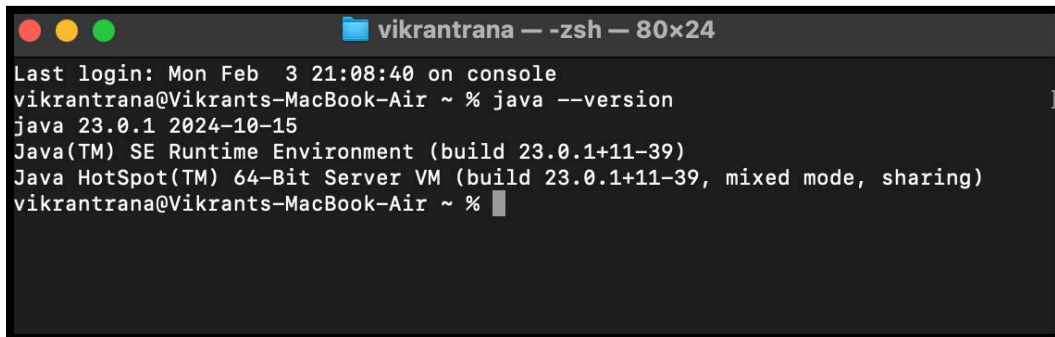


Product/file description	File size	Download
ARM64 Compressed Archive	226.27 MB	<a href="https://download.oracle.com/java/23/latest/jdk-23_macos-aarch64_bin.tar.gz">https://download.oracle.com/java/23/latest/jdk-23_macos-aarch64_bin.tar.gz</a> (sha256)
ARM64 DMG Installer	225.76 MB	<a href="https://download.oracle.com/java/23/latest/jdk-23_macos-aarch64_bin.dmg">https://download.oracle.com/java/23/latest/jdk-23_macos-aarch64_bin.dmg</a> (sha256)
x64 Compressed Archive	228.97 MB	<a href="https://download.oracle.com/java/23/latest/jdk-23_macos-x64_bin.tar.gz">https://download.oracle.com/java/23/latest/jdk-23_macos-x64_bin.tar.gz</a> (sha256)
x64 DMG Installer	228.47 MB	<a href="https://download.oracle.com/java/23/latest/jdk-23_macos-x64_bin.dmg">https://download.oracle.com/java/23/latest/jdk-23_macos-x64_bin.dmg</a> (sha256)



- After your JDK has been installed, open the terminal in your device

and type the following command: `java --version`, hence Java Runtime environment is verified.

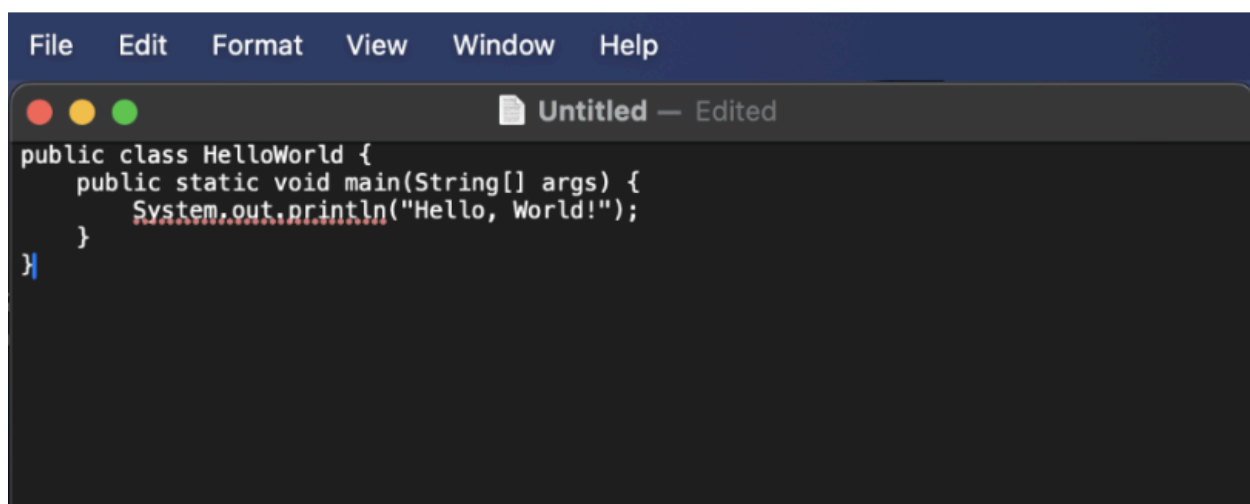
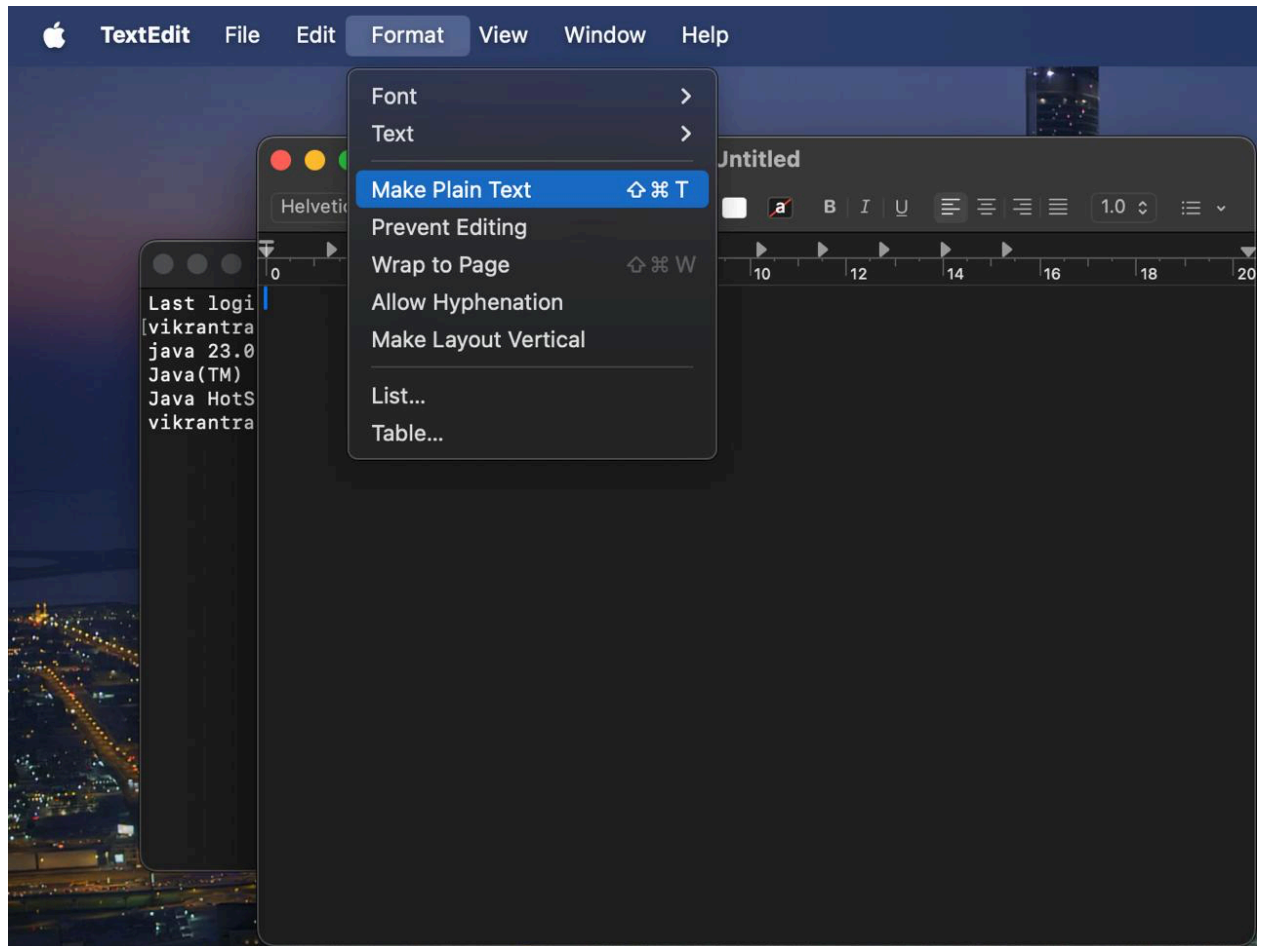
A terminal window titled 'vikrantrana - zsh - 80x24' with a dark background. The window shows the output of the 'java --version' command. The text inside the terminal is: 'Last login: Mon Feb 3 21:08:40 on console', 'vikrantrana@Vikrants-MacBook-Air ~ % java --version', 'java 23.0.1 2024-10-15', 'Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 23.0.1+11-39)', 'Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 23.0.1+11-39, mixed mode, sharing)', and 'vikrantrana@Vikrants-MacBook-Air ~ %' followed by a cursor.

```
Last login: Mon Feb 3 21:08:40 on console
vikrantrana@Vikrants-MacBook-Air ~ % java --version
java 23.0.1 2024-10-15
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 23.0.1+11-39)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 23.0.1+11-39, mixed mode, sharing)
vikrantrana@Vikrants-MacBook-Air ~ %
```

### **Q.3. Create a Sample Hello World Program using a simple text editor**

**(e.g. Notepad) and show the steps to compile and execute the program using command prompt.**

- Open text editor > click on format > make plain text
- Type a java program and save that file with the same class name  
ex. File name : HelloWorld and class name: HelloWorld
- Then open the terminal in your system to run the file.
- Commands :
  - 1.javac HelloWorld.java : here javac is the compiler which converts source code in bytecode(platform independent) and creates a .class file and HelloWorld.java is the source file containing Java code.
  - 2.java HelloWorld : it runs the java compiled program displaying our output Hello, World!



```
Desktop — -zsh — 80x24
Last login: Wed Feb  5 12:40:47 on ttys008
vikrantrana@Vikrants-MacBook-Air ~ % cd ~/Desktop
vikrantrana@Vikrants-MacBook-Air Desktop % javac HelloWorld.java
vikrantrana@Vikrants-MacBook-Air Desktop % java HelloWorld
Hello, World!
vikrantrana@Vikrants-MacBook-Air Desktop %
```

**Q.4 Display your name and complete address in different lines.**

```
Desktop — -zsh — 80x24
Last login: Wed Feb  5 12:42:32 on ttys008
vikrantrana@Vikrants-MacBook-Air ~ % cd ~/Desktop
vikrantrana@Vikrants-MacBook-Air Desktop % javac Display.java
vikrantrana@Vikrants-MacBook-Air Desktop % java Display
My name is vikrant
My address is Bidholi
vikrantrana@Vikrants-MacBook-Air Desktop %
```

