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**Факультет автоматизации и информатики**

**Кафедра автоматизированных систем управления**

**ЛАБОРАТОРНАЯ РАБОТА №1**

**по дисциплине**

**«Бинарная классификация фактографических данных»**

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Цель работы:

Получить практические навыки решения задачи бинарной классификации данных в среде Jupiter Notebook. Научиться загружать данные, обучать классификаторы и проводить классификацию. Научиться оценивать точность полученных моделей.

## Задание кафедры

1. В среде Jupiter Notebook создать новый ноутбук (Notebook)
2. Импортировать необходимые для работы библиотеки и модули
3. Загрузить данные в соответствии с вариантом
4. Вывести первые 15 элементов выборки (координаты точек и метки класса)
5. Отобразить на графике сгенерированную выборку. Объекты разных классов должны иметь разные цвета.
6. Разбить данные на обучающую (train) и тестовую (test) выборки в пропорции 75% — 25% соответственно.
7. Отобразить на графике обучающую и тестовую выборки. Объекты разных классов должны иметь разные цвета.
8. Реализовать модели классификаторов, обучить их на обучающем множестве. Применить модели на тестовой выборке, вывести результаты классификации:
  - Истинные и предсказанные метки классов
  - Матрицу ошибок (confusion matrix)
  - Значения полноты, точности, f1-меры и аккуратности
  - Значение площади под кривой ошибок (AUC ROC)
  - Отобразить на графике область принятия решений по каждому классу

В качестве методов классификации использовать:

- а) Метод k-ближайших соседей ( $n\_neighbors = \{1, 3, 5, 9\}$ )
  - б) Наивный байесовский метод
  - с) Случайный лес ( $n\_estimators = \{5, 10, 15, 20, 50\}$ )
9. По каждому пункту работы занести в отчет программный код и результат вывода.
  10. По результатам п.8 занести в отчет таблицу с результатами классификации всеми методами и выводы о наиболее подходящем методе классификации ваших данных.
  11. Изучить, как изменится качество классификации, если на тестовую часть выделить 10% выборки, 35% выборки. Для этого повторить п.п. 6 – 10.

## Ход работы

На Листинге 1 представлены все необходимые и импортированные библиотеки.

```
from sklearn.datasets import make_classification
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
```

## Загрузка выборки

```
X, y = make_classification(
    n_samples=100, # Количество образцов
    n_features=2,  # Количество признаков
    n_redundant=0, # Количество избыточных признаков
    n_informative=1, # Количество информативных признаков
    n_clusters_per_class=1, # Количество кластеров на класс
    class_sep=0.45, # Разделение классов
    random_state=78 # Random State для воспроизводимости
)
```

Вывод первых 15 элементов выборки

```
data = pd.DataFrame({'Feature 1': X[:, 0], 'Feature 2': X[:, 1], 'Label':
y})
print(data.head(15))
```

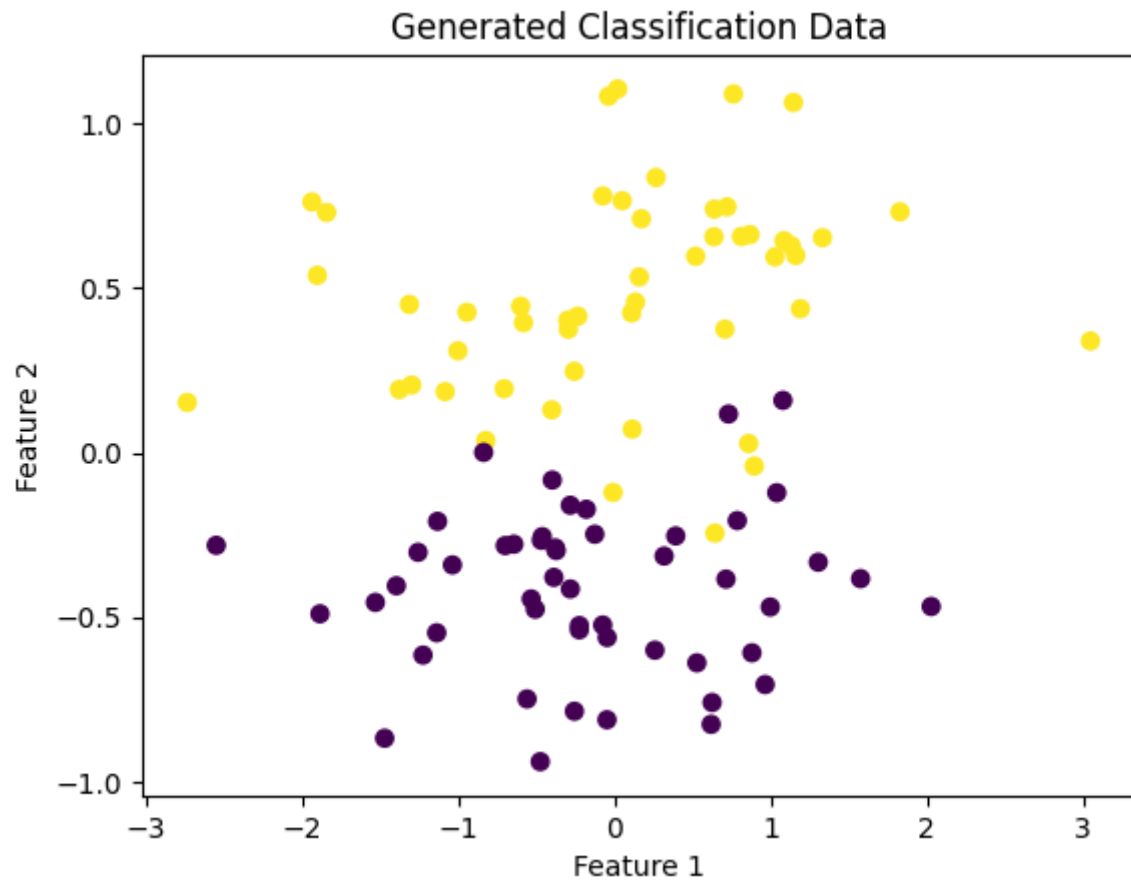
## Вывод первых 15 элементов выборки

|    | Feature 1 | Feature 2 | Label |
|----|-----------|-----------|-------|
| 0  | 0.618400  | -0.825987 | 0     |
| 1  | -1.002505 | 0.309745  | 1     |
| 2  | 1.077837  | 0.159075  | 0     |
| 3  | 0.158532  | 0.534370  | 1     |
| 4  | 0.265539  | 0.836729  | 1     |
| 5  | 0.518891  | 0.597110  | 1     |
| 6  | 0.636534  | 0.656617  | 1     |
| 7  | 1.145333  | 1.064834  | 1     |
| 8  | -1.037819 | -0.341347 | 0     |
| 9  | -0.462668 | -0.255397 | 0     |
| 10 | 1.303928  | -0.333062 | 0     |
| 11 | -1.133073 | -0.208877 | 0     |
| 12 | -2.735665 | 0.152848  | 1     |
| 13 | -0.047600 | -0.562068 | 0     |
| 14 | -0.048519 | -0.812140 | 0     |

Рисунок 1 – Результат

Отобразить на графике сгенерированную выборку

```
plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c=y, cmap='viridis', marker='o')
plt.xlabel('Feature 1')
plt.ylabel('Feature 2')
plt.title('Generated Classification Data')
plt.show()
```



Разделение выборки

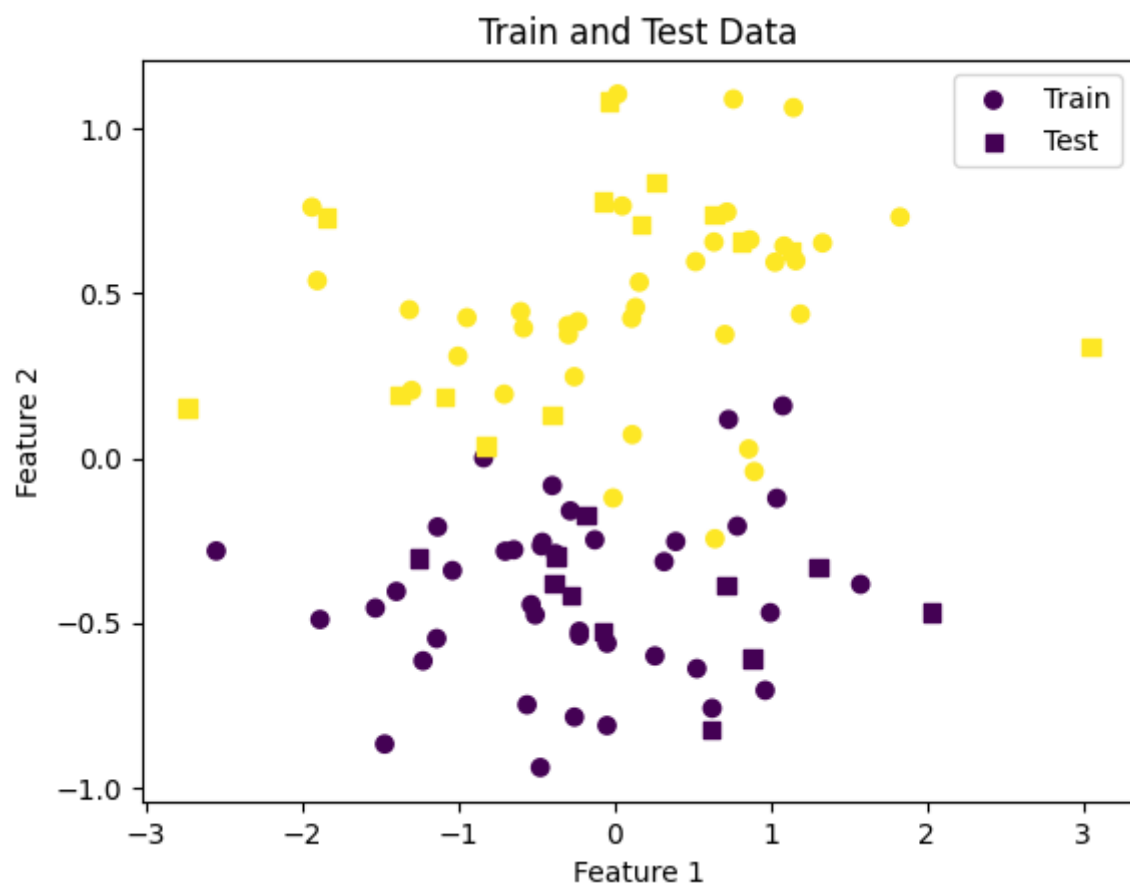
```

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.25,
random_state=42)

# Отобразить обучающую и тестовую выборки
plt.scatter(X_train[:, 0], X_train[:, 1], c=y_train, cmap='viridis',
marker='o', label='Train')
plt.scatter(X_test[:, 0], X_test[:, 1], c=y_test, cmap='viridis',
marker='s', label='Test')
plt.xlabel('Feature 1')
plt.ylabel('Feature 2')
plt.title('Train and Test Data')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

```



Реализовать и обучить модели классификаторов

```

from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score,
f1_score, roc_auc_score, confusion_matrix
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_predict
import numpy as np

# Функция для вывода результатов классификации
def print_classification_results(y_true, y_pred, model_name):
    print(f"Results for {model_name}:")
    print("Confusion Matrix:")
    print(confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred))
    print("\nClassification Report:")
    print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy_score(y_true, y_pred)}")
    print(f"Precision: {precision_score(y_true, y_pred)}")
    print(f"Recall: {recall_score(y_true, y_pred)}")
    print(f"F1 Score: {f1_score(y_true, y_pred)}")
    print(f"AUC-ROC Score: {roc_auc_score(y_true, y_pred)}\n")

# a) Метод k-ближайших соседей
k_values = [1, 3, 5, 9]

for k in k_values:
    knn_model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=k)
    knn_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
    knn_pred = knn_model.predict(X_test)
    print_classification_results(y_test, knn_pred, f"K-Nearest Neighbors
(k={k})")

# b) Наивный байесовский метод
nb_model = GaussianNB()
nb_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
nb_pred = nb_model.predict(X_test)
print_classification_results(y_test, nb_pred, "Naive Bayes")

# c) Случайный лес
n_estimators_values = [5, 10, 15, 20, 50]

for n_estimators in n_estimators_values:
    rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=n_estimators,
random_state=42)
    rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
    rf_pred = rf_model.predict(X_test)
    print_classification_results(y_test, rf_pred, f"Random Forest
(n_estimators={n_estimators})")

# Отобразить область принятия решений для k-ближайших соседей с k=5
knn_model_5 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
knn_model_5.fit(X_train, y_train)
plot_decision_regions(X, y, knn_model_5, "K-Nearest Neighbors Decision
Regions (k=5)")

```

Results for K-Nearest Neighbors (k=1):

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[10  1]
 [ 2 12]]
```

Classification Report:

Accuracy: 0.88  
Precision: 0.9230769230769231  
Recall: 0.8571428571428571  
F1 Score: 0.8888888888888889  
AUC-ROC Score: 0.8831168831168831

Results for K-Nearest Neighbors (k=3):

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[11  0]
 [ 0 14]]
```

Classification Report:

Accuracy: 1.0  
Precision: 1.0  
Recall: 1.0  
F1 Score: 1.0  
AUC-ROC Score: 1.0

Results for K-Nearest Neighbors (k=5):

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[11  0]
 [ 2 12]]
```

Classification Report:

Accuracy: 0.92  
Precision: 1.0  
Recall: 0.8571428571428571  
F1 Score: 0.923076923076923  
AUC-ROC Score: 0.9285714285714286

Results for K-Nearest Neighbors (k=9):

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[11  0]
 [ 2 12]]
```

Classification Report:

Accuracy: 0.92  
Precision: 1.0  
Recall: 0.8571428571428571  
F1 Score: 0.923076923076923  
AUC-ROC Score: 0.9285714285714286

Results for Naive Bayes:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[11  0]
 [ 1 13]]
```

Classification Report:

Accuracy: 0.96  
Precision: 1.0  
Recall: 0.9285714285714286  
F1 Score: 0.962962962962963  
AUC-ROC Score: 0.9642857142857143

Results for Random Forest (n\_estimators=5):

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[11  0]
 [ 0 14]]
```



Classification Report:

Accuracy: 1.0

Precision: 1.0

Recall: 1.0

F1 Score: 1.0

AUC-ROC Score: 1.0

Results for Random Forest (n\_estimators=10):

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[11  0]
```

```
 [ 1 13]]
```

Classification Report:

Accuracy: 0.96

Precision: 1.0

Recall: 0.9285714285714286

F1 Score: 0.962962962962963

AUC-ROC Score: 0.9642857142857143

Results for Random Forest (n\_estimators=15):

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[11  0]
```

```
 [ 0 14]]
```

Classification Report:

Accuracy: 1.0

Precision: 1.0

Recall: 1.0

F1 Score: 1.0

AUC-ROC Score: 1.0

Results for Random Forest (n\_estimators=20):

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[11  0]
```

```
 [ 0 14]]
```

Classification Report:

Accuracy: 1.0

Precision: 1.0

Recall: 1.0

F1 Score: 1.0

AUC-ROC Score: 1.0

Results for Random Forest (n\_estimators=50):

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[11  0]
```

```
 [ 1 13]]
```

Classification Report:

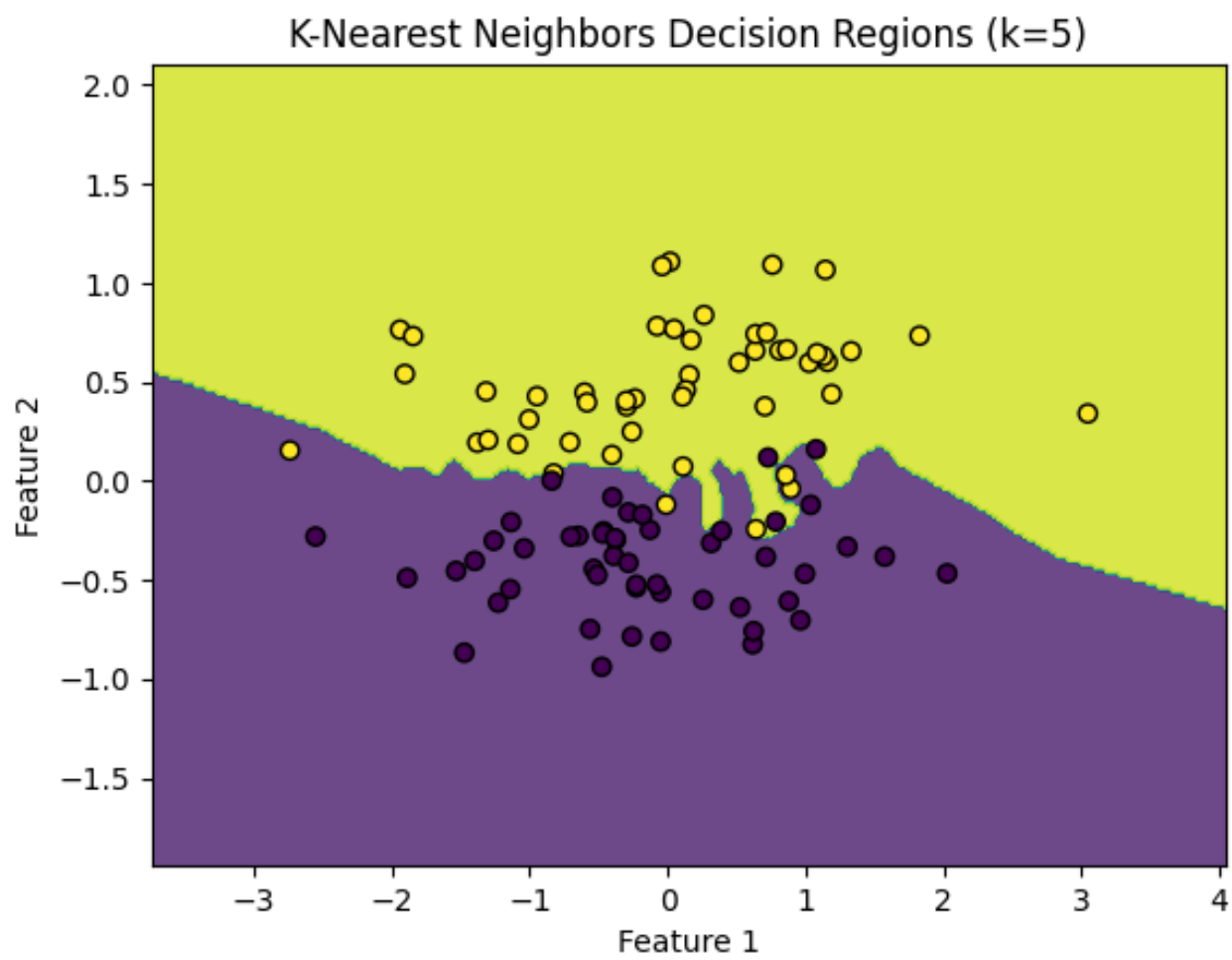
Accuracy: 0.96

Precision: 1.0

Recall: 0.9285714285714286

F1 Score: 0.962962962962963

AUC-ROC Score: 0.9642857142857143



Составим сводную таблицу для отображения результатов векторизации.

|    | Model                | Test Size | Accuracy | Precision | Recall   | F1 Score |
|----|----------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 0  | KNN (k=1)            | 0.10      | 0.940000 | 0.892857  | 1.000000 | 0.943396 |
| 1  | KNN (k=3)            | 0.10      | 0.920000 | 0.862069  | 1.000000 | 0.925926 |
| 2  | KNN (k=5)            | 0.10      | 0.920000 | 0.862069  | 1.000000 | 0.925926 |
| 3  | KNN (k=9)            | 0.10      | 0.920000 | 0.862069  | 1.000000 | 0.925926 |
| 4  | Naive Bayes          | 0.10      | 0.960000 | 0.925926  | 1.000000 | 0.961538 |
| 5  | Random Forest (n=5)  | 0.10      | 0.960000 | 0.925926  | 1.000000 | 0.961538 |
| 6  | Random Forest (n=10) | 0.10      | 0.960000 | 0.925926  | 1.000000 | 0.961538 |
| 7  | Random Forest (n=15) | 0.10      | 0.960000 | 0.925926  | 1.000000 | 0.961538 |
| 8  | Random Forest (n=20) | 0.10      | 0.960000 | 0.925926  | 1.000000 | 0.961538 |
| 9  | Random Forest (n=50) | 0.10      | 0.960000 | 0.925926  | 1.000000 | 0.961538 |
| 10 | KNN (k=1)            | 0.35      | 0.942857 | 0.913043  | 0.976744 | 0.943820 |
| 11 | KNN (k=3)            | 0.35      | 0.948571 | 0.905263  | 1.000000 | 0.950276 |
| 12 | KNN (k=5)            | 0.35      | 0.942857 | 0.895833  | 1.000000 | 0.945055 |
| 13 | KNN (k=9)            | 0.35      | 0.942857 | 0.895833  | 1.000000 | 0.945055 |
| 14 | Naive Bayes          | 0.35      | 0.977143 | 0.965909  | 0.988372 | 0.977011 |
| 15 | Random Forest (n=5)  | 0.35      | 0.965714 | 0.934783  | 1.000000 | 0.966292 |
| 16 | Random Forest (n=10) | 0.35      | 0.977143 | 0.955556  | 1.000000 | 0.977273 |
| 17 | Random Forest (n=15) | 0.35      | 0.965714 | 0.934783  | 1.000000 | 0.966292 |
| 18 | Random Forest (n=20) | 0.35      | 0.977143 | 0.955556  | 1.000000 | 0.977273 |
| 19 | Random Forest (n=50) | 0.35      | 0.971429 | 0.945055  | 1.000000 | 0.971751 |

|    | AUC ROC  |
|----|----------|
| 0  | 0.940000 |
| 1  | 0.940000 |
| 2  | 0.936800 |
| 3  | 0.930400 |
| 4  | 0.977600 |
| 5  | 0.977600 |
| 6  | 0.976000 |
| 7  | 0.974400 |
| 8  | 0.971200 |
| 9  | 0.969600 |
| 10 | 0.943428 |
| 11 | 0.952704 |
| 12 | 0.954207 |
| 13 | 0.951071 |
| 14 | 0.989940 |
| 15 | 0.979227 |
| 16 | 0.980206 |
| 17 | 0.977724 |
| 18 | 0.977463 |
| 19 | 0.978769 |

---

## Проведем классификацию с 10% выборки и 35% выборки

```
# Разбиение данных на обучающую и тестовую выборки (10% тестовая)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.1,
random_state=42)

# Реализация, обучение и тестирование моделей
def classify_and_evaluate(classifier, model_name, X_train, X_test, y_train,
y_test):
    classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
    y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)

    # Вывод результатов
    print(f"\nResults for {model_name} with 10% test set:")
    print("Confusion Matrix:")
    print(metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
    print("\nClassification Report:")
    print(metrics.classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
    print(f"AUC ROC: {metrics.roc_auc_score(y_test,
classifier.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1])}")

# a) k-ближайших соседей (n_neighbors = {1, 3, 5, 9})
for n_neighbors in [1, 3, 5, 9]:
    knn_classifier = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=n_neighbors)
    classify_and_evaluate(knn_classifier, f"KNN (k={n_neighbors})", X_train,
X_test, y_train, y_test)

# b) Наивный байесовский метод
nb_classifier = GaussianNB()
classify_and_evaluate(nb_classifier, "Naive Bayes", X_train, X_test, y_train,
y_test)

# c) Случайный лес (n_estimators = {5, 10, 15, 20, 50})
for n_estimators in [5, 10, 15, 20, 50]:
    rf_classifier = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=n_estimators,
random_state=42)
    classify_and_evaluate(rf_classifier, f"Random Forest (n={n_estimators})",
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test)
```

Results for KNN (k=1) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[81  8]
 [ 2 84]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 0.98      | 0.91   | 0.94     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.91      | 0.98   | 0.94     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.94     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.94      | 0.94   | 0.94     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.95      | 0.94   | 0.94     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9434282727985367

Results for KNN (k=3) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[80  9]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.90   | 0.95     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.91      | 1.00   | 0.95     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.95     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.95      | 0.95   | 0.95     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.95      | 0.95   | 0.95     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9527044682518944

Results for KNN (k=5) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[79 10]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.89   | 0.94     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.90      | 1.00   | 0.95     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.94     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.95      | 0.94   | 0.94     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.95      | 0.94   | 0.94     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9542069506140579

Results for KNN (k=9) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[79 10]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.89   | 0.94     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.90      | 1.00   | 0.95     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.94     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.95      | 0.94   | 0.94     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.95      | 0.94   | 0.94     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9510713352495427

Results for Naive Bayes with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[86  3]
 [ 1 85]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 0.99      | 0.97   | 0.98     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.97      | 0.99   | 0.98     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.98     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.98      | 0.98   | 0.98     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.98      | 0.98   | 0.98     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9899399007055134

Results for Random Forest (n=5) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[83  6]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.93   | 0.97     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.93      | 1.00   | 0.97     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.97     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.97      | 0.97   | 0.97     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.97      | 0.97   | 0.97     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9792265482100861

Results for Random Forest (n=10) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[85  4]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.96   | 0.98     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.96      | 1.00   | 0.98     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.98     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.98      | 0.98   | 0.98     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.98      | 0.98   | 0.98     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9802064280114973

Results for Random Forest (n=15) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[83  6]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.93   | 0.97     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.93      | 1.00   | 0.97     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.97     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.97      | 0.97   | 0.97     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.97      | 0.97   | 0.97     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9777240658479226

Results for Random Forest (n=20) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[85  4]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|   | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|---|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0 | 1.00      | 0.96   | 0.98     | 89      |
| 1 | 0.96      | 1.00   | 0.98     | 86      |

|              |      |      |      |     |
|--------------|------|------|------|-----|
| accuracy     |      |      | 0.98 | 175 |
| macro avg    | 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 175 |
| weighted avg | 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 175 |

AUC ROC: 0.9774627645675464

Results for Random Forest (n=50) with 10% test set:  
Confusion Matrix:

```
[[84  5]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|   |           |        |          |         |
|---|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
|   | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
| 0 | 1.00      | 0.94   | 0.97     | 89      |
| 1 | 0.95      | 1.00   | 0.97     | 86      |

|              |      |      |      |     |
|--------------|------|------|------|-----|
| accuracy     |      |      | 0.97 | 175 |
| macro avg    | 0.97 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 175 |
| weighted avg | 0.97 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 175 |

AUC ROC: 0.9787692709694278

```
# Разбиение данных на обучающую и тестовую выборки (35% тестовая)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.35,
random_state=42)

# Повторение процесса с новыми тестовыми данными
# (можете скопировать и вставить код выше, изменив размер тестовой выборки)
# а) k-ближайших соседей (n_neighbors = {1, 3, 5, 9})
for n_neighbors in [1, 3, 5, 9]:
    knn_classifier = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=n_neighbors)
    classify_and_evaluate(knn_classifier, f"KNN (k={n_neighbors})", X_train,
X_test, y_train, y_test)

# б) Наивный байесовский метод
nb_classifier = GaussianNB()
classify_and_evaluate(nb_classifier, "Naive Bayes", X_train, X_test, y_train,
y_test)

# в) Случайный лес (n_estimators = {5, 10, 15, 20, 50})
for n_estimators in [5, 10, 15, 20, 50]:
    rf_classifier = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=n_estimators,
random_state=42)
    classify_and_evaluate(rf_classifier, f"Random Forest (n={n_estimators})",
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test)
```

Results for KNN (k=1) with 10% test set:  
Confusion Matrix:

```
[[81  8]
 [ 2 84]]
```

Classification Report:

|   |           |        |          |         |
|---|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
|   | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
| 0 | 0.98      | 0.91   | 0.94     | 89      |
| 1 | 0.91      | 0.98   | 0.94     | 86      |

|          |  |  |      |     |
|----------|--|--|------|-----|
| accuracy |  |  | 0.94 | 175 |
|----------|--|--|------|-----|

|              |      |      |      |     |
|--------------|------|------|------|-----|
| macro avg    | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 175 |
| weighted avg | 0.95 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 175 |

AUC ROC: 0.9434282727985367

Results for KNN (k=3) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[80  9]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.90   | 0.95     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.91      | 1.00   | 0.95     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.95     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.95      | 0.95   | 0.95     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.95      | 0.95   | 0.95     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9527044682518944

Results for KNN (k=5) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[79 10]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.89   | 0.94     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.90      | 1.00   | 0.95     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.94     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.95      | 0.94   | 0.94     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.95      | 0.94   | 0.94     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9542069506140579

Results for KNN (k=9) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[79 10]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.89   | 0.94     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.90      | 1.00   | 0.95     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.94     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.95      | 0.94   | 0.94     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.95      | 0.94   | 0.94     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9510713352495427

Results for Naive Bayes with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[86  3]
 [ 1 85]]
```

Classification Report:

|   | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|---|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0 | 0.99      | 0.97   | 0.98     | 89      |



|              |      |      |      |     |
|--------------|------|------|------|-----|
| 1            | 0.97 | 0.99 | 0.98 | 86  |
| accuracy     |      |      | 0.98 | 175 |
| macro avg    | 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 175 |
| weighted avg | 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 175 |

AUC ROC: 0.9899399007055134

Results for Random Forest (n=5) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[83  6]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.93   | 0.97     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.93      | 1.00   | 0.97     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.97     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.97      | 0.97   | 0.97     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.97      | 0.97   | 0.97     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9792265482100861

Results for Random Forest (n=10) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[85  4]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.96   | 0.98     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.96      | 1.00   | 0.98     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.98     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.98      | 0.98   | 0.98     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.98      | 0.98   | 0.98     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9802064280114973

Results for Random Forest (n=15) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[83  6]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.93   | 0.97     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.93      | 1.00   | 0.97     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.97     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.97      | 0.97   | 0.97     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.97      | 0.97   | 0.97     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9777240658479226

Results for Random Forest (n=20) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[85  4]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.96   | 0.98     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.96      | 1.00   | 0.98     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.98     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.98      | 0.98   | 0.98     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.98      | 0.98   | 0.98     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9774627645675464

Results for Random Forest (n=50) with 10% test set:

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[84  5]
 [ 0 86]]
```

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 1.00      | 0.94   | 0.97     | 89      |
| 1            | 0.95      | 1.00   | 0.97     | 86      |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.97     | 175     |
| macro avg    | 0.97      | 0.97   | 0.97     | 175     |
| weighted avg | 0.97      | 0.97   | 0.97     | 175     |

AUC ROC: 0.9787692709694278

## Вывод

В ходе выполнения данной лабораторной работы я получил базовые навыки работы с языком python и набором функций для анализа данных.