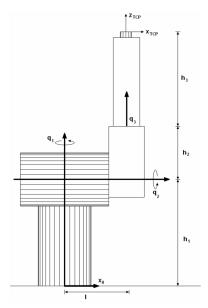
## Exercise

## Inverse Kinematics



**Task 1.** Given is the kinematics shown above, a so-called simplified Stanford manipulator. The kinematics consists of two rotatory axes  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  as well as a translational axis  $q_3$ .

a) Solve the inverse kinematic problem for the manipulator, based on the forward transformation:

$${}^{0}\underline{T}_{3} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{q_{1}} & -S_{q_{1}}C_{q_{2}} & S_{q_{1}}S_{q_{2}} & lC_{q_{1}} + (h_{2} + h_{3} + q_{3})S_{q_{1}}S_{q_{2}} \\ S_{q_{1}} & C_{q_{1}}C_{q_{2}} & -C_{q_{1}}S_{q_{2}} & lS_{q_{1}} - (h_{2} + h_{3} + q_{3})C_{q_{1}}S_{q_{2}} \\ 0 & S_{q_{2}} & C_{q_{2}} & h_{1} + (h_{2} + h_{3} + q_{3})C_{q_{2}} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

