

## Taking the derivative of a function

Let  $f(x) = (\exp(x+1)) + (\tan((2*x)+1))$

Next, we will take the derivative  $f'_x(x)$ :

Step-by-step solution:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (f+g)' &= f' + g' : \tan' x = 1/\cos^2 x : (f+g)' = f' + g' : (f * g)' = \\
 &f'g + g'f : \Rightarrow ((0*x) + (1*2)) \\
 &\Rightarrow (((0*x) + (1*2)) + 0) \\
 &\Rightarrow ((1/((\cos((2*x)+1))^2)) * (((0*x) + (1*2)) + 0)) \\
 \exp x' &= \exp x : (f+g)' = f' + g' : \Rightarrow (1+0) \\
 &\Rightarrow ((\exp(x+1)) * (1+0)) \\
 &\Rightarrow (((\exp(x+1)) * (1+0)) + ((1/((\cos((2*x)+1))^2)) * (((0*x) + (1*2)) + 0)))
 \end{aligned}$$

The derivative is:

$$((\exp(x+1)) * (1+0)) + ((1/((\cos((2*x)+1))^2)) * (((0*x) + (1*2)) + 0))$$

But you can see many unnecessary actions.

Let us make some simplifications:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &((\exp(x+1)) * 1) + ((1/((\cos((2*x)+1))^2)) * (((0*x) + (1*2)) + 0)) \\
 &((\exp(x+1)) * 1) + ((1/((\cos((2*x)+1))^2)) * (((0*x) + 2) + 0)) \\
 &(\exp(x+1)) + ((1/((\cos((2*x)+1))^2)) * (((0*x) + 2) + 0)) \\
 &(\exp(x+1)) + ((1/((\cos((2*x)+1))^2)) * ((0*x) + 2)) \\
 &(\exp(x+1)) + ((1/((\cos((2*x)+1))^2)) * (0+2)) \\
 &(\exp(x+1)) + ((1/((\cos((2*x)+1))^2)) * 2) \\
 &(\exp(x+1)) + ((1/((\cos((2*x)+1))^2)) * 2)
 \end{aligned}$$

In this way:

$f'_x(x) = (\exp(x+1)) + ((1/((\cos((2*x)+1))^2)) * 2)$
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Further simplifications reader can hold their own.