Repeat exercise: do ch 4 exercises in terms of (ii).

Latin squares

enen row & column contains each symbol once.

Greco-Latin Squoes:

,		
\ a /	b /	c /
~	/ R	/8
\ \( \rac{1}{2} \)	c	a /
8	/ 4	/8
( /	[ ~ /	<b>       </b>
B	/ /	/ 2

or though a

Juxtaposition of 2 orthogonal

Can't do it for 2x2.

Maybe can get 3 orthogonal 4x4 sevores?,?

## Can't do 2 for 6x6.

Reading: Latin square section (22a)

$$|P(A)| > |A| \quad \text{for all sets } A.$$

$$\text{Suppose } \exists a \text{ bij} \quad \underset{a \longmapsto X_n}{A} \xrightarrow{f} P(A) \quad \text{then consider } X_n = \{\text{ac} A \text{ s.t. } a \notin X_n\}.$$

$$\text{then } n \in X_n \Rightarrow n \notin X_n , \quad n \notin X_n \Rightarrow n \in X_n$$

examples of natural equivavelences:

(a) 
$$f,g \in C(0,1)$$
,  $f \sim g$  if  $\int_{0}^{1} f = \int_{0}^{1} g$ .

Two spaces 
$$X$$
 my  $Y$  are homeomorphic  $(X \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} Y)$ . If  $\exists$  bijection  $f: X \longrightarrow Y$  s.t  $f \in F^{-1}$  rects.

Ex (bonus) this map is conformal (angle-preserving).

Ex. another metric on {0,13} is to where x,y first differ in Km place.

nutrices are equive if  $\forall (x_i) \subset X$ ,  $d_i(x_i, x_i) \longrightarrow 0$ iff  $d_2(x_i, x_i) \longrightarrow 0$ 

Ex: ({20,13", p) is compact

 $\begin{cases} 0, 1 \end{cases} \stackrel{N}{\leq} \times.$ 

 $\int_{\Omega} = \int_{\Omega} \chi \in X : \chi_1 = 0$ 

 $C_1 = \{x \in X : x_1 = 1\}$ 

are both Clopen.

(Exacise)

Ex: gire an example of an open 2 not closed set in \$0,13 N

 $\bigvee_{F} = \left\{ (a_{i}, a_{2}, \dots) : a_{i} \in F_{p}, \text{ only finitely many } a_{i} \neq 0 \right\}$ 

contrible vector space over Fp.

Theorem:  $\forall f_i n_i + e \text{ whorm} \quad \forall F_i = \bigcup_{i=1}^r C_i$ , one  $C_i$