KNOT PROJECTIONS: KCIR3 PL-KNOT, P:R3- PR projection. K = 10(K) = polygonal curve. · Say K is in general position w.r.t. p if: \* Restriction offer to any line segment is embedding. \* K has at most double-points (|Pi(c)| = 2 for ce K). bad ox \* if c is a double point of K, any thing in PI (c) is an interior of an edge. So(3) = {A EM3(IR), ATA=1, det (4)=1} \* s', s" line segments in K = P(0') & P(0") overlap in at most one point. Proposition: Suppose [Li] countable collection of PL-links in IR2. Suppose VCSO(8) is open. Than I h & V sit. each h (Li) is in gen. pos. wrt P. If {Li} is finite, we can find a whole neighborhood of such h. Proof: h(1:) it in gen pos unt P ⇒ Li is ingan pos ourt Pi for n=h'es (Pi=poh). For which n ∈ S2 is Li in gen pos wet Pri? Strategy is to successively remove subsets in 5° along which generally Condition can't hold: \* A - A is 1-to-1, exclude 2 points ±d, (direction of A). \* Ko E K. all ma plane. exclude directions in that plane (a line in \$2) Same story: exclude the great circle of directions in that plane. \* exclude triple points: exclude directions of lines that intersect 8 segments of Li. (very technical, but their excludes some curves in S2 W/ well-defined asymptotes (finite-lengto)). "bad points" for Li is U finite-llagth curves, so "good points" is an open l dense seto Opon & donse is open & dense. Open & donse is donse (Baire Category Theorem). Smooth embed. 8: 5' = 1R3 is in gen. pos wire p is \* 1 o y is immersion \* no triple points

\* transverse self-intersections

The Subspace (g = Embed 00 (S', IR3) of smooth embeddings which are in gen. p-s wro p is open & dense in Embed (5', 123),

(Use Multi-Jet-Transversality Thm)