

If  $A \in M_2(F_p) \setminus GL_2(F_p)$ , then  $A^n = \text{Tr}(A)^{n-1} A$

Problem 3:  $S \subseteq D$  <sup>diving</sup> division subring,  $S^* \triangleleft D^* \Rightarrow S^* \subseteq Z(D^*)$

$\square$   $S$  commutes w/  $S$

$\square$   $S$  commutes w/  $D \setminus S$

goal show  $[s, d] = 1$  for  $d \in D^* \setminus S^*$ .

$\hookrightarrow s, d, d+1$  are all in  $D^*$  ( $-1 \in S$ )

$\hookrightarrow [s, d]$  and  $[s, d+1]$  are in  $S$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{"} & & \text{"} \\ sds^{-1}d^{-1} & & s(d+1)s^{-1}(d+1)^{-1} \end{array}$$

$$\hookrightarrow sds^{-1} = [s, d]d, \quad s(d+1)s^{-1} = [s, d+1](d+1)$$

Show that

$$\square \quad s(d+1)s^{-1} = sds^{-1} + 1$$

$\downarrow$

$$\square \quad [s, d+1](d+1) = [s, d]d + 1$$

then if  $[s, d+1] = [s, d],$

then  $[S, d](d+1) = [S, d]d + 1$

$\Rightarrow [S, d] = 1$

So show  $[S, d+1] = [S, d]$

Then  $S$  commutes w  $D \setminus S$ .

pick  $s, t \in S$ . pick  $d \in D^* \setminus S^*$ .

Then  $st = S(d+t-d) = S(d+t) - sd = (d+t)s - ds = ts$ .