Practical IB Computer Science Practice Challenge—Multiplication Tables

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This program will display the multiplication tables of a positive integer.

Work through the test from the beginning. Your program should build and grow —do not start a new program for each point. During this test, you may use any resources that you have created or provided to you by the teacher, but do **not** use Internet.

Submit your Java source code file to the corresponding online homework entry <u>before</u> the end of the period. Good luck!

Advice: Save and submit your test as soon as you complete the first few instructions!

	Instructions	Display Output		
1.	Output your name on the screen.	(Your name)		
2.	Input an (integer) number.	Enter an intege	er between 1 an	ıd 9: 5
3.	Output a warning message if the number is less than 1 or greater than 9 and exit the program.	Enter an integer between 1 and 9: -3 Error-number out of range.		
4.	Reject invalid inputs. Ask the user to input another number until the input is valid.	Enter an integer between 1 and 9: -9 Error- Enter an integer between 1 and 9: 10 Error- Enter an integer between 1 and 9: 9		
5.	Calculate the multiplication table of the input number and numbers 1 to 20 and output the result on the screen.	Enter an integer between 1 and 9: 9		
6.	Align the numbers from 1 to 20, to the right.	(5)	(6)	(7)
	Note that is used to save space; your screen output should show all 20 multiplications.	9 x 1 = 9 9 x 2 = 18 9 x 3 = 27 9 x 4 = 36	9 x 1 = 9 9 x 2 = 18 9 x 3 = 27 9 x 4 = 36	9 x 1 = 9 9 x 2 = 18 9 x 3 = 27 9 x 4 = 36
7.	Align the product (result) to the right as well.	9 x 5 = 45 9 x 6 = 54	9 x 5 = 45 9 x 6 = 54	9 x 5 = 45 9 x 6 = 54
	Ideal, complete output is shown →	9 x 19 = 171	9 x 7 = 63 9 x 8 = 72 9 x 9 = 81 9 x 10 = 90 9 x 11 = 99 9 x 12 = 108 9 x 13 = 117 9 x 14 = 126 9 x 15 = 135 9 x 16 = 144 9 x 17 = 153 9 x 18 = 162 9 x 19 = 171 9 x 20 = 180	9 x 19 = 171
	[Please turn over]			

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8.	Calculate and output the	Enter a number between	1 and 0. 0
Ο.	•	-	
	multiplication tables from 1 up to the	(8)	(9)
	number input.	1 x 1 = 1	1 x 1 = 1
		• • •	
		1 x 20 = 20	$1 \times 20 = 20$
		2 x 1 = 2	
			$2 \times 1 = 2$
		$2 \times 20 = 40$	
		3 x 1 = 3	$2 \times 20 = 40$
		3 x 20 = 60	3 x 1 = 3
		4 x 1 = 4	
			3 x 20 = 60
		4 x 20 = 80	5 X 20 = 00
		5 x 1 = 5	4 x 1 = 4
)	$4 \times 1 = 4$
		5 x 20 = 100	$4 \times 20 = 80$
		6 x 1 = 6	
			5 x 1 = 5
		6 x 20 = 120	• • •
		7 x 1 = 7	$5 \times 20 = 100$
		7 x 20 = 140	$6 \times 1 = 6$
		8 x 1 = 8	
9.	Output a line (12 dashes/minus signs		$6 \times 20 = 120$
	or similar) between the table for one	8 x 20 = 160	
	,	9 x 1 = 9	7 x 1 = 7
	number and the next.	9 x 2 = 18	, , = ,
		9 x 3 = 27	7 x 20 = 140
	Note that is used to save space;	9 x 4 = 36	/ X 20 - 140
			0 v 1 – 0
	your screen output should show all		8 x 1 = 8
	20 multiplications for each number,		0 20 . 160
	from 1 up to and including the input	9 x 7 = 63	$8 \times 20 = 160$
	number. Mind the alignment, too.	9 x 8 = 72	
	number. Willia the alignment, too.	9 x 9 = 81	9 x 1 = 9
		9 x 10 = 90	$9 \times 2 = 18$
		9 x 11 = 99	$9 \times 3 = 27$
		9 x 12 = 108	$9 \times 4 = 36$
		9 x 13 = 117	$9 \times 5 = 45$
		9 x 14 = 126	$9 \times 6 = 54$
		9 x 15 = 135	9 x 7 = 63
		9 x 16 = 144	$9 \times 8 = 72$
		9 x 17 = 153	$9 \times 9 = 81$
		9 x 18 = 162	9 x 10 = 90
		9 x 19 = 171	9 x 11 = 99
		9 x 20 = 180	9 x 12 = 108
			9 x 13 = 117
			9 x 14 = 126
			9 x 15 = 135
			9 x 16 = 144
			9 x 16 = 144 9 x 17 = 153
			9 x 18 = 162
			9 x 19 = 171
			$9 \times 20 = 180$
10.	Allow the user to repeat (keep		
	calculating tables) while the number	Enter an integer hetwe	en 1 and 9: 0
	input is not zero .		-
	input is fiot zero.		