#### Week 3 Lab 1

## Introduction to Javascript

### A) Variables

- 1. Numerical data
  - a. Create a new html file and name it 'variables.html' using a code editor of your choice.
  - b. In variables.html, fill in HTML5 doctype declaration, html, head, title and body elements.
  - c. Write a script element, <script> </script> between head element opening and closing tags.
  - d. Between script element opening and closing tags, write the following Javascript code:

var x = 100;

### document.write(x);

- e. Save variables.html and open the file in your internet browser.
- 2. String data & the concatenation operator
  - a. Delete the following Javascript code in variables.html

## document.write(x);

b. Add the following Javascript code

c. Save variables.html and open the file in your internet browser.

- 3. Operations on data
  - a. Delete all Javascript code in variables.html
  - b. Write the following Javascript code

```
var x = 100;
var y = 50;
var text = "Value of x + y is";
document.write("The value of x is" + " " + x +"<br>");
document.write("The value of y is" + " " + y +"<br>");
document.write(text + " " + (x+y));
```

- c. Save variables.html and open the file in your internet browser.
- d. In the following lines codes,

```
var text = "Value of x + y is";
document.write(text + " " + (x+y));
```

change the addition operator (+) to each of the following arithmetic operators, save variables.html, open the file in your internet browser and observe the result.

- 1. Subtraction (-)
- 2. Division (/)
- 3. Multiplication (\*)
- 4. Modulus (%)

#### B) Input - Processing - Output

- 1. Buttons using inline Javascript
  - a. Create a new html file and name it 'io.html' using a code editor of your choice.
  - b. In io.html, fill in HTML5 doctype declaration, html, head, title and body elements.
  - c. Write the following Javascript code in between body element opening and closing tags

<input type="button" id="myButton" value="Hi there!"
onclick="document.write('Hello!');">

d. Save io.html and open the file in your internet browser.

### 2. Prompts

- a. Delete Javascript code in io.html body element.
- b. Write a script element, <script> </script> between head element opening and closing tags.
- c. Between script element opening and closing tags, write the following Javascript code:

var name = prompt("Please enter your name:","Firstname Lastname");
var greeting = "Hello, " + name;
document.write(greeting);

d. Save io.html and open the file in your internet browser.

- 3. Calculating values with prompts
  - a. Delete all Javascript code in io.html
  - b. Write the following Javascript code in between script element opening and closing tags

```
var x = prompt("First value:","Enter a number");
var y = prompt("Second value:","Enter another number");
var result = parseInt(x) + parseInt(y);
document.write(result);
```

- c. Save io.html and open the file in your internet browser.
- d. In the following line code,

```
var result = parseInt(x) + parseInt(y);
```

change the addition operator (+) to each of the following arithmetic operators, save io.html, open the file in your internet browser and observe the result.

- 5. Subtraction (-)
- 6. Division (/)
- 7. Multiplication (\*)
- 8. Modulus (%)

### C) Functions

- 1. alert() function
  - a. Create a new html file and name it 'functions.html' using a code editor of your choice.
  - b. In functions.html, fill in HTML5 doctype declaration, html, head, title and body elements.
  - c. Write a script element, <script> </script> between head element opening and closing tags.
  - d. Between script element opening and closing tags, write the following Javascript alert() function:

## alert("Welcome!");

- e. Save functions.html and open the file in your internet browser.
- 2. Creating a welcome() function
  - a. Delete the previous alert() function code
  - b. Between script element opening and closing tags in functions.html, write the following code

```
function welcome(){
    alert("Welcome!");
}
```

c. Between body element opening and closing tags, write the following code

```
<input type="button" id="myButton" value="Click me"
onclick="welcome();">
```

d. Save functions.html and open the file in your browser

- 3. Calculating values with prompts and buttons
  - a. Delete the previous welcome() function code
  - b. Between script element opening and closing tags, write the following code

```
var y = 0;
function enterNumbers(){
    x = prompt("First number", "1,2,3...");
    y = prompt("Second number", "1,2,3...");
}
function calculate(){
    var result = parseInt(x) + parseInt(y);
    document.write(result);
}
```

c. Between body element opening and closing tags, write

d. Save functions.html and open the file in your browser

# D) Methods

- 1. Get element by Id
  - a. Create a new html file and name it 'methods.html' using a code editor of your choice.
  - b. In methods.html, fill in HTML5 doctype declaration, html, head, title and body elements.
  - c. Write the following code in between body element opening and closing tags

```
 pasta.
```

d. Between script element opening and closing tags, write the following code

```
function getValue(){
    var titlename = document.getElementById("myHeader");
    document.write("I like to eat ");
    document.write(titlename.innerHTML);
}
```

e. Save methods.html and open the file in your browser. Click on the text "pasta." and observe the outcome.

- 2. Open & close window
  - a. Delete previous code between script element and body element.
  - b. Write the following code in between body element opening and closing tags

```
<input type="button" value="open a small window" onclick="openWindow()">
<input type="button" value="close window" onclick="closeWindow()">
```

c. Between script element opening and closing tags, write the following code

```
function openWindow(){
    smallWindow = window.open("", "", "width=100, height=100");
    smallWindow.document.write("Hello there!");
}
function closeWindow(){
    SmallWindow.close();
}
```

f. Save methods.html and open the file in your browser. Click on the text "pasta." and observe the outcome.