(Sub Code: 083 Paper Code 91 Outside Delhi)

General Instructions:

- The answers given in the marking scheme are SUGGESTIVE. Examiners are requested to award marks for all alternative correct Solutions/Answers conveying the similar meaning
- All programming questions have to be answered with respect to C++ Language / Python only
- In C++ / Python, ignore case sensitivity for identifiers (Variable / Functions / Structures / Class Names)
- In Python indentation is mandatory, however, number of spaces used for indenting may vary
- In SQL related questions both ways of text/character entries should be acceptable for Example: "AMAR" and 'amar' both are acceptable.
- In SQL related questions all date entries should be acceptable for Example: 'YYYY-MM-DD', 'YY-MM-DD', 'DD-Mon-YY', "DD/MM/YY", 'DD/MM/YY', "MM/DD/YY", 'MM/DD/YY' and {MM/DD/YY} are correct.
- In SQL related questions semicolon should be ignored for terminating the SQL statements
- In SQL related questions, ignore case sensitivity.

SEC	TION	A - (Only for candidates, who opted for C++)	
1	(a)	Write the type of C++ tokens (keywords and user defined identifiers) from the following: (i) new (ii) While (iii) case (iv) Num_2	2
	Ans	(i) new - Keyword (ii) While - User defined Identifier (iii) case - Keyword (iv) Num_2 - User defined Identifier	
		(½ Mark for writing each correct keywords) (½ Mark for writing each correct user defined identifiers)	
	(b)	Anil typed the following C++ code and during compilation he found three errors as follows: (i) Function strlen should have prototype (ii) Undefined symbol cout (iii) Undefined symbol endl	1
		On asking, his teacher told him to include necessary header files in the code. Write the names of the header files, which Anil needs to include, for successful compilation and execution of the following code <pre>void main()</pre>	
		<pre>char Txt[] = "Welcome"; for(int C= 0; C<strlen(txt); c++)="" cout<<txt<<endl;="" pre="" txt[c]="Txt[C]+1;" }<=""></strlen(txt);></pre>	

```
Ans
      string.h
      iostream.h OR fstream.h OR iomanip.h
      (1/2 Mark each for writing correct header files)
      NOTE:
      Ignore additional header file(s)
(c)
      Rewrite the following C++ code after removing any/all syntactical errors
      with each correction underlined.
      Note: Assume all required header files are already being included in the
      program.
      void main()
        cout<<"Enter an Alphabet:";</pre>
        cin>>CH;
        switch (CH)
            case 'A' cout<<"Ant"; Break;</pre>
            case 'B' cout<<"Bear" ; Break;</pre>
      }
Ans
      void main()
        cout<<"Enter an Alphabet:";</pre>
                                                      // Error 1
        char CH;
        cin>>CH;
        switch (CH)
                                                      // Error 2(i)
            case 'A' <u>:</u>
                                                      // Error 3(i)
                                                     // Error 4(i)
                         cout<<"Ant"; <u>break;</u>
                                                      // Error 3(ii)
            case 'B' _:
                         cout<<"Bear"; break;</pre>
                                                     // Error 4(ii)
                                                      // Error 2(ii)
        }
      (1/2 Mark for correcting Error 1)
      (1/2 Mark for correcting Error 2(i) and Error 2(ii))
      (1/2 Mark for correcting Error 3(i) and Error 3(ii))
      (1/2 Mark for correcting Error 4(i) and Error 4(ii))
      OR
      (1 Mark for identifying all the errors without corrections)
(d)
      Find and write the output of the following C++ program code:
                                                                             2
      Note: Assume all required header files are already included in the
      program.
      #define Diff(N1,N2) ((N1>N2)?N1-N2:N2-N1)
      void main()
      {
         int A,B,NUM[] = \{10,23,14,54,32\};
         for(int CNT =4; CNT>0; CNT--)
```

```
A=NUM[CNT];
            B=NUM[CNT-1];
             cout<<Diff(A,B)<<'#';
         }
      }
Ans
      22#40#9#13#
      (1/2 Mark for writing each correct value)
      OR
      (1 Mark to be awarded if the output written in reverse order as
      13#9#40#22#)
      Note: Deduct 1/2 Mark for not considering any/all # as separator and/or
      writing the values in different lines
      Find and write the output of the following C++ program code:
                                                                                3
(e)
      Note: Assume all required header files are already being included
      in the program.
      void main()
         int *Point, Score[]={100,95,150,75,65,120};
         Point = Score;
         for (int L = 0; L < 6; L + +)
             if((*Point)%10==0)
                *Point /= 2;
            else
                *Point -= 2;
             if((*Point)%5==0)
                *Point /= 5;
            Point++;
         for (int L = 5; L>=0; L--)
            cout<<Score[L]<<"*";
      }
Ans
      12*63*73*15*93*10*
      (1/2 Mark for writing each correct value)
      Note:
        Deduct 1/2 Mark for not considering any/all * as separator and or writing
          the values in different lines
       • Deduct ½ Mark if the output written in reverse order as
          10*93*15*73*63*12*
         Full 3 Marks to be awarded if "Multiple declaration/syntax error for L"
          is mentioned
(f)
      Look at the following C++ code and find the possible output(s) from the
                                                                               2
      options (i) to (iv) following it. Also, write the maximum values that can
      be assigned to each of the variables N and M.
      Note:
```

```
Assume all the required header files are already being included in
               the code.
            • The function random(n) generates an integer between 0 and n-1
           void main()
              randomize();
              int N=random(3),M=random(4);
              int DOCK[3][3] = \{\{1,2,3\},\{2,3,4\},\{3,4,5\}\}\};
              for(int R=0; R<N; R++)</pre>
                  for(int C=0; C<M; C++)
                      cout<<DOCK[R][C]<<" ";
                  cout<<endl;</pre>
              }
            (i)
                                  (ii)
                                  1 2 3
            1 2 3
            2 3 4
                                  2 3 4
            3 4 5
            (iii)
                                  (iv)
            1 2
                                  1 2
            2 3
                                  2 3
                                  3 4
     Ans
           Correct Options: (ii) and (iii)
           Maximum value of N = 2
           Maximum value M = 3
           (1 Mark for writing the correct options)
           NOTE: No marks to be awarded for writing any other option or any other
           combination
           (1/2 Mark for writing correct Maximum value of N)
           (1/2 Mark for writing correct Maximum value of M)
2.
           Differentiate between protected and private members of a class in context of
     (a)
           Object Oriented Programming. Also give a suitable example illustrating
           accessibility/non-accessibility of each using a class and an object in C++.
     Ans
            private
                                                 protected
            Implicit Visibility Mode
                                                 Explicit Visibility Mode
            Not accessible to member functions of
                                                Accessible to member functions of
            derived class
                                                 derived class
            Example:
            class A
            {
                 int X;
```

```
protected:
           int Y;
      public:
           void Z();
      };
      OR
      Any other correct example demonstrating difference between private and
      protected members of a class
      (Full 2 Marks for any one correct difference between private and protected
      members in a class using a suitable code in C++)
      OR
      (1 Mark for writing any one correct difference between private and
      protected members in a class without any example)
      Observe the following C++ code and answer the questions (i) and (ii).
(b)
      Note: Assume all necessary files are included.
      class TEST
         long TCode;
         char TTitle[20];
         float Score;
      public:
        TEST()
                                           //Member Function 1
            TCode=100;strcpy(TTitle,"FIRST Test");Score=0;
                                           //Member Function 2
         TEST (TEST &T)
            TCode=E.TCode+1;
            strcpy(TTitle,T.TTitle);
            Score=T.Score;
         }
      };
      void main()
      {
                                           //Statement 1
                                           //Statement 2
      }
      Which Object Oriented Programming feature is illustrated by the Member
(i)
      Function 1 and Member Function 2 together in the class TEST?
Ans
      Polymorphism OR Constructor overloading OR Function Overloading
      (1Mark for mentioning the correct concept name)
      Write Statement 1 and Statement 2 to execute Member Function 1 and
(ii)
      Member Function 2 respectively.
                                 //Statement 1
      TEST T1;
Ans
```

```
TEST T2(T1);
                                 //Statement 2
      OR
                                //Statement 2
      TEST T2=T1;
      ( ½ Mark for writing statement 1 correctly)
      ( ½ Mark for writing statement 2 correctly OR ½ Mark for mentioning E not
      declared)
      Write the definition of a class BOX in C++ with following description:
                                                                              4
(c)
      Private Members
         - BoxNumber
                        // data member of integer type
         - Side
                        // data member of float type
                        // data member of float type
         - Area

    ExecArea() // Member function to calculate and assign

                         // Area as Side * Side
      Public Members
      - GetBox() // A function to allow user to enter values of
                  // BoxNumber and Side. Also, this
                  // function should call ExecArea() to calculate
                  // Area
      - ShowBox()// A function to display BoxNumber, Side
                  // and Area
      class BOX
Ans
        int BoxNumber ;
        float Side ;
        float Area ;
        void ExecArea() { Area=Side*Side;}
     public:
        void GetBox();
        void ShowBox();
      };
     void BOX::GetBox()
         cin>>BoxNumber>>Side;
         ExecArea();
      void BOX::ShowBox()
          cout<<BoxNumber<<" "<<Side<<" "<<Area<<endl;</pre>
      (1/2 Mark for declaring class header correctly)
      (1/2 Mark for declaring data members correctly)
      (1 Mark for defining ExecArea() correctly)
      (1/2 Mark for taking inputs of BoxNumber and Side in GetBox())
      (1/2 Mark for invoking ExecArea() inside GetBox())
      (1/2 Mark for defining ShowBox() correctly)
      (1/2 Mark for correctly closing class declaration with a semicolon;)
      NOTE: Marks to be awarded for defining the member functions inside or
      outside the class
```

```
(d)
      Answer the questions (i) to (iv) based on the following:
                                                                             4
      class First
         int X1;
      protected:
         float X2;
      public:
         First();
        void Enter1(); void Display1();
      class Second : private First
         int Y1;
      protected:
         float Y2;
      public:
         Second();
        void Enter2();
        void Display();
      };
      class Third : public Second
         int Z1;
      public:
        Third();
        void Enter3();
        void Display();
      };
      void main()
      {
                              //Statement 1
          Third T;
                              ;//Statement 2
      }
   (i) Which type of Inheritance out of the following is illustrated in the above example?
      Single Level Inheritance, Multilevel Inheritance, Multiple Inheritance
Ans
      Multilevel Inheritance
      (1 Mark for writing correct option)
  (ii) Write the names of all the member functions, which are directly accessible by the
      object T of class Third as declared in main() function.
Ans
      Enter2(), Display() of class Second
      Enter3(), Display() of class Third
      OR
```

```
Enter2()
            Second::Display()
            Enter3()
            Display() OR Third::Display()
            (1 Mark for writing all correct function names)
            NOTE:
                   Marks not to be awarded for partially correct answer
                   Ignore the mention of Constructors
       (iii) Write Statement 2 to call function Display() of class Second from the object T of
            class Third.
     Ans
            T.Second::Display();
            (1 Mark for writing Statement 2 correctly)
       (iv) What will be the order of execution of the constructors, when the object T of class
            Third is declared inside main()?
     Ans
            First, Second, Third
             (1 Mark for writing correct order)
             • No Marks to be awarded for any other combination/order.
             • Names of the constructor/class without parenthesis is acceptable
            Write the definition of a function AddUp(int Arr[], int N) in C++, in which all even
    (a)
3
            positions (i.e. 0,2,4,...) of the array should be added with the content of the
            element in the next position and odd positions (i.e. 1,3,5,...) elements should be
            incremented by 10.
            Example: if the array Arr contains
                                              15
                   23
                           30
                                  45
                                                    25
            Then the array should become
                     53
                            40
                                  55
                                         20
                                                40
                                                     35
               NOTE:
                  The function should only alter the content in the same array.
                  The function should not copy the altered content in another array.
                  The function should not display the altered content of the array.
                  Assuming, the Number of elements in the array are Even.
           void AddUp(int Arr[], int N)
     Ans
            {
               for(int i=0; i<N; i++)</pre>
               {
                   if(i%2==0)
                      Arr[i] = Arr[i] + Arr[i+1];
                   else
                      Arr[i] = Arr[i] + 10;
               }
            }
           OR
```

	(1 Mark for correctly writing the loop) (1 Mark for correctly checking condition for even/odd locations) (½ Mark for adding the element in the next position to the even positioned elements) (½ Mark for incrementing the element by 10 for odd positioned elements)
(b)	Write a definition for a function SUMMIDCOL(int MATRIX[][10],int N,int M) in C++, which finds the sum of the middle column's elements of the MATRIX (Assuming N represents number of rows and M represents number of columns, which is an odd integer). Example: if the content of array MATRIX having N as 5 and M as 3 is as follows: 1 2 1 2 1 4 3 4 5 4 5 3 5 3 2 The function should calculate the sum and display the following: Sum of Middle Column: 15
Ans	<pre>void SUMMIDCOL(int MATRIX[][10],int N,int M) { int mid=M/2; int sum=0; for(int i=0; i<n; any="" c++="" code="" column"<<sum;="" correct="" cout<<"="" definition<="" for="" function="" i++)="" middle="" of="" or="" other="" pre="" required="" sum="" the="" {="" }=""></n;></pre>
	(½ Mark for correctly writing the loop)(1 Mark for adding middle column elements)(½ Mark for displaying the sum of middle column elements)
(c)	ARR[15][20] is a two-dimensional array, which is stored in the memory along the row with each of its elements occupying 4 bytes. Find the address of the element ARR[5][15], if the element ARR[10][5] is stored at the memory location 35000.
Ans	<pre>ROW MAJOR: Loc(ARR[I][J]) =BaseAddress + W [(I - LBR)*C + (J - LBC)] (where W=size of each element = 4 bytes, R=Number of Rows=15, C=Number of Columns=20) Assuming LBR = LBC = 0</pre>

```
LOC (ARR[10][5])
      35000
                     = BaseAddress + W(I*C + J)
      35000
                     = BaseAddress + 4(10*20 + 5)
      35000
                     = BaseAddress + 4(205)
      35000
                     = BaseAddress + 820
      BaseAddress = 35000 - 820
                     = 34180
      LOC(ARR[5][15]) = BaseAddress + W(I*C + J)
                      = 34180 + 4(5*20 + 15)
                      = 34180
                                    + 4(100 + 15)
                      = 34180
                                    + 4 \times 115
                                    + 460
                      = 34180
                      = 34640
      OR
      Loc(ARR[I][J]) = Ref. Address + W ((I - LR)*C + (J - LC))
      W=size of each element = 4 bytes,
      R=Number of Rows =15, C=Number of Columns=20
      Reference Address = Address of given cell ARR[10][5]=35000
      LR = Row value of given cell = 10
      LC = Column value of given cell = 5
      LOC(ARR[5][15]) = LOC(ARR[10][5]) + 4((5-10)*20 + (15-5))
      LOC(ARR[5][15]) = 35000 + 4(-100 + 10)
                       = 35000 + 4[-90]
                       = 35000 - 360
                       = 34640
     (1 Mark for writing correct formula (for Row major) OR substituting
     formula with correct values)
     (1Mark for correct calculation)
     (1 Mark for final correct address)
      Write the definition of a member function PUSHGIFT() for a class STACK in C++,
(d)
      to add a GIFT in a dynamically allocated stack of GIFTs considering the following
      code is already written as a part of the program:
      struct GIFT
                             //Gift Code
         int GCODE;
         char GDESC[20];
                           //Gift Description
         GIFT *Link;
      };
     class STACK
        Gift *TOP;
     public:
        STACK() {TOP=NULL;}
        void PUSHGIFT();
        void POPGIFT();
        ~STACK();
      };
```

```
ANS
      void STACK::PUSHGIFT()
         GIFT *T = new GIFT;
         cin>>T->GCODE;
         gets(T->GDESC);
         T->Link = TOP;
         TOP = T;
      }
       (1 Mark for creating a new Node)
       (1 Mark for fetching values of GCODE and GDESC)
       (1 Mark for assigning TOP to the Link of the new Node)
       (1 Mark for assigning TOP to the new Node)
       NOTE:
       GIFT/Gift - Both acceptable
      Convert the following Infix expression to its equivalent Postfix expression, showing 2
(e)
      the stack contents for each step of conversion:
      X - (Y + Z) / U * V
Ans
        ELEMENT
                     Stack
                                              POSTFIX
                                              X
        X
                     _
                                              Х
                     - (
        (
                                              Х
        Y
                     - (
                                              XY
        +
                     - (+
                                              XY
        Z
                     - (+
                                              XYZ
        )
                     _
                                              XYZ+
        /
                     -/
                                              XYZ+
        U
                     -/
                                              XYZ+U
        *
                     -*
                                              XYZ+U/
                     _*
        V
                                              XYZ+U/V
                                              XYZ+U/V*-
       OR
       X-(Y+Z)/U*V = (X-(((Y+Z)/U)*V))
        ELEMENT
                     Stack
                                              POSTFIX
        X
                                              X
        (
        (
        (
        Y
                                              XY
        +
        Z
                                              XYZ
        )
                     _
                                              XYZ+
                     -/
        U
                                              XYZ+U
```

)	-	XYZ+U/		
		*	-*			
		v		XYZ+U/V		
)		XYZ+U/V		
)		XYZ+U/V	7*-	<u> </u>
		Postfix= X	YZ+U/V*-			
			ethod for converting ession showing stack	•	ession to its equiv	alent
		OR	correctly converting a converting a		•	stack
4.	(a)	write a functiversion of the be displayed as Note: Assuming Example: If Polina has st	s used a text editing cle as MYNOTES.TXT, lphabet C everywhere on definition for PUF entire article of the s an alphabet "C" on g that MYNOTES.TXT ored the following course LITTLE KAR. IT AS MY KHILD.	she realised that she in the article. RETEXT() in C++ that file MYNOTES.TXT wascreen. does not contain any	e has wrongly type would display the rith all the alphabe C alphabet other	d alphabet corrected ets "K" to
		I OWN A CU	URETEXT() should dis	play the following co	ntent:	
	Ans	<pre>while(F. { if(ch= ch='C cout<< } F.close(} OR</pre>	F("MYNOTES.TX get(ch)) ='K') ';	OR fstream F F.open("M OR fstream F	; ; ;YNOTES.TXT", ios::ir ;("MYNOTES.TXT", ios:	
		(1 Mark fo	or opening MYNOT or reading each ch or displaying 'C' i	ES.TXT correctly) naracter (using an		n the file)

```
(b)
      Write a definition for function COUNTPICS ( ) in C++ to read each object of a
      binary file PHOTOS.DAT, find and display the total number of PHOTOS of type
      PORTRAIT. Assume that the file PHOTOS.DAT is created with the help of objects of
      class PHOTOS, which is defined below:
      class PHOTOS
         int PCODE;
         char PTYPE[20];//Photo Type as "PORTRAIT","NATURE"
      public:
         void ENTER()
             cin>>PCODE;gets(PTYPE);
         void SHOWCASE()
            cout<<PCODE<<":"<<PTYPE<<endl;
         }
         char *GETPTYPE() {return PTYPE;}
      };
Ans
      void COUNTPICS()
         ifstream F;
         F. open ("PHOTOS.DAT",
                                                 OB
                              ios::binary);
                                                 fstream F:
                                                 F. open ("PHOTOS.DAT",
         int count=0;
                                                           ios::binary|ios::in);
         PHOTOS obj;
         while (F.read ((char*) &obj,
                               sizeof(obj)))
           if(strcmp(obj.GETPTYPE(), "PORTRAIT") ==0)
                count++;
         cout<<"Number of PORTRAIT photos :"<<count;</pre>
         F.close(); //IGNORE
      OR
      Any other correct function definition
      (1/2 Mark for opening PHOTOS.DAT correctly)
      (1/2 Mark for reading records from PHOTOS.DAT)
      (½ Mark for comparing PHOTOS of type PORTRAIT(ignore case sensitive
      checking) with strcmp or strcmpi)
      (1/2 Mark for displaying counter for matching records)
       Find the output of the following C++ code considering that the binary file 1
(c)
       CLIENTS.DAT exists on the hard disk with a data of 200 clients.
       class CLIENTS
       {
            int CCode; char CName[20];
       public:
```

```
void REGISTER(); void DISPLAY();
            };
            void main()
              fstream File;
              File.open("CLIENTS.DAT",ios::binary|ios::in);
              CLIENTS C;
              File.seekg(6*sizeof(C));
              File.read((char*)&C, sizeof(C));
              cout<<"Client Number:"<<File.tellg()/sizeof(C) + 1;</pre>
              File.seekg(0,ios::end);
              cout<<" of "<<File.tellg()/sizeof(C)<<endl;</pre>
              File.close();
            }
           Client Number 8 of 200
     Ans
           (\frac{1}{2} Mark for displaying correct value of File.tellg()/sizeof(C) + 1)
           (1/2 Mark for displaying correct value of File.tellg()/sizeof(C))
SECTION B - [Only for candidates, who opted for Python]
           Which of the following can be used as valid variable identifier(s) in Python?
                                                                                    2
    (a)
           (i) 4thSum
           (ii) Total
           (iii) Number#
           (iv) Data
    Ans
           ii) Total
                                    iv) _Data
           (1 mark for each correct option)
           NOTE:
           Deduct ½ Mark for each wrong name written
           Name the Python Library modules which need to be imported to invoke the 1
    (b)
           following functions
           (i) floor()
           (ii) randint()
    Ans
           math
           random
           (1/2 Mark for writing each correct Library modules)
           NOTE:
           Ignore any other Library modules, if mentioned.
           Rewrite the following code in python after removing all syntax error(s). Underline
    (c)
           each correction done in the code.
           STRING=""WELCOME
           NOTE""
           for S in range[0,8]:
             print STRING(S)
           print S+STRING
```

```
Ans
      STRING="WELCOME"
      NOTE=""
      for S in range (0,8):
            print STRING[S]
      print S,STRING
      Also range(0,8) will give a runtime error as the index is out of range. It should
      be range(0,7)
      (1/2 Mark for each for any four corrections)
      OR
      (1 mark for identifying the errors, without suggesting corrections)
(d)
      Find and write the output of the following python code:
                                                                             2
             = ["20", "50", "30", "40"]
       CNT
       TOTAL = 0
       for C in [7,5,4,6]:
         T = TXT[CNT]
         TOTAL = float (T) + C
         print TOTAL
         CNT-=1
Ans
      47.0
      35.0
      54.0
      26.0
      ( ½ mark for each correct line of output)
      NOTE:
      Deduct 1/2 Mark for writing the answer in same line
      Deduct 1/2 Mark for writing numbers without decimal point
      Find and write the output of the following python code:
                                                                             3
(e)
      class INVENTORY:
         def init (self,C=101,N="Pad",Q=100): #constructor
            self.Code=C
            self.IName=N
            self.Qty=int(Q);
         def Procure(self,Q):
            self.Qty = self.Qty + Q
         def Issue(self,Q):
            self.Qty -= Q
         def Status(self):
            print self.Code,":",self.IName,"#",self.Qty
      11=INVENTORY()
      12=INVENTORY(105,"Thumb Pin",50)
      I3=INVENTORY(102,"U Clip")
      I1. Procure (25)
      I2. Issue (15)
      I3. Procure (50)
      I1.Status()
      I3.Status()
```

		I2.Status()	
	Ans	Output 101 : Pad # 125 102 : U Clip # 150 105 : Thumb Pin # 35 (1 mark for each correct line of output) NOTE: • Deduct ½ Mark for not writing any or all ':' / '#' symbol(s) • Deduct ½ Mark for not considering any or all line breaks at proper place(s)	
	(f)	What are the possible outcome(s) executed from the following code? Also specify the maximum and minimum values that can be assigned to variable N. import random NAV = ["LEFT", "FRONT", "RIGHT", "BACK"]; NUM = random.randint(1,3) NAVG = "" for C in range(NUM,1,-1): NAVG = NAVG+NAV[I] print NAVG (i) BACKRIGHT (ii) BACKRIGHTFRONT (iii) BACK (iv) LEFTFRONTRIGHT	2
	Ans	(i) BACKRIGHT Max value 3 and minimum value 1 for variable NUM OR I or N not defined OR ; wrongly placed in line 2 (1 mark for mentioning the first option) NOTE: No marks to be awarded for writing any other option or any other combination (½ mark each for max and min values of NUM) OR (Full 2 Marks for mentioning the specific error(s))	
2	(a)	List four characteristics of Object Oriented programming.	2
	Ans	 Encapsulation Data Hiding Abstraction Inheritance Polymorphism 	
		(½ mark for naming each characteristic - upto 4 characteristics)	
	(b)	class Exam:	2

```
Regno=1
        Marks=75
        def init (self,r,m):
                                                #function 1
            self.Regno=r
            self.Marks=m
        def Assign(self,r,m):
                                                #function 2
            Regno = r
            Marks = m
                                                #function 3
        def Check(self):
            print self.Regno, self.Marks
        print Regno, Marks
      (i) In the above class definition, both the functions - function 1 as well
         as function 2 have similar definition. How are they different in execution?
      (ii) Write statements to execute function 1 and function 2.
      (i) Function 1 is the constructor which gets executed automatically as soon as
Ans
          the object of the class is created. Function 2 is a member function which has
          to be called to assign the values to Regno and Marks.
      (ii) Function 1
                      E1=Exam(1,95) # Any values in the parameter
          Function 2
                      E1.Assign(1,95) # Any values in the parameter
      (1 mark for correct difference)
      ( \frac{1}{2} mark for each statement for executing Function 1 and Function 2)
      Define a class BOX in Python with following specifications
(c)
      Instance Attributes
      - BoxID
                  # Numeric value with a default value 101
                  # Numeric value with a default value 10
      - Side
                  # Numeric value with a default value 0
      - Area
      Methods:
      - ExecArea() # Method to calculate Area as
                      # Side * Side
                     # Method to allow user to enter values of
                  # BoxID and Side. It should also
                  # Call ExecArea Method
      - ViewBox() # Method to display all the Attributes
Ans
      class BOX: # can also be given as class BOX():
                  # or class BOX(Object):
        def init (self):
                                    def init (self,B,S,A):
          self.BoxID=101
                                    #Any variable instead of B, S, A may be used
                                          self.BoxID=B
          self.Side=10
                                           self.Side=S
          self.Area=0
                                           self.Area=A
        def ExecArea(self):
          self.Area=self.Side*self.Side
        def NewBox(self):
          self.BoxID=input("Enter BoxID")
          self.Side=input("Enter side")
          self.ExecArea()
                                   # OR ExecArea(self)
        def ViewBox(self):
```

		(sub code, oos raper code / roduside sexiii)	
		print self.BoxID print self.Side print self.Area	
		(½ Mark for correct syntax for class header) (½ Mark for correct declaration of instance attributes) (1 Mark for correct definition of ExecArea() method) (1 Mark for correct definition of NewBox() with proper invocation of ExecArea()) (1 Mark for correct definition of ViewBox()) NOTE: Deduct ½ Mark if ExecArea() is not invoked properly inside NewBox() method	
	(d)	Differentiate between static and dynamic binding in Python? Give suitable examples of each.	2
	Ans	Static Binding: It allows linking of function call to the function definition during compilation of the program.	
		Dynamic Binding: It allows linking of a function during run time. That means the code of the function that is to be linked with function call is unknown until it is executed. Dynamic binding of functions makes the programs more flexible.	
		(1 mark for each correct explanation of static and dynamic binding) OR (1 for each correct example of static and dynamic binding)	
	(e)	 Write two methods in python using concept of Function Overloading (Polymorphism) to perform the following operations: (i) A function having one argument as Radius, to calculate Area of Circle as 3.14#Radius#Radius (ii) A function having two arguments as Base and Height, to calculate Area of right angled triangle as 0.5#Base#Height. 	2
	Ans	def Area(R): print 3.14*R*R def Area(B,H): print 0.5*B*H Note: Python does not support function overloading "as illustrated in the example shown above". If you run the code, the second Area(B,H) definition will overide the first one. (1 mark for each function definition)	
		OR (Full 2 Marks for mentioning Python does not support function overloading)	
3.	(a)	What will be the status of the following list after the First, Second and Third pass of the bubble sort method used for arranging the following elements in ascending order ? Note: Show the status of all the elements after each pass very clearly underlining the changes. 52, 42, -10, 60, 90, 20	3
	Ans	I Pass	

			4.5					
		52	42	-10	60	90	20	
		42	52	-10	60	90	20	
	_	42	-10	52	60	90	20	
	_	42	-10	52	60	90	20	
		42	-10	52	60	90	20	
		42	-10	52	60	20	90	
	II Pas	S						
		42	-10	52	60	20	90]
		-10	42	52	60	20	90	1
		-10	42	52	60	20	90	1
		-10	42	52	60	20	90	
		-10	42	52	20	60	90	
	III Pas	35						
	iii i a.	-10	42	52	20	60	90	
		-10	42	52	20	60	90	1
		-10	42	52	20	60	90	
		-10	42	20	52	60	90	
					_	_		
4.	+							ect pass)
(b)			tion of hich ar		od Eve	nSum(N	NUMBER:	5) to add those values in the list of
Ans			Sum (NU n (NUMI		S):			
		for i	i in :	range	(n):			
		=	if (i	%2! = 0):			
				=s+NU	MBERS	[i]		
		print	t(s)					
	(½ n (½ n (½ n (½ n	nark f nark f nark f nark f	or init or read or ched or add	ializin ding e cking d ing it	odd lod to the	m) witement cation) sum)	th [°] 0) of the l	ist using a loop) e)
(c)			,	,		•		methods in python to Add a new
								embers, considering them to act as ure Queue.
Ans		s que						
			dnew (:	self)	:			
			-	-		er na	me: ")	
		_			ppend		/	
		_	nove (:	-	_	,		
			-	-	er==[]):		
			_		empt			
		else	:					
		pr	int "d	delet	ed el	ement	is: '	,queue.Member[0]

```
del queue.Member[0] # queue.Member.delete()
      ( ½ mark for Addnew header)
      ( ½ mark for accepting a value from user)
      ( ½ mark for adding value in list)
      ( ½ mark for Remove header)
      ( ½ mark for checking empty list condition)
      ( ½ mark for displaying removed Member)
      ( ½ mark for displaying the value to be deleted)
      ( ½ mark for deleting value from list)
      NOTE:
      Marks not to be deducted for methods written without using a class
      Write definition of a Method MSEARCH(STATES) to display all the state names
(d)
                                                                                2
      from a list of STATES, which are starting with alphabet M.
      For example:
      If the list STATES contains
      ["MP","UP","WB","TN","MH","MZ","DL","BH","RJ","HR"]
      The following should get displayed
      MΡ
      MН
      ΜZ
Ans
      def MSEARCH (STATES):
         for i in STATES:
           if i[0] == 'M':
             print i
      ( ½ mark method header)
      ( ½ mark for loop)
      ( ½ mark for checking condition of first letter M)
      ( ½ mark for displaying value)
(e)
      Evaluate the following Postfix notation of expression:
                                                                                2
      4,2,*,22,5,6,+,/,-
Ans
                         Stack Contents
              Element
                         4
              2
                         4, 2
              *
                         8
              22
                         8,22
              5
                         8, 22, 5
              6
                         8, 22, 5, 6
                         8, 22, 11
              +
                         8,
                            2
                         6
       Answer: 6
      (1/2 Mark for evaluation till each operator)
      OR
      (1 Mark for only writing the Final answer without showing stack
      status)
```

```
4
    (a)
                                                                                 1
           Differentiate between file modes r+ and rb+ with respect to Python.
    Ans
          r+ Opens a file for both reading and writing. The file pointer placed at
           the beginning of the file.
           rb+ Opens a file for both reading and writing in binary format. The file
           pointer placed at the beginning of the file.
           (1 mark for correct difference)
           OR
           (1/2 Mark for each correct use of r+ and rb+)
           Write a method in python to read lines from a text file MYNOTES.TXT, and display
    (b)
           those lines, which are starting with an alphabet 'K'.
    Ans
           def display():
             file=open('MYNOTES.TXT','r')
             line=file.readline()
             while line:
               if line[0]=='K' :
                  print line
               line=file.readline()
             file.close() #IGNORE
           (1/2 Mark for opening the file)
           (1/2 Mark for reading all lines)
           (1/2 Mark for checking condition for line starting with K)
           (1/2 Mark for displaying line)
           Considering the following definition of class FACTORY, write a method in
    (c)
           Python to search and display the content in a pickled file FACTORY.DAT,
           where FCTID is matching with the value '105'.
           class Factory:
             def init (self,FID,FNAM):
                                        # FCTID Factory ID
                 self.FCTID = FID
                 self.FCTNM = FNAM
                                        # FCTNM Factory Name
                 self.PROD = 1000 # PROD
                                                   Production
             def Display(self):
                print self.FCTID,":",self.FCTNM,":",self.PROD
    Ans
           import pickle
           def ques4c():
               f=Factory( )
               file=open('FACTORY.DAT','rb')
               try:
                    while True:
                         f=pickle.load(file)
                         if f.FCTID==105:
                              f.Display()
               except EOF Error:
                    pass
               file.close()
                                 #IGNORE
           (1/2 Mark for correct method header)
           (1/2 Mark for opening the file FACTORY.DAT correctly)
```

		(½ Mark for c	correct loop) correct load()) correct checking of lisplaying the rec	•	D)		
		SEC	CTION C - (For a	all the	candidate	s)	
5	(a)	operation out PRODUCT, which	of (i) SELECTION	(ii) PR produc	OJECTION (ii	te the name of the RDBMS i) UNION (iv) CARTESIAN as shown in RESULT. Also,	2
		NO	MNAME	STREA	м		
		M001	JAYA	SCIEN	CE		
		M002	ADIYTA	HUMAN	ITIES		
		м003	HANSRAJ	SCIEN	CE		
		M004	SHIVAK	COMME	RCE		
			RESULT				
		NO	MNAME		STREAM		
		M002	ADITYA		HUMANITIES		
	(b)	(½ Mark for v (½ Mark for v	e tables	egree) Irdinali	ty)	peration) queries (v) to (viii), which	6
			DVD		<u> </u>		
		DCODE	DTITLE		DTYPE		
		F101	Henry Martin		Folk		
		C102	Dhrupad		Classical		
		C101	The Planets		Classical		
		F102	Universal Solo		Folk		
		R102	A day in life MEMBER		Rock		
		MID	NAME		DCODE	ISSUEDATE	
		101	AGAM SINGH		R102	2017-11-30	
		103	ARTH JOSEPH		F102	2016-12-13	
		102	NISHA HANS		C101	2017-07-24	
	(i)	To display all o	details from the tab	le MEMB	ER in descend	ling order of ISSUEDATE.	

Ans	SELECT * FROM MEMBER ORDER BY ISSUEDATE DESC;
	(½ Mark for correct SELECT statement) (½ Mark for correct ORDER BY clause)
(ii)	To display the DCODE and DTITLE of all Folk Type DVDs from the table DVD
Ans	SELECT DCODE, DTITLE FROM DVD WHERE DTYPE='Folk';
	(½ Mark for correct SELECT statement) (½ Mark for correct WHERE clause)
(iii)	To display the DTYPE and number of DVDs in each DTYPE from the table DVD
Ans	SELECT COUNT(*),DTYPE FROM DVD GROUP BY DTYPE;
	(½ Mark for correct SELECT statement) (½ Mark for correct GROUP BY clause)
(iv)	To display all NAME and ISSUEDATE of those members from the table MEMBER who have DVDs issued (i.e ISSUEDATE) in the year 2017
Ans	SELECT NAME, ISSUEDATE FROM MEMBER WHERE ISSUEDATE>='2017-01-01' AND ISSUEDATE<='2017-12-31'; OR
	SELECT NAME, ISSUEDATE FROM MEMBER WHERE ISSUEDATE BETWEEN '2017-01-01' AND '2017-12-31'; OR SELECT NAME, ISSUEDATE FROM MEMBER WHERE ISSUEDATE LIKE '2017%';
	(½ Mark for correct SELECT statement) (½ Mark for correct WHERE clause)
(v)	SELECT MIN(ISSUEDATE) FROM MEMBER;
Ans	MIN(ISSUEDATE) 2016-12-13
	(½ Mark for correct output)
(vi)	SELECT DISTINCT DTYPE FROM DVD;
Ans	DISTINCT DTYPE Folk Classical Rock
	(½ Mark for correct output) NOTE: Values may be written in any order
	NOTE. Values may be written in any order
(vii)	SELECT D.DCODE, NAME, DTITLE FROM DVD D, MEMBER M WHERE D.DCODE=M.DCODE;
(vii)	SELECT D.DCODE, NAME, DTITLE

	(viii)	SELECT DT			, "Classi	cal");			
	Ans	DTITLE A day in	life						
		(½ Mark f	or correct	output)					
		NOTE: No marks	to be awa	ırded for a	ny other o	utput			
6	a.	State DeMoi	rgan's Law	s of Boolear	n Algebra an	d verify th	em using tr	uth table.	2
	Ans	(i) (A.B)'=A (ii) (A+B)'=	=A'.B'						
		Truth Table	e Verificati	ion:					
		(.) A	В	A.B	(A.B)'	A'	В'	A'+B'	
		0	0	0	1	1	1	1	
		0	1	0	1	1	0	1	
		1	0	0	1	0	1	1	
		1	1	1	0	0	0	0	
					<u></u>				
		(ii)		1 4 5	(A D)!			41.01	
		A 0	В О	A+B 0	(A+B)'	A' 1	B' 1	A'.B'	
		0	1	1	0	1	0	0	
		1	0	1	0	0	1	0	
		1	1	1	0	0	0	0	
					<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
					lorgan's Tho ny one De M			ing Truth	
	b.	Draw the Lo	gic Circuit (A+B).		ving Boolean	Expression	using only	NOR Gates:	2
	Ans	A D	(A+B)						
		(Full 2 Mar	ks for drav	wing the Lo	gic Circuit f	or the exp	ression cor	rectly)	

				cuit for (A NOR L cuit for (C NOR L		
С.		Canonical F ving truth t	_	ession for a Bool	ean function G, represented by	
	х	Y	Z	G(X,Y,Z)		
	0	0	0	0		
	0	0	1	0		
	0	1	0	1		
	0	1	1	0		
	1	0	0	1		
	1	0	1	1		
	1	1	0	0		
	1	1	1	1		
	(1 Mark f	$0 = \prod (0, 1, 0)$ For correctly		the POS form)		
	(1 Mark f OR (½ Mark)	for correctly	writing	terms)	are written in the expression	
d.	(1 Mark f OR (½ Mark ; Note: Dec	for correctly for any two duct ½ mark	writing correct to the correct of th	terms) y variable names xpression to its si	are written in the expression mplest form using K-Map:	
d.	(1 Mark f OR (½ Mark ; Note: Dec Reduce the E(U,V,Z,W	for correctly for any two duct ½ mark e following l	writing correct to k if wrong Boolean ex	terms) y variable names xpression to its si		
	(1 Mark f OR (½ Mark ; Note: Dec Reduce the E(U,V,Z,W	for correctly for any two duct $\frac{1}{2}$ marker following by $\Gamma(z) = \Sigma(2,3,6,8)$	writing correct to k if wrong Boolean ex	terms) g variable names expression to its sin 12,13)		
	(1 Mark f OR (½ Mark ; Note: Dec Reduce the E(U,V,Z,W	for correctly for any two duct $\frac{1}{2}$ marker following by $\Gamma(z) = \Sigma(2,3,6,8)$	writing correct to k if wrong Boolean ex	terms) g variable names expression to its sin 12,13)		
	(1 Mark f OR (½ Mark ; Note: Dec Reduce th E(U,V,Z,W	for correctly for any two duct $\frac{1}{2}$ marker following by $\Gamma(z) = \Sigma(2,3,6,8)$	writing correct to k if wrong Boolean ex	terms) g variable names expression to its sin 12,13)		
	(1 Mark f OR (½ Mark ; Note: Dec Reduce the E(U,V,Z,W	for correctly for any two duct $\frac{1}{2}$ marker following by $\Gamma(z) = \Sigma(2,3,6,8)$	writing correct to k if wrong Boolean ex	terms) g variable names expression to its sin 12,13)		

		Z'W' Z'W ZW ZW'	
		υ'ν' 1 1	
		טיע	
		υν 1 1 1	
		υν' 1 1 1 1	
		E(U,V,Z,W)=UZ'+V'Z+U'ZW'	
		 (½ Mark for drawing K-Map with correct variable names) (½ Mark for correctly plotting 1s in the given cells) (½ Mark each for 3 groupings) (½ Mark for writing final expression in reduced/minimal form) NOTE Deduct ½ mark if wrong variable names are used 	
		 Deduct ½ mark for any redundant group appearing in final expression 	
7	(a)	Differentiate between communication using Optical Fiber and Ethernet Cable in context of wired medium of communication technologies.	2
	Ans	Optical Fibre	
		Full 2 marks for any one correct difference between Optical Fibre and Ethernet Cable OR 1 Mark for writing correct features of any one wired medium out of Optical Fibre or Ethernet Cable	
	(b)	Janish Khanna used a pen drive to copy files from his friend's laptop to his office computer. Soon his office computer started abnormal functioning. Sometimes it would restart by itself and sometimes it would stop different applications running on it. Which of the following options out of (i) to (iv), would have caused the malfunctioning of the computer? Justify the reason for your chosen option: (i) Computer Virus (ii) Spam Mail (iii) Computer Bacteria (iv) Trojan Horse	2
	Ans	(i) Computer Virus OR	

1	
	(iv) Trojan Horse
	 Justification: Pen drive containing Computer Virus / Trojan Horse was used before the abnormal functioning started, which might have corrupted the system files. Computer Virus/ Trojan Horse affects the system files and start abnormal functioning in the computer
	(1 Mark for writing any of the options (i) OR (iv)) (1 Mark for writing any one correct justification)
(c)	Ms. Raveena Sen is an IT expert and a freelancer. She recently used her skills to access the Admin password for the network server of Super Dooper Technology Ltd. and provided confidential data of the organization to its CEO, informing him about the vulnerability of their network security. Out of the following options (i) to (iv), which one most appropriately defines Ms.Sen? Justify the reason for your chosen option:
	(i) Hacker (ii) Cracker (iii) Operator (iv) Network Admin
Ans	(i) Hacker
	A Hacker is a person who breaks into the network of an organization without any malicious intent.
	(1 Mark for writing correct option) (1 Mark for writing correct justification)
(d)	Hi Standard Tech Training Ltd is a Mumbai based organization which is expanding its office set-up to Chennai. At Chennai office compound, they are planning to have 3 different blocks for Admin, Training and Accounts related activities. Each block has a number of computers, which are required to be connected in a network for communication, data and resource sharing.
	As a network consultant, you have to suggest the best network related solutions for them for issues/problems raised by them in (i) to (iv), as per the distances between various blocks/locations and other given parameters.
	CHENNAI Office MUMBAI
	Admin Block Accounts Block Head Office

	Shortest distances between various bloom	ocks/locations:
	Admin Block to Account Block	300 Metres
	Accounts Block to Training Block	150 Metres
	Admin Block to Training Block	200 Metres
	MUMBAI Head Office to CHENNAI Office 1300 KM	
	Number of computers installed at various blocks are as follows:	
	Training Block 150	
	Accounts Block 30	
	Admin Block 40	
(i)	Suggest the most appropriate block/location to house the SERVER in the CHENNAI Office (out of the 3 blocks) to get the best and effective connectivity. Justify your answer.	
Ans	Training Block - Because it has maximum number of computers.	
	(½ Mark for correct Block/location) (½ Mark for valid justification)	
(ii)	Suggest the best wired medium and draw the cable layout (Block to Block) to efficiently connect various blocks within the CHENNAI office compound.	
	Admin Block Accounts Block Training Block	
	(½ Mark for writing best wired medium) (½ Mark for drawing the layout correctly)	
(iii)	Suggest a device/software and its placement that would provide data security for the entire network of the CHENNAI office.	
Ans	Firewall - Placed with the server at the Training Block OR Any other valid device/software name	
	(½ Mark for writing device/software (½ Mark for writing correct placeme	
(iv)	Suggest a device and the protocol that sh Internet access to all smartphone/laptop	•
1	Device Name: WiFi Router OR WiMax OR RF Router OR Wireless Modem OR RF Transmitter	
Ans	Transmitter	R RF Router OR Wireless Modem OR RF
Alis	Protocol: WAP OR 802.16 OR TCP/IP C	