

General Instructions:

The question paper is divided into four sections.

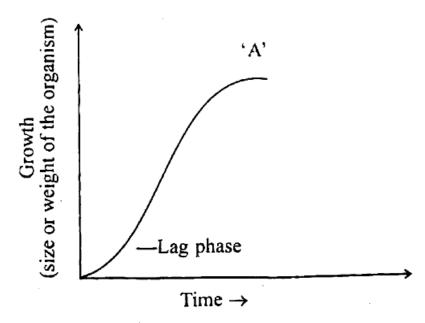
- (i) Section A: Q. No. I contains Ten multiple choice type of questions carrying one mark each.
 - (i) For each multiple choice type of question, it is mandatory to write the correct answer along with its alphabet, e.g., (a)/(b)/(c)/(d) etc. No mark/s shall be given if ONLY the correct answer or alphabet of the correct answer is written.
 - (ii) In case of MCQ, evaluation will be done for the first attempt only.
 - Q. No. 2 Contains Eight very short answer type of questions carrying one mark each.
- (2) Section B: Q. No. 3 to 14 are short answer type of questions carrying two marks each. (Attempt any Eight)
- (3) Section C: Q. No. 15 to 26 are short answer type of questions carrying three marks each. (Attempt any Eight)
- (4) Section D: Q. No. 27 to 31 are long answer type of questions carrying four marks each. (Attempt any Three)
- (5) Begin the answer of each section on a new page.

Q. 1. Select and write the correct answer for the following multiple choice type of questions:

(i)	Histones are rich in					
	(a) Lysine and Arginine					
	(b) Leucine and Methionine					
	(c)	Serine and Leuci	ne			
	(d)	Phenyl alanine ar	nd Lysine			
(ii)	How many mitotic divisions take place during the formation of a female gametophyte from a functional megaspore?					
				_		
	(a)	One	(b)	Two		
	(c)	Three	(d)	Four		
(iii)		ich of the followi ulator?	ng is the onl	y gaseous plant growth		
	(a)	ABA	(b)	Cytokinin		
	(c)	Ethylene -	(d)	Gibberellin		
(iv)		e pH of nutrient m	edium for pla	nt tissue culture is in the		
		2 to 4·2	(b)	5 to 5·8		
	(c)	7 to 7.5	(d)	8 to 9.5.		
		et Popper Hypo	thesis is an	analogy to explain the		
	(a)	Biodiversity	(b)	natality		
	.(c)	sex-ratio	(d)	age distibution ratio		
(vi)		nich of the follow ermination?	ving group sl	nows ZW-ZZ type of sex		
	(a)	Pigeon, Parrot,	Sparrow (b) Parrot, Bat, Fowl		
		Bat, Fowl, Cro) Sparrow, Fowl, Cat		

(vii) In Hamburger's phenomenon,	
(a) Cl _t diffuse into WBCs	
(b) Cl diffuse into RBCs	
(c) Na ⁺ diffuse into RBCs	
(d) Na ⁺ diffuse into WBCs	
(viii) Calcium and Phosphate ions are balanced between blood	
and other tissues by	
(a) Thymosin and Parathormone	
(b) Calcitonin and Somatostatin	
(c) Collip's hormone and Calcitonin	
(d) Calcitonin and Thymosin	
(ix) Identify the INCORRECT statement.	
(a) In a flaccid cell, T.P. is zero	
(b) In a turgid cell, DPD is zero	
(c) In a fully turgid cell, TP = OP	
(d) Water potential of pure water is negative	
(x) Which of the following is a hormone releasing contraceptive?	
(a) Cu-T (b) Cu-7	
(c) Multiload-375 (d) LNG-20	
Answer the following questions:	[8]
(i) Which disease is caused by HPV?	
ii) Which device is used to clean both dust and gases from polluted air?	
iii) Mention the name of sterile animal produced by intergeneric hybridisation.	
iv) Give the name of first transgenic plant.	

- (v) A child has low BMR, delayed puberty and mental retrardation. Identify the disease.
 - (vi) Identify 'A' in the given graph of population growth:



(vii) Complete the following box with reference to symptoms of mineral deficiency:

Abscission	Pre-mature fall of flowers, fruits and leaves
	Appearance of green and non-green patches on leaves

(viii) Give an example of plant having both kidney and dumbbell shaped guard cells in stomata.

SECTION - B

Attempt any EIGHT of the following questions:

[16]

- Q. 3. Define the terms:
 - (a) Gross Primary Productivity
 - (b) Net Primary Productivity

- Q. 4. Draw a neat diagram of thyroid gland and label thyroid follicle, follicular cells and blood capillaries.
- Q. 5. (a) Give reason ABA is also known as antitranspirant.
 - (b) Explain the role of chlorophyllase enzyme in banana.
- Q. 6. Complete the chart showing human proteins produced by rDNA technology to treat human diseases and re-write.

Disorders/diseases	Recombinant Proteins	
	Erythropoietin	
Asthma		
_	Tissue plasminogen activator	
Emphysema		

- Q. 7. (a) Define Imbibition
 - (b) Explain how imbibition helps root hairs in adsorption of water.
- Q. 8. Draw a neat diagram of the conducting system of human heart and label AV node, Bundle of His and Purkinje fibres.
- Q. 9. Distinguish between heterochromatin and euchromatin with reference to staining property and activity.
- Q. 10. Complete the following chart regarding energy flow in an Ecosystem and re-write:

?	Herbivores	
Primary Producer	?	
?	Man, Lion	
Secondary consumer	?	

- Q. 11. (a) What is biofortification?
 - (b) Mention one example each of fortification with reference to
 - (i) Amino acid content
- (ii) Vitamin-C content

- Q. 12. Differentiate between X-chromosome and Y-chromosome with reference to
 - (a) length of non-homologous regions
 - (b) type as per position of centromere.
- Q. 13. Define the terms:
 - (a) Genetic drift
 - (b) Homologous organs
- Q. 14. (a) What is ex-situ conservation?
 - (b) Mention any two places where the ex-situ conservation is undertaken.

SECTION - C

Attempt any EIGHT of the following questions:

[24]

- Q. 15. (a) Define Incomplete dominance.
 - (b) If a red flowered Mirabilis jalapa plant is crossed with a white flowered plant, what will be the phenotypic ratio in F2 generation? Show it by a chart.
- Q. 16. (a) Differentiate between sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system with reference to the following:
 - (i) Pre and post ganglionic nerve fibres.
 - (ii) Effect on heart beat.
 - (b) Give reason All spinal nerves are of mixed type.
- Q. 17. (a) Draw a suitable diagram of replication of eukaryotic DNA and label any three parts.
 - (b) How many amino acids will be there in the polypeptide chain formed on the following mRNA?

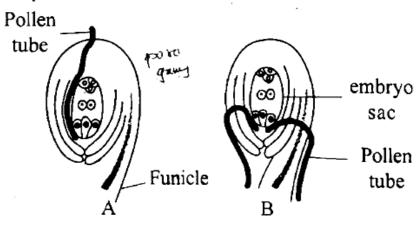
5'GCCACAUGGAGAUGACGACAAAUUUUACUAGAAA3'

Q. 18. Describe the steps in breathing.

- Q. 19. (a) What is spermatogenesis?
 - (b) Draw a neat and labelled diagram of spermatogenesis.
- Q. 20. (a) What is a connecting link?
 - (b) Which fossil animal is considered as the connecting link between reptiles and birds? Give any one character of each class found in it.
- Q. 21. Complete the following chart regarding population interaction and re-write:

Sr.No.	Name of interaction	Interaction between
1	-?	Plasmodium and Man
2	—? —	Leopard and Lion
3	—?—	Clown fish and Sea-anemone

- Q. 22. (a) What is composition of bio-gas?
 - (b) Mention any four benefits of bio-gas.
- Q. 23. (a) Give reason Water acts as thermal buffer.
 - (b) Draw a neat and proportionate diagram of root hair and label mitochondria, nucleus and vacuole.
- Q. 24. Explain three main functions of free antibodies produced by B-lymphocytes.
- Q. 25. (a) Following are the diagrams of entry of pollen tube into ovule. Identify the type A and B.



0 2 8 5

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- (b) Give any four points of significance of double fertilization.
- Q. 26. (a) Name the hormone which is responsible for apical dominance.
 - (b) A farmer wants to remove broad-leaved weeds from the jowar plantation in his field. Suggest any plant hormone to remove such weeds.
 - (c) Mention any two applications of cytokinin.

SECTION - D

Attempt any THREE of the following questions:

[12]

- Q. 27. (a) What is blood pressure?
 - (b) Give the name of the instrument which is used to measure the blood pressure.
 - (c) Differentiate between an artery and a vein with reference to lumen and thickness of wall.
- Q. 28. (a) Describe any three adaptations in anemophilous flowers.

 Mention any one example of the anemophilous flower.
 - (b) Describe any three adaptations in hydrophilous flowers. Mention any one example of the hydrophilous flower.
- Q. 29. (a) What is polymerase chain reaction (PCR)?
 - (b) Describe three steps involved in mechanism of PCR.
- Q. 30. (a) Give any four significances of fertilization in human.
 - (b) Mention the names of any two organs each derived from ectoderm and mesoderm.
- Q. 31. (a) Give any two functions of cerebellum.
 - (b) Write the names of any four motor cranial nerves with their appropriate serial number.
 - (c) Which hormones stimulate liver for glycogenesis and glucogenolysis?

