GEOGRAPHY (39)

Time : 3 Hrs.   (4 Pages)   Max. Marks : 80

Note : (1) All questions are compulsory.

(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

(3) Draw neat diagrams and sketches wherever necessary.

(4) Use of stencil of the map of the World is allowed.

(5) Use the outline map of the World for Question No. 6 and tie it to the answer book. Index is necessary.

(6) Write answers of new questions on new pages.

Q. 1. **(A)** Fill in the blanks with appropriate alternatives given in the brackets and rewrite the sentences :   **[10]**

(6)

(1) Factors like agriculture, industries, transport and urbanization are commonly known as _____ factors.

(economic, social, physical, political)

(2) The shifting agriculture in central America is known as _____ .

(Ladang, Chena, Milpa, Roca)

(3) The best quality of coal is _____ .

(anthracite, bituminous, lignite, peat)

(4) The name of the union of petroleum product exporting countries is _____ .

(SAARC, OPEC, ASEAN, European Union)

(5) The cheapest mode of transportation is _____.
(waterways, airways, roadways, railways)

(6) _____ are used to fulfill the human basic needs.
(Energy, Resources, Minerals, Climate)

(B) Match the words from column 'A' with appropriate words from column 'B' :   (4)

Column 'A'	Column 'B'
(a) Green tea	(1) Cultivation of rice
(b) SAARC	(2) Lock system
(c) Panama canal	(3) Singapore
(d) Transplantation method	(4) Japan
	(5) Kathmandu

Q. 2. **(A)** Select the appropriate alternative answers for each of the following questions and rewrite the sentences :   [10]   (6)

(1) Use of machinery in plantation agriculture is difficult, because _____.
(a) of heavy rainfall
(b) crops are cultivated along the slopes of hilly areas
(c) cultivation of crops is done scientifically
(d) of lack of capital

(2) Uranium is mainly used to produce _____.
(a) hydraulic electricity
(b) solar energy
(c) nuclear energy
(d) thermal energy

(3) The mineral used as a ferro-alloy for manufacturing steel is _____
(a) manganese   (b) lead
(c) copper   (d) bauxite

(4) In sugar production, beet is the more important raw material than sugarcane, because _____
(a) beet can be preserved for longer time

(b) beet is easy for transportation

(c) bagasses remain in large quantity from sugarcane

(d) None of the above

(5) Food processing industries are not much developed in developing countries, because _____

(a) people dislike processed food

(b) precentage of literacy is very low

(c) due to hot and dry climate food industries are less developed

(d) None of the above

(6) Every person of the country wishes to have _____

(a) continuous development of the country

(b) growth of political parties

(c) self-development

(d) only human development

(B) Explain the following terms (Any TWO) :   (4)

(1) Birth rate

(2) Placer deposits

(3) Balance of trade

Q. 3. **Give geographical reasons of the following (Any FIVE) :**   **[10]**

(1) Equatorial region has low density of population.

(2) Migration is a complex phenomenon.

(3) Trade of rice is limited.

(4) China is the biggest importer of metallic minerals.

(5) Trade is an important tertiary activity.

(6) Pipeline transportation is very efficient transportation.

(7) The development of Canada and India is very different.

Q. 4. **Answer the following questions (Any FIVE) :**   **[10]**

(1) Why high density of population is found in plain regions?

(2) Write the names of the physical factors which affect migration.

(3) Write the geographical conditions required for cultivation of rice.

(b) beet is easy for transportation

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