Ex. No. 1	CREATE A WEB PAGE WITH THE FOLLOWING USING HTML.
	• TO EMBED AN IMAGE MAP IN A WEB PAGE.
	• TO FIX THE HOT SPOTS.
	 SHOW ALL THE RELATED INFORMATION WHEN THE HOT SPOTS
	ARE CLICKED

Aim:

To create a web page which includes a map and display the related information when a hot spot is clicked in the map.

Procedure:

- Create a html file with map tag
- Set the source attribute of the img tag to the location of the image and also set the use map attribute
- Specify an area with name, shape and href set to the appropriate values
- Repeat step 3 as many hot spots you want to put in the map
- Create html files for each and every hot spot the user will select

Program:

```
ImageMap.html
<HTML>
<HEAD>
<TITLE>Image Map</TITLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
<img src="india_map.jpg" usemap="#metroid" ismap="ismap" >
<map name="metroid" id="metroid">
<area href='TamilNadu.html' shape='circle' coords='175,495,30' title='TamilNadu'/>
<area href = "Karnataka.html" shape = "rect" coords = "100,400,150,450" title =
"Karnataka" /> <area href = "AndhraPradesh.html" shape = "poly" coords = "150,
415, 175,348,265,360,190,420,190,440" title = "Andhra Pradesh" />
<area href = "Kerala.html" shape = "poly" coords =</pre>
"108,455,150,515,115,490,148,495,110,448,155,501" title
= "Kerala" /> </map>
</BODY>
</HTML>
TamilNadu.html
<HTML>
<HEAD>
<TITLE>About Tamil Nadu</TITLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
```

```
<CENTER><H1>Tamil Nadu</H1></CENTER> <HR>
<UL>
  <LI>Area: 1,30,058 Sq. Kms.</LI>
  <LI>Capital : Chennai</LI>
  <LI>Language : Tamil</LI>
  <LI>Population: 6,21,10,839</LI> </UL><hr>
  <a href='ImageMap.html'>India Map</a>
  </BODY>
  </HTML>
  AndhraPradesh.html
  <HTML>
  <HEAD>
  <TITLE>About Andhra Pradesh</TITLE> </HEAD>
  <BODY>
  <CENTER><H1>Andhra Pradesh</H1></CENTER> <HR>
  \langle UI. \rangle
  <LI>Area: 2,75,068 Sq. Kms</LI>
  <LI>Capital: Hyderabad</LI>
  <LI>Language : Telugu</LI>
  <LI>Population: 7,57,27,541</LI>
  </UL>
  <hr>>
  <a href='ImageMap.html'>India Map</a>
  </BODY>
  </HTML>
  Karnataka.html
  <HTML>
  <HEAD>
  <TITLE>About Karnataka</TITLE> </HEAD>
  <BODY>
  <CENTER><H1>Karnataka</H1></CENTER>
  <HR>
  \langle UL \rangle
  <LI>Area: 1,91,791 Sq. Kms</LI>
  <LI>Capital: Bangalore</LI>
```

Language : Kannada

Population: 5,27,33,958

```
</UL>
<hr>
<a href='ImageMap.html'>India Map</a>
</BODY>
</HTML>
Kerala.html
<HTML>
<HEAD>
<TITLE>About Kerala</TITLE>
</HEAD>
<BODY>
<CENTER>
<H1>Kerala</H1></CENTER>
\langle HR \rangle
\langle UL \rangle
<LI>Area: 38,863 Sq. Kms.</LI>
<LI>Capital : Thiruvananthapuram</LI>
<LI>Language : Malayalam</LI>
<LI>Population: 3,18,38,619</LI>
</UL>
<hr>>
<a href='ImageMap.html'>India Map</a>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

Thus the creation of a web page which includes a map and display the related in-formation when a hot spot is clicked in the map was executed successfully.

Ex.	No.	2
L'A.	INU.	4

CREATE A WEB PAGE WITH ALL TYPES OF CASCADING STYLE SHEETS

Aim:

To create a web page that displays college information using various style sheet

Procedure:

- 1. Create a web page with frame sets consisting two frames
- 2. In the first frame include the links
- 3. In the second frame set display the web page of the link
- 4. Create a external style sheets
- 5. Create a embedded style sheets
- 6. Create a inline and internal style sheets and make it link to the external style sheets

Program:

External.css

```
h3{font-family:arial;font-size:20;color:cyan}
table{border-color:green}
td{font-size:20pt;color:magenta}
```

Style.html

<html>

```
<head><h1><center>ALL STYLE SHEETS</center></h1>
<title>USE of STYLESHEETS
</title>
type="text/css"><!-- External Style Sheet</pre>
-->
<style type="text/css"> <!-- Internal Style Sheet -->
.S1{font-family:verdana; font-style:italic; color:red; text-align:center}
.S2{font-family:tahoma; font-style:italic; font-size:20; text-align:center;}
font{font-family:georgia; color:blue; font-size:20}
ul{list-style-type:circle}
</style>
</head>
<body>

    style="list-style-type:lower-alpha">

<b> Anna University </b><br><br><br>
V V College of Engineering, Nagercoil
V V College of Engineering, Nellai
```

```
V VCollege of Engineering, Tuticorin
V V College of Engineering <!-- InlineStyle Sheet -->
 Run by Anna University, Chennai<br>
It is approved by AICTE.
<br>>
<h2 class="S1"> V V College of Engineering</h2>
<br>
<font>Located in Tisaiyanvilai, Tirunelveli</font><br>
<br>>
<font>
<h2>List of Courses offered</h2>
\langle ul \rangle
CSE
IT
ECE
EEE
MECH
Civil
</font>
<h3>Pass percentage in year 2017</h3>
Sl.No
Dept
Pass Percentage
1
CSE
80
2
```

Thus the creation of a web page that displays college information using various style sheet was successfully executed and verified.

Ex.	No.	3

CLIENT-SIDE SCRIPTS FOR VALIDATING WEB FORM CONTROLS USING HTML

AIM:

To validate the Registration, user login, user profile and payment by credit card pages using JavaScript.

PROCEDURE:

- Create the user login form
- Create the HTML file.
- Create the form and include the submit button.
- Create the home page, registration and user login, user profile page, books catalog, shopping cart, payment by credit card, order confirmation using various HTML tags.
- Close the HTML file.

Home page:

```
Main.html:
```


dy bgcolor="pink">

<h2 align="center">

```
<frameset rows="25%, 75 %">
<frame src="top.html" name="top">
<frameset cols="25%,75%">
<frame src="left.html" name="left">
<frame src="right.html" name="right">
</frameset>
</frameset>
Top.html:
<html>
<body bgcolor="pink">
<br>><br>>
<marquee><h1 align="center"><b><u>ONLINE BOOKSTORAGE</u></b></h1></marquee>
</body>
</html>
Right.html:
<html>
```

```
<br/>  welcome to online book storage. Press login if you are having id otherwise pressregistration.
</b></h2>
</body></html>
Left.html:
<html>
<body bgcolor="pink">
<h3>
\langle ul \rangle
<a href="login.html" target="right"><font color="black">LOGIN</font></a><br/>br><br/>br></a>
<a href="profile.html" target="right"><fontcolor="black"> USERPROFILE</font></a><bre>
<br>
<a href="catalog.html" target="right"><fontcolor="black">BOOKSCATALOG</font></a>
<br>><br>>
<a href="scart.html" target="right"><font color="black">
SHOPPINGCART</font></a><br/>br>
<br>
<a href="payment.html" target="right"><fontcolor="black"></a>
PAYMENT</font></a><br><br>
<a href="order.html" target="right"><font color="black"> ORDER</a>
CONFIRMATION</font></a>
<br><br><br></ri></ri>
</body>
</html>
Registration and user Login
Login.html:
<html>
<body bgcolor="pink"><br><br><br>
<script language="javascript">
function validate()
```

```
{
var flag=1;
if(document.myform.id.value==""||
document.myform.pwd.value=="")
flag=0;
if(flag==1)
{
alert("VALID INPUT");
}
else
alert("INVALID INPUT");
document.myform.focus();
}
}
</script>
<form name="myform">
<div align="center">
LOGIN ID :<input type="text" name="id"><br> PASSWORD:<input type="password"name="pwd">
<br><br>
</div>
<br>><br>>
<div align="center">
<input type="submit" value="ok" onClick="validate()">&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;
<input type="reset" value="clear" >
</form>
</body>
</html>
User profile page
Profile.html:
<html>
<body bgcolor="pink"><br><br>
```

```
<script language="javascript">
function validate()
var flag=1;
if(document.myform.name.value==""||document.myform.addr.value==""||
document.myform.phno.value==""||document.myform.id.value==""||
document.myform.pwd.value==""")
flag=0;
}
var str=document.myform.phno.value;
var x;
for(var i=0;i<str.length;i++)
x = str.substr(i,1)
if(!(x \le 9))
{
flag=0;
break;
}
if(flag==1)
{
alert("VALID INPUT");
}
else
alert("INVALID INPUT");
document.myform.focus();
}}
</script>
<form name="myform">
<div align="center">
```

```
NAME :<input type="text" name="name"><br> ADDRESS :<input type="type"name="addr"><br>
CONTACT NUMBER:<iput type="text" name="phno"><br> LOGINID :<input type="text"
name="id">
<br/>br> 19
PASSWORD :<input type="password" name="pwd"><br><br>
</div>
<br>><br>>
<div align="center">
<input type="submit" value="ok" onClick="validate()">&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;
<input type="reset" value="clear">
</form></body></html>
Books catalog:
Scart.html:
<html>
<body bgcolor="pink"><br><br><br>
<script language="javascript">
function validate()
{
var flag=1;
if(document.myform.title.value=="")
{
flag=0;
str=document.myform.title.value;
if(str=="c")
document.writeln("<body bgcolor=pink>");
document.writeln("title-->c"+" cost-->444");
}
else if(str=="jsp")
```

```
document.writeln("<body bgcolor=pink>");
document.writeln("title-->jsp"+" cost-->555");
else
flag=0;
if(flag==1)
{
alert("VALID INPUT");
}
else
alert("INVALID INPUT");
document.myform.focus();
}
}
</script>
<form name="myform" >
<div align="center">
BOOK TITLE :<input type="text" name="title"><br> 21
<br><br>
</div>
<br>><br>>
<div align="center">
<input type="submit" value="ok" onClick="validate()">&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;
<input type="reset" value="clear">
</form>
</body>
</html>
Shopping cart:
Catalog.html:
<html>
<body bgcolor="pink"><br><br><br>
```

```
<script language="javascript">
function validate()
var flag=1;
if(document.myform.id.value==""|
document.myform.title.value==""||
document.myform.no.value==""|
document.myform.cost.value==""||
document.myform.date.value=="")
{
flag=0;
}
var str=document.myform.no.value;
var x;
for(var i=0;i<str.length;i++)
{
x = str.substr(i,1)
if(!(x <= 9))
{
flag=0;
break;
}
}
str=document.myform.title.value;
var str1=document.myform.cost.value;
if(!((str=="c"\&\& str1==444) || (str=="jsp" \&\& str1==555)))
{
flag=0;
if(flag==1)
alert("VALID INPUT");
}
else
{
```

```
alert("INVALID INPUT");
document.myform.focus();
}
</script>
<form name="myform" >
<div align="center">
LOGIN ID :<input type="text" name="id"><br> TITLE :<input type="text"name="title"><br>
NO.OF BOOKS:<input type="text" name="no"><br>
COST OF BOOK:<input type="text"name="cost"><br>
DATE:<input type="text" name="date"><br><br>>
</div>
<br>><br>>
<div align="center">
<input type="submit" value="ok" onClick="validate()">&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;
<input type="reset" value="clear">
</form>
</body>
</html>
Payment by credit card
Payment.html:
<html>
<body bgcolor="pink"><br><br><br>
<script language="javascript">
function validate()
{
var flag=1;
if(document.myform.id.value==""||
document.myform.pwd.value==""||
document.myform.amount.value==""|
document.myform.num.value=="")
```

```
{
flag=0;
}
var str=document.myform.amount.value;
var x;
for(var i=0;i<str.length;i++)</pre>
x=str.substr(i,1);
if(!(x<=9))
flag=0;
break;
}
str=document.myform.num.value;
for(var i=0;i<str.lenght;i++)
{
x=str.substr(i,1);
if(!(x<=9))
{
flag=0;
break;
}
if(flag==1)
{
alert("VALID INPUT");
}
Else
```

```
alert("INVALID INPUT");
document.myform.focus();
}
}
 </script>
 <form name="myform">
 <div align="center">
 LOGIN ID :<input type="text" name="id"><br> PASSWORD :<input type="password"name="pwd">
 <br> AMOUNT :<input type="text" name="amount">
 <br>CREDITCARDNUMBER:<inputtype="PASSWORD"name="num+"><br><br><br><br><br>
 </div>
 <br>><br>>
 <div align="center">
 <input type="submit" value="ok" onClick="validate()">&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;
 <input type="reset" value="clear" >
 </form>
 </body>
 </html>
 Order Conformation
 Order.html:
 <html>
 <head><title>order conformation</title><M/head>
 <body bgcolor="cyan">
 <center>
 <h1><b>AMAZON</h1>
 <strong>
 <b>Your order Is Conformed
 </strong>
 <h2><b>THANK YOU</h2>
 </center>
 </body>
 </html>
```

Thus the validation of Registration, user login, user profile and payment by credit cardpages using JavaScript is done successfully.

Ex. No. 5a

INVOKING SERVLETS FROM HTML FORM

Aim:

To write a java program to invoke servlets from HTML form.

Procedure:

client.html:

- (1) Create a web page using HTML form that contains the fields such as label,text and one submit button.
- (2) Set the URL of the server as the value of form's action attribute.
- (3) Run the HTML program.
- (4) Submit the form data to the server.

server.java:

- (1) Define the class server that extends the property of the class GenericServlet.
- (2) Handle the request from the client by using the method service() of GenericServlet class.
- (3) Get the parameter names from the HTML form by using the method getParameterNames().
- (4) Get the parameter values from the HTML forms by using the method getParameter().
- (5) Send the response to the client by using the method of PrintWriter class.

Program

Index.jsp

```
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
<title>JSP Page</title>
</head>
<body>
<form action="MyServlet">
<strong> WELCOME TO J2ee </strong>
<input type="submit" value="Call My Servlet"/>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

MyServlet.java

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
```

```
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
  public class MyServlet extends HttpServlet {
     public String msg;
     public void init()
       msg="Hello Servlet programmers";
     }
     protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
     throws ServletException, IOException {
       response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
       PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
       try
        out.println(msg);
       catch(Exception e)
       finally
       out.close();
  }
  Web.xml
     <servlet>
       <servlet-name>MyServlet/servlet-name>
       <servlet-class>MyServlet</servlet-class>
     </servlet>
     <servlet-mapping>
       <servlet-name>MyServlet/servlet-name>
       <url-pattern>/MyServlet</url-pattern>
```

</servlet-mapping>

<session-config>

```
<session-timeout>
30
</session-timeout>
</session-config>
```

Thus the java program to invoke servlets from HTML form has been executed successfully

SESSION TRACKING

Aim:

To write programs to illustrate session tracking using hidden fields.

Algorithm:

- 1. Write a html file contain two fields for entering user name and city and a submit button to send HTTP request to server.
- 2. Write the servlet program to capture this request and produces a response page that contains the user name and city as a hidden fileds and one submit button.
- 3. The submit button of the response page sends HTTP request to the another servlet that receives the field values of the page and display the field values in the final response page.
- 4. Thus the user name and city informations are carried over the different access to the server from the single client.

Program:

```
index.jsp
```

</servlet>

<servlet>

</servlet>

<servlet-name>Servlet2</servlet-name>

<servlet-class>Servlet2</servlet-class>

```
<html>
  <head>
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
    <title>Session Tracking Using Hidden Form Fields</title>
  </head>
  <body>
  <form method=get action="Servlet1">
  Enter Name: <input type="text" name="userName"/><br/>
  Enter City: <input type="text" name="userCity"/><br/>
  <input type="submit" value="Submit"/><br/>
  </form>
  </body>
</html>
Web.xml
<servlet>
    <servlet-name>Servlet1/servlet-name>
    <servlet-class>Servlet1/servlet-class>
```

```
<servlet-mapping>
     <servlet-name>Servlet1</servlet-name>
     <url><!re><url-pattern>/Servlet1</url-pattern>
  </servlet-mapping>
  <servlet-mapping>
     <servlet-name>Servlet2</servlet-name>
     <url><url-pattern>/Servlet2</url-pattern></url-
  </servlet-mapping>
  <session-config>
     <session-timeout>
       30
     </session-timeout>
  </session-config>
  <welcome-file-list>
       <welcome-file>
       index.jsp
     </welcome-file>
  </welcome-file-list>
Servlet1.java
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
public class Servlet1 extends HttpServlet {
  protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
  throws ServletException, IOException {
     response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
     PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
     try
     {
       String n=request.getParameter("userName");
       String c=request.getParameter("userCity");
       out.println("<form action=Servlet2>");
       out.println("<input type='hidden' name='uname' value=""+n+"'>");
       out.println("<input type='hidden' name='ucity' value=""+c+"'>");
       out.println("<input type='Submit' value='Just Click Here'>");
```

```
out.println("</form>");
       catch(Exception e)
          System.out.println(e);
       out.close();
  Servlet2.java
  import java.io.*;
  import java.net.*;
  import javax.servlet.*;
  import javax.servlet.http.*;
  public class Servlet2 extends HttpServlet {
     protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
     throws ServletException, IOException {
       response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
       PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
        try
          String n=request.getParameter("uname");
          out.println("Hello "+n);
          String c=request.getParameter("ucity");
          out.println(" You are from "+c);
          out.close();
       catch(Exception e)
          System.out.println(e);
       out.close();
  }
```



Ex. No. 6	WRITE PROGRAMS IN JAVA TO CREATE THREE-TIER APPLICATIONS USING
	JSP AND DATABASES
	• FOR CONDUCTING ON-LINE EXAMINATION.
	• FOR DISPLAYING STUDENT MARK LIST. ASSUME THAT STUDENT
	INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE IN A DATABASE WHICH HAS BEEN STORED IN
	A DATABASE SERVER

Aim:

To write java servlet programs to conduct online examination and to display student mark list available in a database.

Procedure:

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In index.html on the client side declare the contents that you like to transfer to the server using
html form and input type tags.

☐ Create a submit button and close all the included tags.

Server:

	Import all necessary packages
П	Define a class that extends servlet

☐ In the doPost() method, do the following:

- i) Set the content type of the response to "text/html"
- ii) Create a writer to the response
- iii) Get a paratmeter from the request
- iv) If its value is equal to right answer then add 5 to mark variable
- v) Similarly repeat step
- vi) for all parameters
- vii) Display the result in an html format using the writer

Student Mark List Database:

Import necessary to java packages and javax packages and classes
$Create\ a\ class\ that\ extends\ HttpServlet\ and\ implements\ ServletException$
and IOException
In the doGet() method, do the following:

- i) Create a PrintWriter object
- ii) Open a connection with the data source name
- iii) Write a sql query and execute to get the resultset
- iv) Display the resultset information in html form

Program:

index.jsp

<html>

<head>

<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">

```
<title>Exam Form</title>
  </head>
  <body>
  <form action="ExamServlet">
    <strong>QUESTIONS:</strong>
    1. JavaUses:
    >
      <input type = "radio" name = "ans1" value="inter">Interpreter
      <input type = "radio" name = "ans1" value="comp">Compiler
      <input type = "radio" name = "ans1" value="intercomp">Interpreter & Compiler
    2. Net is an OS:
    >
      <input type = "radio" name = "ans2" value="yes">Yes
      <input type = "radio" name = "ans2" value="no">No
    3. ASP Uses:
    >
      <input type = "radio" name = "ans3" value="vbs">VBScript
      <input type = "radio" name = "ans3" value="js">JavaScript
      <input type = "radio" name = "ans3" value="vbjs">VBScript & JavaScript
    <input type="submit" value="Submit">
    <input type="reset" value="Reset">
  </form>
 </body>
</html>
web.xml
  <servlet>
    <servlet-name>ExamServlet</servlet-name>
    <servlet-class>ExamServlet</servlet-class>
```

```
</servlet>
  <servlet-mapping>
     <servlet-name>ExamServlet</servlet-name>
     <url>pattern>/ExamServlet</url-pattern></url-pattern>
  </servlet-mapping>
  <session-config>
     <session-timeout>
       30
     </session-timeout>
  </session-config>
  <welcome-file-list>
       <welcome-file>
       index.jsp
     </welcome-file>
  </welcome-file-list>
</web-app>
ExamServlet.java
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
public class ExamServlet extends HttpServlet {
  protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
  throws ServletException, IOException {
     int s=0;
     response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
     PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
     String result=request.getParameter("ans1");
     if(result.equals("intercomp"))
       s=s+5;
     result = request.getParameter("ans2");
     if(result.equals("no"))
       s=s+5;
     result = request.getParameter("ans3");
```

```
if(result.equals("vbjs"))\\ s=s+5;\\ out.println("<html><body><center><h1><b>RESULT</b></h1><br/>><br/>h1><br/>br><hr>"+s+"<hr><h2>T hanx for ur Participation</h2></center></body></html>");\\ out.close();\\ }\\ \}
```

Thus to write java servlet programs to conduct online examination and to display student mark list available in a database was successfully executed and verified.

AIM:

To Create and Save an XML document at the server, which contains 10 users information. which takes user ID as input and returns the user details by taking the user information from XML Document.

```
Procedure:
Login Page:
Std.html:
<html>
<head>
<script>
function LoadXmlDoc(dname)
xmldoc=new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLDOM");
xmldoc.async="false";
xmldoc.load(dname);
return xmldoc;
}
function validate()
{
var i,k,j=0;
xmldoc=LoadXmlDoc("student.xml");
var v1=myform.n2.value;
if(v1.length==0)
window.alert("enter the roll no.");
else
v1=parseInt(v1);
arr=xmldoc.getElementsByTagName("students");
for(i=0;i<arr.length;i++)
{
var txt=xmldoc.getElementsByTagName("rollno")[i].childNodes[0].nodeValue; if(txt==v1)
{
k=i;
j=1;
```

```
}
  if(j==1)
  nam=xmldoc.getElementsByTagName("name")[k].childNodes[0].nodeValue;
  rol=xmldoc.getElementsByTagName("rollno")[k].childNodes[0].nodeValue;
  per=xmldoc.getElementsByTagName("percentage")[k].childNodes[0].nodeValue; 47
  document.write("<body bgcolor='pink'>");
  document.write("USER
  DETAILS");
  document.write("Name::"+nam+""); document.write("
  RollNumber::"+rol+"");
document.write("Percentage::
  "+per+""); document.write("</body>");
  }
  else
  window.alert("roll number not found");
  }
  }
  </script>
  </head>
  <body bgcolor="pink" text="red">
  <form name="myform">
  <B>RollNumber</B><input type="text" size=15"
  name="n2">
  <br>
  <center><input type=submit value="submit" name="b1" onClick="validate()"></center>
  </form>
  </body>
  </html>
  Student.xml:
  <?xml version="1.0" ?>
  <cse>
  <students>
  <rollno>501</rollno>
```

```
<name>ABC</name>
 <percentage>65%</percentage>
 </students>
 <students>
 <rollno>502</rollno>
 <name>DEF</name>
 <percentage>67%</percentage>
 </students>
 <students>
 <rollno>503</rollno>
 <name>GHI</name>
 <percentage>69%</percentage>
 </students>
 <students>
 <rollno>504</rollno>
 <name>JKL</name>
 <percentage>65%</percentage>
 </students>
 <students>
 <rollno>505</rollno>
 <name>MNO</name>
 <percentage>73%</percentage>
 </students>
 <students>
 <rollno>506</rollno>
 <name>PQR</name>
 <percentage>74%</percentage>
 </students>
 <students>
<rollno>507</rollno>
<name>stu</name>
<percentage>65%</percentage>
</students>
<students>
<rollno>508</rollno>
<name>VWX</name>
```

<percentage>70%</percentage>

```
</students>
<students>
<rollno>509</rollno>
<name>YZ</name>
<percentage>72%</percentage>
</students>
<students>
<rollno>510</rollno>
<name>PQR</name>
<percentage>75%</percentage>
</students>
</cse>
```

Thus the creation of an XML document at the server by taking the user information from XML Document is executed successfully.

