

```
In [3]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [4]: df = pd.read_csv("fetal_health.csv")
df.head()
```

```
Out[4]: baseline_value accelerations fetal_movement uterine_contractions light_decelerations severe_decelerations prolonged_decelerations abnormal_short_term_variability mean_value_of_short_term_variability
0 120.0 0.000 0.0 0.000 0.000 0.0 0.0 73.0 0.5
1 132.0 0.006 0.0 0.006 0.003 0.0 0.0 17.0 2.1
2 133.0 0.003 0.0 0.008 0.003 0.0 0.0 16.0 2.1
3 134.0 0.003 0.0 0.008 0.003 0.0 0.0 16.0 2.4
4 132.0 0.007 0.0 0.008 0.000 0.0 0.0 16.0 2.4
```

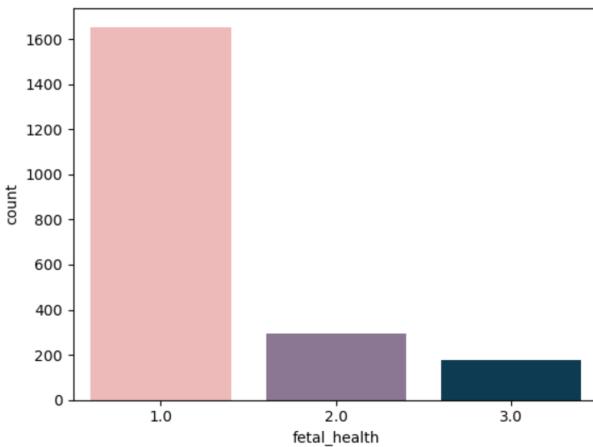
5 rows × 22 columns

```
In [5]: df.describe().T
```

```
Out[5]: count mean std min 25% 50% 75% max
baseline_value 2126.0 133.303857 9.840844 106.0 126.000 133.000 140.000 160.000
accelerations 2126.0 0.003178 0.003866 0.0 0.000 0.002 0.006 0.019
fetal_movement 2126.0 0.009481 0.046666 0.0 0.000 0.000 0.003 0.481
uterine_contractions 2126.0 0.004366 0.002946 0.0 0.002 0.004 0.007 0.015
light_decelerations 2126.0 0.001889 0.002960 0.0 0.000 0.000 0.003 0.015
severe_decelerations 2126.0 0.000003 0.000057 0.0 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.001
prolongued_decelerations 2126.0 0.000159 0.000590 0.0 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.005
abnormal_short_term_variability 2126.0 46.990122 17.192814 12.0 32.000 49.000 61.000 87.000
mean_value_of_short_term_variability 2126.0 1.332785 0.883241 0.2 0.700 1.200 1.700 7.000
percentage_of_time_with_abnormal_long_term_variability 2126.0 9.846660 18.396880 0.0 0.000 0.000 11.000 91.000
mean_value_of_long_term_variability 2126.0 8.187629 5.628247 0.0 4.600 7.400 10.800 50.700
histogram_width 2126.0 70.445908 38.955693 3.0 37.000 67.500 100.000 180.000
histogram_min 2126.0 93.579492 29.560212 50.0 67.000 93.000 120.000 159.000
histogram_max 2126.0 164.025400 17.944183 122.0 152.000 162.000 174.000 238.000
histogram_number_of_peaks 2126.0 4.068203 2.949386 0.0 2.000 3.000 6.000 18.000
histogram_number_of_zeroes 2126.0 0.323612 0.706059 0.0 0.000 0.000 0.000 10.000
histogram_mode 2126.0 137.452023 16.381289 60.0 129.000 139.000 148.000 187.000
histogram_mean 2126.0 134.610536 15.593596 73.0 125.000 136.000 145.000 182.000
histogram_median 2126.0 138.090310 14.466589 77.0 129.000 139.000 148.000 186.000
histogram_variance 2126.0 18.808090 28.977636 0.0 2.000 7.000 24.000 269.000
histogram_tendency 2126.0 0.320320 0.610829 -1.0 0.000 0.000 1.000 1.000
fetal_health 2126.0 1.304327 0.614377 1.0 1.000 1.000 1.000 3.000
```

```
In [6]: import seaborn as sns
colours="#f7b2b0","#8f7198", "#003f5c"]
sns.countplot(data=df, x="fetal_health", palette=colours)
```

```
Out[6]: <Axes: xlabel='fetal_health', ylabel='count'>
```

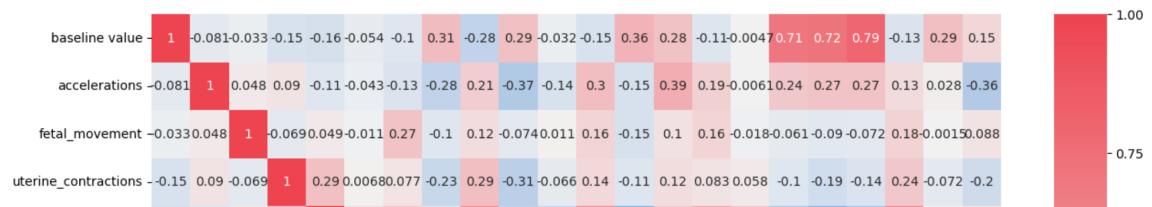


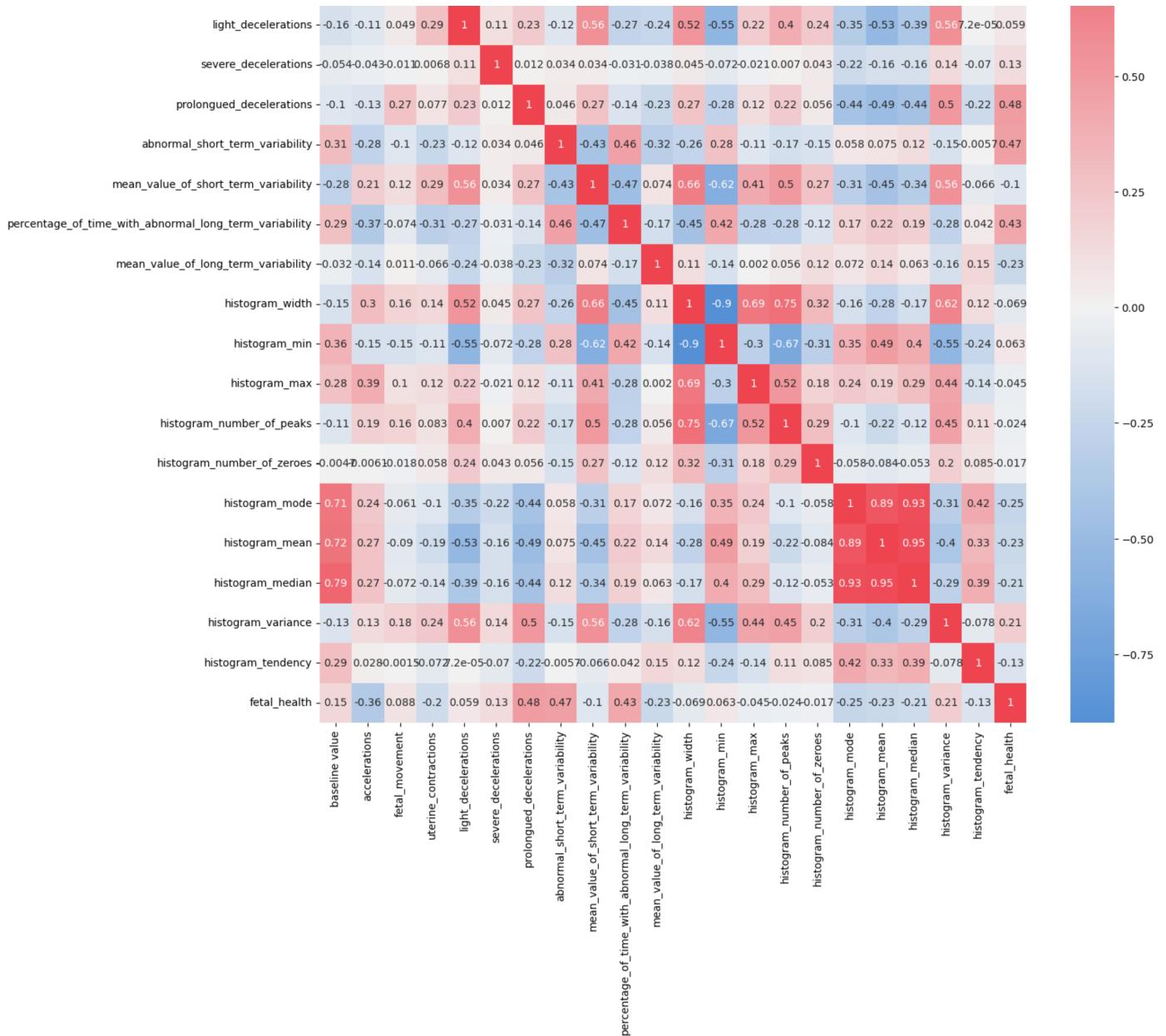
```
In [7]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))

cmap = sns.diverging_palette(250, 10, s=80, l=55, n=9, as_cmap=True)

sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot=True, cmap=cmap, center=0)
```

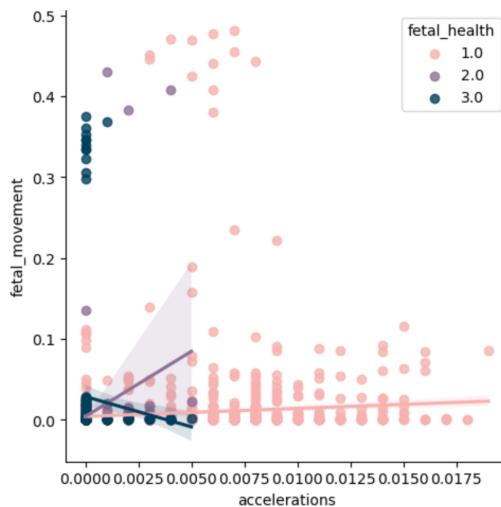
```
Out[7]: <Axes: >
```





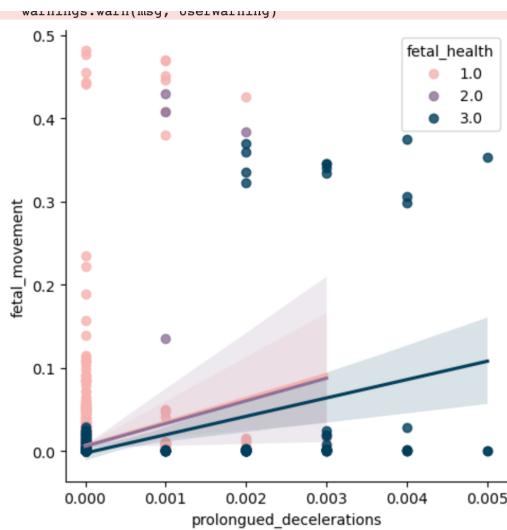
```
In [8]: sns.lmplot(data=df,x="accelerations",y="fetal_movement",palette=colours, hue="fetal_health",legend_out=False)
plt.show()
```

/Users/vinay/anaconda3/lib/python3.10/site-packages/seaborn/regression.py:582: UserWarning: legend_out is deprecated from the `lmplot` function signature. Please update your code to pass it using `facet_kws`.
 warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)

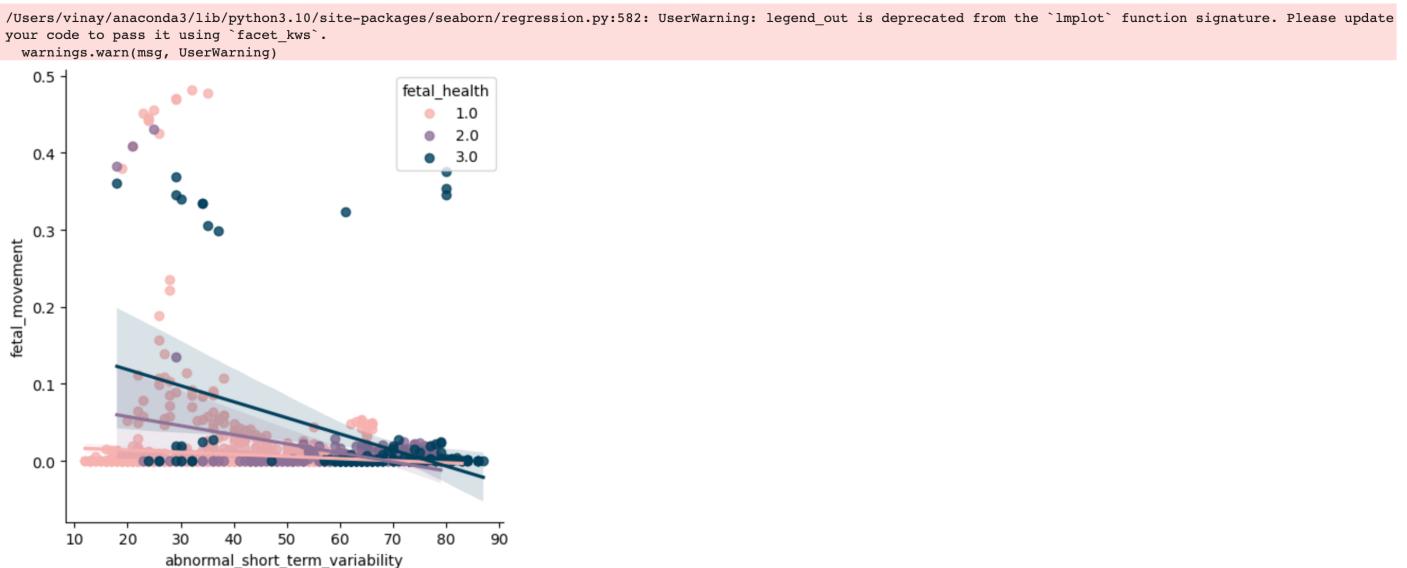


```
In [9]: sns.lmplot(data=df,x="prolonged_decelerations",y="fetal_movement",palette=colours, hue="fetal_health",legend_out=False)
plt.show()
```

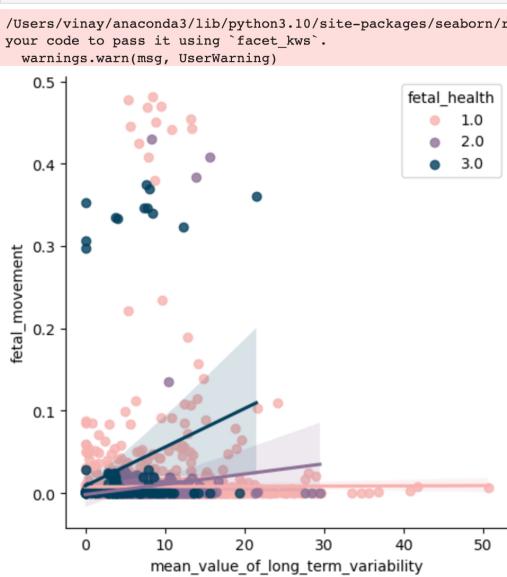
/Users/vinay/anaconda3/lib/python3.10/site-packages/seaborn/regression.py:582: UserWarning: legend_out is deprecated from the `lmplot` function signature. Please update your code to pass it using `facet_kws`.
 warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)



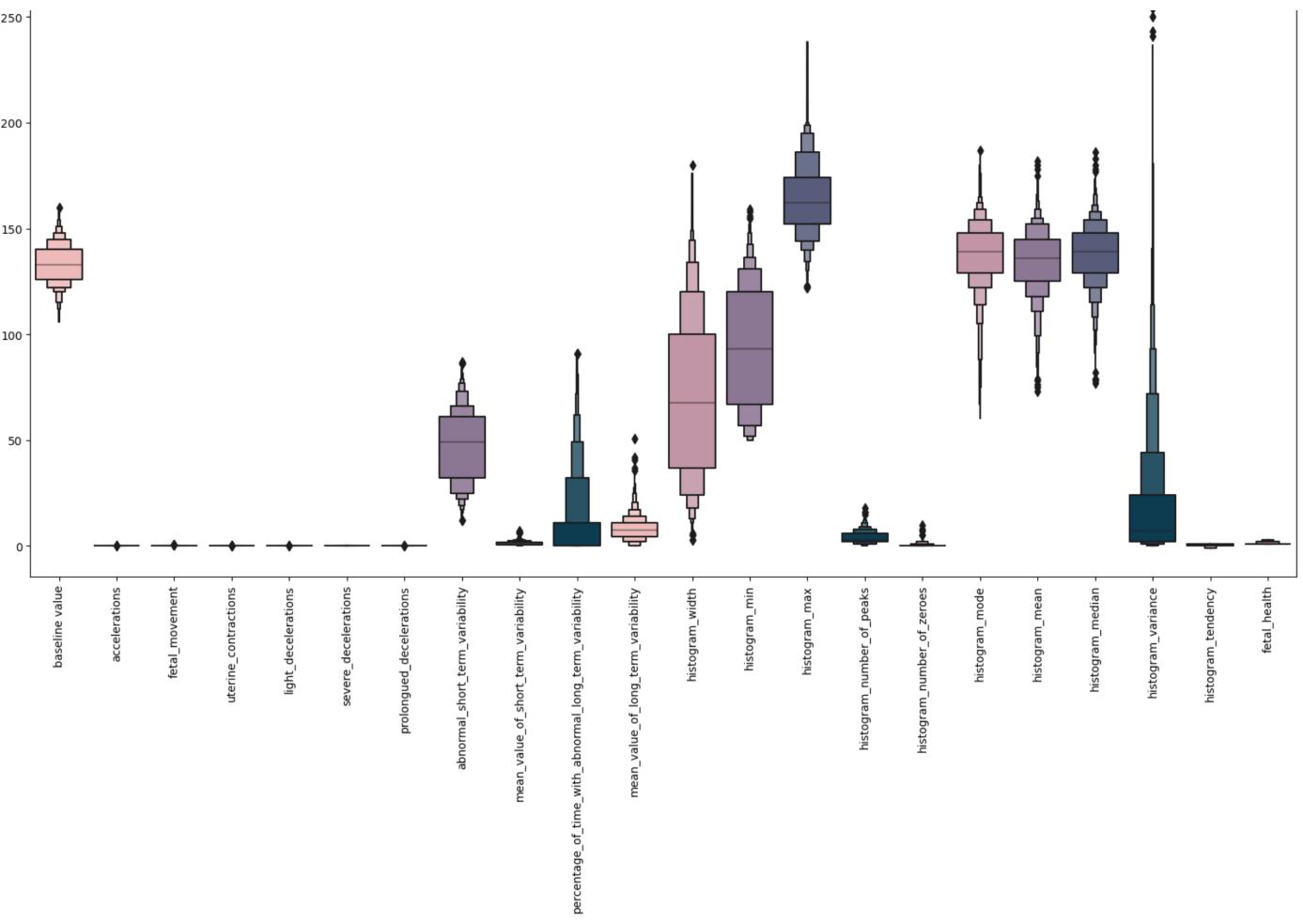
```
In [10]: sns.lmplot(data =df,x="abnormal_short_term_variability",y="fetal_movement",palette=colours, hue="fetal_health",legend_out=False)
plt.show()
```



```
In [11]: sns.lmplot(data =df,x="mean_value_of_long_term_variability",y="fetal_movement",palette=colours, hue="fetal_health",legend_out=False)
plt.show()
```



```
In [10]: shades =["#f7b2b0", "#c98ea6", "#8e7198", "#50587f", "#003f5c"]
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
sns.boxenplot(data = df,palette = shades)
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.show()
```



```
In [11]: X=df.drop(["fetal_health"],axis=1)
y=df["fetal_health"]
```

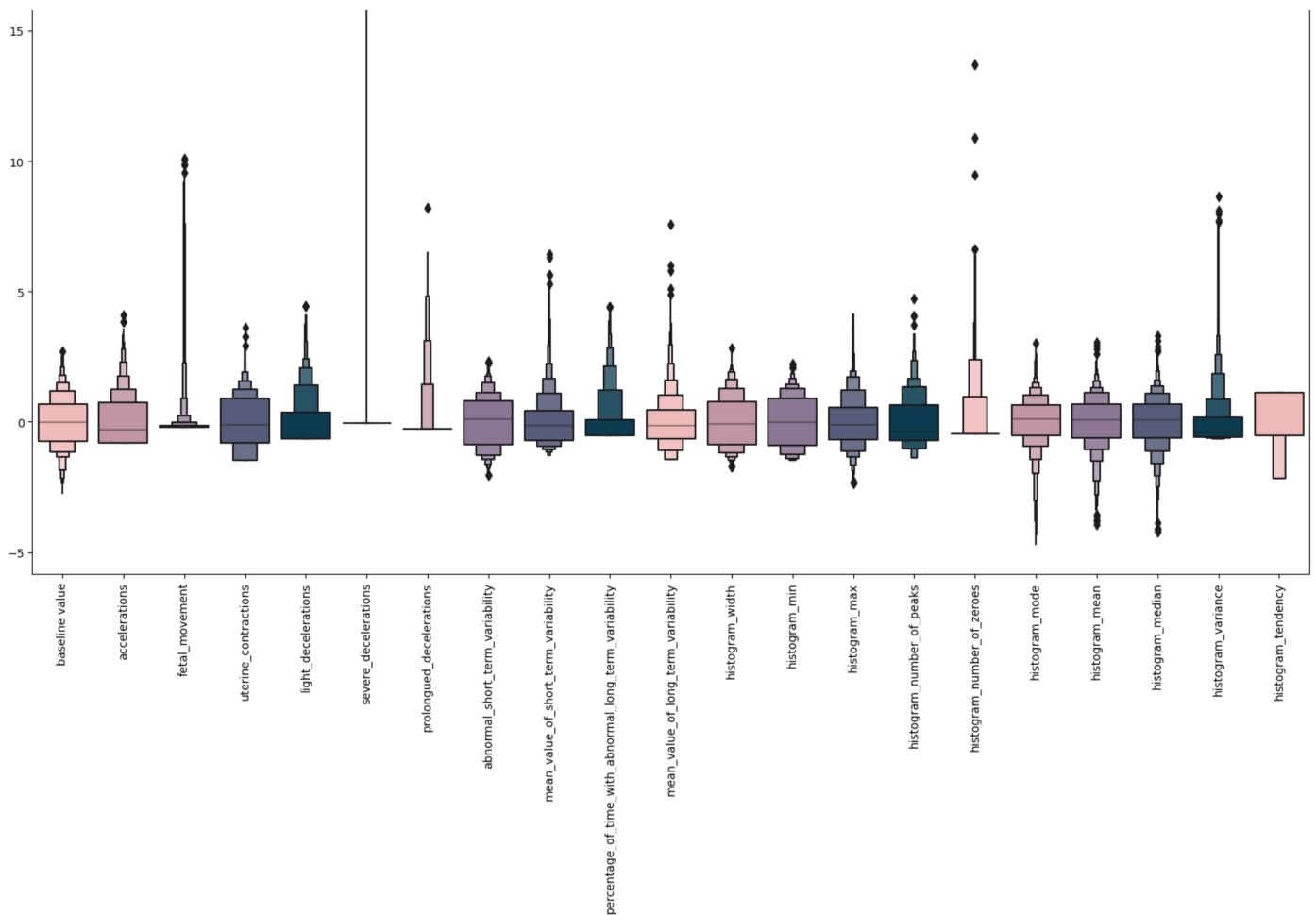
```
In [12]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
col_names = list(X.columns)
```

```
In [13]: from sklearn import preprocessing
scaler = preprocessing.StandardScaler()
X_df= scaler.fit_transform(X)
X_df = pd.DataFrame(X_df, columns=col_names)
X_df.describe().T
```

Out[13]:

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
baseline_value	2126.0	1.069490e-15	1.000235	-2.775197	-0.742373	-0.030884	0.680604	2.713428
accelerations	2126.0	-4.010589e-17	1.000235	-0.822388	-0.822388	-0.304881	0.730133	4.093929
fetal_movement	2126.0	-1.336863e-17	1.000235	-0.203210	-0.203210	-0.203210	-0.138908	10.106540
uterine_contractions	2126.0	-1.336863e-16	1.000235	-1.482465	-0.803434	-0.124404	0.894142	3.610264
light_decelerations	2126.0	-5.347452e-17	1.000235	-0.638438	-0.638438	-0.638438	0.375243	4.429965
severe_decelerations	2126.0	6.684315e-18	1.000235	-0.057476	-0.057476	-0.057476	-0.057476	17.398686
prolongued_decelerations	2126.0	1.336863e-17	1.000235	-0.268754	-0.268754	-0.268754	-0.268754	8.208570
abnormal_short_term_variability	2126.0	-7.352747e-17	1.000235	-2.035639	-0.872088	0.116930	0.815060	2.327675
mean_value_of_short_term_variability	2126.0	6.684315e-17	1.000235	-1.282833	-0.716603	-0.150373	0.415857	6.417893
percentage_of_time_with_abnormal_long_term_variability	2126.0	-5.347452e-17	1.000235	-0.535361	-0.535361	-0.535361	0.062707	4.412293
mean_value_of_long_term_variability	2126.0	2.406354e-16	1.000235	-1.455081	-0.637583	-0.139975	0.464263	7.555172
histogram_width	2126.0	-3.007942e-17	1.000235	-1.731757	-0.858765	-0.075640	0.758838	2.812936
histogram_min	2126.0	-4.679021e-17	1.000235	-1.474609	-0.899376	-0.019608	0.893996	2.213648
histogram_max	2126.0	-1.203177e-16	1.000235	-2.342558	-0.670314	-0.112899	0.555999	4.123453
histogram_number_of_peaks	2126.0	-1.671079e-16	1.000235	-1.379664	-0.701397	-0.362263	0.655137	4.724738
histogram_number_of_zeroes	2126.0	2.757280e-17	1.000235	-0.458444	-0.458444	-0.458444	-0.458444	13.708003
histogram_mode	2126.0	1.069490e-16	1.000235	-4.729191	-0.516077	0.094519	0.644055	3.025381
histogram_mean	2126.0	-6.684315e-16	1.000235	-3.951945	-0.616458	0.089126	0.666422	3.039749
histogram_median	2126.0	2.673726e-16	1.000235	-4.223849	-0.628514	0.062897	0.685166	3.312527
histogram_variance	2126.0	-5.347452e-17	1.000235	-0.649208	-0.580173	-0.407586	0.179212	8.635997
histogram_tendency	2126.0	-1.069490e-16	1.000235	-2.162031	-0.524526	-0.524526	1.112980	1.112980

```
In [14]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
sns.boxenplot(data = X_df,palette = shades)
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.show()
```



```
In [15]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_df, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
```

```
In [16]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
rf = RandomForestClassifier()
rf.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[16]: RandomForestClassifier()
RandomForestClassifier()
```

```
In [17]: from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, recall_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report, accuracy_score, f1_score
pred_rf = rf.predict(X_test)
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, pred_rf)
print(accuracy)

0.9404388714733543
```

```
In [18]: from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
parameters = {
    'n_estimators': [100, 150, 200, 500, 700, 900],
    'max_features': ['auto', 'sqrt', 'log2'],
    'max_depth': [4, 6, 8, 12, 14, 16],
    'criterion': ['gini', 'entropy'],
    'n_jobs': [-1, 1, None]
}

#Fitting the trainingset to find parameters with best accuracy
CV_rfc = GridSearchCV(estimator=RandomForestClassifier(), param_grid=parameters, cv= 5)
```

```
In [19]: RF_model = RandomForestClassifier(criterion= 'entropy',
max_depth= 12,
max_features= 'auto',
n_estimators= 150,
n_jobs= None)
RF_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
#Testing the Model on test set
predictions=RF_model.predict(X_test)
accuracy= accuracy_score(y_test,predictions)
accuracy

/Users/vinay/anaconda3/lib/python3.10/site-packages/sklearn/ensemble/_forest.py:424: FutureWarning: `max_features='auto'` has been deprecated in 1.1 and will be removed in 1.3. To keep the past behaviour, explicitly set `max_features='sqrt'` or remove this parameter as it is also the default value for RandomForestClassifiers and ExtraTreesClassifiers.
  warn(
0.945141065830721
```

```
In [20]: accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, predictions)
recall = recall_score(y_test, predictions, average="weighted")
precision = precision_score(y_test, predictions, average="weighted")
f1_score = f1_score(y_test, predictions, average="micro")

print("***** Random Forest Results *****")
print("Accuracy : ", accuracy)
print("Recall : ", recall)
```

```
print("Precision : ", precision)
print("F1 Score : ", f1_score)
```

```
***** Random Forest Results *****
Accuracy : 0.945141065830721
Recall : 0.945141065830721
Precision : 0.9441992090178781
F1 Score : 0.945141065830721
```

```
In [21]: rf2 = RandomForestClassifier(criterion="gini", n_estimators = 100, min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2, random_state=42)
rf2.fit(X_train, y_train)
predictions2=rf2.predict(X_test)
accuracy= accuracy_score(y_test,predictions2)
```

```
In [22]: accuracy
```

```
Out[22]: 0.9435736677115988
```

```
In [23]: confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions)
```

```
Out[23]: array([[487,    7,   2],
 [ 20,   78,   3],
 [  2,    1, 38]])
```

```
In [24]: confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions2)
```

```
Out[24]: array([[487,    7,   2],
 [ 21,   77,   3],
 [  2,    1, 38]])
```