



Introduction to Embedded Systems (CSE 337/537)

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Partly adopted from EE202A, UCLA Slides by Mani Srivastava



Why?

- How many of you think that learning Embedded Systems necessarily require strong Electronics background?
- Often people with Electronics background think that programming is tough
 - People with programming background shy away from hardware
- Good understanding of both hardware and software often is very beneficial
- What different skills will the course require?
 - Electronics
 - Computer Architecture
 - Operating Systems
 - Of course, good programming skills





Why?

We believe that:

- A good CS/IT engineer should have good understanding of how the hardware, he is using, operates
 - Basic knowledge of hardware instills confidence
- Exposure to embedded systems get you to experience tangible things happening for real - robots moving, LEDs blinking!
 - Learning such activities are fun and will create the right mindset for other IT courses
- Embedded is now everywhere - Metro card, Driving License, Microwave, Automated Car Controls....
 - Basic knowledge of its operation will help in better understanding of how these systems operate





How? - Lectures

- Monday - 2:30 PM - 3:50 PM
- Wednesday - 4 PM - 5:20 PM
 - Lectures will cover basic concepts of hardware components in an embedded system - Power, Memory, External Interfaces ...
 - Slides for each lecture will be posted at <http://www.iiitd.edu.in/~amarjeet/EmSys.html>
 - Each lecture will be audio recorded - Will be made available at the course url
 - Some of the lectures will have corresponding readings
 - You are expected to do the reading before the class for better understanding
 - Exams will include material from these readings
 - Class participation - gets counted in overall evaluation
 - Does not mean you speak just for the sake of participation
 - You can participate by putting up your views related to class discussions on the blog at <http://cse537-2011.blogspot.com/>



How? - Lab Sessions

- No formal lab sessions
- You will be given three lab assignments with due deadlines (January 23, January 30, February 13)
 - Details on the course webpage -
<http://www.iiitd.edu.in/~amarjeet/EmSys.html>
- Submission to be made online on the Google code repository -
<https://code.google.com/p/cse537-2011/>
 - In each specific directory (Assignment1, ..) create a sub-directory with your name and submit it online
 - Requires using SVN repositories
 - Submissions later than deadline will not count towards evaluation
 - Need all submissions to pass the course
 - Need to be done individually - If you take help from some source online or some student, acknowledge it on top of your code
 - All code available to everyone - Your integrity in your hands!



How? - Lab Sessions

- Hardware platform
 - AVR based microcontroller board
 - Together with other components - ~ Rs 1300
 - Will also be used for course projects
 - Flexibility to program anytime
 - Will be a useful toy for creating something of your own
- Initial document to get you started on AVR programming (C language)
- Several online tutorials to learn other details
- Contact Abhishek (abhishekhardwaj@nsitonline.in) for doubts related to AVR programming
- For how many the cost burden seems too much?





How? - Lab Sessions

- Expected to learn some hardware stuff besides microcontroller programming - soldering station, other hardware components at your disposal in PhD room
- Policy for using these components
 - Keep the desk clean before you leave
 - Put the components back in their appropriate place
 - If you want to take something outside the room, take permission and record it in the sheet
 - If you want to order some hardware components, record it in the sheet along with your name and date - We will try to order small stuff together as per your requirements

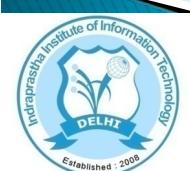




How? - Group Project

- To be performed in a group of 2
 - You can also work in groups of 3 but not more - I will expect proportionately more effort from larger groups

- The project should be based on theme of energy monitoring/healthcare. It should have the following components:
 - Interfacing a sensor relevant to the theme of the project and collecting the sensor data.
 - Basic on-board processing of the data
 - Communicating the processed data over some wired/wireless interface to a front end (computer/mobile phone)
 - Front end UI to control/display the sensor data collected from the microcontroller board.



How? - Group Project

Guidelines:

- Look for what others have done but do not copy anyone
 - Ensure that you cite your motivation appropriately
 - Clearly illustrate what is your new contribution
- If there is some other domain you are also interested in, look for ideas that overlap use of embedded systems with that domain (in certain cases, I am willing to let you chose a domain of your choice outside those specified by me)
- It is your responsibility to deal with inter-personal issues in the group
- Final deliverable should clearly specify the contribution of each member in the group





How? - Group Project



Deadlines:

- Project proposal giving the exact details of each of the specified components by March 23
 - Divide your proposed work into smaller modules and give timelines by when you propose to finish those modules
 - Maintain a wiki page on your project and provide weekly updates
- Milestone-1 (Initial demo): Due by April 9
- Final demo – Post final exams
- Overall evaluation will be divided as - Initial Proposal (15%); Wiki updates (15%); Initial demo (25%); Final demo (45%)



How? - Individual Innovative Hardware Project

- Propose some interesting project on your own and work towards it
- Should involve the microcontroller board
- Discuss with faculty/TA and get a go-ahead before getting into the details of your assignment
- Deliverable
 - One page report
 - 5 min demo in the class
- Deadline for project selection - February 20, 2011
- Deadline for report submission - March 26, 2011
- Does not mean you wait until the deadline
- Finish early to get over with one more thing! :)
- A lot of references online on AVR based projects





How? - Survey

- In groups of 2
- Select a topic related to a relevant emerging embedded technology and do a thorough survey on the topic
- Research the topic in depth - both web resources as well as technical papers
- Deliverable
 - Maintain a wiki page on the topic
 - Short presentation in the class (10-15 minutes)
- I will host a wiki and you can then create a page on that wiki for your article
- Give all citations as appropriate - the article should be your original contribution and should not contain mostly copied stuff





How? - Survey

- A list of topics to be given by me
 - You can chose any other topic outside the list and get it approved by me
 - Topic assignment on first come first serve basis
- Deadlines
 - Selecting a topic - March 12, 2011
 - Class presentations - Towards the end of the course; Schedule to be decided by me later
- Final evaluation will have 40% weight for the presentation 60% weight for the article



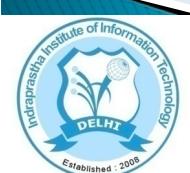


Logistics - Evaluation

■ Quantifying the evaluation*

- Class participation (attendance, blogs) - 5%
- Hardware Assignments (3) - 10%
- Innovative individual project - 10%
- Survey - 10%
- Group Project - 25%
- Mid term exam - 15%
- Final exam - 25%

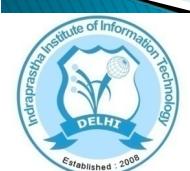
*** Subject to minor changes at a later stage**





Logistics - Miscellaneous

- Teaching Assistant - your first point of contact
 - Abhishek Bhardwaj, UG, NSIT (abhishekbhardwaj@nsitononline.in)
- Office hours
 - Monday, Thursday - 12-1 pm
 - By appointment (Email me a day in advance)
 - Any email communication - Prefix subject with ES2011 (for faster response)
- Feedback
 - First course with embedded hardware and software exposure
 - Feel free to give feedback at regular intervals on how the course can be improved
- Class Information Communication
 - Most of the communication over email (**cse537@iiitd.ac.in** list) - Make sure to subscribe to the list and check your email at least once a day

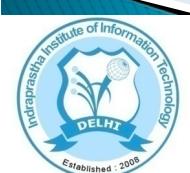




Logistics - Miscellaneous

- Reference books:
 - Computers as Components: Principles of Embedded Computing System Design by Wayne Wolf
 - Designing Embedded Hardware by John Catsoulis (O'Reilly)
 - Although lecture slides will suffice for most purposes

- **NO** gadget in the class - computer, phone, tablet ...
- Food/drinks allowed
- Arrive on time (<2 min) - What if you don't?
- No cross-talk in the class
 - After first warning you will be asked to leave the class





Logistics - Impact of Leaves

- Some leaves due to personal/official reasons
- Will substitute for alternate person to take the lecture or do make up lectures
- Current known conflicts
 - Week-1 (January 3-7): Extended (by 30 minutes) lectures in the second week of January and a demo session on AVR board by Abhishek on Saturday (January 15) as make up sessions
 - Week 10-11 (March 8-18): Dr. Vinayak will take 3 of the 4 missed lectures; 4th lecture will be made up later on





Cheating and Plagiarism Policy

- Go through the articles on cheating and plagiarism sent by me
- Person aiding in cheating (benefactor) is equally responsible as the beneficiary
- Minor first infraction - 0 in that assignment and a reduction in grade
- Second minor infraction (or any major infraction) - F in the course
- Bottom line - I will be putting in a lot of efforts to make this course interesting for you. Please do not indulge in such activities to have bad memories for both of us.

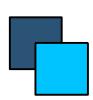




Deadlines - Summary

- Lab assignments Deadlines - January 23, January 30, February 13
- Individual Innovative Hardware Project - Selection by February 20, 2011; Report submission by March 26, 2011
- Survey - Topic selection by March 12, 2011
- Group Project - Proposal by March 23; Initial demo by April 9





What? - Lecture Overview



Week 1,2: Introduction to embedded systems

- Course logistics
- Brief introduction to embedded and cyber physical systems
- Overview of Embedded Systems design challenges
- Architectural overview of example embedded system architectures - TelosB (TI-MSP430); mBED (ARM7 based NXP-LPC1768); AVR based (Atmel-ATMega328)



Week 3: Introduction to AVR programming

- Exposure to architecture of AVR microcontroller and programming these devices



Week 4,5,6: Microcontroller peripherals and interfaces

- Exposure to various peripherals - Timers, counters, watchdog, PWM, ADC
- Motivation and requirement of voltage regulators
- External memory interfaces
- Serial/Parallel communication protocols - RS232, I2C, PCI, SPI



What? - Lecture Overview



Week 7: Collecting and transmitting data

- ADC interfaces for external sensors
- Wireless transceivers for transmitting the collected data



Week 8: Mid term week



Week 9: Discussion on project ideas



Week 10,11: TelosB motes and tinyOS

- Guest lectures by Dr. Vinayak Naik
- Exposure to TelosB architecture
- Deployment experiences with TelosB motes
- Overview of TinyOS programming



What? - Lecture Overview



Week 12,13: Timing and clocking in embedded systems

- Exposure to timing and clocking issues in embedded systems
- Exposure to some of the scheduling approaches



Week 14,15,16: Student presentations

- Short presentation on individual innovative hardware projects
- Presentations on surveys undertaken by the students





What? - Hardware Assignments



Assignment 1: Basic I/O (Due January 23)

- Getting used to basic I/O of AVR
- Task - Interface your board with the LCD Screen and display your name on it



Assignment 2: ADC Interfaces (Due January 30)

- Task - Interface the temperature/proximity sensor and display the collected data on the LCD



Assignment 3: External Memory Interface (Due February 13)

- Task - Interface an external EEPROM with the microcontroller. Collect the sensor data at 10 Hz, store it in the EEPROM and every 3 seconds, compute the average of the historical data and display it on the LCD



QUESTIONS ?



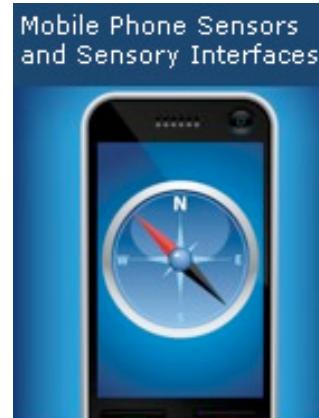
Readings for this week

- Introduction to Wireless Sensor Networks (David Culler, Deborah Estrin, Mani Srivastava)
- Wikipedia article on Embedded Systems and Cyber-Physical Systems - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Embedded_system
- Wikipedia article on Embedded Systems and Cyber-Physical Systems http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyber-physical_system
- Edward Lee, Cyber Physical Systems: Design Challenges, University of California, Berkeley
<http://www.eecs.berkeley.edu/Pubs/TechRpts/2008/EECS-2008-8.html>



Ubiquitous Embedded Systems

- Embedded systems are becoming ever more integral part of our daily lives - to an extent go unnoticed
- Specialized instrumentation - only serve the specific purpose
 - Typically lack interaction thus limiting the system level interaction logging and corresponding decision making
- What systems do you come across in your typical daily routine?

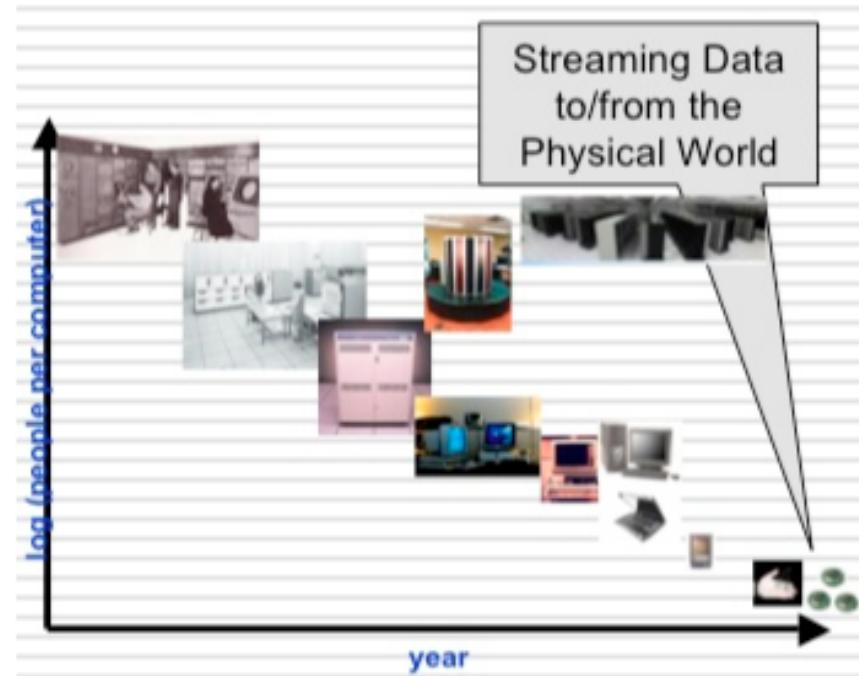
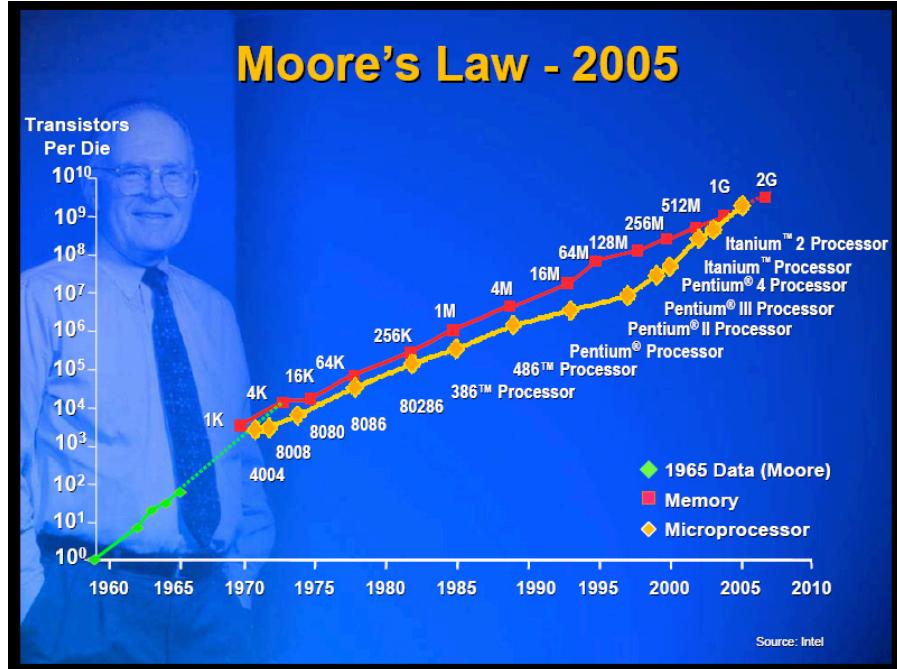


Where else?



- Home appliances -
- Automotive -
- Personal electronics -
- Entertainment -
- Transportation -
- Manufacturing -
- Healthcare -
- Agriculture -
- Chemical Processes -
- Robotics -

Faster, Smaller, Numerous



■ Moore's Law

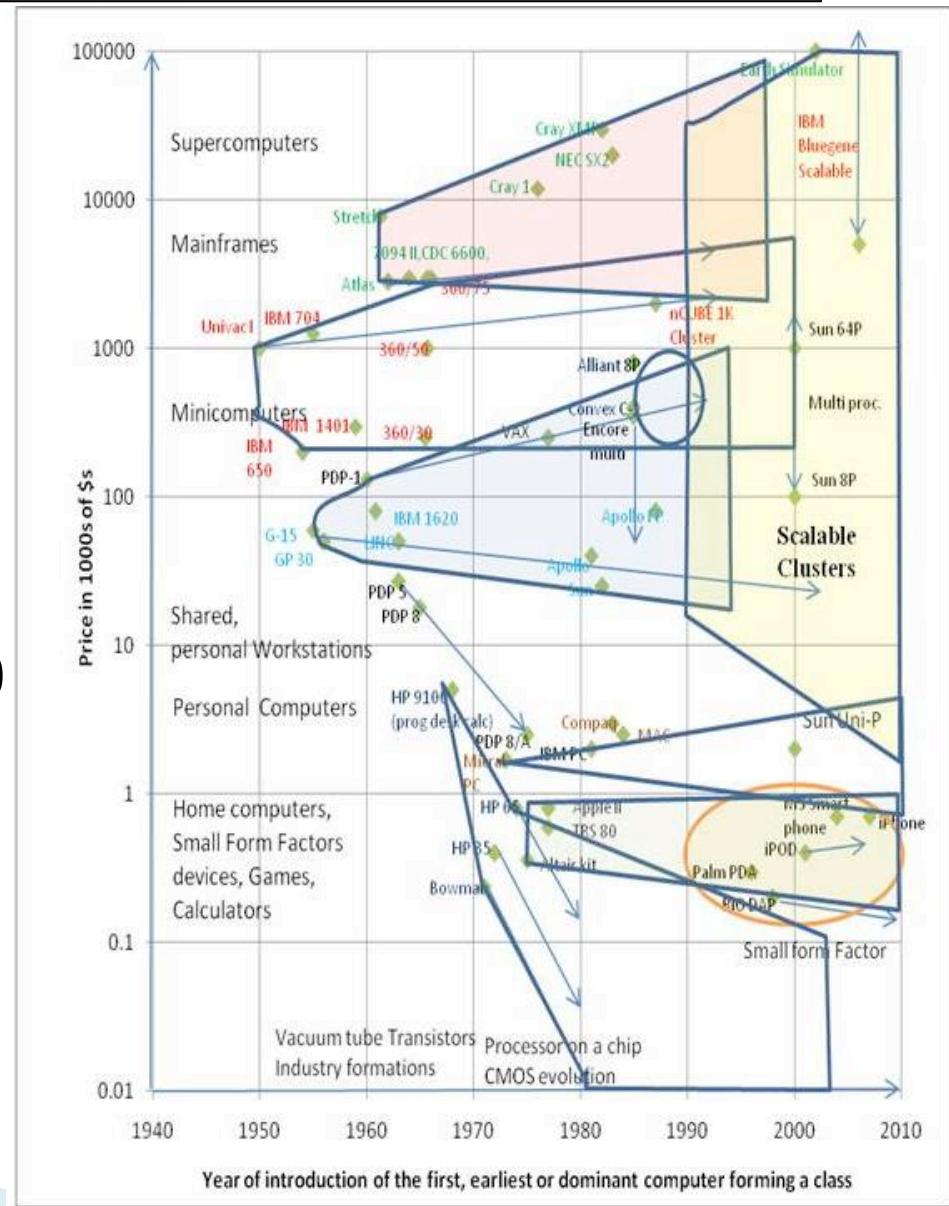
■ Computing resources double every 1-2 years

■ Bell's Law

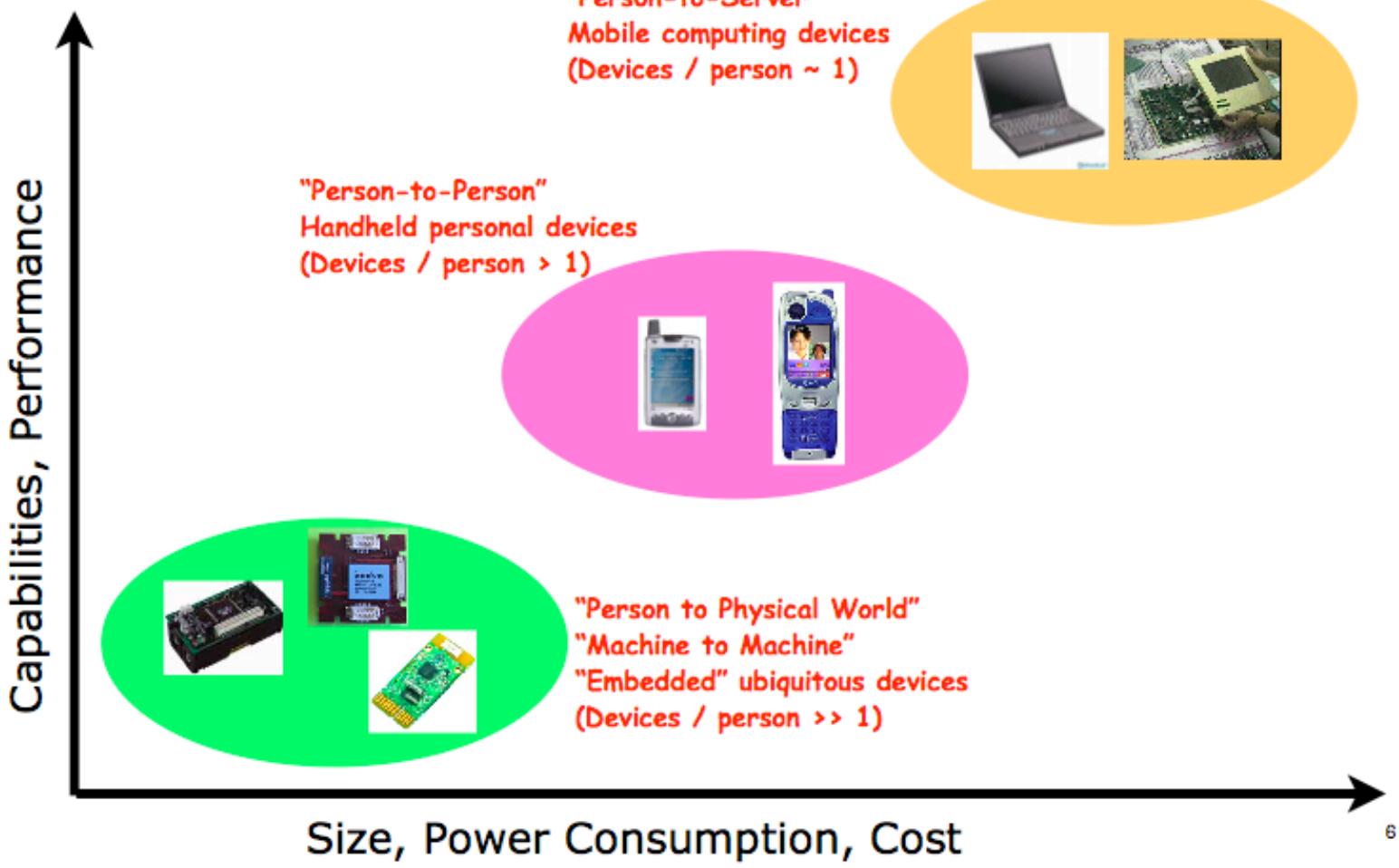
■ New computing class every 10 years

Evolution of Computing Classes

- Mainframes - 1960s
- Mini computers - 1970s
- Personal computers and workstations - 1980s
- Web Browser - Client Server Structures enabled by internet - 1990s
- Small form factor devices (cellphones, ipod) - 2000s
- Wireless Sensor Networks - 2010
- Body Networks - vision, hearing, monitoring - 2015
- Embedding of speech and vision functions - 2020
- **What is the trend?**



Changing Face of Computing



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Changing Face of Computing



Sensorial



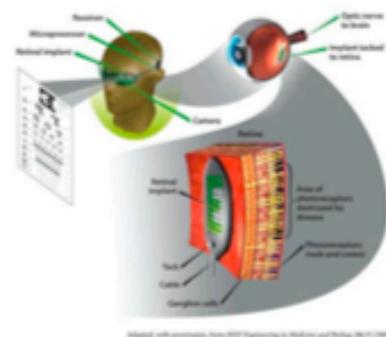
Actuated



Small, Mobile



Distributed



Embedded Everywhere

- Specialized devices and information appliances are replacing the generalist PC
 - Variety of forms: set-top boxes, smart mobile phones, iPods, iPads, game consoles, robotic appliance etc.
 - Vast majority of internet access devices are appliances and not PCs - In 1997, 96% of internet access devices sold in the US were PCs - Now, unit shipments of just internet-enabled cells phones exceed PCs
- Traditional systems becoming dependent on computation systems
 - Modern cars: up to ~100 processors running complex software - engine & emissions control, stability & traction control, diagnostics, gearless automatic transmission
 - <http://www.howstuffworks.com/car-computer.htm>



Embedded Everywhere

- An indicator: where are the CPUs being used?
 - More than 90% of all processors get used in “non-computers”
 - Over 10 Billion embedded processors of various types shipped in 2008
- Report by US National Research Council: “Embedded, Everywhere” (2001)
 - http://books.nap.edu/html/embedded_everywhere/
- UN ITU Report in 2005 “The Internet of Things”
 - <http://www.itu.int/osg/spu/publications/internetofthings/>
- Ubiquitous computing, pervasive computing, physical computing, cyber-physical systems...



So What Constitute an Embedded System

- Part of a larger system
 - Not a computer with keyboard, display etc..
- Physically coupled
 - Interact (sense, manipulate, communicate) with the external world
- HW & SW do application-specific function – not G.P.
 - Application is known a priori
 - But definition and development concurrent
- Some degree of re-programmability is essential
 - Flexibility in upgrading, bug fixing, product differentiation, product customization
- Operation is time constrained: latency, throughput
- Passage of time is important
 - Correctness of results depends on time at which it is produced
- Increasingly high-performance (DSP) and networked



Embedded Systems - Typical Challenges

- Limited processing speed, storage capacity and communication bandwidth
 - Substantial processing capability in aggregate
- Limited energy
 - But must operate for long periods of time with wireless communication
- Close interaction with environments
 - Indeterminacy in execution - e.g. waiting for events from multiple sources
 - Physical environment is delay intolerant - can't put it on wait with an hour glass icon!
- Multiple concurrent activities - sensing, processing, communication
 - Handling timing constraints are crucial



QUESTIONS?

