

# Relationship between Specific Pollution Types and Population

- 
1. Introduction
  2. Data Overview
  3. Analysis
  4. Analysis - Sector-Specific Pollution
  5. Population Analysis
  6. Conclusion

# Introduction

## ➤ Motivation

- Increasing concern over climate change.
- Understanding the relationship between CO2 emissions, population, and their environmental impact.

## ➤ Goal

- Analyse and visualize top countries by emissions.
- Explore top countries by population.
- Identify the overlap between top emission and population countries.
- Understand the environmental implications.

# Data Overview

## ➤ Data Sources

- Population Data
  - [Kaggle - World Population Dataset](#)
  - Data Type: CSV
- Country-wise Emission Data
  - [Kaggle - Global Fossil CO2 Emissions by Country](#)
  - Data Type: CSV

## ➤ Overview

- Total Pollution, Coal, Oil, Gas, Cement, Flaring, Other Sources.
- Explore relationship between population size and pollution levels.

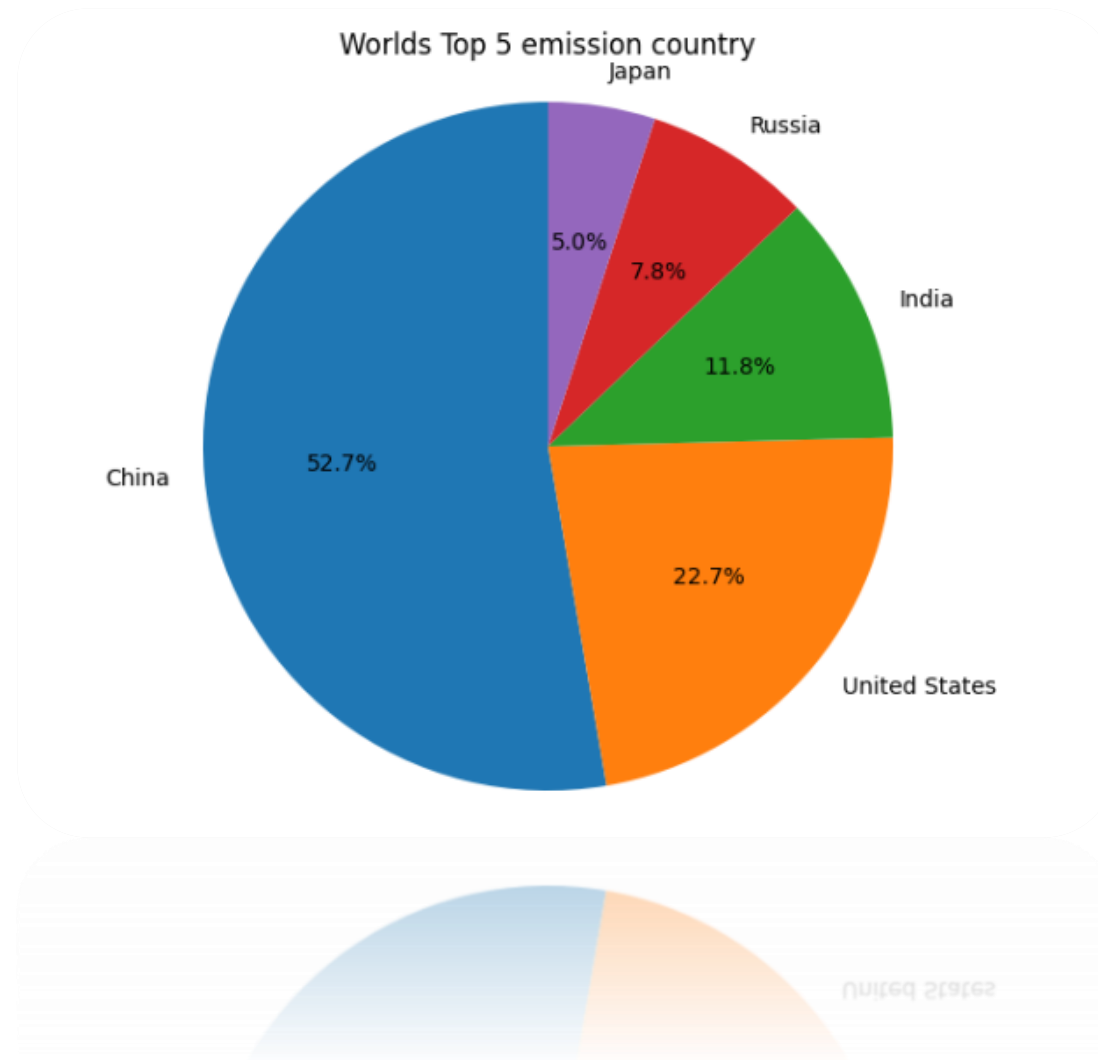
# Analysis

## ➤ Top 5 Emission Countries (2020)

- China (52.7%)
- United States (22.7%)
- India (11.8%)
- Russia (7.8%)
- Japan (5.0%)

## ➤ Pollution Categories

- Coal,
- Oil,
- Gas,
- Cement, and
- Flaring, Total.

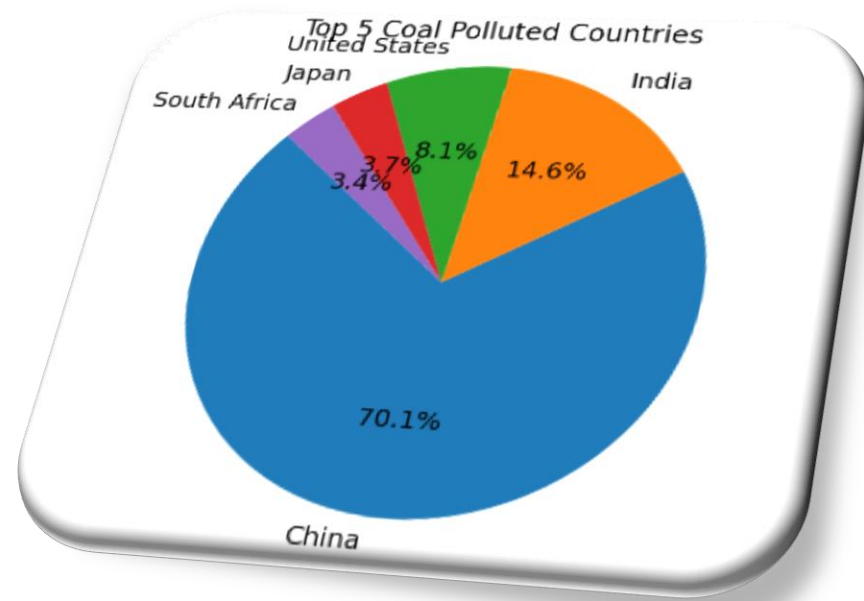




# Analysis - Sector-Specific Pollution

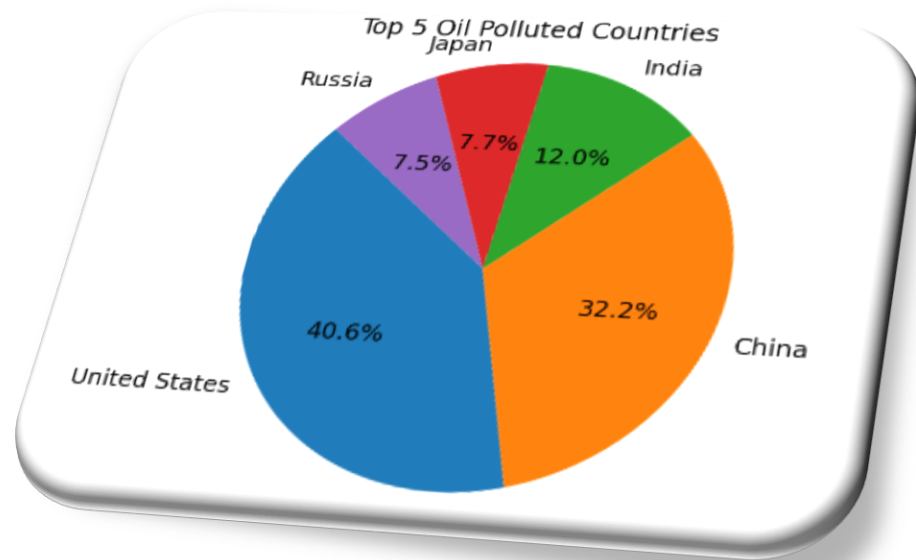
## 1. Coal Emissions:

- China dominance due to heavy reliance on coal.
- Challenges in transitioning without compromising energy security.



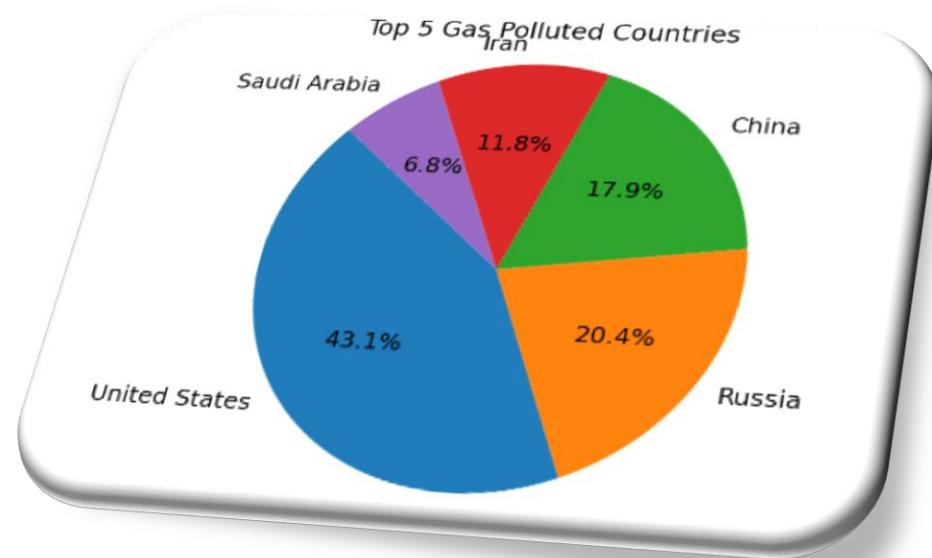
## 2. Oil Emissions:

- U.S. influenced by vast transportation sector.
- Need for advancements in electric vehicles and renewable energy sources.



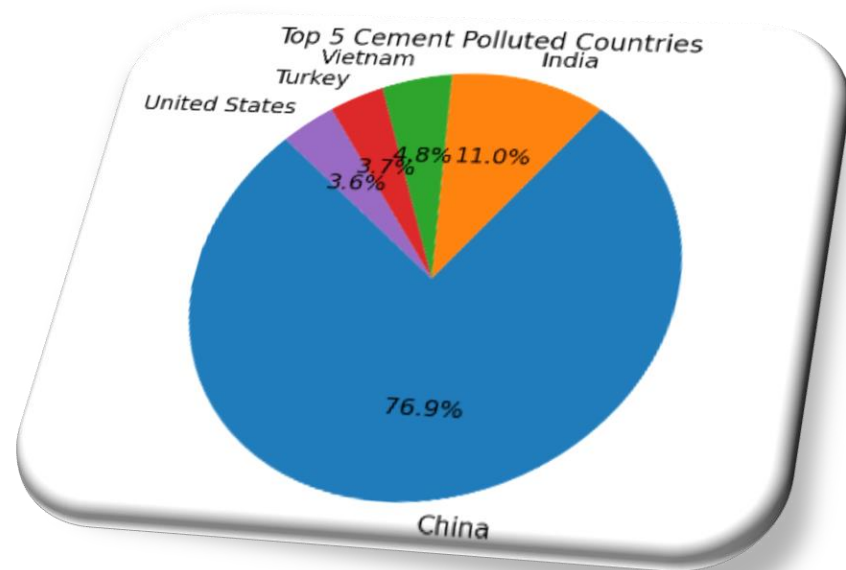
## 3. Gas Emissions:

- U.S. relies on natural gas.
- Russia and China driven by energy demands.
- Emphasis on energy efficiency and renewable sources.



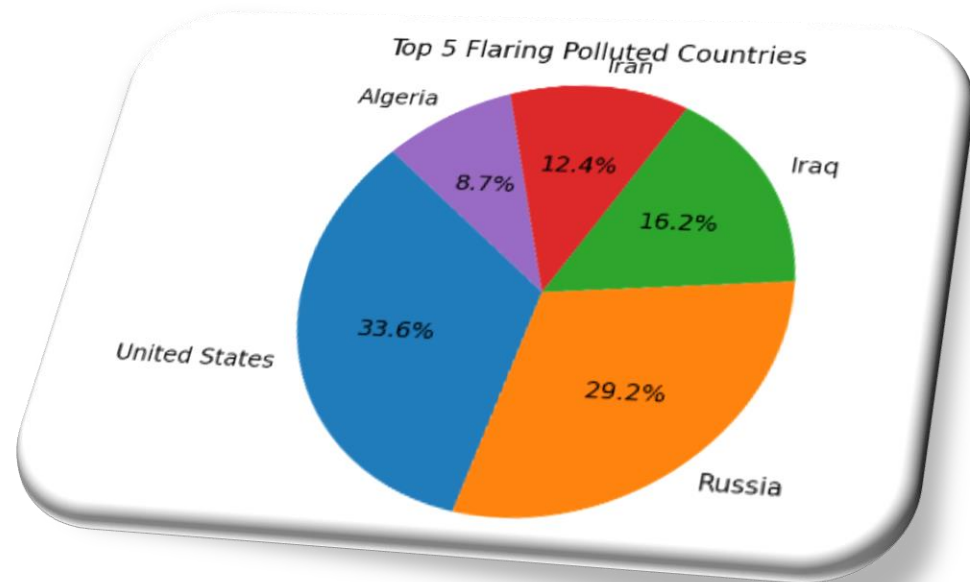
## 4. Cement Emissions:

- China's dominance due to construction sector.
- Innovations in low-carbon cement needed.



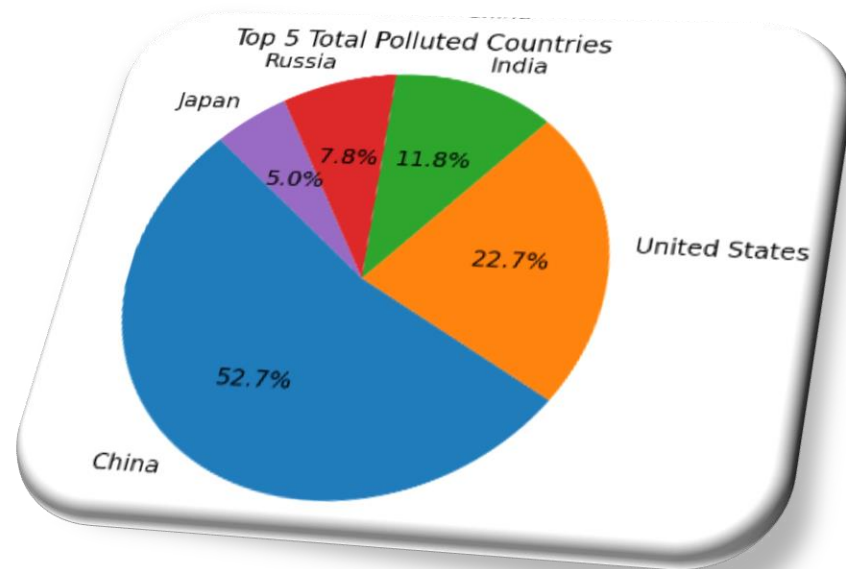
## 5. Flaring Emissions:

- U.S. and Russia lead due to oil and gas practices.
- Need for investments in infrastructure and regulations.



## 6. Total Emissions:

- China's lead underscores major energy consumption.
- Multifaceted approach needed involving policy, technology, and collaboration.

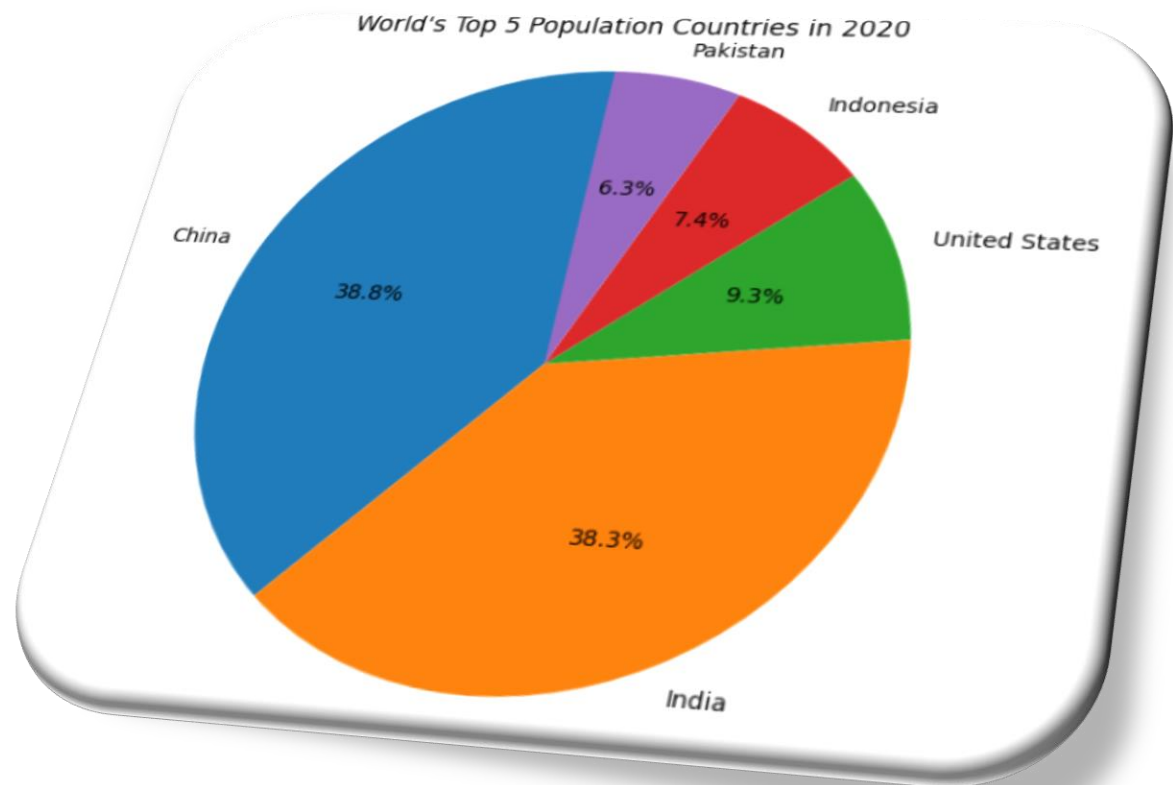


# Population Analysis



## ➤ Top 5 Population Countries (2020)

- China,
- India,
- United States,
- Indonesia,
- Pakistan.



## ➤ Analysis of Polluted Countries vs. Population

### 1. Coal Pollution:

- China (70.1%), India (14.6%).

### 2. Oil Pollution:

- United States (40.6%), China, India.

### 3. Gas Pollution:

- United States (43.1%), Russia, China.

### 4. Cement Pollution:

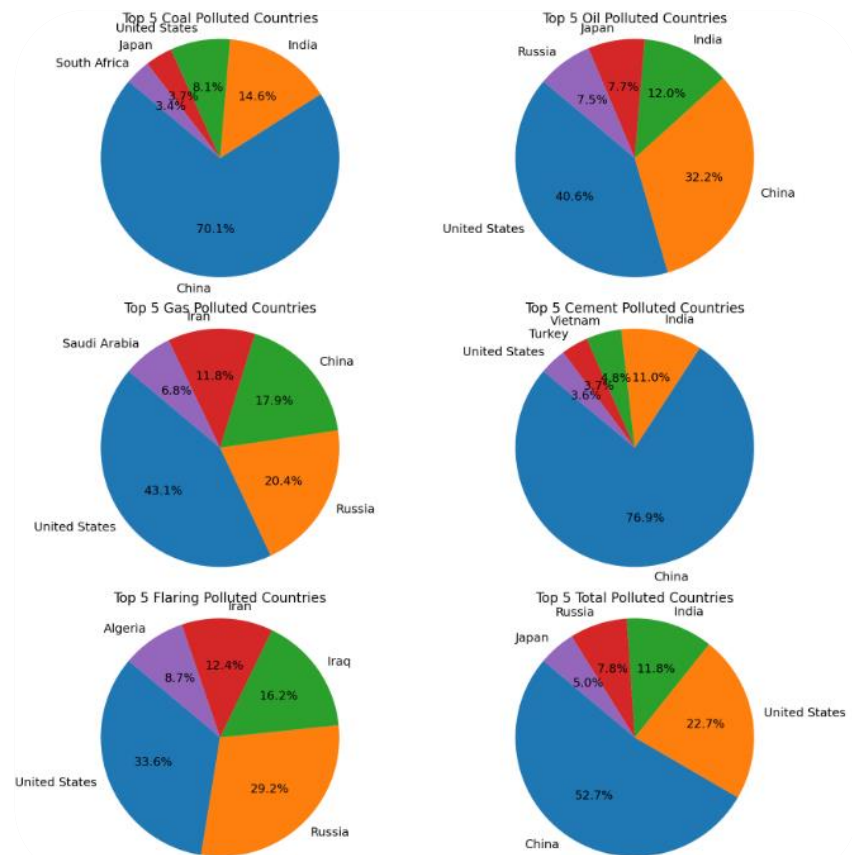
- China (76.9%), India, Vietnam.

### 5. Flaring Pollution:

- United States, Russia, Iraq, Iran, Algeria.

### 6. Total Pollution:

- China, India, United States, Russia, Japan.



# Conclusion

---

## ➤ Key Points

- Intricate relationship between population, industrial growth, and environmental pollution.
- Larger populations and robust industrial sectors dominate pollution landscape.
- Consider per capita pollution metrics and broader context.
- Global effort needed for sustainable development and environmentally conscious policies.

**Thank You**  
**For your attention!**