Benchmarking Inter-Process Communication Mechanisms

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Abstract

In this paper, we benchmark three important inter processor communication (IPC) mechanisms, namely pipes, sockets and bounded buffer shared memory. We measure and compare the performance of these mechanisms for varying input buffer sizes, starting with 4k and increasing up to 512k bytes. We are interested in understanding the scalability and suitability of these mechanisms for different input parameters. In order to do this, we design experiments and evaluate timing tools that can help us measure latency and throughput for each of the above mentioned mechanisms.

1. Introduction

FiXme Fatal: introduction here

IPC mechanisms enable multiple processes in a system to communicate with each other. Different methods can be used for this purpose, depending on the application requirements and the process runtime environment. Pipes Pipes provide a unidirectional communication channel between 2 processes. The data written on the write end of the pipe is buffered by the kernel until it is read from the other end of the pipe. Sockets < Enter brief description here> Shared Memory Shared memory provides the communicating processes, a simultaneous access to a section of memory. Synchronization primitives are used to coordinate access to the shared region.

Contributions

• Contributions here,

Paper Organization first (§2), and subsequently describe the evaluation (§3) and results(§4). Finally conclusion(§5).

2. Overview

FiXme Fatal: Inter-Process Communication - some 2 lines

Pipes

Sockets

Shared Memory

- 3. Evaluation
- 4. Results
- 5. Conclusion

FiXme Fatal: concluding remarks

References