FUNCTION

SQL Server String Functions

| Function | Syntax | Description | Example | Output |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|-------------|
| <u>ASCII</u> | ASCII(character) | Returns the ASCII value for the specific character | Select ASCII('A') | 65 |
| CHAR | CHAR(code) | Returns the character based on the ASCII code | Select CHAR(65) | А |
| CHARINDE X | CHARINDEX(substring, string, start) | Returns the position of a substring in a string | Select CHARINDEX('A', 'Vikrant',1) | 5 |
| Concat with + | string1 + string2 + string_n | Adds two or more strings together | Select 'Akash'+' ' +'Jadon' | Akash Jadon |
| <u>LEFT</u> | LEFT(string, number_of_chars) | Extracts a number of characters from a string (starting from left) | Select left('Raj Singh',3) | Raj |

| LEN | LEN(string) | Returns the length of a string | Select LEN('Ravish') | 6 |
|--------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----|
| LOWER | LOWER(text) | Converts a string to lower-case | | |
| LTRIM | LTRIM(string) | Removes leading spaces from a string | | |
| REVERSE | REVERSE(string) | Reverses a string and returns the result | Select Reverse('ABC') | СВА |
| RIGHT | RIGHT(string, number_of_chars) | Extracts a number of characters from a string (starting from right) | | |
| RTRIM | RTRIM(string) | Removes trailing spaces from a string | | |
| <u>UPPER</u> | UPPER(text) | Converts a string to upper-case | | |

| SUBSTRIN G | SUBSTRING(string, start, length) | The SUBSTRING() function extracts some characters from a string. | SELECT SUBSTRING('Ra kesh Kumar', 1, 6) AS Fname; | Rakesh |
|---------------|---|--|---|--------|
| REPLACE | REPLACE(string, old_string, new_string) | The REPLACE() function replaces all occurrences of a substring within a string, with a new substring | SELECT REPLACE('RAM', 'M', 'MA') | RAMA |