

# TEXTILE SUPPLY CHAIN

## Overview

The Textile Supply Chain project is a decentralized application (dApp) that enables users to issue, update, and delete digital products on the Ethereum blockchain. This ensures transparency and security in tracking textile products using smart contracts.

## 1. Smart Contract Structure

### 1.1 Features

- **Adding a Product:** Manufacturers can register a textile product with details like name, origin, and material. Each product receives a unique ID stored on the blockchain.
- **Tracking Progress:** Products move through four stages:
  - In production, manufacturing starts.
  - Quality Check – Inspected for quality.
  - In Transit – Being transported.
  - Delivered – Reached its final destination.
- **Updating Product Details:** Owners can modify product details and status, ensuring up-to-date records.
- **Deleting a Product:** If a product is not yet delivered, the owner can remove it from the system.

### 1.2 Security Measures

- **Access Control:** Only authorized manufacturers can create, update, and delete products.
- **Reentrancy Protection:** Uses **ReentrancyGuard** to prevent reentrancy attacks.
- **State Validation:** Ensures product status follows a logical sequence (e.g., cannot revert from Delivered to In Transit).
- **Ownership Restriction:** Only product owners can modify or delete their products.

### 1.3 Contract Overview

#### Imports

- **ERC721** – Creates NFTs representing textile products.
- **Ownable** – Restricts certain functions to the contract owner.

- **ReentrancyGuard** – Prevents reentrancy attacks.
- **Counters** – Generates unique product IDs automatically.

### Structs

- **DigitalProduct** – Stores product details such as name, origin, material, production date, and current status.

### Functions

- **issueProduct**: Creates a new textile product with a unique ID.
- **updateProduct**: Allows the owner to update product details and change status.
- **deleteProduct**: Removes a product from the blockchain if it is not yet delivered.

### Modifiers

- **onlyOwnerOf**: Ensures only the product owner can update or delete it.

## 1.4 Smart Contract Workflow

### Step 1: Compile the Contract

- Navigate to the "Solidity Compiler" tab.
- Set the compiler version to 0.8.20.
- Click "Compile TextileSupplyChain.sol".
- Verify that "Compilation successful" appears.

### Step 2: Deploy to Sepolia Testnet

- Go to "Deploy & Run Transactions".
- Set "Environment" to "Injected Provider - MetaMask".
- Connect MetaMask wallet and switch to Sepolia testnet.
- Click "Deploy" next to TextileSupplyChain.
- Confirm and pay the deployment fee in MetaMask.
- Copy the contract address: **0x30979ac99E0D2beEfCA20edb4591B56caA9AbAb2**.

### Step 3: Testing the Contract

- **Issue a Product**: Call **issueProduct** with product details.
- **Update a Product**: Call **updateProduct** with new details.
- **Delete a Product**: Call **deleteProduct** for removal.

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## 2. Frontend Structure

### 2.1 Overview

The frontend is built using **React + ethers.js** and interacts with the deployed smart contract on the Ethereum Sepolia testnet. It enables users to create, update, and delete digital products via a user-friendly interface.

## 2.2 Features

- **MetaMask Integration:** Users can connect their Ethereum wallet.
- **Issue a New Product:** Users can enter product details and create a new product.
- **Update an Existing Product:** Users can modify product details and update status.
- **Delete a Product:** Users can remove products from the blockchain.

## 2.3 Security Measures

- **Wallet Connection Check:** Ensures only authenticated users can interact.
- **Gas Limit Optimization:** Limits gas usage to **500000** for updates.
- **State Validation:** Prevents unauthorized updates to delivered products.
- **Error Handling:** Displays errors if incorrect inputs are provided.

## 2.4 Smart Contract Communication

### Imports

- `ethers.js`: Facilitates blockchain interaction.
- `React`: Manages state and UI rendering.

### State Management

- **User Account Information:** Stores connected MetaMask account.
- **Contract Instance:** Holds smart contract instance.
- **Product Details:** Maintains product data (name, origin, material, etc.).

### Functions

- **connectWallet:** Connects MetaMask wallet.
- **issueProduct:** Calls the smart contract to create a new product.
- **updateProduct:** Calls the smart contract to modify an existing product.
- **deleteProduct:** Calls the smart contract to remove a product.

### useEffect Hook

- Ensures MetaMask is connected when the user opens the dApp.

## 2.5 Frontend Workflow

### Step 1: Setting Up the Development Environment

#### Prerequisites

- Install **VS Code**: <https://code.visualstudio.com/>
- Install **Node.js**: <https://nodejs.org/>

Verify installations:

node -v # Check Node.js version

npm -v # Check npm version

- git --version # Check Git version

## Step 2: Installing & Running the dApp

### Installing Dependencies

- npm create vite@latest textile-supply-chain --template react
- cd textile-supply-chain
- npm install react vite ethers openzeppelin
- npm install

### Running the Application

npm run dev

- Open in browser: *http://localhost:5172*
- Connect MetaMask and switch to Sepolia Testnet.

## Clon the Repository:

git clone: [https://github.com/vinaykumar0103/Textile\\_Supply\\_Chain.git](https://github.com/vinaykumar0103/Textile_Supply_Chain.git)

cd Textile\_Supply\_Chain

### Installing Dependencies

npm install

### Running the Application

npm run dev

- Open in browser: *http://localhost:5172*
- Connect MetaMask and switch to Sepolia Testnet.

## Step 3: Testing in Browser

### Connecting MetaMask

- Open MetaMask and connect the wallet.

- Switch to Sepolia Ethereum Testnet.

#### Testing dApp Functions

- **Issue a Product:** Enter details and click **Issue Product**.
  - **Update a Product:** Enter updated details and click **Update Product**.
  - **Delete a Product:** Enter Product ID and click **Delete Product**.
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### 3. Summary

The **Textile Supply Chain dApp** is a blockchain-based solution designed to enhance transparency, security, and efficiency in managing textile products. This architecture covers both **smart contract** and **frontend** implementations, ensuring seamless tracking and verification of products on the Ethereum blockchain. The **smart contract** governs product issuance, updates, and deletion with robust security measures, while the **frontend** provides an intuitive interface for user interactions via **React and ethers.js**. This structured approach ensures reliable, real-time supply chain management with on-chain integrity.

**GitHub Repository:** [Textile Supply Chain](#)

**Vinay Kumar**