

# VOTING\_DAO

## Overview

The **VotingDAO** smart contract is a decentralized voting system that allows users to create proposals and vote on them. Built with Solidity, it ensures transparency and security by leveraging blockchain technology.

## Key Features

1. **Create Proposals:** Users can create proposals with a description and voting duration.
2. **Vote on Proposals:** Users can cast votes either for or against active proposals.
3. **Track Proposals:** View active proposals and check their status (active or expired).
4. **Vote Tracking:** Check vote counts for/against each proposal and confirm whether a user has voted.

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## Functions Overview

### 1. createProposal

- **Purpose:** Allows users to create a proposal.
- **Parameters:**
  - *description:* A string with the proposal's description.
  - *durationInSeconds:* Duration for which the proposal remains active.
- **Logic:**
  - Validates that the duration is greater than zero.
  - Creates a new proposal with a unique ID.
  - Emits a *ProposalCreated* event.

### 2. vote

- **Purpose:** Enables users to vote on an active proposal.
- **Parameters:**
  - *proposalId:* ID of the proposal being voted on.
  - *voteFor:* Boolean (true for "yes", false for "no").
- **Logic:**

- *Verifies that the proposal is active and that the user hasn't already voted.*
- *Records the vote and updates the vote counts.*
- *Emits a VoteCast event.*

### **3. isProposalActive**

- **Purpose:** *Checks whether a proposal is still active.*
- **Parameters:**
  - *proposalId: ID of the proposal.*
- **Logic:**
  - *Returns true if the proposal is active; otherwise, false.*

### **4. getVoteCount**

- **Purpose:** *Retrieves the number of votes for and against a proposal.*
- **Parameters:**
  - *proposalId: ID of the proposal.*
- **Logic:**
  - *Returns the counts of "for" and "against" votes.*

### **5. getProposal**

- **Purpose:** *Returns details of a proposal.*
- **Parameters:**
  - *proposalId: ID of the proposal.*
- **Logic:**
  - *Returns the proposal's description, vote counts, and status.*

### **6. getAllProposalIds**

- **Purpose:** *Retrieves all stored proposal IDs.*
- **Logic:**
  - *Returns an array of all proposal IDs.*

### **7. hasUserVoted**

- **Purpose:** *Checks if a user has already voted on a specific proposal.*
- **Parameters:**
  - *proposalId: ID of the proposal.*
  - *user: Address of the user.*

- **Logic:**
  - Returns true if the user has voted, otherwise false.

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## **Development Process**

### **1. Requirements Gathering**

Defined the key features of the contract: proposal creation, voting, vote tracking, and viewing status.

### **2. Contract Design**

Used Solidity structs and mappings for proposal management and vote tracking.

### **3. Implementation**

Implemented core functionality with checks for proposal expiry, vote status, and prevention of double voting.

### **4. Testing**

Tested the contract using Hardhat with Mocha and Chai, ensuring that all edge cases (e.g., double voting, expired proposals) are handled.

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## **Deployment Using Hardhat**

### **Steps to Deploy:**

#### **1. Environment Setup:**

- Install Node.js and Hardhat:

```
npm install --save-dev hardhat
```

#### **2. Create Hardhat Project:**

```
npx hardhat init
```

#### **3. Install Dependencies:**

- Install OpenZeppelin Contracts:

```
npm install @openzeppelin/contracts
```

```
javascript:
```

```
import { buildModule } from "@nomicfoundation/hardhat-ignition/modules";
```

```
module.exports = buildModule("VotingDAO", (m) => {  
  const votingDao = m.contract("VotingDAO", []);
```

```
    return { votingDao };  
  });
```

#### 4. Deploy the Contract:

- Run the Ignition deployment:

```
# npx hardhat ignition deploy ./ignition/modules/Lock.js --network sepolia(Any network ).
```

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### Testing

#### To Test the Contract:

##### 1. Proposal Creation Tests:

- Check if proposals are created successfully.
- Ensure invalid durations are rejected.

##### 2. Voting Tests:

- Test voting for active proposals.
- Ensure users can't vote twice on the same proposal.
- Verify that voting after the proposal expiration fails.

##### 3. Data Retrieval Tests:

- Confirm correct retrieval of proposals and vote counts.
- Verify that the `getAllProposalIds` function returns all proposal IDs.

#### Run Tests:

```
# npx hardhat test
```

```
# Deployed Addresses
```

```
#VotingDao - 0x80897Aa9aa4e2914AeFb12591eaD2c620c9bF54a
```

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**Conclusion:** The **VotingDAO** contract provides a decentralized, transparent voting mechanism on Ethereum Blockchain. The application will allow users to create proposals and vote on them, simulating a basic Decentralized Autonomous Organization (DAO) mechanism.

