



# React Performance Optimization and Memoization

## React Performance: Code Splitting and Lazy Loading

### Code Splitting

- **Definition:** Code splitting refers to the process of breaking down your code into smaller chunks which can be loaded on demand, rather than the entire application loading on the initial page load.
- **Advantages:**
  - **Improved Performance:** By loading only necessary code, you reduce the initial load time, which enhances performance .
  - **Better Resource Utilization:** Users download only the code they need, which saves bandwidth and results in more efficient use of resources .

### Dynamic Import

- **What it is:** Dynamic import allows for the asynchronous loading of modules, enabling on-demand loading of components .
- **Example:** Using a dynamic import, components like Home, About, and Contact can be loaded only when the user navigates to them, instead of loading all at once during the initial app load .

### React Lazy and Suspense

- **React.lazy():** Allows components to be lazily loaded, meaning they only load when required. This helps in reducing the initial load times .



user experience by providing feedback that components are loading .

## React Memoization

### React.memo

- **Functionality:** Used to wrap components so that they only re-render if their props change. This prevents unnecessary renders, saving resources .

### useMemo Hook

- **Purpose:** Memoizes expensive function calls and only recomputes the cached result when its dependencies change.
- **Usage Example:** In a React component performing a costly calculation, wrapping the computation in `useMemo` ensures it's recalculated only when necessary .
- **Benefit:** Reduces unnecessary re-executions of complex calculations, maintaining more efficient performance .

### useCallback Hook

- **Purpose:** Memoizes callback functions so that the memoized function is only recreated when its dependencies change.
- **Usage Example:** In scenarios where a list of items is managed, using `useCallback` for functions like `removeItem` prevents unnecessary recreation and re-renders .
- **Benefit:** Keeps function references stable, avoiding unnecessary re-renders, thus improving efficiency .

By effectively using these React features and techniques, developers can significantly enhance application performance, improve load times, and offer a smoother user experience by optimizing the rendering and update cycles of their applications.

