

→ OLTP
→ Transaction (large)

(Select *)
From table (100M)
Where city = 'Pune'

Table scan → Optimize code

→ GB + Join is better than

Join + GB

→ filter + Join ✓
or

Join + filter

2)

✓ Select *,

Select column ✓

3) Windows function vs Self Join

✓

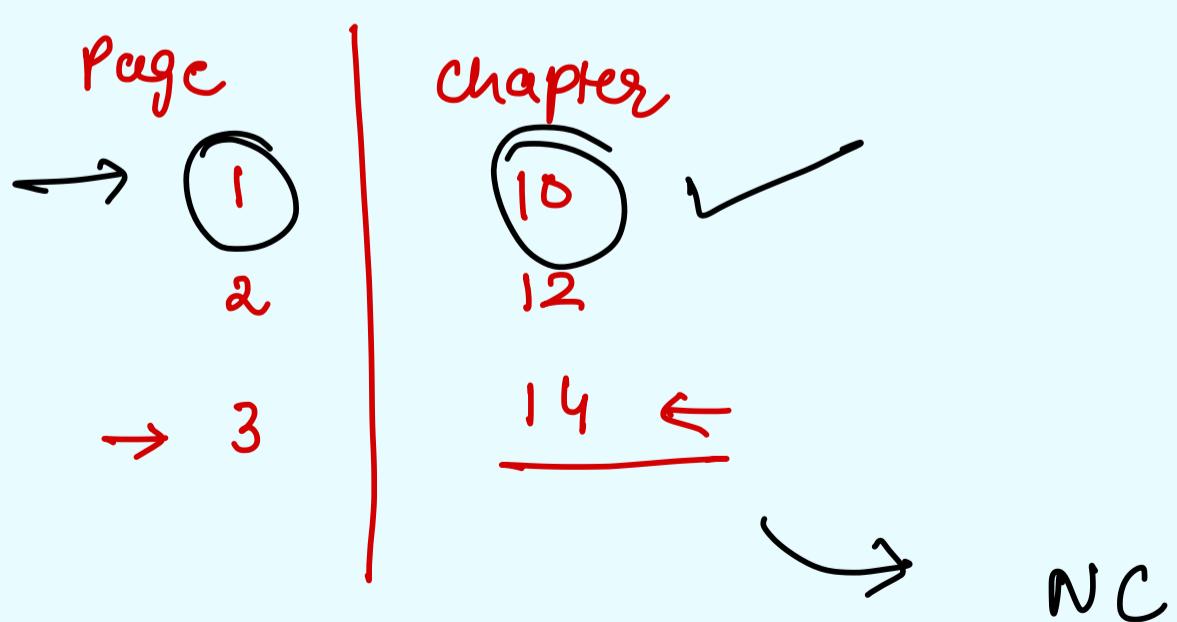
id	a	b	c
1	Ag	B	C
2	Au	Be	Co
3	Al	Br	Cr
4	Ar	Br	Cd

Note
4 ✓

- 11 - - 11 - - 11 -

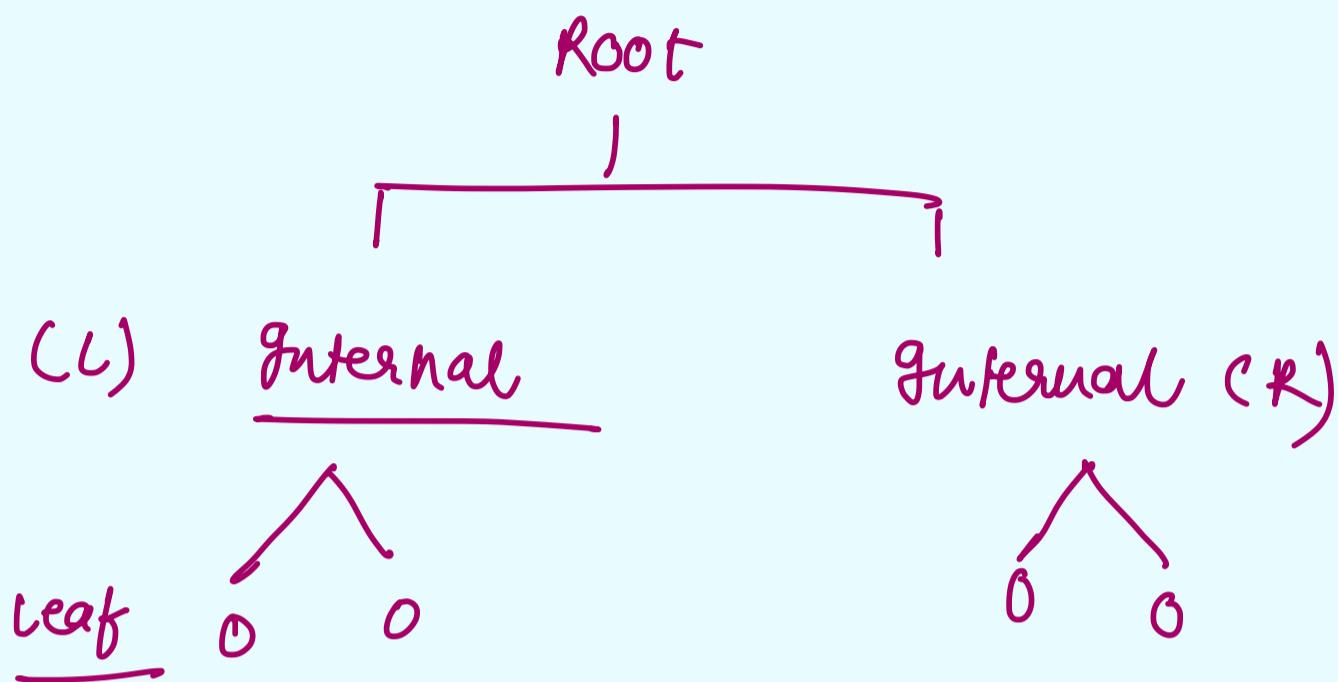
Book → Chapter • 17

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Ph no : Name
1 --- 242
1

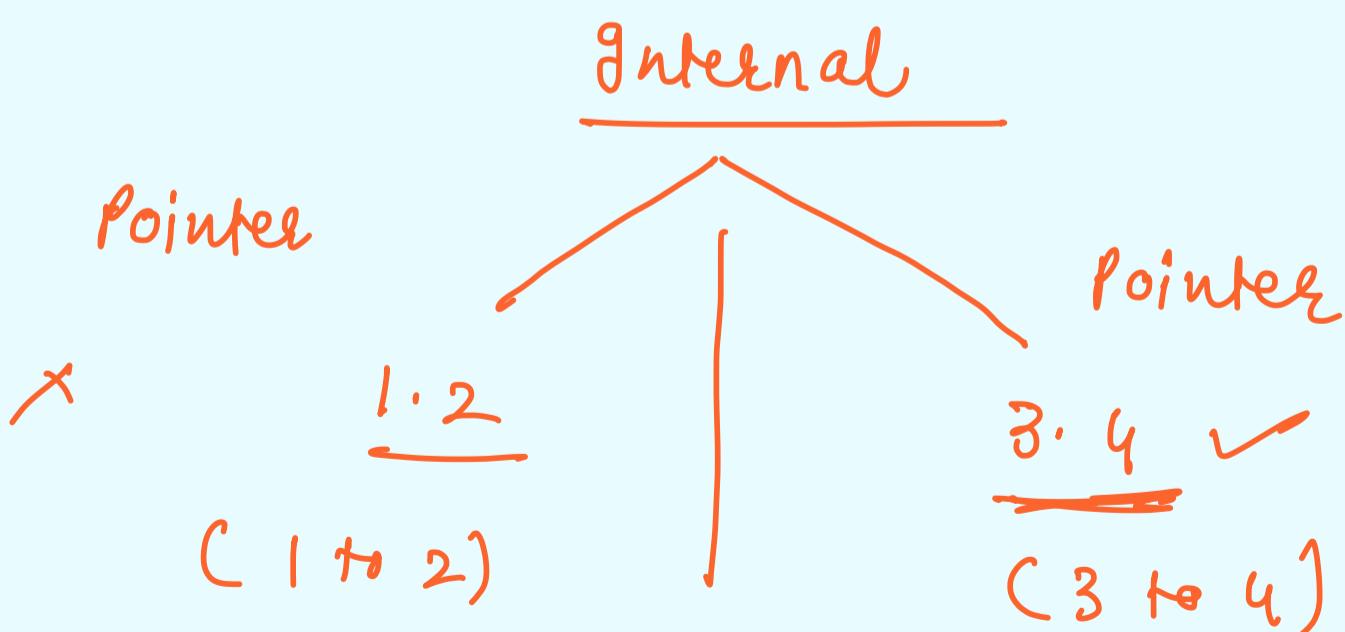
MySQL \rightarrow B+ Tree Index



- Root \rightarrow entry point

(No data)

Key \rightarrow 1 to 4 \rightarrow id \rightarrow 1 to 4



leaf 1 : id = 1 \rightarrow (A₁, B₁, C₁)
 2 : id = 2 \rightarrow (A₂, B₂, C₂)

id = 3 ✓
id = 4 \rightarrow ()

Select *

from orders

where id = 4

✓

Range

where id between 2 and 4

left 2 → left 3 - left 4 ~~left 5~~

library

→ Root (A to Z)

internal

✓ A-D

E-H

DBMS

I-T

A

B

C

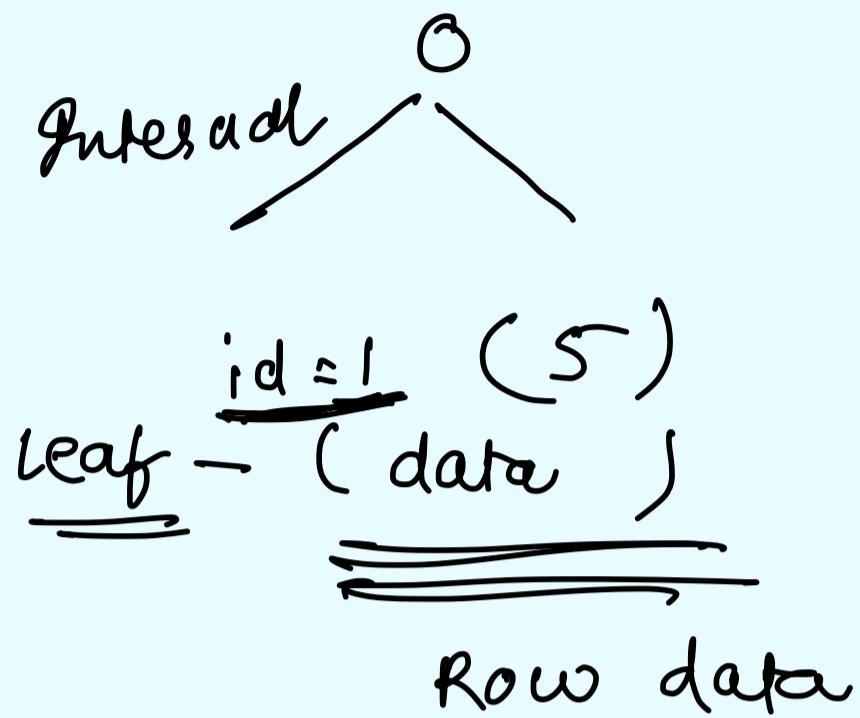
D

SOH

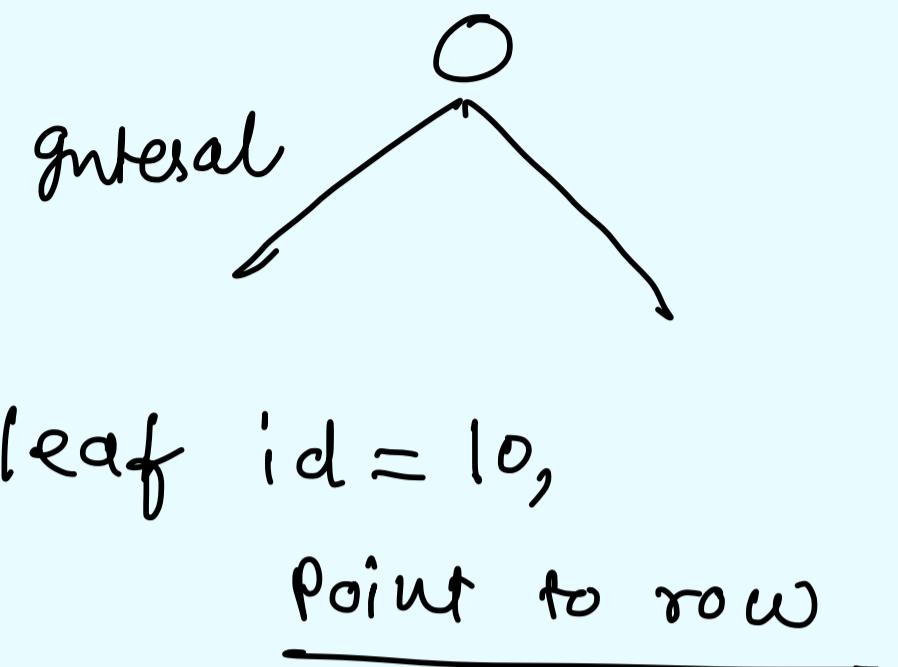
✓

✓

cluster index



non index cluster



C

All rows

N C

key + pointer

1. Leaf contains

1 ✓

2
=

2. steps (look up)

(Primary)

Region,
Category

3.

Apply indexing on Multiple col

Yes ?

select *
from order

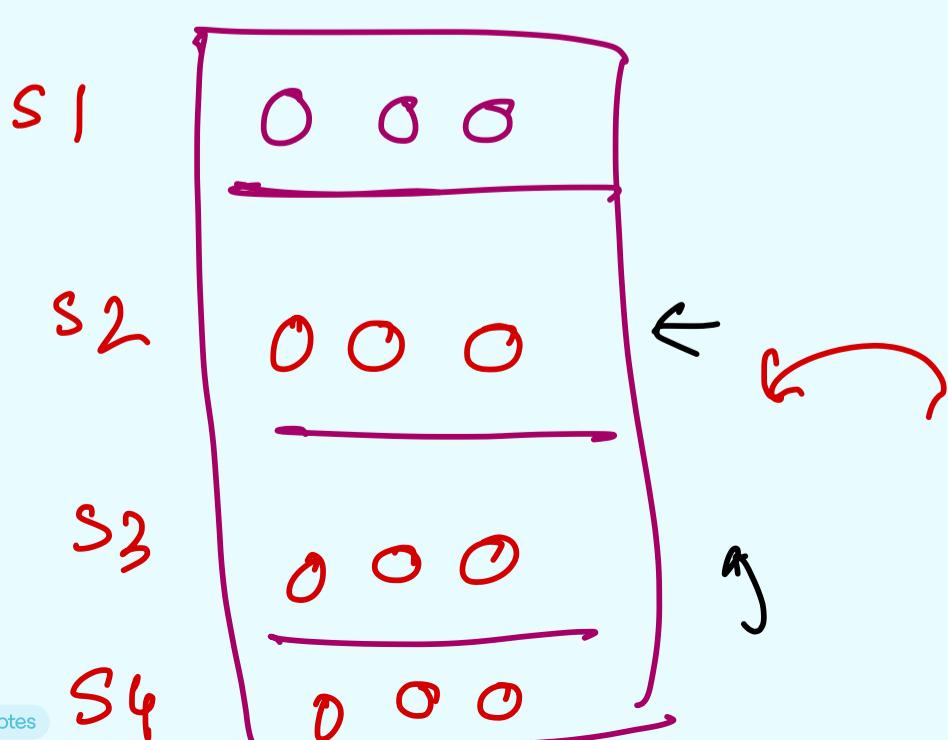
where cust-id = 101

and order-date >= ('2022-10-05')

→ Create index id-cust on
order (cust-id, order-date) ?

fridge

update, insert, delete ?



S1 → Onion
S2 → Panner
S3 → Icecream

New stock

Eggs

↓
update ?

→ s_i6 in table (10 gb) ✓
 ↳ index (30 gb) Cost ?