


Agenda

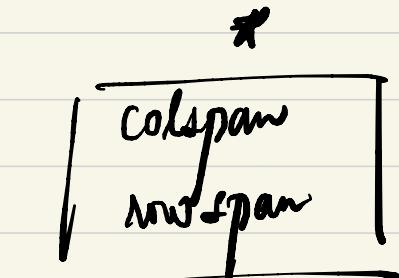
- ① Rules of CSS.
- ② Ways to add CSS
- ③ CSS Selections.
- ④ Properties of CSS.

Introduction
to CSS

Recap

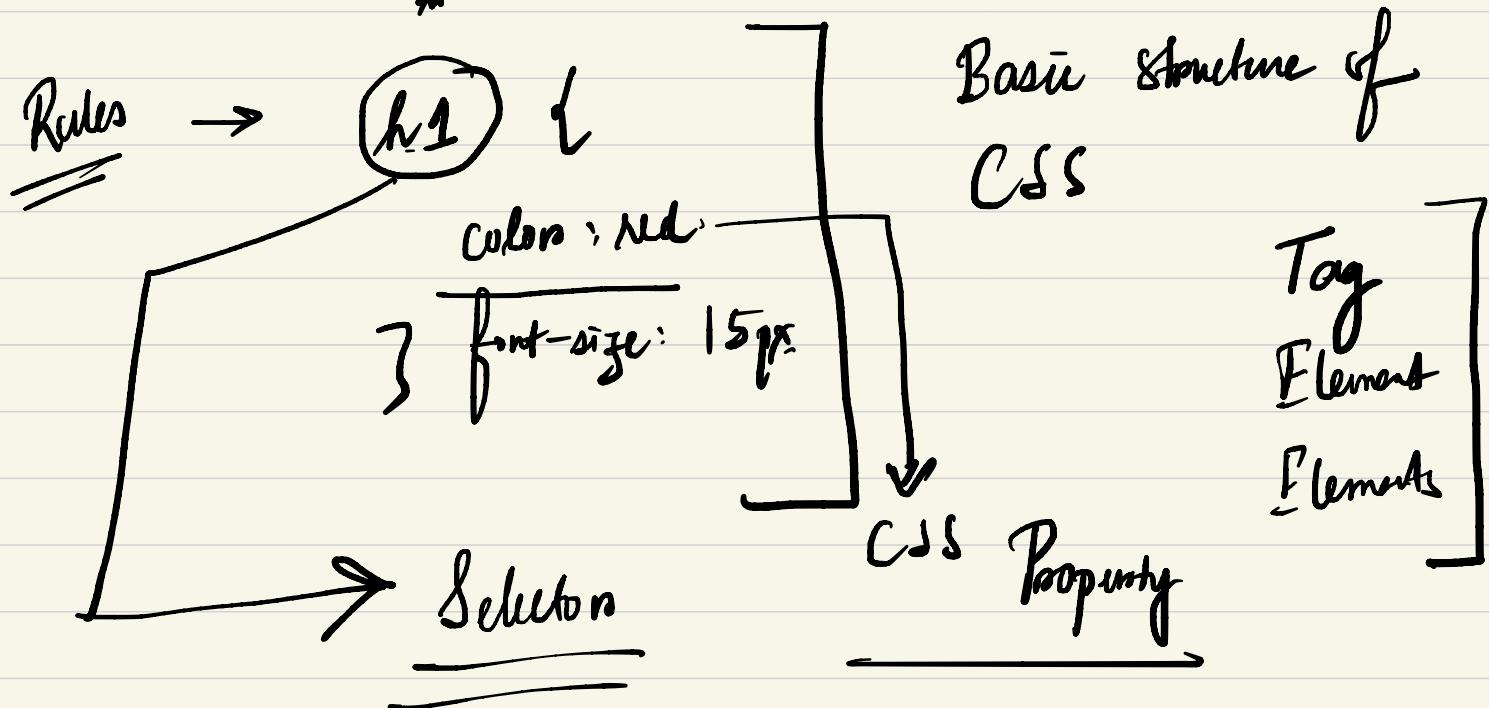
- ① Tables
- ② Forms
- ③ Lists.

input



select
option

CSS → Cascading Style Sheet



key : value

↳ CSS property Value for the property.

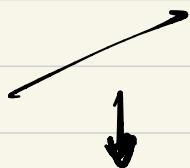
h1 {

Selection.

Color: red. → Property: value pair.

②

External
CSS.



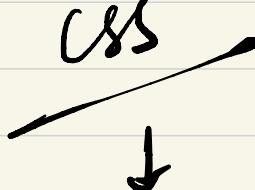
CSS file is
separate.
Needs to be
imported

Internal
CSS



Exists as
part of the
same HTML
file in `<style>`
tag.

Inline
CSS



Same line as
the HTML
tag.

① Real World Example

External CSS

Files

Base Styles of your application.

Specific Rules for a particular page

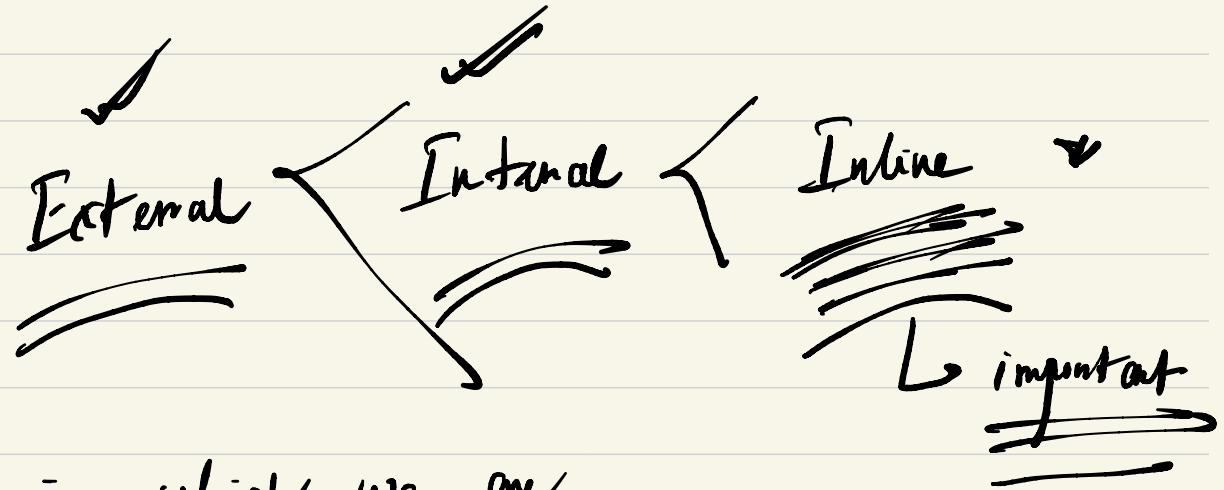
Internal CSS.

Specific style to a single tag

<style> button {
color: red; }

Inline styles -

Precedence
Order



Order in which we are writing the CSS styles.

* USER AGENT STYLESHEET

→ Default styles of your browser ==

Selection → The way we can "select" some
tag / tags / elements and add styles from
them

`<body>`

`<h1>` One h1 `</h1>`

`<p>` One p `</p>`

`<h1>` One more h1 `</h1>`

`</body>`

Tag Selectors

h1 h

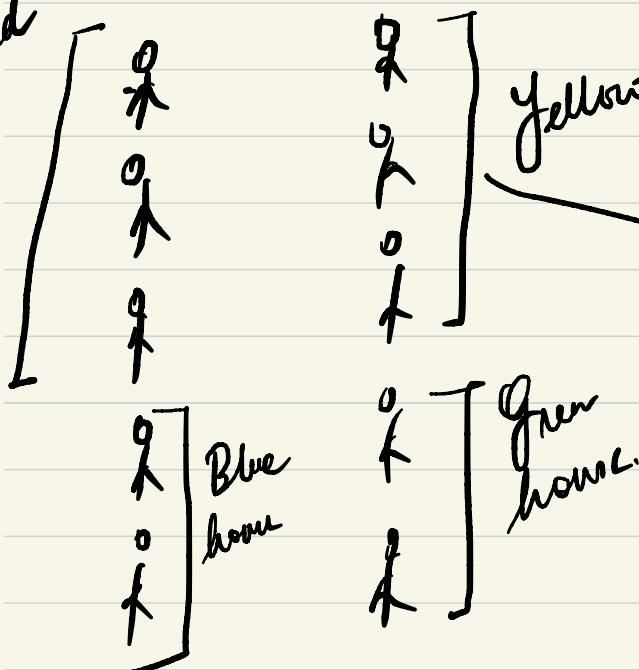
}

p {

}

→ Select Multiple Elements & Style them.

Red



School Class

Class

More tags

Tag Selection

Class Selection -

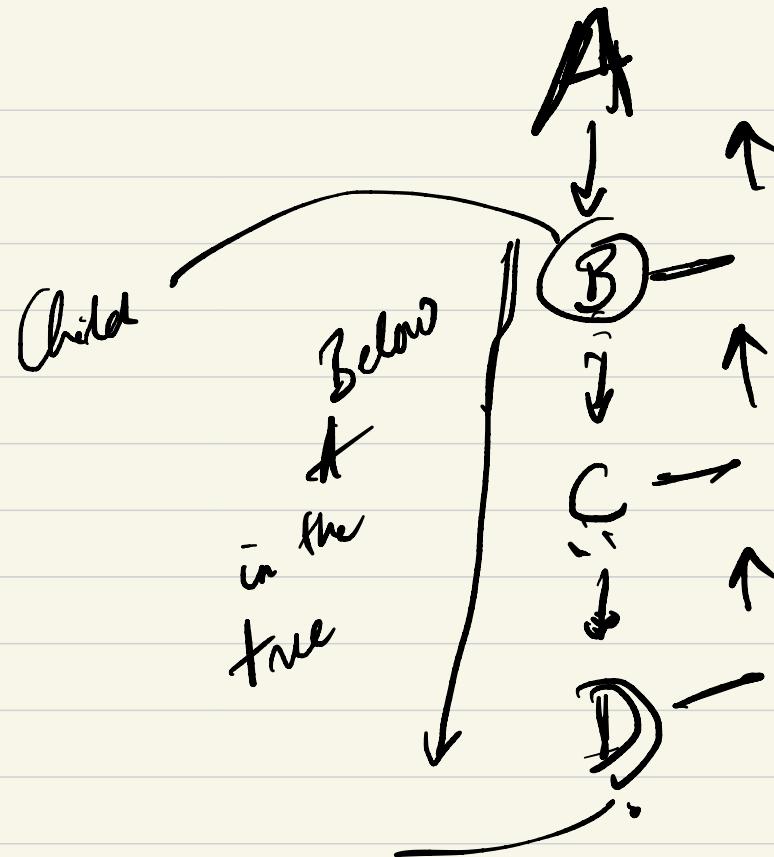
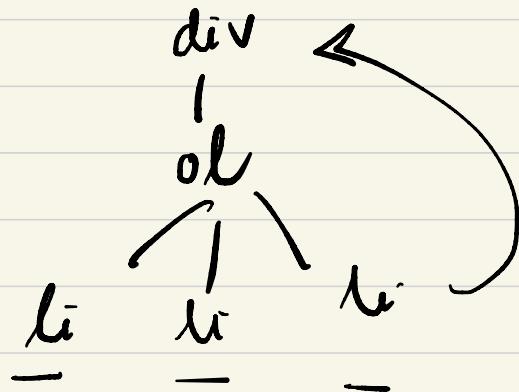
ID Selection

Attribute

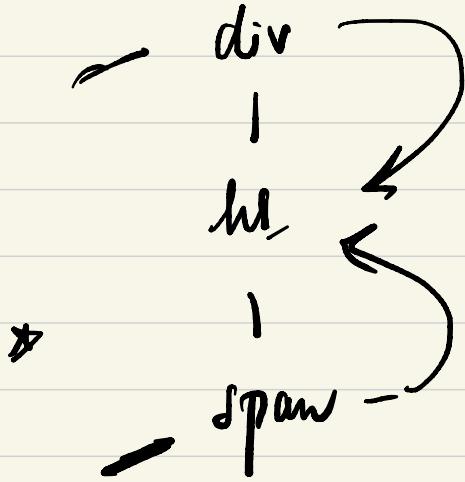
Selection

Descendent Selectors ✓

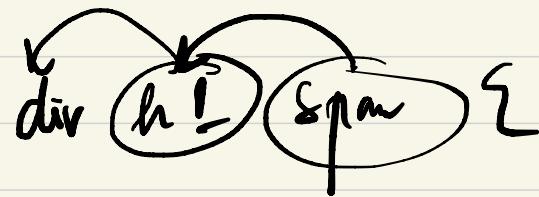
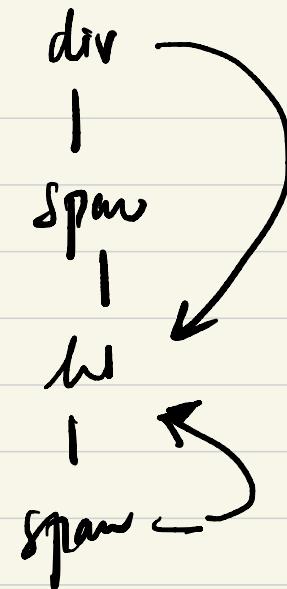
Child Selectors ✓



①



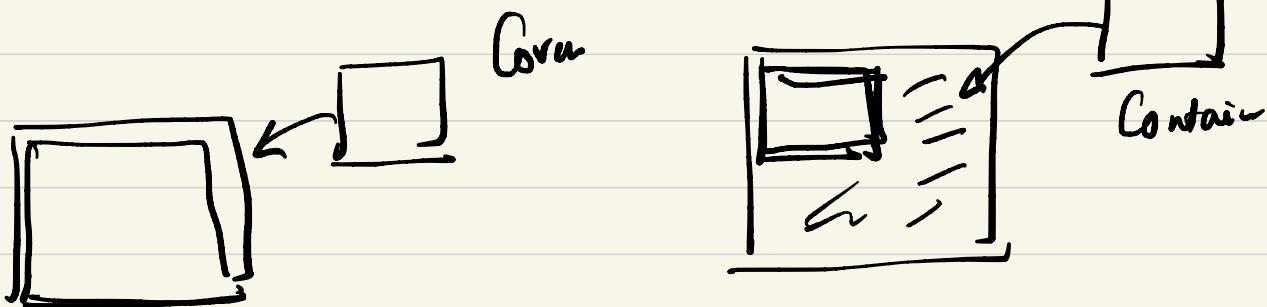
②



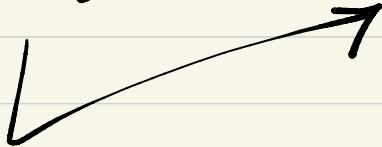
}

Pseudo Classes

L Are classes that are auto applied by browser
when we perform some interaction,



Rowspan Colspan



First Thing Next Day

