Application Store

Team Galaxy

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Introduction

Problem Definition:-

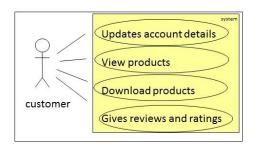
In this fast paced world of smartphones, more than five thousand applications are getting released everyday on multiple platforms like Android, iOS, WindowsPhone etc. The objective of our project is to create a cross platform mobile application store which can give a lot of variety and flexibility in one place. This is one of its kind store which supports maximum devices compared to any other application store and thus has a wider market.

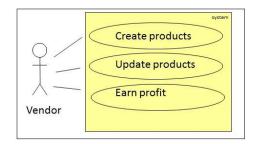
We have created a database which can store applications supporting all the mobile platforms. It can incorporate all the versions of a particular application. It also tracks details of each and every company dealing with our application store and gives them space for advertising their apps.

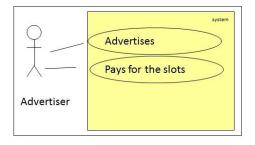
The exciting feature of this store is that it includes various products including Music, Movies, and EBooks along with traditional applications and games.

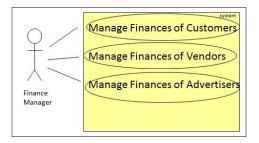
We have given prime focus on Business Intelligence and analysis and created BI reports which can help operations of various sectors of the company.

Use case Diagram

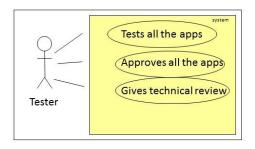




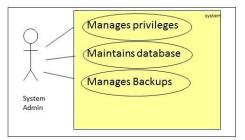




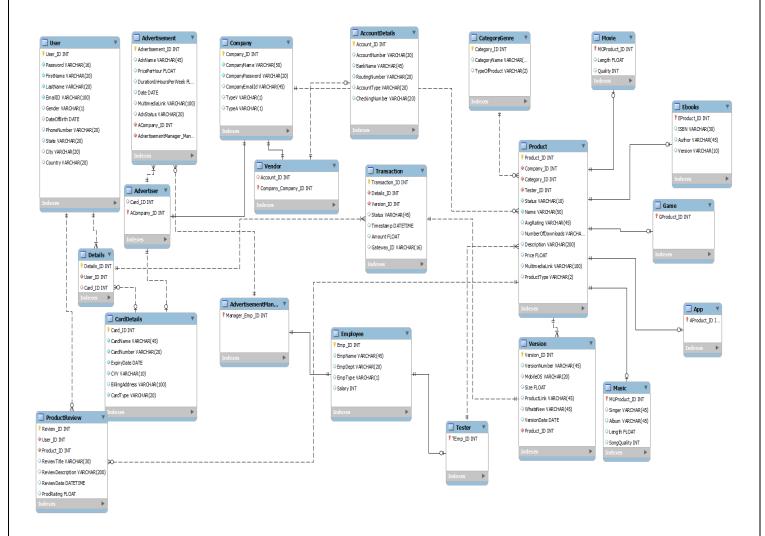








EER diagram



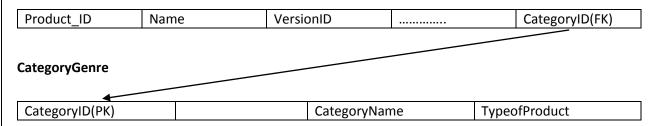
Normalization

The main purpose of normalization is to remove data redundancy and anomalies created while performing INSERT, UPDATE and DELETE operations.

We have normalized all the tables to 3NF.

E.g.:- In product table, we have normalized the attribute Category by making another table called as 'CategoryGenre' and referencing it in the main Product table. This reduces data redundancy.

Product

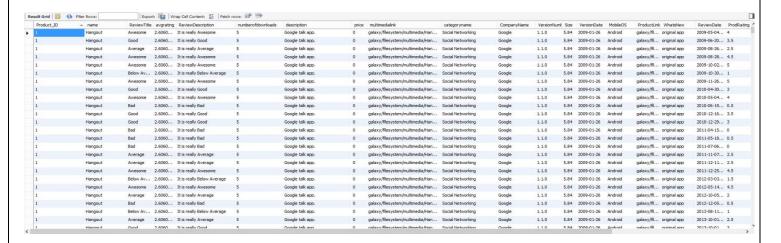


Similarly, all other tables have been normalized and data redundancy has been reduced.

Views

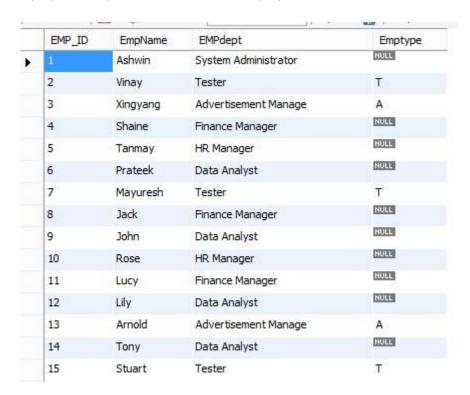
1) CustomerView(User_view):-

This is the view which can be seen by customers. It includes all the information of all the apps including multiple ProductReviews and Ratings.



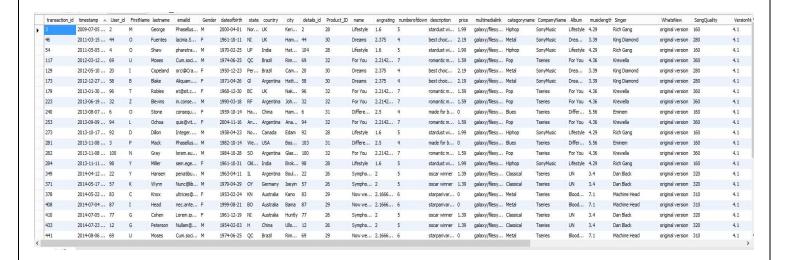
2) Non-HR(Non_HR):-

This is the view which consists of all the attributes of Employee table except for the salary column. This view can be seen by all the employees except for HR and Finance employees (which have access to all the attributes).



3) Customer_Product(user_product) :-

This view contains information about every entity in the transaction table namely customer, product, Company and its various versions. This view is aimed at making Business Intelligence reports. Data Analyst will be given privilege to this view.



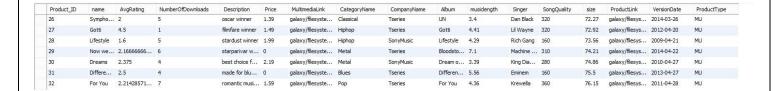
4) Application (application_view):- This view shows us the information about all applications.



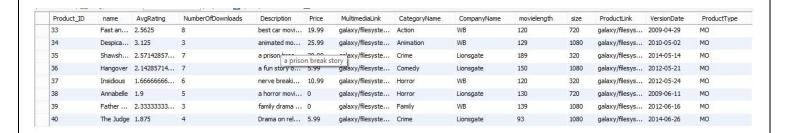
5) **Games (game_view**):- This view shows us the information about all games.

Product_ID	name	AvgRating	NumberOfDownloads	Description	Price	MultimediaLink	CategoryName	CompanyName	VersionNumber	size	MobileOS	ProductLink	VersionDate	WhatsNew	ProductType
9	Asphalt	2.625	5	Leading racin	2.99	galaxy/filesyste	Racing	Gameloft	1. 1. 16	35.47	Android	galaxy/filesys	2012-02-19	original app	GA
10	Minion	2.72916666	0	fun loving ga	1.99	galaxy/filesyste	Adventure	Glu	1.1.19	39.99	Android	galaxy/filesys	2012-08-21	bug fixes	GA
11	Robocop	2.14583333	1	Action game	0.99	galaxy/filesyste	Action	Gameloft	1.1.20	43.22	Android	galaxy/filesys	2012-11-22	original app	GA
12	Killshot	2.51666666	8	Shooting gam	0	galaxy/filesyste	Action	Glu	1.1.22	47.09	Android	galaxy/filesys	2013-07-20	original app	GA
13	Candyc	2.3	7	best puzzle g	0	galaxy/filesyste	Puzzle	Gameloft	1.1.24	50.96	Android	galaxy/filesys	2013-09-22	original app	GA
14	Fifa2015	2.5	3	best football	9.99	galaxy/filesyste	Sports	Glu	1.1.26	54.84	Android	galaxy/filesys	2014-03-08	original app	GA
15	Wordpu	2.52631578	3	puzzle game	0	galaxy/filesyste	Word	Gameloft	1.1.28	58.71	Android	galaxy/filesys	2014-09-07	original app	GA
16	Clash O	2.55357142	7	Stretegic ga	0.99	galaxy/filesyste	Strategy	Glu	1.1.31	63.23	Android	galaxy/filesys	2009-01-26	bug fixes	GA

6) Music (music_view):- This view shows us the information about all songs.



7) Movie (movie view):- This view shows us the information about all movies.



8) **EBooks (ebook view)**:- This view shows us the information about all eBooks.



Procedures

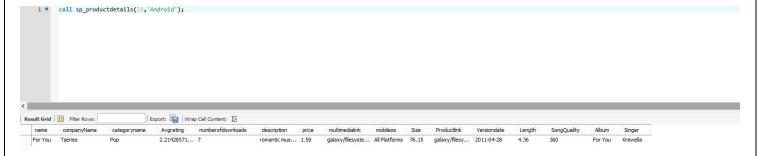
Procedures improves the performance of the database significantly. It's basically set of queries which are pre compiled which need to be executed frequently.

1) Product details (sp_productdetails):-

This is a parametric procedure which takes two parameters – ProductID and MobileOS, and displays the entire information corresponding to those parameters. It automatically checks the release date and displays the information of the latest version of the product. Every product type has its unique categories and need different tables to be joined with product table. Thus this procedure checks the product type of the productID given and displays the appropriate attributes. E.g. for movies, it gives attributes – Length, quality



For music, it displays attributes - Length, SongQuality, Album, Singer

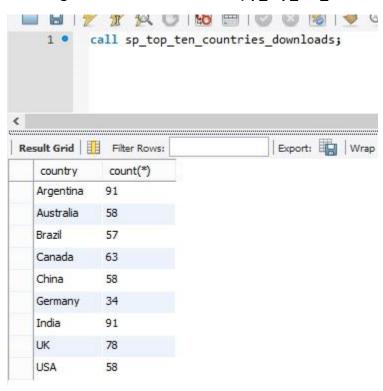


For applications, it displays – whatsnew.

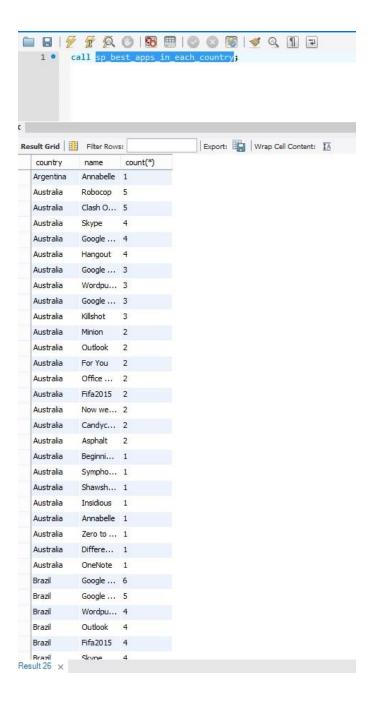


Following procedures are created for Business Intelligence and Analysis. According to Wikipedia – "Business intelligence (BI) is the set of techniques and tools for the transformation of raw data into meaningful and useful information for business analysis purposes." [Source-Wikipedia]

2) Top Ten countries according to number of downloads (sp_top_ten_countries_downloads).



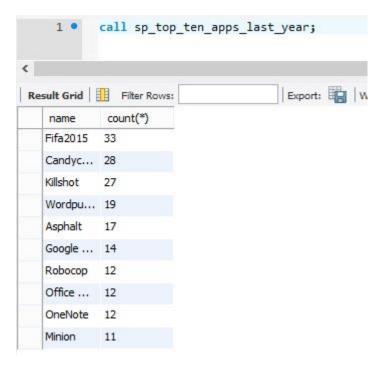
3) Best apps in each country (sp_best_apps_in_each_country)



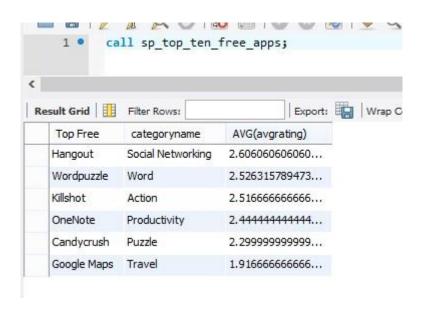
4) Country wise OS analysis



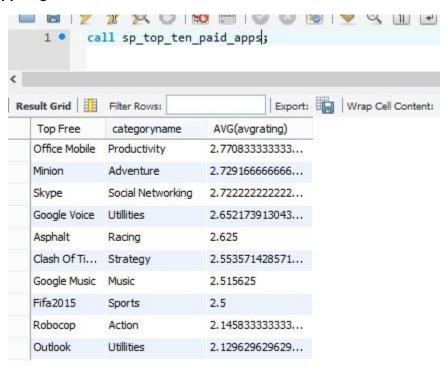
5) Top 10 apps in last one year, month, week



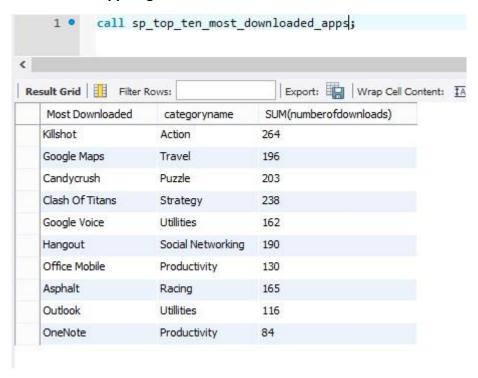
6) Top 10 free Apps + Games



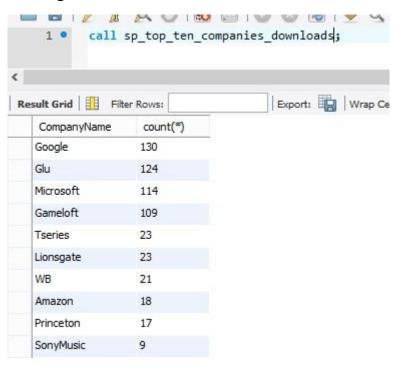
7) Top 10 paid apps + games



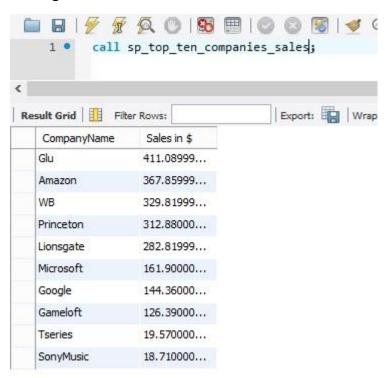
8) Top 10 most downloaded apps + games



9) Top 10 companies with highest number of downloads



10) Top 10 companies with highest amount of sales



Privileges

There are various kinds of users who can access different tables and/or attributes. E.g. any employee except HR and Finance cannot view everyone's salary. Thus different users are given different privileges on tables, views and databases.

1) Customer

E.g. Username- shaw

Password - shaw

Tables

User - Select, Update

Carddetails - Select, Update

Details - Select, Update

ProductReview - Select, Update

Views

User_view -Select

2) Vendor

Eg . username – Microsoft

Password – Microsoft

Tables

Company - Select, Update

AccountDetails - Select, Update

Vendor - Select, Update

Product - Select, Update, Insert

Version - Select, Update, Insert

App - Select, Update, Insert

3) Advertiser

Eg . username – apple

Password - apple

Tables

Company - Select, Update

Advertiser - Select, Update

Advertisement - Select, Update

CardDetails - Select, Update

4) Vendor+Advertiser

Eg – username – google

Password - google

Tables

Company - Select, Update

AccountDetails - Select, Update

Vendor - Select, Update

Product - Select, Update, Insert

Version - Select, Update, Insert

App - Select, Update, Insert

Advertiser - Select, Update

Advertisement - Select, Update

CardDetails - Select, Update

5) Ad Manager

Eg. Username - xingyang

Password – xingyang

Tables

Advertisement - Select, Update

Views

Non_HR - Select, Update

6) Tester

Eg. Username – vinay

Password – vinay

Tables

Product - All

Categorygenre- All

Version - All

App - All

Music - All

Game - All

Movie - All

Ebooks - All

Views

Non_HR - Select,Update

7) HR manager

Eg. Username – Tanmay

Password – Tanmay

Tables

Employee - All

8) Finance Manager

Eg . username – shaine

Password – shaine

Tables

Transaction - All

Carddetails - all

Accountdetails - all

Employee-select

9) Data Analyst

Eg . username – ashwin

Password – ashwin

Databases

Mydb – all

Views

User_product – all

10) System Admin

Eg . username –admin

Password –admin

Databases

Mydb – all

Triggers

Triggers are nothing but a specific reaction when we perform a certain action on any of the tables like Insert, Update, and Delete.

We have created three triggers.

- 1) **Rating**: This trigger is fired when a customer gives a rating to certain product i.e. INSERTS in the Product Review table. This action results in calculation of average rating in the product table for that product ID.
- 2) **Rating 1**:- This trigger is fired when a customer EDITS a rating to certain product i.e. UPDATES in the Product Review table. This action results in calculation of average rating in the product table for that product ID.
- 3) **Number of downloads:** This trigger is fired when a new transaction is carried out i.e. a new row is INSERTED in the transaction table. This results in increment in the column 'numberofdownloads' in product table for that product ID.

Index

Indexes are special lookup tables that the database search engine can use to speed up data retrieval. In our project most frequently searched columns are ProductName, MobileOS and ReviewDescription. Thus to improve data retrieval speed we have used three indexes which are as follows:-

- 1) create index reviewdescription_idx on ProductReview(ReviewDescription);
- 2) create index productname_idx on Product (Name);
- 3) create index mobileOS_idx on Version(MobileOS);

Transaction

Transaction is a set of one or more SQL statements that perform a set of related actions. The statements are grouped together and treated as a single unit whose success or failure depends on the successful execution of each statement in the transaction. Thus we have used transaction to insert initial data into the database.

```
- Data for table 'mydb'. Company'

548

549 • START TRANSACTION;

650 • USE 'mydb';

651 • INSERT INTO 'mydb'. Company ID', 'CompanyName', 'CompanyPassword', 'CompanyEmailId', 'TypeV', 'TypeA') VALUES (1, 'Gameloft', 'blgfeiw', 'Gameloft@gmail.com', 'V', 'A');

652 • INSERT INTO 'mydb'. Company ID', 'CompanyName', 'CompanyPassword', 'CompanyPassword', 'CompanyPassword', 'CompanyPassword', 'CompanyPassword', 'TypeA') VALUES (3, 'Glu', 'gweerg', 'Glu@gmail.com', 'V', NULL);

653 • INSERT INTO 'mydb'. Company ID', 'CompanyName', 'CompanyPassword', 'CompanyPassw
```

Conclusion and Future Scope

Thus we have amalgamated applications from multiple mobile operating systems into a single store. The purpose of our project was to create a unique application store which will support all devices and thus increase the scope and market of this store.

We would like to give certain suggestions for future scope and development of this project. They are as follows:-

- 1) **Game center** We can incorporate the concept of game center in our database by creating tables to store scores and achievements of various customers and give them the opportunity to challenge each other.
- 2) **Connectivity to social media** We can connect our store to various social media platforms and thereby increase our outreach.
- 3) **Country wise application restrictions** –Certain applications like Facebook which are not allowed to access in countries like china should not be seen to customer belonging to that country. We can incorporate this concept and make our database more robust.
- 4) **Discounts and gift card systems** We can use triggers and give certain privileges to our loyal customers who have high contribution to our sales.

References

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