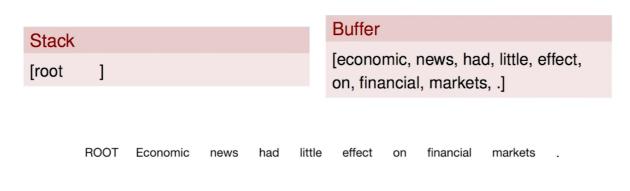
## **Dependency Parsing Example**

## 0. In general

- Start with ROOT on Stack, Buffer with whole sentence
- If there is nothing on the stack, you must **shift**
- If the top of the stack is the child of the top of the buffer, then make a **left** arc. Child is the modifier word. The arrow points to the child
- If the top of the Buffer is a child of the top of the Stack, and the top of the Buffer has no children that have yet to be added to the tree, then make a **right** arc

#### 1. Initial state:



Next transition: 1. Shift

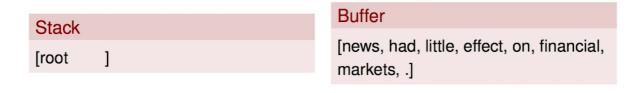
In actual application, a decision needs to be made at every step among the three actions: shift, left, or right.

# 2. At the beginning, we have no choice but shifting economic from the top of the Buffer to Stack.



Next transition: 2. Left

# 3. Then we can do a left action to draw an arc from news to economic as economic is a modifier for news.



ROOT Economic - news had little effect on financial markets

Next transition: 3. Shift

4. Now we have nothing on the Stack again and we have to make a shift.



Next transition: 4. Left

5. As we can see, the word news is on the top of the Stack. Since news is the subject of the verb had, we can create a left arc from had to news.



Next transition: 5. Shift

6. Now the Stack is empty again. We need to do a shift.

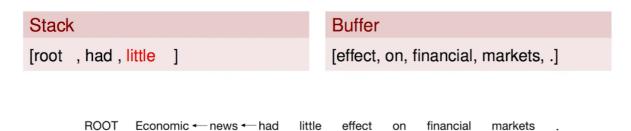
Stack
[root , had ]
[little, effect, on, financial, markets, .]

ROOT Economic ← news ← had little effect on financial markets

Next transition:

6. Shift

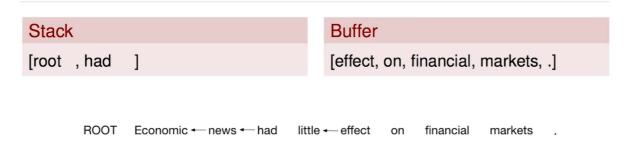
7. Here we have different possible actions and the most appropriate one is to shift the word little to Stack.



Next transition:

7. Left

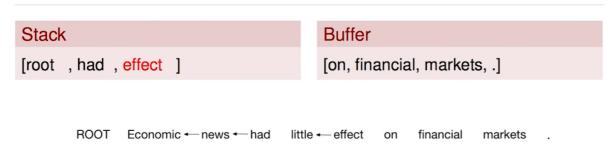
8. Here we can add an left arc from effect to little.



Next transition:

8. Shift

9. Now we are going to shift again to put effect to the top of Stack.



Next transition:

9. Shift

10. And we are going to shift yet again.

Stack

[root , had , effect ]

[on, financial, markets, .]

ROOT Economic ← news ← had little ← effect on financial markets .

Next transition: 9. Shift

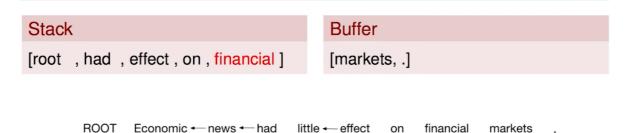
## 11. And again.



ROOT Economic ← news ← had little ← effect on financial markets

Next transition: 10. Shift

#### 12. And even further.



Next transition: 11. Left

## 13. Here we can put an arc between financial and markets.



Next transition: 12. Right

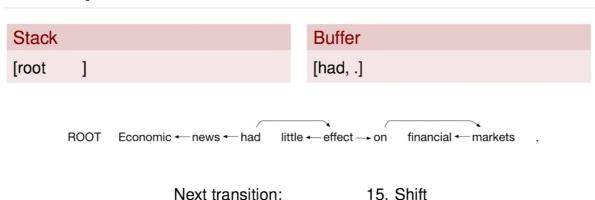
14. From now on, we can start creating right arcs. Here, on is a preposition and the object of the preposition is financial markets. We draw the arc to the noun phrase. Now we have the preposition phrase "on financial markets".

Stack	Buffer
[root , had , effect ]	[on, .]
ROOT Economic ← news ← had little ← effect on financial ← markets .	
Next transition: 13. Right	

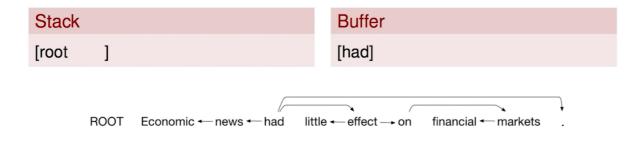
15. Next, we can draw another right arc from effect to on.



16. Since we have effect on the top of the buffer, we can draw a right arc from had to effect because had is a helper word for effect.

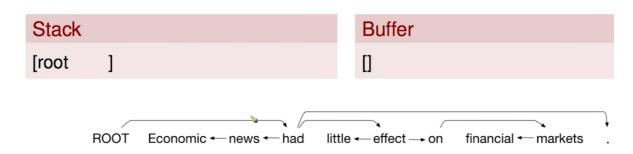


17. Then, we shift had to the stack and this allows us to create a right arc going from had to the sentence final punctuation.



Next transition: 17. Right

# 18. The very last thing is to connect the ROOT to the main verb.



#### Next transition:

Reference: Dependency Parsing: Shift-Reduce Models by Jordan Boyd-Graber, available from <a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f5-hTA9hA3s">http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f5-hTA9hA3s</a>